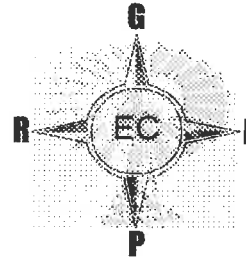


**GROUNDWATER RESOURCE INFORMATION PROJECT
EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE**

GROUNDWATER INFORMATION SOURCE REFERENCE SHEET



SOURCE REF NR:	JG001	Own Archive		Copy attached	x
		Sourced		Copy at source	

A: SOURCE DESCRIPTION

District Municipality:	Amatole	x	Chris Hanl	O.R Tambo
	Ukhahlamba		Cacadu	Alfred Nzo
Local Municipality:				
Institution where Information is held:	Jeffares Green Parkman Consultants (Pty) Ltd			
Branch of Institution:	Pietermaritzburg			
Contact details:	Contact person:	Craig Thompson		
	Contact Tel:	033-347 3967/8		
	Contact Email:			

B: TYPE OF INFORMATION

Information format:	Hard copy	x	Data Summary		Electronic Report	
Report / Info Title:	Idutywa Groundwater Feasibility Study Report - Volume 1 of 2					
Report Nr:	10-1206/01	Date:	Sep-03			
Author Details:	Mark Schapers					
Author's Qualification:	Hydrogeologist		Govt Dept		Project Manager	x
	Engineer		Technician		Other	
Captured by:	Wendy Botha	Date:	30_Nov_2005 Signed:			

C: GEOHYDROLOGICAL CATEGORIZATION

Project Type	Source development		Feasibility Study	x	Sanitation Study:	
Reference Co-ordinate:	Latitude	32.098917	Longitude	28.436389		
Lithological & Construction Logs	x		x			
Hydrocensus Data	x		x			
Pump Testing Data	x		x			
Chemical Water Analysis Data	x		x			
Geohydrological Data	x					
Spring Data	x					
Remote Sensing Data		x				
Map Data	x		x			

Comments:
 Objectives of the study were to provide the Amatole District Municipality with all the necessary data to take an informed decision
 Reviewed by: Jane Baron Date: **30_Nov_2005** Signed:



JEFFARES GREEN PARKMAN
Consultants (Pty) Ltd



**VOLUME 1 OF 2:
IDUTYWA
GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY
REPORT**

September 2003

Project Number 101228





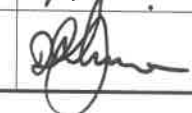


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 Idutywa Groundwater Feasibility Study				
JGP NO. : 10 – 1228 CLIENT NO. :		DATE September 2003	REPORT No : 10 – 1206 / 01 REPORT REV : 01 REPORT STATUS : Provisional	
CARRIED OUT BY : Jeffares Green Parkman Consultants PO Box 13009 Cascades 3202		COMMISSIONED BY : Amatola District Municipality P.O.Box 320 East London 5200		
AUTHORS : Mario Toniolo Project Co-ordinator Mark Schapers Project Leader		CLIENT CONTACT PERSONS : Engineering Services Directorate Mr Craig Thompson		
SYNOPSIS : A groundwater feasibility study conducted as part of the recommendations to the bulk water feasibility study conducted.				
KEY WORDS : Groundwater Feasibility Study				
© COPYRIGHT: Jeffares Green Parkman Consultants (Pty) Ltd				
ISO 9001 QUALITY VERIFICATION				
This report has been prepared under the controls established by a quality management system that meets the requirements of ISO9001: 2000, which has been independently certified by Bureau Veritas Quality International (BVQI), accredited by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Service), under certificate number 136920.				
				
Verification	Capacity	Name	Signature	Date
By Author	Project Leader	Mark Schapers		13.10.03
Checked by	Associate	Peter Waldron		13-10-03
Authorised by	Director	Dave Johnson		13.10.03

PREFACE:

Jeffares Green Parkman Consultants (Pty) Ltd were appointed by the Amatola District Municipality to conduct their recommendations for a groundwater feasibility study as an additional phase of work to the proposed bulk supply investigation and report for the Idutywa Tribal Authority area, commissioned earlier in the year.

The investigation was to include all technical, Institutional and Social Development (ISD), contractual, supervision, management and implementation inputs required to conduct the study. The resources within the company in all forms of rural water supply, as well as the multitude of experience (refer to Annexure 9), in this instance, groundwater supply, made this a perfectly suited project. A shortage of available contractors, as well as the limited time frame in which the project was to be completed, proved an interesting challenge, as did the hydrogeological conditions encountered, but efficient team work from contractors, ISD, and the team members involved, resulted in the initial twelve boreholes originally proposed being extended to thirty, with good success. With the extension of the anticipated implementation, a more comprehensive picture of groundwater conditions was established.

Good working relations with the local community lead to the smooth operation of the project, as well as the identification of certain politically significant areas requiring prioritisation, and the project is considered to have taken a large step in the right direction in terms of addressing the great need of water supply in the Idutywa Tribal Authority of the Eastern Cape.

The reader is referred to the contents of the attached report in which detailed findings and recommendations are made pertaining to the feasibility of using groundwater as a sustainable resource within the study area.

**VOLUME 1:****CONTENTS:**

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Annexure 2	Water Points in the Idutywa Tribal Authority
Annexure 3	SABS 241 – Water Quality Classifications
Annexure 4	Water Quality Results
Annexure 5	Geophysical Survey Results
Annexure 6	Borehole logs and Penetration logs
Annexure 7	Groundwater supply areas

VOLUME 2:**ANNEXURES:**

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Annexure 9	Jeffares Green Parkman (Pty) Ltd Company profile



IDUTYWA WATER SUPPLY FEASIBILITY STUDY GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

1. BACKGROUND

Jeffares Green Parkman was appointed by the Amatole District Municipality to undertake a feasibility study of water supply from underground resources in the Idutywa Tribal Authority of the Eastern Cape (refer to locality sketch – Figure 1).

Objectives of the study were to provide the Amatole District Municipality with all the necessary data to take an informed decision as to the best options to supply the rural communities with potable water.

The objectives have been achieved through the following phases:

- Detailed Hydrocensus
- Geophysical survey
- Drilling 30 exploration/production boreholes
- Test Pumping
- Water Quality Analyses
- Data interpretation and recommendations

2. HYDROCENSUS

2.1 Methodology

A complete hydrocensus of all the groundwater resources (springs and boreholes) present in the Idutywa Tribal Authority area (Mbashe Municipality) was undertaken in the month of May 2003. The entire area was subdivided in 4 sub-areas. Each of the sub-areas was assigned a team comprising a Field Data Capturer and a Community Liaison Operator.

The Field Data Capturers visited all the communities in their sub-areas completing in each community a Community Capture Sheet containing the following information:

- Community name presently used by the population and name assigned to the community on the relevant 1: 50,000 sheet of the Topo Cadastral Map of South Africa. The two names are sometimes different because the most recent map sheets of the area were published in 1995 and 1996 and small communities tend to change names and to split as they grow.
- Administrative Ward number and Ward Councillor name
- Latitude and Longitude of a point central to the settlement, referred to the WGS84 geographic datum
- Number of households, according to the estimate of the headman. Although the reliability of the estimate is often uncertain it reflects however a realistic order of magnitude
- Availability of electricity
- Estimate of how many households possess some form of rudimentary sanitation, according to the local headman
- Indications on the most used sources of surface water (rivers and streams)



FIGURE 1: IDUTYWA PROJECT AREA - LOCALITY MAP



The Field Data Capturers also completed a Questionnaire regarding the groundwater resources (springs and boreholes) present in the community, including those no longer used (broken down wind-mills and hand-pumps) or never used (dry boreholes).

The collected information included:

- Old borehole number, when applicable / available
- New Water Point number, formed by the 1: 50,000 map sheet number, the Field Data Capturer initials, and a progressive number starting with 001
- Capture date
- Community name
- Contact person name, either somebody living close to the Water Point or the headman of the community
- Geographic coordinates (WGS84)
- Approximate elevation (GPS)
- Locality sketch map
- Information pertaining to the Water Point, either a borehole or a spring. The spring yield was measured with a pipe and a container when the spring was situated on a slope. The yield of springs on level ground was estimated. A water quality field test (EC, pH and Nitrate content) was carried out when possible.

Three local Community Liaison Operators were designated to assist the project by Councillor Nceda Ndikinda, Chairman of the Mbashe Development Committee. After a brief induction they were assigned to their task of assisting the Field Data Capturers in dealing with the communities. The method used was to approach first the community headman or, in his absence, the sub-headman. The headman and the community elders were then informally gathered and the nature of the project was explained. After obtaining from the elders the necessary information on the community, the project field personnel then requested to be physically taken to the various water points present in the area.

2.2 Communities

The results of the Communities Survey are displayed in the annexed Table : Communities in Mbashe Municipality (Annexure 1), and Figure 2 overleaf.

2.2.1 Number of Communities

192 communities were recorded in the Idutywa area. A previous database received from UWP Consulting Engineers (East London) lists 163 communities. A possible reason for the difference might be the fact that the communities tend to split as they grow in size. The name of the new community then either stems from the old name (i.e. Ebende 1 and Ebende 2) or the community takes a completely different name (i.e. Ephikweni, Makhakha and Yekani, previously all called Laza).

2.2.2 Population

The community sizes vary as follows:
105 communities with less than 100 households
77 with between 100 and 400 households
10 with more than 400 households

IDUTYWA PROJECT AREA - COMMUNITIES

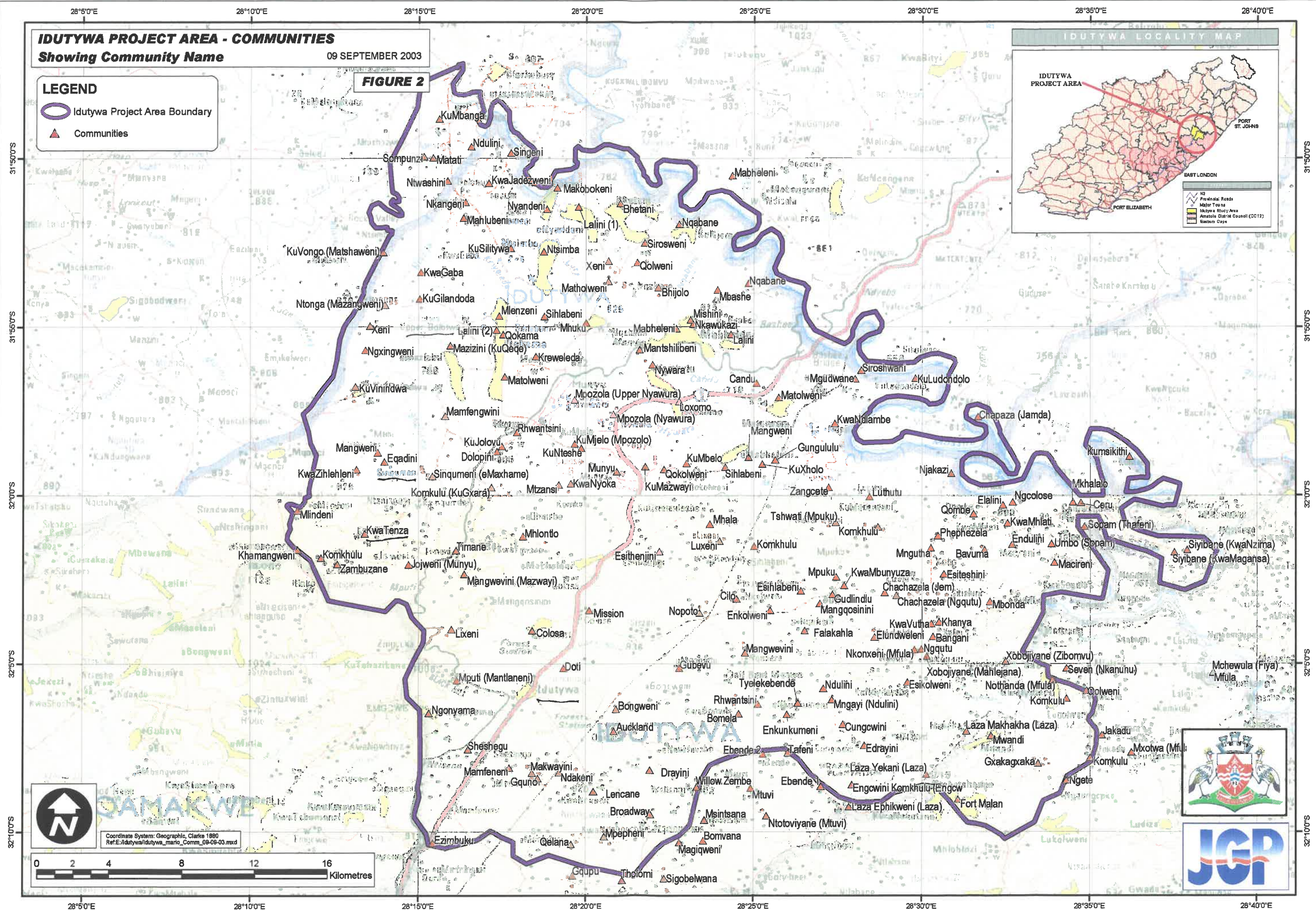
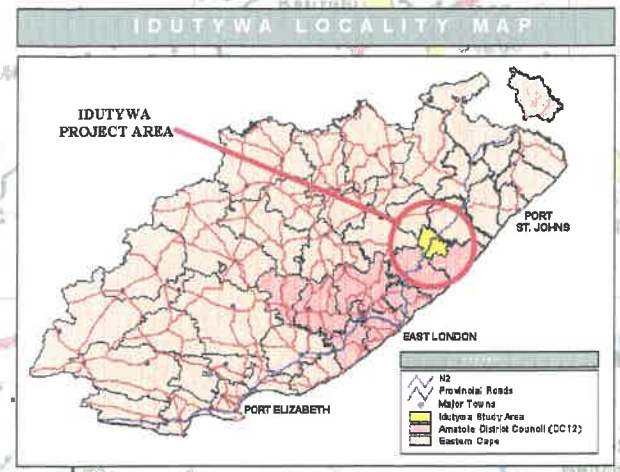
Showing Community Name

09 SEPTEMBER 2003

FIGURE 2

LEGEND

-  Idutywa Project Area Boundary
-  Communities



Coordinate System: Geographic, Clarke 1880
Ref.E:\idutywa\idutywa_comm_09-09-03.mxd





The total number of households in the whole area, according to the headmen's estimates for each community, is 23,825. Using a conservative ratio of 6 inhabitants per household, this amounts to a total population of 142,950 inhabitants.

When compared to the 1996 Census population figure of 64,650 inhabitants, this represents an annual population growth of almost 10%, which is highly unlikely and unrealistic. To explain this, it is necessary to take into account some facts. First, the estimate given by the headman to somebody representing a service provider to the community might well be somehow inflated. On the other hand the Census personnel were often perceived as representing the State fiscal system and figures provided to them might have been skewed in the opposite direction.

If a conclusion can be drawn, it should be that the population growth in the area has been well above the 2.5 % for the period 1996 to 2000 and 0% was from 2000 to date, as recommended by DWAF directives.

2.3 Electricity

92 of the 192 surveyed communities have been provided with electricity. However, it must be taken into account that an intensive supply programme by Eskom is underway in the area.

2.4 Sanitation

The only form of private sanitation (with the exclusion of sanitation to schools and clinics) present in the area is pit-latrines. According to the community elders, this form of sanitation is totally absent in 39 of the communities, whilst in 97 communities from 1% to 50% of the households make use of it and in 56 communities more than 50% of the households own such a facility.

2.5 Springs

The results of the Springs Survey are displayed in the annexed Table "Water Points in the Idutywa Tribal Authority" (Annexure 2), and Figure 3 overleaf.

2.5.1 Number of Springs

42 springs were recorded in the area. Of these, only one (3328AB/JM/011 in Mphepheni / Qelane) has been somehow protected in the past, although it is now in disrepair.

The majority of the springs occur on flat ground, where a superficial aquifer seated in the soil and the upper portion of the bedrock intercepts the topographic surface. This type of spring has been rudimentarily developed by communities by digging a large pit into which the water seeps from the bottom which enables the scooping of water into containers.

The hygienic conditions of these springs vary to a large degree and contamination is mainly due to livestock.




One spring presents a particular case. Spring number 3228/AB/14 located at Mhala, is considered sacred by the population and traditional rites are carried out every year on it. Particular care should be adopted so as not to offend the local traditions should this spring be developed.

IDUTYWA PROJECT AREA - HYDROCENSUS
Showing Boreholes & Springs

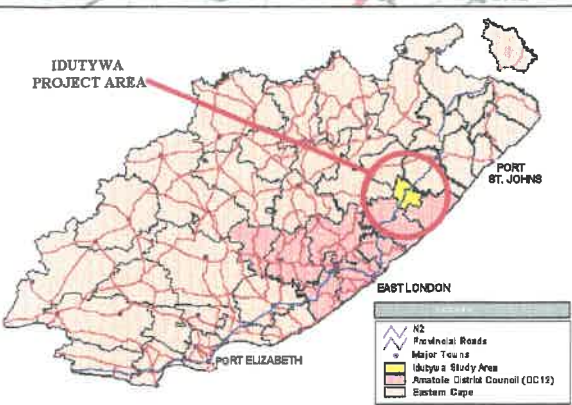
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FIGURE 3

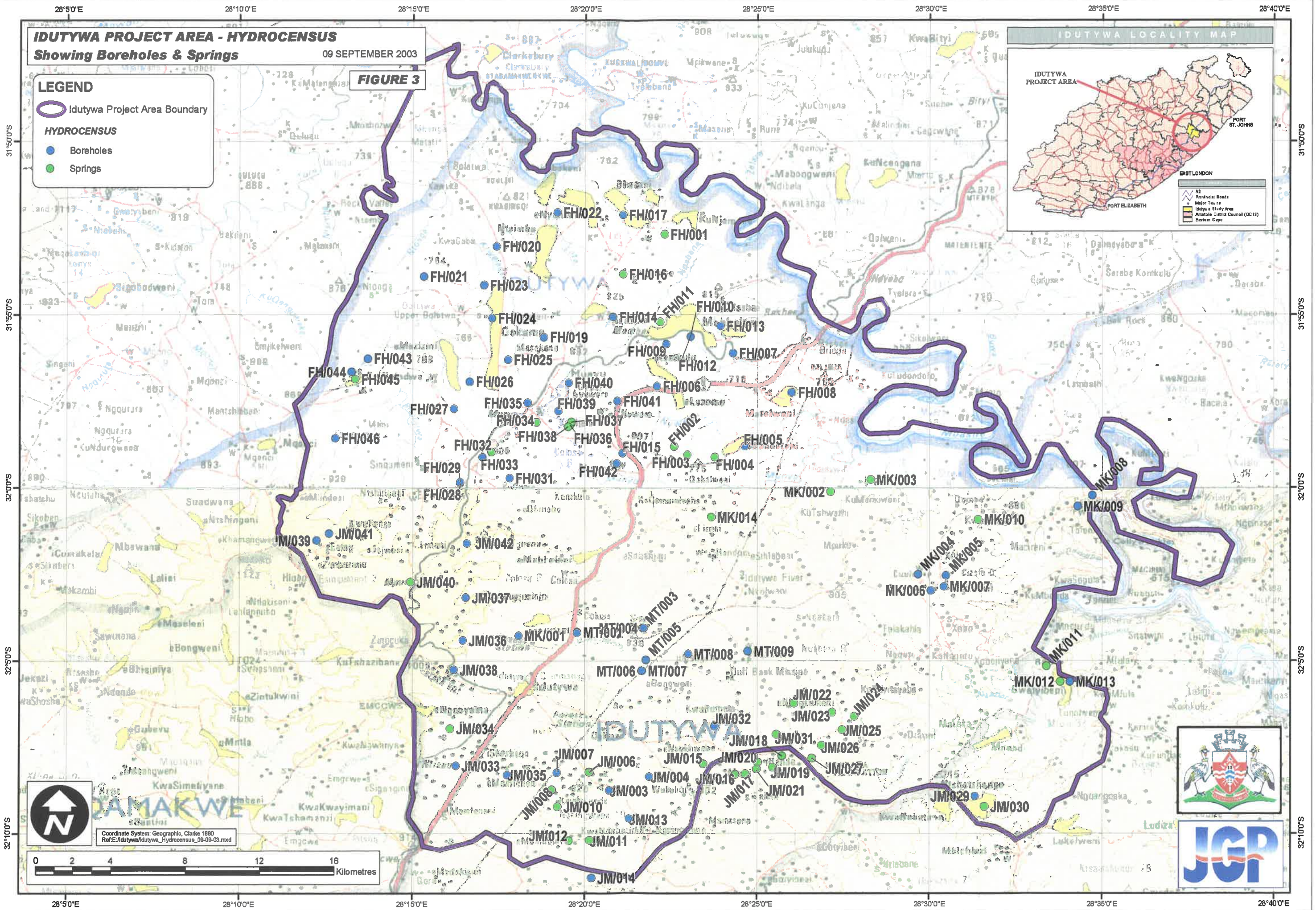
LEGEND

-  Idutywa Project Area Boundary
- HYDROCENSUS**
-  Boreholes
-  Springs

IDUTYWA LOCALITY MAP



Legend for Locality Map:
 - N2 National Road
 - Major Towns
 - Idutywa Study Area
 - Amathole District Council (DC19)
 - Eastern Cape





2.5.2 Spring Yields

Spring yields situated on a slope are normally measured by gauging the runoff flow into a pipe and measuring it with a container and a stopwatch. Unfortunately the majority of springs in the area are situated on flat ground and this method could not be used. The spring yields have therefore been estimated "by sight" only. Yields vary between 0.1 and 1.25 l/sec, this estimate being quite conservative. The springs were assessed in the dry month of May, and the communities have assured the field operators that they are perennial.

2.5.3 Water Quality

All springs have been tested "in situ" for Electrical Conductivity (EC), acidity (pH) and the presence of Nitrates (NO_3^-).

EC is the ability of water to conduct an electric current and is proportional to the mass of dissolved salts (TDS). Field determinations of EC in the area vary between 9 and 129 mS/m. SABS Standards for Drinking Water (SABS 241 – 1999) define the ideal limit to 70 mS/m and the acceptable limit to 150 mS/m. The values in the area are therefore ideal to acceptable.

PH is a measurement of the concentration of hydrogen ions in solution. It is proportional to acidity and hence the corrosiveness of water. PH in springs was measured at between 6.3 and 8.2. SABS 241 ideal limits are between 6.0 and 9.0. The pH values in the area are therefore ideal.

NO_3^- in water is a product of microbiological degradation of Ammonia (NH_4), which in turn derives from organic contamination. NO_3^- has been measured between 10 and 100 mg/l. SABS 241 defines 20 mg/l as the maximum allowable limit. Most of the springs are therefore contaminated from use by livestock and need to be protected and disinfected.

The SABS parameters are displayed for reference in the annexed Table SABS 241 – Water Quality Classification" 1999 (Annexure 3).

2.6 Boreholes

The results of the Borehole Survey are displayed in the annexed Table "Water Points in the Idutywa Tribal Authority" (Annexure 2), and Figure 3 above.

2.6.1 Number of Boreholes

65 boreholes are present in the area, of which 15 are in use (2 hand-pumps, 3 submersible pumps, and 10 windmills). The total number of boreholes equipped with windmills is 38, those equipped with hand-pumps number 8 whilst 9 boreholes are equipped with submersible pumps and the balance are not equipped, either because when drilled they were found to be dry or because the previously installed equipment has been removed or vandalised.

2.6.2 Borehole Yields

The borehole yields could not be accurately determined because the bulk of them are not operational. The possibility of performing pump-tests on the existing boreholes



was ruled out because most of them are unusable due to the presence of old (often broken) windmill pumps and due to the time and cost constraints on the project which did not allow for the effective removal of existing equipment, test pumping thereof, and the re-installation of largely non operational equipment.

2.6.3 Water Quality

Water samples were taken from 6 boreholes still operating. The samples were analysed by Umgeni Water laboratories in Pietermaritzburg (The Analyses Certificates are attached in Annexure 4). The analytical results were compared with the SABS 241 –1999 standards for potable water (Annexure 3) and summarised in the table below.

TABLE 1: Summary of water quality analysis results of existing boreholes

IDUTYWA EXISTING BOREHOLES					SABS 241 - 1999			
Borehole number	Community	Lat S (deg, min, sec)	Long E (deg, min, sec)	GPS Elevation (mamsl)	Water Quality (Lab)			
					Exceeding ideal limit	Exceeding acceptable limit	Exceeding maximum limit	
3128CD/FH/ 21	KuGilandoda	31 53 54	28 15 20	706	NTU,Ca,Mg,Na,	Cond,Cl	NO3	3128CD000169
3128CD/FH/ 23	Mlenzeni	31 54 09	28 17 05	658	Ca,Mg,Na,Fe	NTU,Cond,Cl	NO3	
3128CD/FH/ 24	Lalini	31 55 06	28 17 19	710	Ca,Mg,Na,Fe	NTU,Cond,Cl	NO3	3128CD000170
3128CD/FH/ 26	Mazizini	31 56 56	28 16 40	776	NTU,Ca,Mg,Na	Cond,Cl,NO3		
3128CD/FH/ 27	Mamfengwini	31 57 43	28 16 12	817	NTU,Ca,Mg	Cond, Na	Cl	
3128CD/FH/ 33	Komkulu	31 59 07	28 17 02	846	NTU,Ca,Mg,NO3	Cond,Na,Cl		

Conductivity exceeds the acceptable limit in all the samples, mainly due to excessive sodium and chloride. A high conductivity always reflects as a saline taste.

The high nitrate content in 4 of the samples indicates bacterial activity from seepage of surface water into the borehole.

Iron, magnesium and calcium exceeding the ideal limit may cause stains to washed clothing, and the presence of poor taste, depending on the concentration/s thereof.

3. LOCAL CONDITIONS

3.1 Topography

The most striking feature of the area is the deeply incised Mbashe River, which forms the northeast boundary of the Idutywa study area. Near The Collywobbles, situated near the easternmost point of the area, the elevation rises from 160 metres above mean sea level[mamsl] at the river to about 600 mamsl over a horizontal distance of some 1 000m. The river elevation at the northernmost point of the area, 35km to the northwest, is 530 mamsl with the top of the gorge being in the order of 650 to 700 mamsl.

In general, about 90% of the area lies between 600 and 900 mamsl and is comprised of rugged hills. 5% lies between 160 and 600 mamsl with most of this being between 300 and 600 mamsl. These areas are confined to the gorges of the Mbashe River and its tributaries. The remaining 5% lies above



900 mamsl, and is limited to the western portion of the area with the highest point being in the order of 1 100 mamsl.

3.2 Geology

The Idutywa area is underlain by the Late Permian and Triassic age Karoo Sequence. The Beaufort Group, sediments are intruded by Jurassic age Dolerites (refer to Figure 4).

The oldest sediments (Permian) in the area are grey and brownish-red mudstones and sandstones of the Adelaide Subgroup. These are overlain by Triassic sediments belonging to the Tarkastad Subgroup, which, in turn, is comprised of the Katberg Formation overlain by the Burgersdorp Formation. The Katberg Formation is comprised of fine to medium-grained, horizontally laminated, cross-bedded or massive sandstone with intercalating subordinate fine-grained brownish red and grey mudstones. On average, sandstone comprises about 90% of the Formation, which is 500 to 1 000m thick.

The overlying Burgersdorp Formation sediments outcrop to the immediate west of the study area.

The Karoo sediments are intruded by two main categories of dolerite, namely vertical dykes and horizontal sills of varying inclination and curvature. The dykes tend to strike in west-northwest, north, or northeast directions. Dyke thickness is generally 1 to 10m but can be much wider. Sills and sheets are usually a few metres to approx 100m thick but can reach a thickness of a few hundred metres.

Alluvium deposits occur in the deep valleys. They are typically fine to very fine (sandy silt), 1 to 10 m deep, and limited in extent over the whole area.

The sediments dip at 2 to 4 degrees in a west-northwest to east-south-east direction, with the Adelaide-Tarkastad contact varying between 500 and 800 mamsl depending on geographic location.

The area is moderately fractured and generally not faulted. Localised fracturing adjacent to dolerite intrusions occurs as the result of the intrusions. Not necessarily related to the intrusions, are open fractures formed by stress related tectonic forces.

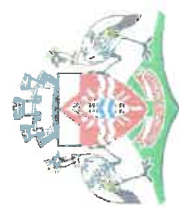
3.3 Precipitation

The mean annual precipitation typically varies between 600 and 800 mm, but can be slightly higher in the eastern portion of the area. Rains are concentrated in the summer months, with dry and cold winters.

3.4 Groundwater

According to the 1:500 000 Hydrogeological Map Series of the Republic of South Africa published by the Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (1997), The principal groundwater occurrence for the area is Classification "d3" which translates to the groundwater environment being "intergranular and fractured" in the yield range of 0.2 – 2.0 l/s (see figure 5 below).

FIGURE 4



AMATOLE DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

Idutywa Feasibility
Study

LOCALITY MAP

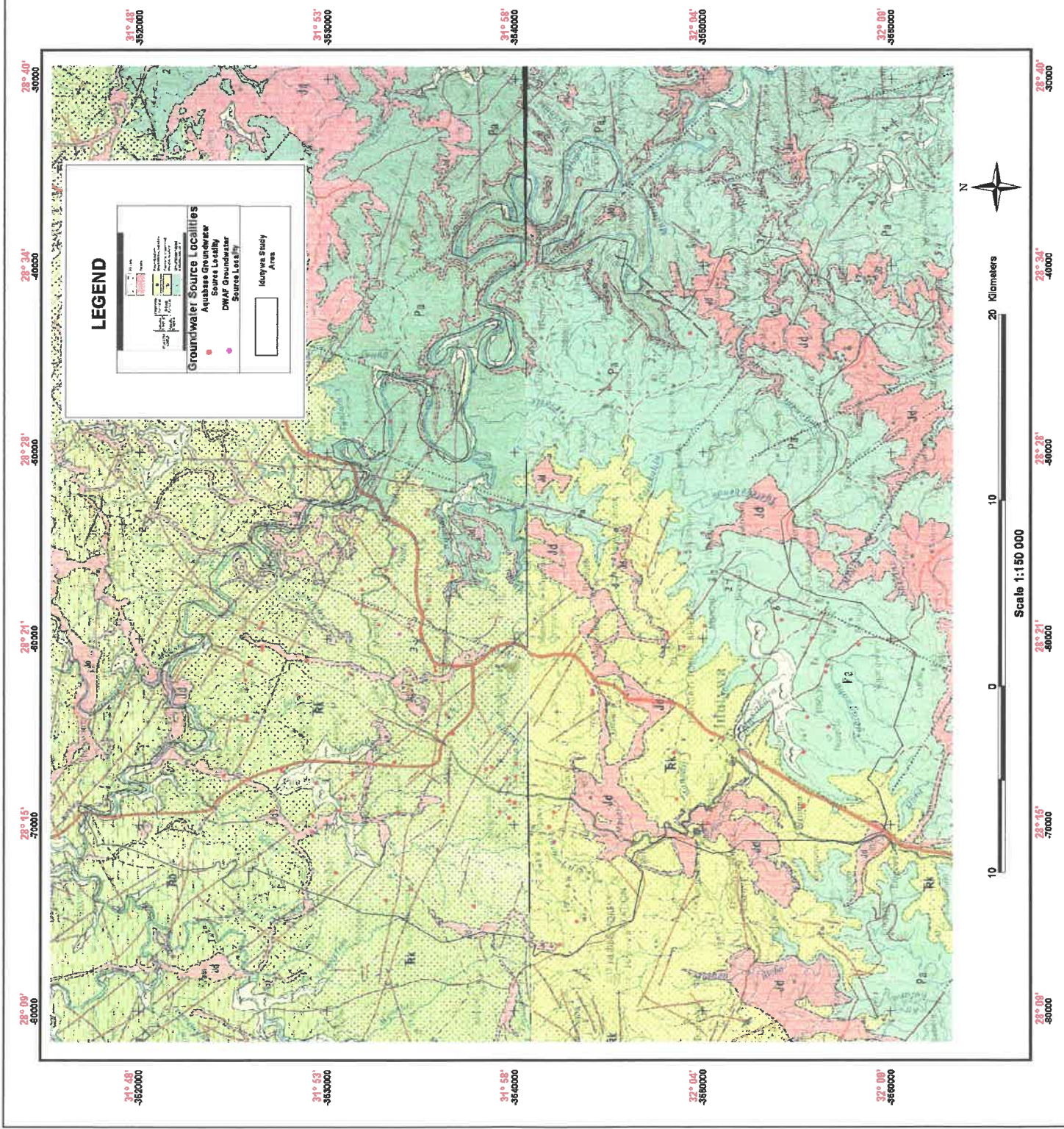


MAP DESCRIPTION

Groundwater Source Distribution
and Geology



Jeffares Green Parkman
Consultants Pty. (Ltd.)
24 Tecoma Street
Berea 5241, East London





4. EXPLORATORY DRILLING

4.1 Introduction

A total of 30 boreholes were drilled in Idutywa (refer to Figure 6 displaying borehole positions and blow yields encountered during drilling). The main purpose of the exercise was to explore the groundwater resource and assess its potential to supply the communities. Boreholes were spatially located in the proximity of the communities and were as evenly spread as possible over the entire area. Drilled boreholes were test pumped and their water samples analysed by a qualified laboratory. Although they are mainly exploration boreholes, they can also be used as production boreholes for the installation of pumps. Recommendations for their management are enclosed.

4.2 Siting Method

No major water-bearing structure was observed in the area. The 30 boreholes drilled in Idutywa therefore were all sited in proximity of communities on minor lineaments. The geophysical investigation was carried out using the electro-magnetic method making use of an EM 34 instrument, and through the resistivity method.

The data obtained from the geophysical survey are annexed (Annexure 5).

4.3 Drilling Method

The boreholes were drilled using the compressed-air rotary percussion method (down-hole hammer) with an initial diameter of 203 mm through the overburden. This portion was then lined with ND 177 mm steel casing 4 mm thick. The lower part of the borehole in the bedrock was drilled with 177 mm diameter to the bottom and left unlined.

The average borehole depth was 90 m with the deepest measuring 122 m and the shallowest 70 m.

Boreholes were cleaned and developed by blowing compressed air through the drilling string after completion.

Blow-yield was measured at each water strike with a container and stopwatch.

After completion the upper part of the casing was cemented to provide a sanitary seal preventing seepage into the borehole.

The borehole number was welded onto the casing steel lid.

4.4 Results



Of the 30 boreholes drilled only 2 were completely dry and 3 presented some seepage. The overall success rate was thus 84%. Drilling results are summarised in Table 2 "Summary of Explanatory Drilling & Testing Results" below:

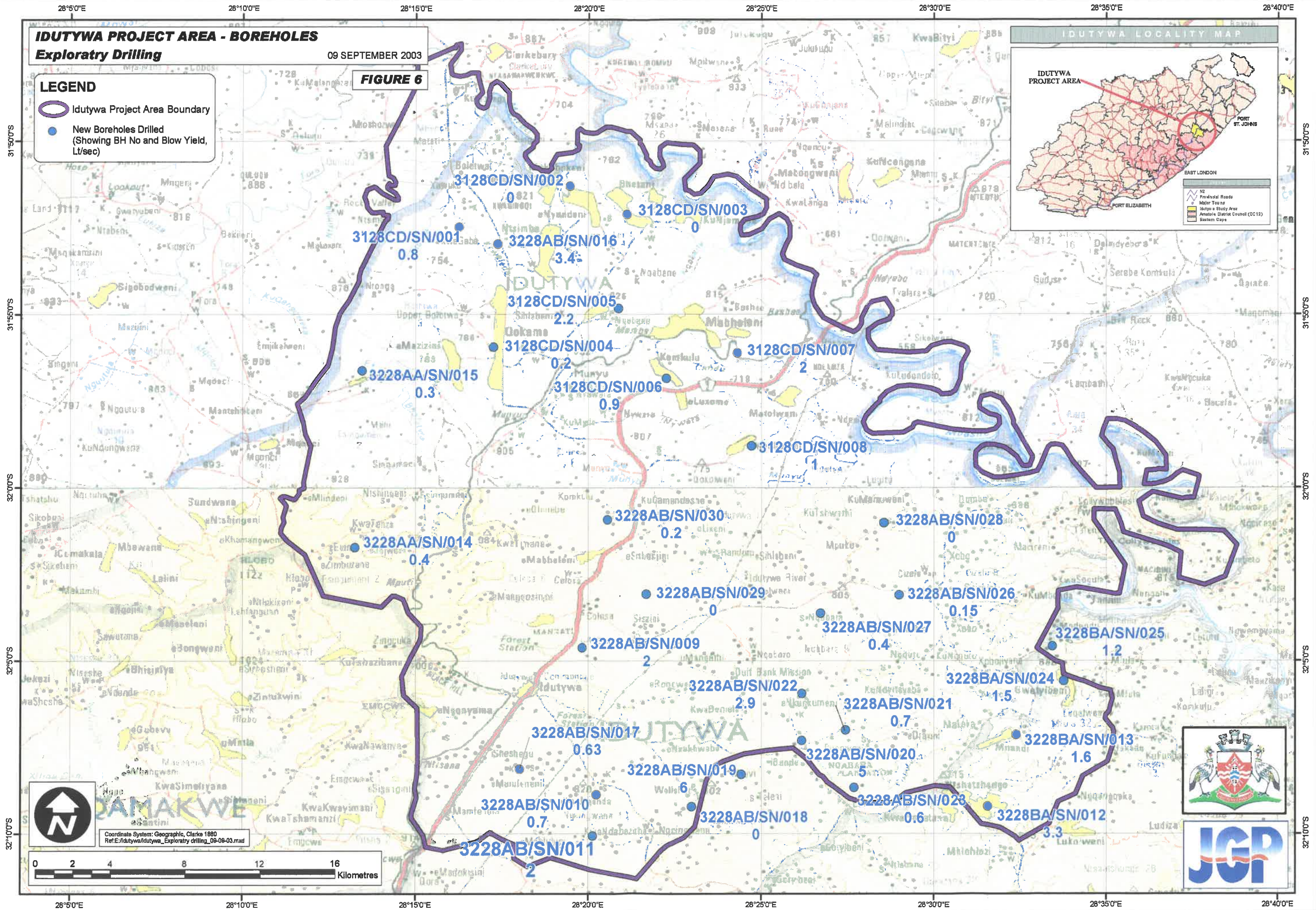
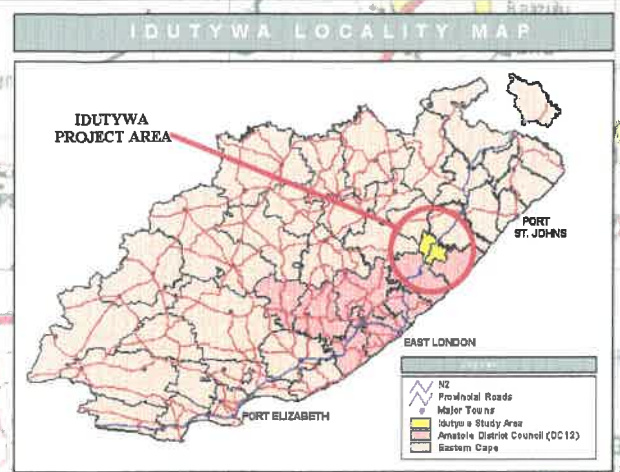
IDUTYWA PROJECT AREA - BOREHOLES
Exploratory Drilling

09 SEPTEMBER 2003

FIGURE 6

LEGEND

-  Idutywa Project Area Boundary
-  New Boreholes Drilled (Showing BH No and Blow Yield, Lt/sec)



Coordinates System: Geographic, Clarke 1880
 Ref: E:\idutywa\idutywa_Exploratory drilling_09-09-03.mxd





TABLE 2: Summary of Exploratory Drilling and Testing Results

Borehole NO.	Community	Latitude	Longitude	Depth	Casing	Strike	SWL	Blow yield	CD Duration	CD Rate
3128CD/SN/001	Silityiwe	-31.882944	28.289611	100	12	29	16.79	0.8	2880	1.51
3128CD/SN/002	Nyandeni	-31.855000	28.324444	100		Dry	Dry	Dry	0	0
3128CD/SN/003	Bhetai	-31.868611	28.352222	100	6	72, 98	?	Seepage	0	0
3128CD/SN/004	Matolweni	-31.932500	28.287500	122	19	23, 39	34.62	0.2	0	0
3128CD/SN/005	Mhuku	-31.913889	28.348056	90	7	44	5.51	2.2	2520	2.53
3128CD/SN/006	Nywara	-31.947500	28.371111	100	4	18, 83	14.54	0.9	1440	0.61
3128CD/SN/007	Candu	-31.935278	28.405000	80	3.5	14, 28	11.94	2	2880	3.21
3128CD/SN/008	eMabheleni	-31.980000	28.411944	90	4	14	21.14	1	360	2.02
3228AB/SN/009	Colosa/Doti	-32.076944	28.330556	80	3	24, 44	11.46	2	2880	4.24
3228AB/SN/010	Lencane	-32.147778	28.337500	80	18	23	6.2	0.7	1440	0.93
3228AB/SN/011	Qelana	-32.167528	28.335750	80	18	9, 26, 32	2.69	2	2880	2.07
3228BA/SN/012	Fort Malan	-32.153389	28.526111	90	22	12, 36, 78	0.41	3.3	2880	2.75
3228BA/SN/013	Mhandi	-32.118833	28.540000	80	19	20, 44	4.23	1.6	1440	1.52
3228AA/SN/014	KwaTenzi	-32.028750	28.220917	108	6	25, 42	13.81	0.4	720	0.15
3228AA/SN/015	KuVinindwa	-31.943778	28.224417	110	6	75	4.57	0.3	720	0.12
3228AB/SN/016	Shehegu	-31.874722	28.271111	80	6	22, 40, 64	11.19	3.4	2160	5.26
3228AB/SN/017	Mamfaneni	-32.135444	28.300222	80	6	20, 32, 51	13.37	0.63	1440	0.81
3228AB/SN/018	Msintsana	-32.153528	28.383083	100	12	Dry	?		0	0
3228AB/SN/019	Mtovi	-32.137944	28.407083	70	12	14, 36, 62	8.13	6	2880	5.79
3228AB/SN/020	Tafeni	-32.121528	28.436389	80	15	16, 64	1.36	5	2880	4.67
3228AB/SN/021	Cungweni	-32.116556	28.457528	106	6	83	19.27	0.7	1440	0.43
3228AB/SN/022	Tyekelebende	-32.098917	28.436389	92	6	57	0.37	2.9	2880	2.32
3228AB/SN/023	Cungweni/ Ebende	-32.144333	28.461556	104	9	11, 25	3.93	0.6	720	0.51
3228BA/SN/024	Mxotwa	-32.093000	28.562806	80	9	12, 30	13.81	1.5	1440	1.52
3228BA/SN/025	Kratshini	-32.076167	28.557361	80	11	9, 11, 29, 59	2.35	1.2	1440	1.03
3228AB/SN/026	Kuchachazele	-32.051639	28.482861	104	6	33, 52	19.29	0.15	720	0.16
3228AB/SN/027	Fakalahla	-32.060278	28.445444	74	6	16, 51	0.61	0.4	720	0.4
3228AB/SN/028	Komkhulu	-32.016917	28.475694	94	6	14		Seepage	0	0
3228AB/SN/029	Sisnsini	-32.051167	28.361444	74	17	16, 18		Seepage	0	0
3228AB/SN/030	KuCingo	-32.015417	28.342833	80	13	12	1.2	0.2	720	0.26

The single borehole logs and penetration logs are annexed (Annexure 6).

Numbers for the new boreholes	
Borehole Number	Regional Borehole Number
3128CD/SN/001	EC/T12/061
3128CD/SN/002	EC/T12/062
3128CD/SN/003	EC/T12/063
3128CD/SN/004	EC/T12/064
3128CD/SN/005	EC/T13/010
3128CD/SN/006	EC/T13/011
3128CD/SN/007	EC/T13/012
3128CD/SN/008	EC/T12/065
3228AB/SN/009	EC/T90/138
3228AB/SN/010	EC/T90/139
3228AB/SN/011	EC/T90/140
3228BA/SN/012	EC/T90/141
3228BA/SN/013	EC/T90/142
3228AA/SN/014	EC/T12/066
3228AA/SN/015	EC/T12/067
3228AB/SN/016	EC/T90/153
3228AB/SN/017	EC/T90/143
3228AB/SN/018	EC/T90/144
3228AB/SN/019	EC/T90/145
3228AB/SN/020	EC/T90/146
3228AB/SN/021	EC/T90/147
3228AB/SN/022	EC/T90/148
3228AB/SN/023	EC/T90/149
3228BA/SN/024	EC/T90/150
3228BA/SN/025	EC/T13/013
3228AB/SN/026	EC/T90/151
3228AB/SN/027	EC/T90/152
3228AB/SN/028	EC/T13/014
3228AB/SN/029	EC/T13/015
3228AB/SN/030	EC/T13/016



5. PUMPING TESTS

5.1 Methodology

Of the 30 boreholes drilled 24 were subjected to Constant Discharge tests and 1 was subjected to a Step Drawdown test only.

The criteria for the length of the Constant Discharge test were as follows:

- ❖ Boreholes with a constant discharge rate up to 0.5l/s were tested for 12 hours.
- ❖ Boreholes with a constant discharge rate between 0.5 and 2.0 l/s were tested for 24 hours.
- ❖ Boreholes with a constant discharge rate greater than 2l/s were tested for 48 hours.
- ❖ Constant discharge rates were determined by typically conducting 4 steps of one hour each, although a fifth step was sometimes required.
- ❖ Recovery was set at a minimum of half the constant discharge pumping time, and to a maximum of 95% or equal to pumping time, whichever came first.

Results were typical of aquifers displaying a volume of effective storage, where recharge occurs regularly in most years but can't be readily absorbed into the aquifer because of low storage capacity. Step test results typically showed that constant discharge rates were higher than were feasible for long periods of pumping (greater than 6 hours). Even with a conservative approach in determining the rate at which the constant discharge tests should be performed, boreholes typically showed a boundary effect or point of inflection in the test analysis results, and in several cases more than one. In addition, the average main strike depths were very shallow, resulting in relatively small available drawdown levels thus significantly reducing safe yields. Multiple strikes resulted in numerous "mini dewatering" effects in several cases. Thus, analysis trends were far from classic and varied considerably, depending on the level of interpretation required by the hydrogeologist.

Results were analysed using two computer interpretation packages, namely Aquifer Test by Waterloo Hydrogeologic Software, and the FC Method developed by the University of the Orange Free State (refer to graphs of analysis and summary table of safe yield determination for all methods in Annexure 8).

Transmissivity values were determined from Aquifer tests by two means, namely fitting "curves" and best fit lines by eye ("T value own" in table below), and fitting "curves" and best fit lines as the package calculated the best mathematical fit ("T values program" in table below). Methods used to determine transmissivity values were the Cooper Jacob, Newman, Theis method, and the Theis Recovery Method.

Calculation of safe yields and transmissivity using the FC Method package included the interpretation methods Basic FC, FC Inflection Point, Cooper Jacob, FC Non-linear, and Barker. Where applicable (i.e. where there is obvious occurrence of an inflection point in the analysis), the FC inflection point method was utilised for the determination of the safe pumping yield of the borehole, otherwise, based on the variability of results, cross-checks were performed and an average safe yield was



chosen from the methods thought to be most applicable. A summary of the results is detailed in the table below and spatially represented in Figure 7:

5.2 Results

TABLE 3: Summary of test pumping results




Borehole NO.	Aquifer Test				FC Method	Average Q (m ³ /day)	Extrapolated Safe Yield	
	Using T Value (own)		Using T Value (program)				Q (m ³ /day)	Q (l/s for 24 hrs/day)
	Q1 (m ³ /day)	Q2 (m ³ /day)	Q1 (m ³ /day)	Q2 (m ³ /day)				
	(Incl. Recov)	(Excl. Recov)	(Incl. Recov)	(Excl. Recov)				
3128CD/SN/001	6.07	2.79	19.43	14.34	38.88	23.86	47.5	0.55
3128CD/SN/002								
3128CD/SN/003								
3128CD/SN/004								
3128CD/SN/005	11.15	6.73	179.08	128.97	181.44	156.24	155	1.79
3128CD/SN/006	1.00	0.93	5.66	7.17	9.50	7.34	8.6	0.10
3128CD/SN/007	13.38	12.27	26.60	29.59	46.66	41.74	34.5	0.40
3128CD/SN/008	5.38	5.39	31.74	35.13	14.69	36.21	14.7	0.17
3228AB/SN/009	46.53	43.47	132.02	153.74	173.67	172.50	172.5	2.00
3228AB/SN/010	8.28	5.31	19.23	24.02	38.88	27.65	29.3	0.34
3228AB/SN/011	4.29	5.07	47.69	55.17	52.70	55.12	63	0.73
3228BA/SN/012	13.61	3.64	15.33	18.88	18.14	33.83	30	0.35
3228BA/SN/013	4.60	5.71	23.43	30.59	36.29	29.79	36.2	0.42
3228AA/SN/014	0.24	0.24	4.18	4.25	3.46	4.10	3.5	0.04
3228AA/SN/015	0.12	0.13	3.11	3.42	1.73	2.83	1.7	0.02
3228AB/SN/016	26.90	26.83	76.32	84.57	81.22	105.96	70	0.81
3228AB/SN/017	9.19	8.26	12.01	13.86	47.52	20.96	47.5	0.55
3228AB/SN/018								
3228AB/SN/019	29.55	22.23	136.95	145.26	152.93	171.11	153	1.77
3228AB/SN/020	24.45	23.53	111.83	138.79	147.74	133.80	148	1.71
3228AB/SN/021	1.44	1.14	8.74	10.22	28.51	14.39	29	0.34
3228AB/SN/022	7.90	3.64	53.10	51.86	71.71	70.34	60	0.69
3228AB/SN/023	4.42	5.18	3.66	4.34	3.46	7.45	3.5	0.04
3228BA/SN/024	5.68	5.78	26.47	32.65	19.01	46.91	14.7	0.17
3228BA/SN/025	4.41	4.38	15.42	19.76	14.69	20.35	16.4	0.19
3228AB/SN/026	0.74	0.78	2.58	2.77	6.31	3.51	6.3	0.07
3228AB/SN/027	0.88	0.94	14.26	15.36	12.96	15.11	13	0.15
3228AB/SN/028								
3228AB/SN/029								
3228AB/SN/030	1.06	1.26	3.60	4.06	2.59	4.41	2.6	0.03

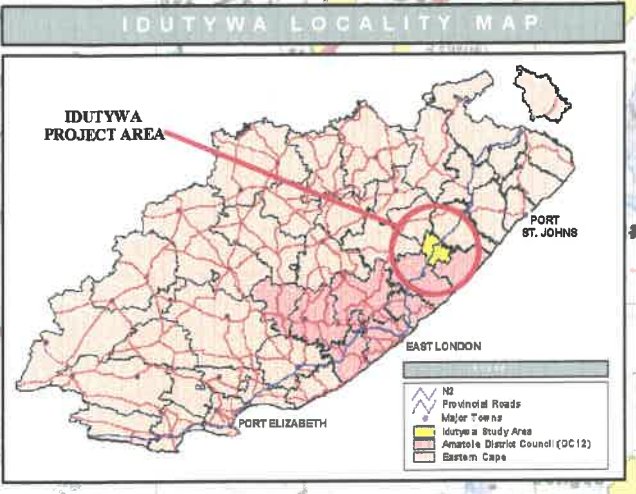
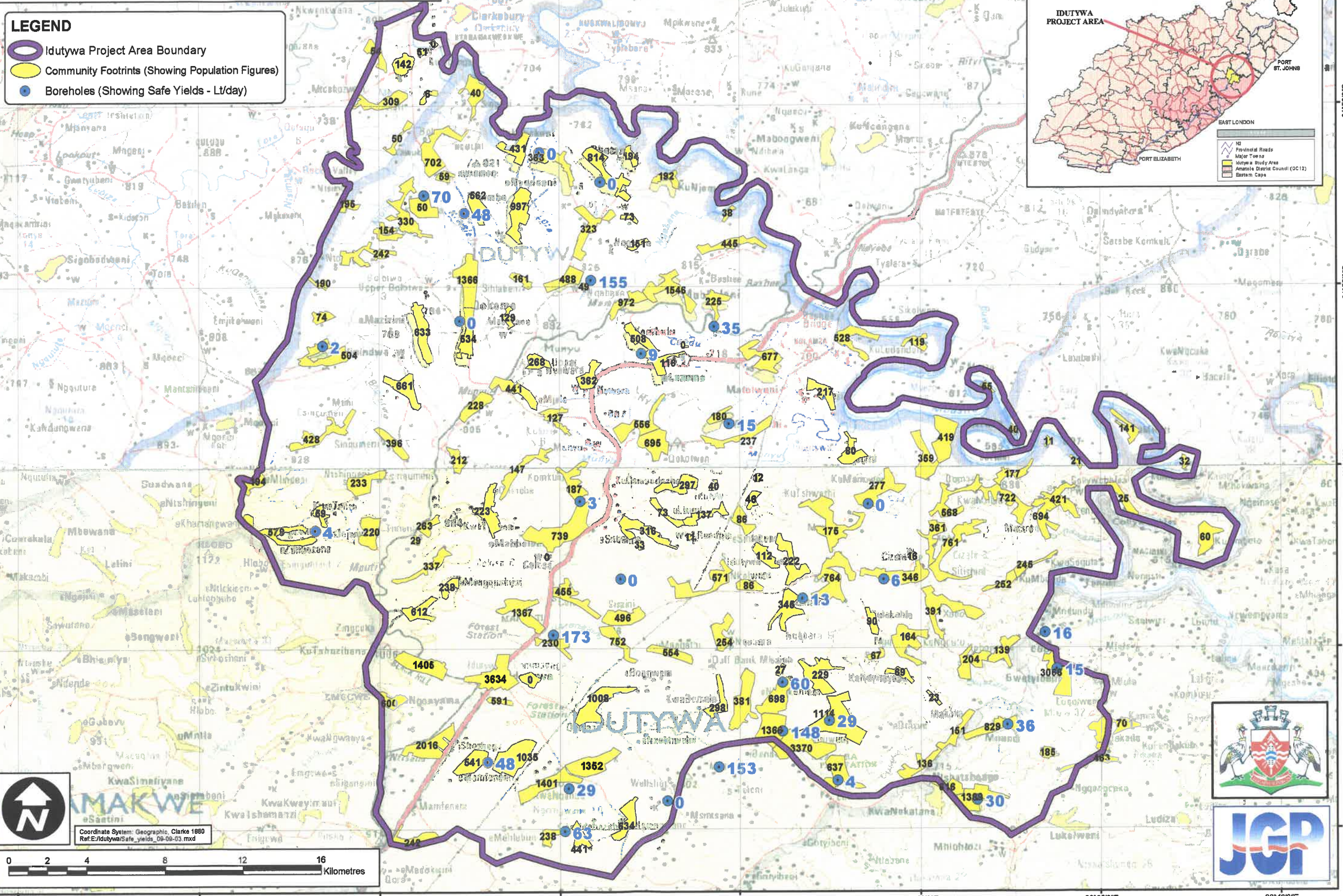
Note: only a step test was performed on borehole number 3128CD/SN/004, and the remaining boreholes shaded in grey were either dry, or yielded insufficient water to be tested.

IDUTYWA PROJECT AREA - NEW BOREHOLES DRILLED
Showing Safe Yields
 09 SEPTEMBER 2003

FIGURE 7

LEGEND

-  Idutywa Project Area Boundary
-  Community Footprints (Showing Population Figures)
-  Boreholes (Showing Safe Yields - Lt/day)



Coordinate System: Geographic, Clarke 1880
 Ref: E:\Idutywa\Safe_yields_09-09-03.mxd





It is interesting to note that on comparison of blow yield, constant discharge rate, and extrapolated safe yield, generally the safe yield is the lowest, followed by the blow yield and then the constant discharge rate. These comparisons are highlighted in the table below:

TABLE 4: Comparison of test pumping results with blow yields and constant discharge rates.

Borehole NO.	Blow yield	Constant Discharge Rate	Safe Yield
3128CD/SN/001	0.8	1.51	0.55
3128CD/SN/002	Dry	0	
3128CD/SN/003	Seepage	0	
3128CD/SN/004	0.2	0	
3128CD/SN/005	2.2	2.53	1.79
3128CD/SN/006	0.9	0.61	0.10
3128CD/SN/007	2	3.21	0.40
3128CD/SN/008	1	2.02	0.17
3228AB/SN/009	2	4.24	2.00
3228AB/SN/010	0.7	0.93	0.34
3228AB/SN/011	2	2.07	0.73
3228BA/SN/012	3.3	2.75	0.35
3228BA/SN/013	1.6	1.52	0.42
3228AA/SN/014	0.4	0.15	0.04
3228AA/SN/015	0.3	0.12	0.02
3228AB/SN/016	3.4	5.26	0.81
3228AB/SN/017	0.63	0.81	0.55
3228AB/SN/018	Dry	0	
3228AB/SN/019	6	5.79	1.77
3228AB/SN/020	5	4.67	1.71
3228AB/SN/021	0.7	0.43	0.34
3228AB/SN/022	2.9	2.32	0.69
3228AB/SN/023	0.6	0.51	0.04
3228BA/SN/024	1.5	1.52	0.17
3228BA/SN/025	1.2	1.03	0.19
3228AB/SN/026	0.15	0.16	0.07
3228AB/SN/027	0.4	0.4	0.15
3228AB/SN/028	Seepage	0	
3228AB/SN/029	Seepage	0	
3228AB/SN/030	0.2	0.26	0.03

Safe yields ranged from very low (<0.05 l/s) to 2.00 l/s. It is important to remember that these yields have been determined from a single event test, and that it is imperative to establish a suitable groundwater monitoring programme if these boreholes are to be equipped. It is likely that yields will fluctuate seasonally with increased recharge and thus increased yield in the rainy season and decreased recharge and potential reduction in yield in the dry season.

Bearing the above in mind, the pumping recommendations for each of the boreholes drilled and tested to date are summarised in table 5 below:

TABLE 5: Pumping recommendations, borehole design parameters and preferable installation types.

Borehole NO.	Constant Discharge Duration (mins)	Constant Discharge rate (l/s)	Drawdown during Constant Discharge Test (m)	Extrapolated Safe Yield		Main Strike (mbgl)	Static Water Level (mbgl)	Critical Drawdown Depth (m)	Recommended pump installation depth (mbgl)	Type of Installation	Duty Cycle (hours per day)	Discharge Rate (l/s)
				Q (m ³ /day)	Q (l/s for 24 hrs/day)							
3128CD/SN/001	2880	1.51	11.76	47.5	0.55	29	16.79	12	30	Motorised	12	0.78
3128CD/SN/005	2520	2.53	19.15	155	1.79	44	5.51	19.15	45	Motorised	12	2.53
3128CD/SN/006	1440	0.61	36.17	8.6	0.10	18	14.54	21	36	Motorised/Hand		
3128CD/SN/007	2880	3.21	27.4	34.5	0.40	28	11.94	8	27	Motorised	12	0.57
3128CD/SN/008	360	2.02	39.41	14.7	0.17	14	21.14	18	42	Handpump		
3228AB/SN/009	2880	4.24	9.57	172.5	2.00	24	11.46	9.57	24	Motorised	12	2.83
3228AB/SN/010	1440	0.93	8.17	29.3	0.34	23	6.2	7.41	24	Motorised/Hand	12	0.48
3228AB/SN/011	2880	2.07	23.87	63	0.73	26	2.69	22.96	27	Motorised	12	1.03
3228BA/SN/012	2880	2.75	62.54	30	0.35	36	0.41	37	39	Motorised/Hand	12	0.5
3228BA/SN/013	1440	1.52	15.93	36.2	0.42	20	4.23	13.36	24	Motorised/Hand	12	0.59
3228AA/SN/014	720	0.15	26.41	3.5	0.04	42	13.81	26.41	42	Handpump		
3228AA/SN/015	720	0.12	47.32	1.7	0.02	75	4.57	35.2	75	Handpump		
3228AB/SN/016	2160	5.26	39.47	70	0.81	22	11.19	10.18	24	Motorised	12	1.15
3228AB/SN/017	1440	0.81	6.79	47.5	0.55	32	13.37	5.93	33	Motorised	12	0.78
3228AB/SN/019	2880	5.79	16.63	153	1.77	14	8.13	16.63	24	Motorised	12	2.5
3228AB/SN/020	2880	4.67	11.49	148	1.71	16	1.36	10.84	24	Motorised	12	2.42
3228AB/SN/021	1440	0.43	18.56	29	0.34	83	19.27	15.92	84	Motorised/Hand	12	0.48
3228AB/SN/022	2880	2.32	37.07	60	0.69	57	0.37	27.29	57	Motorised	12	0.98
3228AB/SN/023	720	0.51	36.27	3.5	0.04	11	3.93	5.17	24	Handpump		
3228BA/SN/024	1440	1.52	54.56	14.7	0.17	30	13.81	10.07	30	Handpump		
3228BA/SN/025	1440	1.03	18.82	16.4	0.19	11	2.35	10.1	24	Handpump		
3228AB/SN/026	720	0.16	10.62	6.3	0.07	52	19.29	10.62	51	Handpump		
3228AB/SN/027	720	0.4	20.74	13	0.15	51	0.61	20.74	51	Handpump		
3228AB/SN/030	720	0.26	18.47	2.6	0.03	12	1.2	8.43	24	Handpump		



6. WATER QUALITY

The 25 productive exploration boreholes were sampled at the end of each of the pump tests. The water samples were analysed by the Amatola Water Scientific Services Division. All the Certificates of Analysis are appended (Annexure 4). The results were compared with the SABS 241 Specifications for Potable Water (1999) (Annexure 3).

In the following table are reported the substances exceeding the Ideal, Acceptable and Maximum Limit respectively.

Table 6: Water Quality: Determinands Exceeding SABS Specifications

Borehole Number	Community	Date	° / ' / "	° / ' / "	m	Water Class SABS 241		
						Exc. Ideal	Exc. Acc.	Exc. Max
3128/CD/SN/001	Silityiwa	02-Jun	31 52 29	28 17 23	100	N,F	Cl,Cond.,MgNa, TDS,NTU	
3128CD/SN/002	Nyandeni	03-Jun	31 51 18	28 19 28	100			
3128CD/SN/003	Bhetai	05-Jun	31 52 07	28 21 08	100			
3128CD/SN/004	Matolweni	06-Jun	31 55 57	28 17 15	122		NO3	Cond,Mg,Na, Fe,Cl
3128CD/SN/005	Mhuku	07-Jun	31 54 50	28 20 53	90	N,Cl,Cond,Fe, Mg,Na, TDS		
3128CD/SN/006	Nywara	08-Jun	31 56 51	28 22 16	100	N,Cl,Cond Fe		
3128CD/SN/007	Candu	09-Jun	31 56 07	28 24 18	80	Fe,Mg,TDS	Cl,Cond,Na	
3128CD/SN/008	Mabheleni	10-Jun	31 58 48	28 24 43	90	F,Fe,Mg,Na,T DS	Cl,Cond. NTU	
3228AB/SN/009	Colosa/Doti	11-Jun	32 04 37	28 19 50	80	Fe,Mg,TDS	Cl,Cond,Na	
3228AB/SN/010	Lencane	12-Jun	32 08 52	28 20 15	80	Cl,Cond,Fe,Na TDS	NTU	
3228AB/SN/011	Qelana	18-Jun	32 10 03	28 20 09	80	NTU		
3228BA/SN/012	Fort Malan	19-Jun	32 09 12	28 31 34	90	NO3,Cl,Na		Fe,NTU
3228BA/SN/013	Mnandi	21-Jun	32 07 08	28 32 24	80	Cond		NO3
3228AA/SN/014	Kwatenzi	22-Jun	32 01 43	28 13 15	108	NO3,Cl,Na		NTU
3228AA/SN/015	Kwavinindwa	24-Jun	31 56 38	28 13 28	110	Cond,Na,TDS	Cl	Fe,Mg,Ntu
3328AB/SN/016	Sheshegu	26-Jun	32 08 04	28 16 16	80	Cl,Cond,Fe,Na TDS,NTU		
3228AB/SN/017	Mamfeneni	27-Jun	32 08 08	28 18 01	80	Cond,Na,TDS, NTU	Cl,Fe	
3228AB/SN/18	Msintsana	28-Jun	32 09 12	28 23 01	100			
3228AB/SN/019	Mtovi	02-Jul	32 08 17	28 24 25	70	NO3,Fe,NTU		
3228AB/SN/020	Tafeni	04-Jul	32 07 18	28 26 11	80	NO3,Fe,NTU		
3228AB/SN/021	Cungweni	07-Jul	37 07 00	28 27 27	106	NO3,Fe		
3228AB/SN/022	Tyekelebende	08-Jul	32 05 56	28 26 37	92	NO3,Fe		
3228AB/SN/023	Cungweni/Ebende	09-Jul	32 08 40	28 27 42	104	Cl	Fe	
3228BA/SN/024	Mxotwa	10-Jul	32 05 35	28 33 46	80	Fe,NTU		NO3
3228BA/SN/025	Kratshini	11-Jul	32 04 34	28 33 27	80	Fe,NTU		
3228AB/SN/026	Kuchachazele	12-Jul	32 03 06	28 28 58	102	Cond,Mg,Na, TDS	Cl,NTU	
3228AB/SN/027	Fakalahla	14-Jul	32 03 37	28 26 44	74	NO3,Cond,Fe, Mg,TDS	Cl,Na,NTU	
3228AB/SN/028	Komkhulu	19-Jul	31 01 01	28 28 35	92			
3228AB/SN/029	Siszini	20-Jul	32 04 04	28 21 41	74			
3228AB/SN/030	Kucingo	21-Jul	32 00 55	28 20 34	80	Cl	Cond,Fe,Na,TDS	NTU



As can be noted, all the boreholes exceed at least the ideal limit, 10 also exceeding the acceptable limit and 7 exceed the maximum limit. The water quality class is represented in Figure 8. There is no apparent or definite trend with regard determinands falling into classes 2 and 3. Groundwater quality in Idutywa is generally considered to be poor.

In recommending usage of the boreholes we must take into account the scarcity of water resources in the area. For this reason, we believe that we should still utilise the water supply from those boreholes exceeding the ideal limits. In the following table we consider the possible effects of determinands exceeding the SABS parameters, and we recommend a "pragmatic" approach to the use of the boreholes.

Table 7: Water Quality: Comments and Recommendations





Borehole	Exceeded limits	Comments	Recommendations
Silitywa 3128/CD/SN/001	Acceptable: Cl, Cond, Mg, Na, TDS, NTU	Unpleasant taste, harmless to human health.	Can be used.
Matolweni 3128CD/SN/004	Acceptable: NO3 Maximum: Cl, Fe, Cond., Mg, Na	Too salty to drink, corrosive to metals, dangerous to health	Cannot be used for human consumption
Candu 3128CD/SN/007	Acceptable: Cl, Cond., Na	Unpleasant taste, harmless to human health.	Can be used.
Mabheleni 3128CD/SN/008	Acceptable: Cl, Cond., NTU	Unpleasant taste, harmless to human health.	Can be used.
Colosa/Doti 3228AB/SN/009	Acceptable: Cl, Cond., Na	Unpleasant taste, harmless to human health.	Can be used.
Lencane 3228AB/SN/010	Acceptable: NTU	Not perfectly clear	Can be used
Fort Malan 3228BA/SN/012	Maximum: Fe, NTU	Unclear, can stain washed cloths, harmless to human health	Can be used
Mnandi 3228BA/SN/013	Maximum: NO3	Infiltration from surface water	Can be used if borehole properly sealed and re-analysed
KwaTenzi 3228AA/SN/014	NTU	Unclear	Can be used
KwaVinindwa 3228AA/SN/015	Acceptable: Cl. Maximum: Fe, Mg, NTU	Unclear, slightly salty, can stain washed clothes, harmless to health	Can be used
Mamfeneni 3228AB/SN/017	Acceptable: Cl, Fe	Can stain washed clothes	Can be used
Cungweni/Ebende 3228AB/SN/023	Acceptable: Fe	Can stain washed clothes	Can be used
Mxotwa 3228BA/SN/024	Maximum: NO3	Infiltration from surface water	Can be used if properly sealed and re-analysed
Kuchachazele 3228AB/SN/026	Acceptable: Cl, NTU	Slightly unpleasant taste, not perfectly clear	Can be used
Fakalahla 3228AB/SN/027	Acceptable Cl, Na, NTU	Slightly unpleasant taste, not perfectly clear	Can be used
Kucingo 3228AB/SN/030	Acceptable: Con., Fe, Na, TDS. Maximum: NTU	Slightly unpleasant taste, unclear	Can be used

IDUTYWA PROJECT AREA - NEW BOREHOLES DRILLED
Showing Water Quality

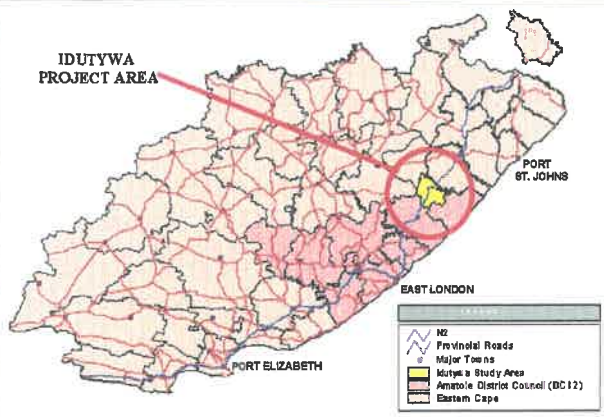
09 SEPTEMBER 2003

FIGURE 8

LEGEND

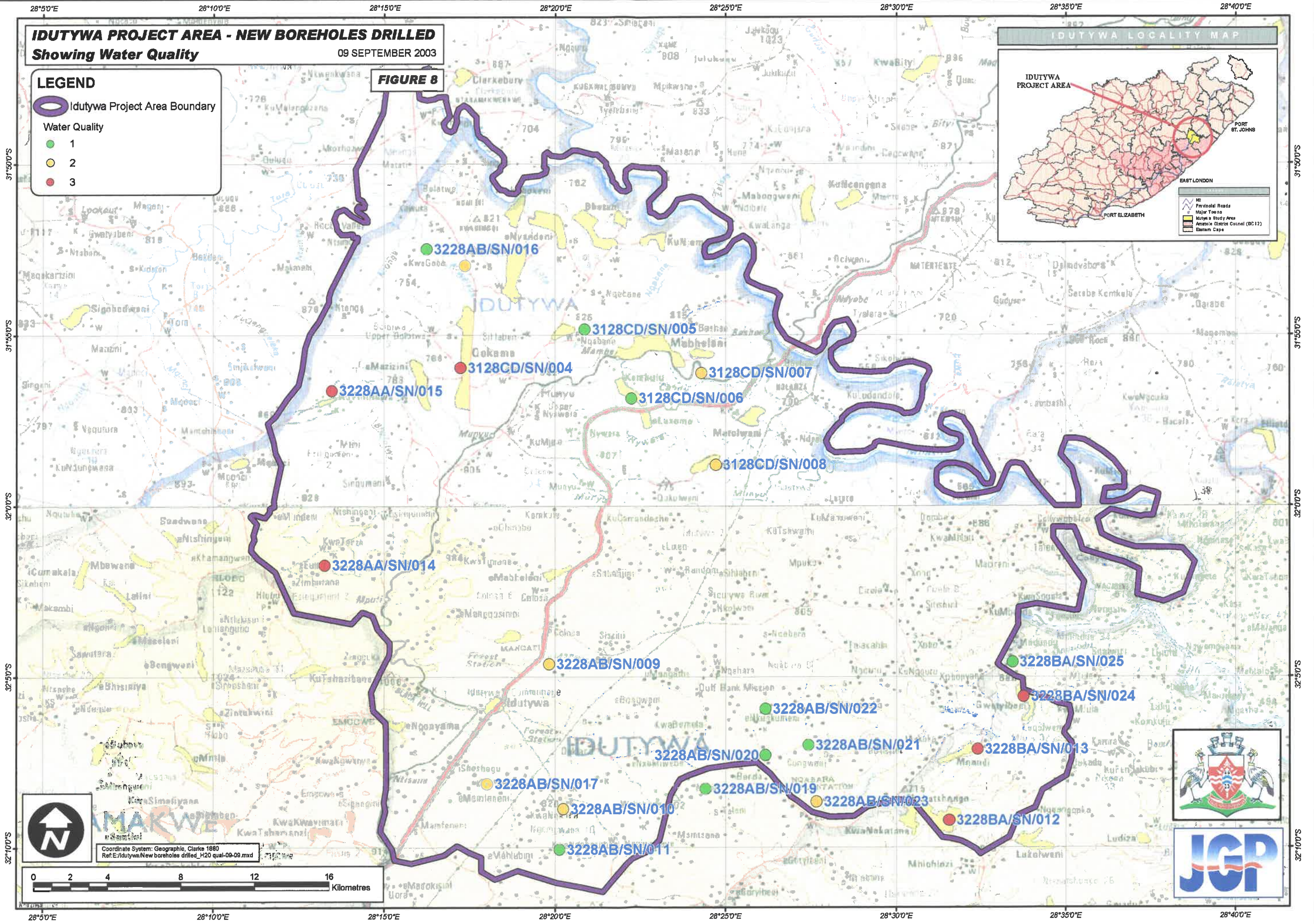
-  Idutywa Project Area Boundary
- Water Quality**
-  1
-  2
-  3

IDUTYWA LOCALITY MAP



PORT ELIZABETH
 EAST LONDON
 PORT ST. JOHNS

Legend for Locality Map:
 - Provincial Roads
 - Major Towns
 - Idutywa Study Area
 - Amathole District Council (DC12)
 - Barmen Cape



Coordinate System: Geographic, Clarke 1880
 Ref.E:\idutywa\New boreholes drilled_H2O qual-09-09.mxd





7. CONCLUSIONS

The groundwater resources of Idutywa have been explored both quantitatively and qualitatively.

Of the 30 boreholes sited with geophysical methods 24 produced productivity results (80% success rate). From a quantitative point of view, the safe long-term yield of the 24 boreholes drilled vary between 172.5 and 1.7 m³/day, with an average of 48.3 m³/day. Taking into account a safe yield of 100 m³/day as a minimum required yield to supply a reservoir/reticulation scheme for 500 people (200 l/capita/day) we note that only 4 boreholes can attain this yield. However, to meet RDP standards or 25l/cap/day, it may be economically viable to equip boreholes yielding more than 30m³/day.

From a qualitative point of view, none of the 24 boreholes fully complies with the SABS 241 Specifications for Drinking Water. Water quality is generally poor, with excessive Chloride, Sodium, Iron and Magnesium.

Both from a quantitative and qualitative point of view, the groundwater potential of the Idutywa area is therefore considered to be poor, but in the light of the existing water resources available groundwater must still be considered a potential source of water for reticulated and definitely for rudimentary supply for human consumption.

8. RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 Use of exploration boreholes as production boreholes

The exploration boreholes were drilled with the two-fold function of providing information on the aquifers for this report and to provide drinking water to the population. Table 5 "Pumping recommendations, borehole design parameters and preferable installation types", indicates the possible utilisation of each of the 24 productive boreholes, specifying the type of installation (hand-pump or motorised pump), installation depth, safe discharge rate, and daily duty cycle.

Table 7 "Water Quality Recommendations" indicates the possible usage of the resources in relation to the poor water quality.

As a value added exercise to the exploratory drilling programme, the Idutywa area was briefly assessed in terms of supplying the scheme that originally was proposed by JGP in the prelude report to this report, but utilising groundwater as the water source. It is highly unlikely that the two phases originally proposed will remain "whole" as the current indication is that safe yields of groundwater do not occur in high enough quantities to warrant feeding them. It is however feasible to break each of the phases up into smaller portions of approximately 6,000 – 12,000 people and make use of groundwater to service combinations of the proposed supply reservoirs as smaller supply areas (refer to Figure 9). The table below summarizes the new proposed supply areas in terms of:

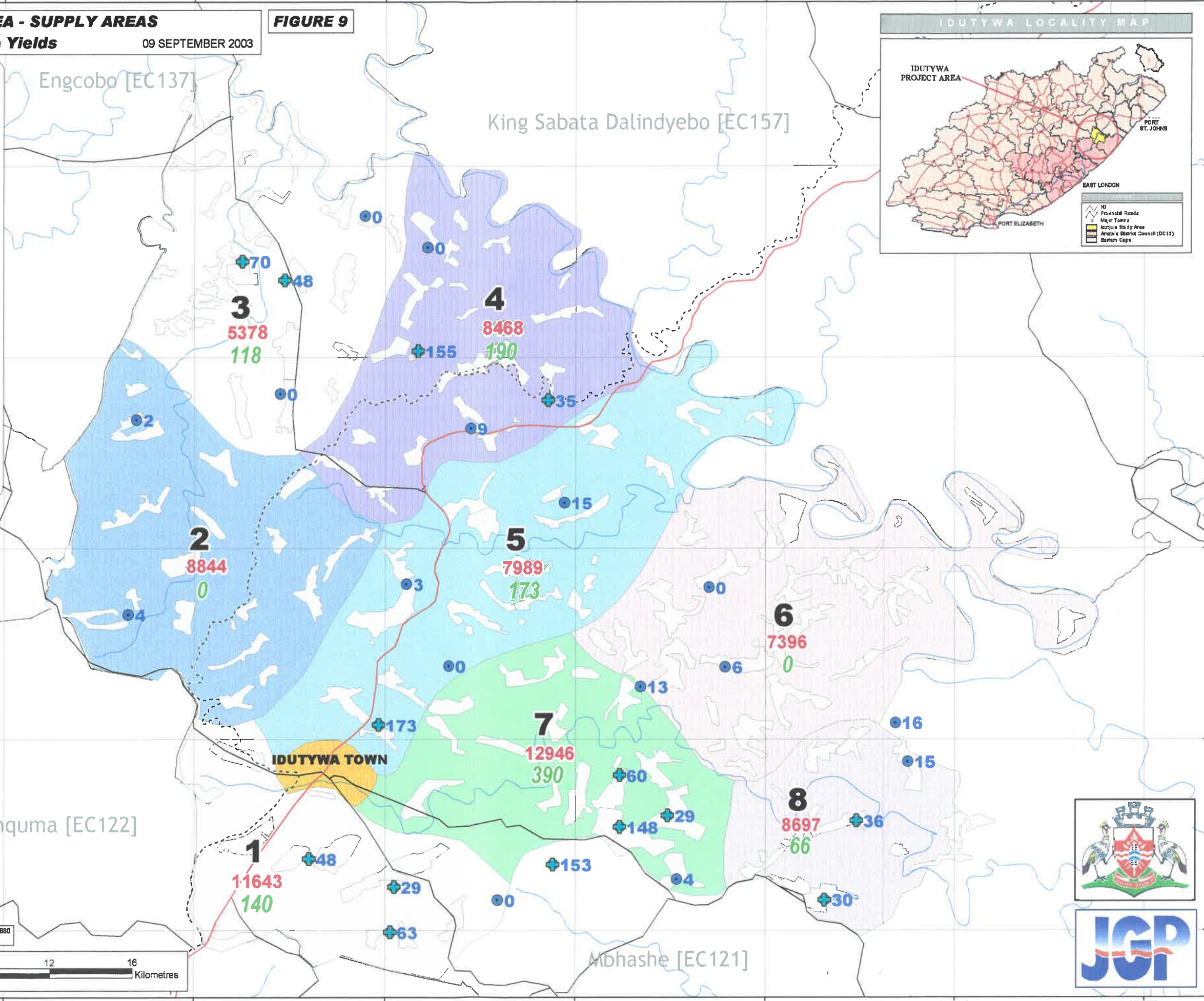
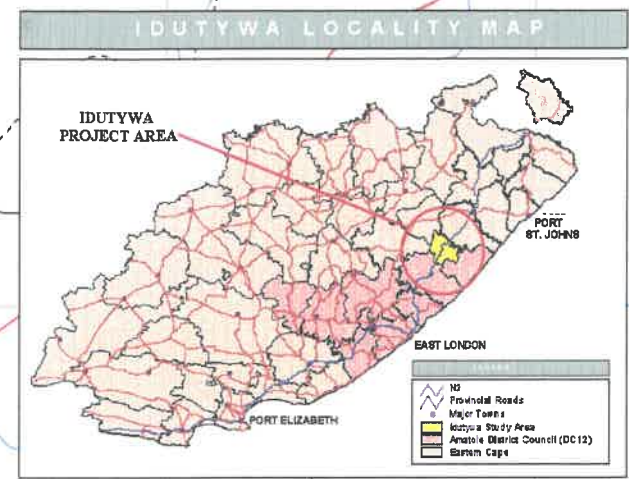
1. effective existing groundwater supply (i.e. only boreholes suitable for motorised equipment (>30m³/day))
2. the population thought to be served by those supply areas
3. the demand attached to them (at 25l/cap/day)
4. the deficits to meet those demands.

28°5'0"E 28°10'0"E 28°15'0"E 28°20'0"E 28°25'0"E 28°30'0"E 28°35'0"E 28°40'0"E

IDITYWA PROJECT AREA - SUPPLY AREAS
Showing Borehole - Safe Yields 09 SEPTEMBER 2003

FIGURE 9

- LEGEND**
- Boreholes (Showing Safe Yields)
 - ⊕ Identified Production Boreholes
 - Supply area No**
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
 - 7
 - 8
 - 8** Supply Area No
 - 5878** Estimated Population
 - 66** Available Water
 - Idutywa Town
 - - - Railway
 - Main Roads
 - Roads
 - Rivers
 - Settlements
 - Municipal Boundaries



Coordinate System: Geographic, Clarke 1880
 Ref.E:\Idutywa\Supply Areas\09-09.mxd



28°5'0"E 28°10'0"E 28°15'0"E 28°20'0"E 28°25'0"E 28°30'0"E 28°35'0"E 28°40'0"E





TABLE 8: Summary of Supply area Criteria.

Supply Area	Reservoirs from scheme within supply area	Effective Available Groundwater (m ³ /day)	Number of boreholes constituting available groundwater	Estimated Population Served	Demand (m ³ /day)	Deficit (m ³ /day)	Treatment Required	Estimated Additional boreholes Required (excluding unsuccessful)
1	18, 19, 20, 21	140	3	11643	291	151	Likely	3
2	10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17	0	0	8844	221	221	Likely	5
3	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	118	2	5378	134	16	Possible	1
4	2, 8, 9	190	2	8468	212	22	Possible	1
5	23, 24, 25, 26, 27	173	1	7989	200	27	Possible	1
6	32, 33, 34	0	0	7396	185	185	Likely	3
7	28, 29, 30, 31	390	4	12946	324	-66	Not Likely	0
8	35, 36, 37	66	2	8697	217	151	Definitely	3

We recommend that the drilled boreholes be utilised, at least as a temporary relief to the population, as indicated, or alternately as rudimentary groundwater supply in the form of handpump supply.

8.2 Future Strategy

Groundwater resources in Idutywa are not conducive to the construction of high-yielding boreholes to feed large reticulation schemes.

However, groundwater occurrence is widespread (80% success rate with proper siting) and water quality, albeit far from ideal, is acceptable in rural conditions with no better alternative.

In other words, it would be feasible to drill a large number of low and medium-yielding boreholes equipped with hand-pumps strategically located to serve almost all the households within reasonable distance, or to implement small scale groundwater borehole schemes.

Naturally occurring springs are also a valuable resource. There are 42 undeveloped springs presently used in the area. If properly protected and maintained they can also contribute to the water supply of the communities, predominantly on a rudimentary level.

Mario F. Toniolo

Mark Schapers

Peter Waldron

September 2003



ANNEXURE 1
Communities in the Idutywa Tribal Authority



ANNEXURE 2
Water Points in the Idutywa Tribal Authority
(Hydrocensus information)

Water Points in Mbashe Municipality

New W.P. n.		Map/Capturer/ #	Spring / Borehole	Old W.P. n.	Community/ Ward	Capture date	Contact person	Lat S (deg. min, sec)	Long E (deg. min, sec)	GPS Elevation (metres)	Borehole			Spring			Wet. Qual. (Field)		Remarks
n.	n.										In Use	Pump	Seal	Dev.	Prot.	Yield (l/s)	EC (mS/m)	pH	
1	3128CDFH/1	1	S		KuMbelo	14/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 52 41	28 22 18	760	N	Y	N	N	N	19	6.9	On level ground	
2	3128CDFH/2	2	S		KuMbelo	14/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 58 49	28 22 35	758	Y	Y	N	N	N	0.2	15	On level ground	
3	3128CDFH/3	3	S		KuMbelo	14/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 59 03	28 22 58	749	Y	Y	N	N	N	0.2	14	On level ground seasonal	
4	3128CDFH/4	4	S		Shabeni	14/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 59 07	28 23 46	695	Y	Y	N	N	N	0.1	9	Shabeni	
5	3128CDFH/5	5	B		Mabhelani	15/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 58 48	28 24 39	598	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
6	3128CDFH/6	6	B		Lomono	14/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 57 04	28 22 05	677	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
7	3128CDFH/7	7	B		Carubu	15/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 56 07	28 24 18	605	N	HP	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
8	3128CDFH/8	8	B		Mabhelani	15/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 57 15	28 25 59	560	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Salty taste	
9	3128CDFH/9	9	B		Nywenya	15/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 55 51	28 22 21	693	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y				
10	3128CDFH/10	10	B		Nywenya	15/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 55 13	28 22 10	755	Y	WM	Y	N	N	0.2	13	In use	
11	3128CDFH/11	11	S		Mabhelani	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 55 38	28 23 04	699	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
12	3128CDFH/12	12	B	2530	Nkwakazi	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 55 20	28 23 56	652	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
13	3128CDFH/13	13	B	T32556	Nkwakazi	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 55 04	28 20 49	761	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
14	3128CDFH/14	14	B	T32511	Mhuku	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 58 60	28 21 05	765	N	Sub	Y	Y	Y			Is still feeding a water scheme	
15	3128CDFH/15	15	B		Mabhelani	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 58 60	28 21 05	741	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
16	3128CDFH/16	16	S		Mabhelani	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 57 43	28 16 12	817	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
17	3128CDFH/17	17	B	T32577B	Bhetai	16/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 52 07	28 21 06	651	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
18	3128CDFH/18	18	B	T32581	Shabeni	17/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 55 39	28 18 31	713	N	HP	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
19	3128CDFH/19	19	B		Kwelaba	17/05/03	S.N.Ralasi	31 53 39	28 18 49	747	N	HP	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
20	3128CDFH/20	20	B		Kusinywa	19/05/03	H. Hando	31 53 02	28 17 27	646	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
21	3128CDFH/21	21	B	T32549	KuGlanoboda	19/05/03	T. Fanto	31 53 54	28 15 20	706	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
22	3128CDFH/22	22	B	T32510	Nyandeni	20/05/03	S.Yako	31 52 03	28 19 12	609	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
23	3128CDFH/23	23	B		Mlenzeni	20/05/03	C.M.Ngwazi	31 54 09	28 17 05	658	Y	HP	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
24	3128CDFH/24	24	B		Lalini	20/05/03	C.M.Ngwazi	31 54 09	28 17 19	710	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
25	3128CDFH/25	25	B		Mabhelani	20/05/03	Mhrambi	31 56 18	28 17 47	478	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Is still feeding a water scheme	
26	3128CDFH/26	26	B		Mabhelani	20/05/03	Mhrambi	31 56 18	28 16 40	776	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Is still feeding a water scheme	
27	3128CDFH/27	27	S		Mamfengweni	21/05/03	Cokweni	31 57 43	28 16 12	817	Y	Sub	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding a ret. Water scheme	
28	3128CDFH/28	28	S		Spaurweni	21/05/03	N. Msekole	31 59 52	28 16 23	875	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Never equipped	
29	3128CDFH/29	29	B		Spaurweni	21/05/03	N. Msekole	31 59 50	28 16 23	868	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			On level ground	
30	3128CDFH/30	30	B		Konkulu	21/05/03	S. Pakamile	31 59 43	28 17 50	801	N	none	Y	Y	Y			Is still feeding a water scheme	
31	3128CDFH/31	31	B		Konkulu	21/05/03	S. Pakamile	31 59 58	28 17 18	861	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding a ret. Water scheme	
32	3128CDFH/32	32	S		Konkulu	21/05/03	S. Pakamile	31 56 39	28 13 45	781	N	Y	Y	Y	Y			On level ground	
33	3128CDFH/33	33	S		Konkulu	21/05/03	S. Pakamile	31 59 07	28 17 02	846	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
34	3128CDFH/34	34	S		Rhwantsini	21/05/03	E. Mbarizi	31 56 52	28 13 21	774	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
35	3128CDFH/35	35	S		Rhwantsini	21/05/03	E. Mbarizi	31 57 33	28 18 21	862	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
36	3128CDFH/36	36	S		KuMhlobo	21/05/03	M.N.Pandulo	31 58 11	28 19 35	786	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
37	3128CDFH/37	37	S		KuMhlobo	21/05/03	M.N.Pandulo	31 58 11	28 19 35	786	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			3 WMs together	
38	3128CDFH/38	38	S		KuMhlobo	21/05/03	M.N.Pandulo	31 58 11	28 19 35	786	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Strong spring	
39	3128CDFH/39	39	B		KuMhlobo	21/05/03	M.N.Pandulo	31 58 14	28 19 31	797	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y				
40	3128CDFH/40	40	B		Mhlobo	21/05/03	M.N.Pandulo	31 57 47	28 19 14	802	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was used to water veg. Garden	
41	3128CDFH/41	41	B		Mhlobo	21/05/03	Mhlobo	31 57 30	28 20 56	732	Y	HP	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
42	3128CDFH/42	42	B	2530	Mhlobo	21/05/03	Tshisera	31 59 18	28 20 55	717	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
43	3128CDFH/43	43	B		KuMhlobo	21/05/03	S. Pakamile	31 59 43	28 17 50	801	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			On level ground	
44	3128CDFH/44	44	B	T32582	KuMhlobo	21/05/03	D. Sdali	31 56 39	28 13 45	781	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			On level ground	
45	3128CDFH/45	45	S		KuMhlobo	23/05/03	D. Sdali	31 56 39	28 13 45	781	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
46	3128CDFH/46	46	B		Kwazitheni	23/05/03	D. Sdali	31 56 52	28 13 21	774	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
47	3128CDFH/47	47	S		Lencane	24/05/03	A. Golela	31 58 34	28 12 47	857	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			in disrepair	
48	3128CDFH/48	48	B		Lencane	14/05/03	D. Mkhombo	32 00 45	28 20 14	769	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			3 WMs together	
49	3128CDFH/49	49	B		Lencane	14/05/03	D. Mkhombo	32 08 21	28 20 43	766	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Strong spring	
50	3128CDFH/50	50	S		Dra-vini	14/05/03	M. Oryema	32 08 13	28 20 08	810	Y	Sub	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
51	3128CDFH/51	51	S		Ndakeni	14/05/03	M. Mhlobo	32 08 14	28 19 12	775	Y	Sub	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
52	3128CDFH/52	52	S		Ndakeni	14/05/03	M. Mhlobo	32 08 44	28 19 03	789	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
53	3128CDFH/53	53	S		Mphaheni/Oshane	14/05/03	M. Mhlobo	32 09 13	28 19 43	789	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
54	3128CDFH/54	54	B		Oshane	15/05/03	X. Sifuba	32 10 11	28 20 09	781	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
55	3128CDFH/55	55	B		Broadway	15/05/03	M.N. Yabela	32 10 12	28 19 33	818	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
56	3128CDFH/56	56	B		Ceppu	15/05/03	P. Sango	32 09 34	28 21 17	769	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
57	3128CDFH/57	57	S		Vitwou Zembe	15/05/03	M. Zanzaco	32 11 17	28 20 12	810	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
58	3128CDFH/58	58	S		Mhlobo	16/05/03	Shangoo	32 07 59	28 23 27	757	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
59	3128CDFH/59	59	S		Mhlobo	16/05/03	Z. Mchela	32 08 17	28 24 22	757	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
60	3128CDFH/60	60	S		Ebende	16/05/03	Z. Mchela	32 08 16	28 24 40	731	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
61	3128CDFH/61	61	S		Ebende	16/05/03	W. Mkhobane	32 07 45	28 25 43	755	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
62	3128CDFH/62	62	S		Ebende	17/05/03	W. Mkhobane	32 08 05	28 25 27	755	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
63	3128CDFH/63	63	S		Ebende	17/05/03	W. Mkhobane	32 07 56	28 25 01	765	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
64	3128CDFH/64	64	S		Ehlanzeni	17/05/03	W. Mkhobane	32 08 08	28 24 59	732	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
65	3128CDFH/65	65	S		Mphaheni	19/05/03	A. T. Bwa	32 06 13	28 26 03	736	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
66	3128CDFH/66	66	S		Mphaheni	19/05/03	M. Mvea	32 06 23	28 27 09	738	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
67	3128CDFH/67	67	S		Cungqeni	19/05/03	T. Jizana	32 06 36	28 27 48	733	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
68	3128CDFH/68	68	S		Cungqeni	19/05/03	M. Ntshinga	32 06 59	28 27 27	760	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
69	3128CDFH/69	69	S		Teleni	19/05/03	B. Tshobiyeni	32 07 27	28 26 50	746	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
70	3128CDFH/70	70	S		Fort Mlaban	19/05/03	B. Tshobiyeni	32 07 49	28 26 34	740	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
71	3128CDFH/71	71	S		Fort Mlaban	20/05/03	D. Mngodla	32 08 55	28 31 19	624	Y	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
72	3128CDFH/72	72	S		Rhwantsini	20/05/03	D. Mngodla	32 09 13	28 31 35	623	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
73	3128CDFH/73	73	S		Bomela	21/05/03	M. Niba	32 07 07	28 25 33	773	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
74	3128CDFH/74	74	S		Shesheshu	21/05/03	N. Borrelia	32 08 52	28 16 16	813	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			never equipped	
75	3128CDFH/75	75	S		Shesheshu	21/05/03	B. Dumazweni	32 08 02	28 16 16	813	N	WM	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
76	3128CDFH/76	76	S		Mamfengweni	21/05/03	B. Dumazweni	32 06 57	28 16 06	843	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
77	3128CDFH/77	77	B		Lwenti	22/05/03	F. Sisulu	32 08 18	28 17 48	804	N	HP	Y	Y	Y			Was feeding ret. Scheme	
78	3128CDFH/78	78	B		Mphaheni	22/05/03	M. Mkhobane	32 03 10	28 16 28	880	N	HP	Y	Y	Y				



ANNEXURE 3
SABS 241 – Water Quality Classifications

**Water Quality
Based on South African Bureau of Standards SABS 241**

SUBSTANCE	UNIT OF MEASURE	CLASS 0	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3
Faecal coliforms	counts/100ml	0		0 to 1	>10
Total dissolved solids	mg/l	0 to 450	450 to 1000	1000 to 2450	>2450
Electrical conductivity	mS/s	0 to 70	70 to 150	150 to 370	>370
pH	pH units	6.0 to 9.0	5.0 to 6.0 9.0 to 9.5	4.0 to 5.0 9.5 to 10.0	<4.0 >10.0
Turbidity	NTU	0 to 1	1 to 5	5 to 10	>10
Arsenic	mg/lAs	0 to 0.01	0.01 to 0.005	0.05 to 0.2	>0.2
Cadmium	mg/lCd	0 to 0.005	0.005 to 0.01	0.01 to 0.02	>0.02
Calcium	mg/lCaCo ₃	0 to 32	32	32 to 80	>80
Chloride	mg/lCl	0 to 100	100 to 200	200 to 600	>600
Fluoride	mg/lF	0 to 1.0	1.0 to 5.0	1.5 to 3.5	>3.5
Iron	mg/lFe	0 to 0.1	0.1 to 0.2	0.2 to 2.0	>2.0
Magnesium	mg/lMg	0 to 30	30 to 70	70 to 100	>100
Manganese	mg/lMn	0 to 0.05	0.5 to 0.1	0.1 to 1.0	>10
Nitrate	mg/lN	0 to 6	6 to 10	10 to 20	>20
Potassium	mg/lK	0 to 50	50 to 100	100 to 400	>400
Sodium	mg/lNa	0 to 100	100 to 200	200 to 400	>400
Sulphate	mg/lSO ₄	0 to 200	200 to 400	400 to 600	>600
Zinc	mg/l	0 to 3	3 to 5	5 to 10	>10

Note:

- Class 0 = water of ideal quality
- Class 1 = good quality water
- Class 2 = safe for short term use
- Class 3 = unacceptable water quality



Amatola Water - Amanzi - Water is life

Scientific Services Division

Nahoon Dam Complex
Nahoon Dam
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Certificate of Analysis

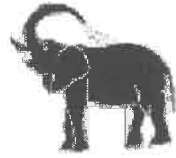
Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 01 July, 2003
Date Reported: 17 July, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_23 01-07-2003

All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

A.B. Pumps
99 Main Road
Gonubie
5257
043 - 7321422
abpumps@mweb.co.za

SAMPLE NO:	16271
	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	3128 CD-SN-001 Silityiwa 3128 CD 00129
SAMPLED DATE:	01/07/2003
COMMENTS	
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	7.3
Alkalinity	368
Ammonia as N	0.19
Calcium as Ca	138
Chloride as Cl	558
Conductivity (mS/m)	259
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0
Fluoride as F	0.83
Hardness (calcium)	345
Hardness (magnesium)	338
Hardness (total)	683
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	167
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30
Magnesium as Mg	82
pH (pH units)	7.00
Potassium as K	6.3
Sodium as Na	316
Solids - dissolved	1300
Sulphate as SO4	43
Temperature (°C)	19.4
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0
Turbidity (NTU)	1.9



Amatola Water - Amanzi - Water is life

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Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 04 July, 2003
Date Reported: 16 July, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_2304-07-2003

A.B. Pumps
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Gonubie
5257
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All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

SAMPLE NO:	16345	16346
	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	3128CD/SN/004 - Matoiwani	3128/DCSN/005 - Mhuku
SAMPLED DATE:	04/07/2003	04/07/2003
COMMENTS	3128CD00132	3128CD00133
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	11	6.2
Alkalinity	254	334
Ammonia as N	0.20	0.03
Calcium as Ca	342	59
Chloride as Cl	601	176
Conductivity (mS/m)	556	125
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.61	0.57
Hardness (calcium)	854	147
Hardness (magnesium)	931	144
Hardness (total)	1785	291
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	19514	679
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	226	35
pH (pH units)	7.11	7.39
Potassium as K	20	2.1
Sodium as Na	511	140
Solids - dissolved	2790	624
Sulphate as SO4	103	28
Temperature (°C)	21.3	21.6
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0	4
Turbidity (NTU)	126	1.1



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Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 08 July, 2003
Date Reported: 17 July, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_23 08-07-2003

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All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

SAMPLE NO:	16390	16391	16392
	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	3128CD/SN/008 - Matholeni	3228A/B/SN/009 - Callisa / Doti	3128/DCSN/007 - Candu
SAMPLED DATE:	08/07/2003	08/07/2003	08/07/2003
COMMENTS	3128CD00136	3228AB00075	3128CD00135
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	5.4	0.97	0.94
Alkalinity	424	405	437
Ammonia as N	0.04	0.04	0.06
Calcium as Ca	118	100	121
Chloride as Cl	285	402	423
Conductivity (mS/m)	164	201	196
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	1	0
Fluoride as F	0.82	0.51	0.60
Hardness (calcium)	295	250	302
Hardness (magnesium)	198	259	247
Hardness (total)	493	509	549
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	842	513	661
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	48	63	60
pH (pH units)	7.83	7.26	7.11
Potassium as K	2.3	1.5	1.6
Sodium as Na	168	265	245
Solids - dissolved	821	1010	981
Sulphate as SO4	28	31	11
Temperature (°C)	20.2	21.2	20.9
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	27	1	0
Turbidity (NTU)	1.1	0.60	1.1



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Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 09 July, 2003
Date Reported: 17 July, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_2309-07-2003

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All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

SAMPLE NO:	16448	16449
	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	3128DC/SN/006 - Nywara	3228CD/SN/010 - Lencane
SAMPLED DATE:	09/07/2003	09/07/2003
COMMENTS	3128CD00134	3228AB00076
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	9.0	3.7
Alkalinity	312	239
Ammonia as N	<0.01	<0.01
Calcium as Ca	66	39
Chloride as Cl	130	185
Conductivity (mS/m)	95	96
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.22	0.35
Hardness (calcium)	165	97
Hardness (magnesium)	115	103
Hardness (total)	280	200
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	1106	758
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	28	25
pH (pH units)	7.22	7.09
Potassium as K	2.7	0.68
Sodium as Na	92	118
Solids - dissolved	479	481
Sulphate as SO4	15	<3
Temperature (°C)	21.2	21.3
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	3	0
Turbidity (NTU)	1.3	2.1



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Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 11 July, 2003
Date Reported: 18 July, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_23 11-07-2003

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All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

SAMPLE NO:	16501	16502
	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	3228/AB/SN/011 - Qana	3228BA/SN/013 - Mnandi
SAMPLED DATE:	11/07/2003	11/07/2003
COMMENTS	3228AB00077	3228BA00032
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	<0.02	46
Alkalinity	246	133
Ammonia as N	0.12	0.11
Calcium as Ca	38	53
Chloride as Cl	82	102
Conductivity (mS/m)	60	81
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.72	0.27
Hardness (calcium)	95	132
Hardness (magnesium)	58	140
Hardness (total)	153	272
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	<100	<100
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	14	34
pH (pH units)	7.75	7.16
Potassium as K	0.34	0.60
Sodium as Na	67	49
Solids - dissolved	300	404
Sulphate as SO4	8.8	11
Temperature (°C)	19.7	19.4
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0	0
Turbidity (NTU)	0.52	0.75



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Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 15 July, 2003
Date Reported: 29 July, 2003

Certificate of Analysis

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_235-07-2003

Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)
All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"

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SAMPLE NO:	16561	16562	16563	16564	16565
A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	016 - Sheshegu	012 - Fort Malar	017 - Mantanen	015 - Kuv'nindwa	014 - Kwatorzi
SAMPLED DATE:	15/07/2003	15/07/2003	15/07/2003	15/07/2003	15/07/2003
COMMENTS					
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	3.0	10	1.1	3.7	6.6
Alkalinity	271	104	374	308	248
Ammonia as N	0.19	0.20	0.12	0.22	0.19
Calcium as Ca	64	23	73	84	55
Chloride as Cl	202	29	353	308	120
Conductivity (mS/m)	115	31	153	166	82
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	8	3	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.53	0.44	0.45	0.63	0.50
Hardness (calcium)	180	57	182	210	137
Hardness (magnesium)	107	38	49	778	78
Hardness (total)	287	95	231	988	215

16561	16562	16563	16564	16565
A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
016 - Shehegu	012 - Fort Malan	017 - Mamfanan	015 - Kuvindwa	014 - Kwalenzi
15/07/2003	15/07/2003	15/07/2003	15/07/2003	15/07/2003

Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	181	2406	239	1280	310
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30	<30	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	26	9.3	12	189	19
pH (pH units)	7.36	7.79	7.38	7.48	7.60
Potassium as K	1.6	0.79	1.2	4.5	1.3
Sodium as Na	127	28	146	187	101
Solids - dissolved	575	158	766	833	409
Sulphate as SO4	3.2	<3	10	37	<3
Temperature (°C)	19.0	19.4	19.5	19.5	19.0
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0	19	10	4	0
Turbidity (NTU)	0.53	14	0.27	17	1.9

This report relates only to the samples supplied to the SCIENTIFIC SERVICES DIVISION and does not relate to similar samples. Although SCIENTIFIC SERVICES will endeavor to perform analyses correctly, neither SCIENTIFIC SERVICES nor its members shall be liable for loss or damage attributed directly or indirectly to the inaccuracy of these results or their interpretation.

Verified By:

Chemist

Date:

Authorized By:

Scientific Services Manager

Date:



Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
 Date Received: 21 July, 2003
 Date Reported: 29 July, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_2321-07-2003

All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
 Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

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SAMPLE NO:	16864
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	A. B. Pumps 3228M4SIN020 - Taloni
SAMPLED DATE:	21/07/2003
COMMENTS	3228M4SIN020
Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	6.8
Alkalinity	95
Ammonia as N	0.18
Calcium as Ca	15
Chloride as Cl	17
Conductivity (mS/m)	27
Faecal coliform count (CFU / 100ml)	0
Fluoride as F	0.09
Hardness (calcium)	37
Hardness (magnesium)	37
Hardness (total)	74
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	172
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30
Magnesium as Mg	8.9
pH (pH units)	7.01
Potassium as K	3.1
Sodium as Na	21
Solids - dissolved	136
Sulphate as SO4	18
Temperature (°C)	19.2
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0
Turbidity (NTU)	0.32



Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 24 July, 2003
Date Reported: 31 July, 2003

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Certificate No: ABPUMPS_2324-07-2003

All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

SAMPLE NO:	16726	16727	16728
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	A. B. Pumps 021 - Cungweni	A. B. Pumps 022 - Tyobelelethe	A. B. Pumps 023 - Ebonde
SAMPLED DATE:	24/07/2003	24/07/2003	24/07/2003
COMMENTS			
Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	6.1	8.9	0.03
Alkalinity	112	107	182
Ammonia as N	0.16	0.16	0.18
Calcium as Ca	27	27	31
Chloride as Cl	54	49	162
Conductivity (mS/m)	41	42	83
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.20	0.13	0.55
Hardness (calcium)	67	67	77
Hardness (magnesium)	49	49	78
Hardness (total)	116	116	155
Iron (total) as Fe (ug/l)	107	184	425
Lead as Pb (ug/l)	<30	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	12	12	19
pH (pH units)	7.32	7.35	8.26
Potassium as K	0.72	0.72	0.93
Sodium as Na	39	36	101
Solids - dissolved	204	212	416
Sulphate as SO4	<3	<3	<3
Temperature (°C)	20.2	20.2	20.0
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0	3	0
Turbidity (NTU)	0.55	0.48	3.1



Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
 Date Received: 29 July, 2003
 Date Reported: 31 July, 2003

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Certificate No: ABPUMPS_23.28-07-2003

All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
 Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

SAMPLE NO:	16760	16761	16762
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLED DATE:	024 - Umfoluza	025 - Mthlezana	018 - Mboji
COMMENTS	28/07/2003	28/07/2003	28/07/2003
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	24	5.6	9.5
Alkalinity	93	167	111
Ammonia as N	0.17	0.17	0.17
Calcium as Ca	30	23	23
Chloride as Cl	64	60	50
Conductivity (mS/m)	51	44	39
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.05	0.14	0.08
Hardness (calcium)	75	57	57
Hardness (magnesium)	70	62	56
Hardness (total)	145	119	115
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	272	240	118
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	17	15	14
pH (pH units)	7.87	7.04	6.83
Potassium as K	0.92	1.1	0.51
Sodium as Na	40	48	32
Solids - dissolved	255	222	196
Sulphate as SO4	3.4	7.5	5.7
Temperature (°C)	19.9	19.8	19.8
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	2	0	2
Turbidity (NTU)	0.52	0.59	0.17



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Certificate of Analysis

Submitted By: Ms. Kirsten Torr
Date Received: 04 August, 2003
Date Reported: 15 August, 2003

Certificate No: ABPUMPS_23 04-08-2003

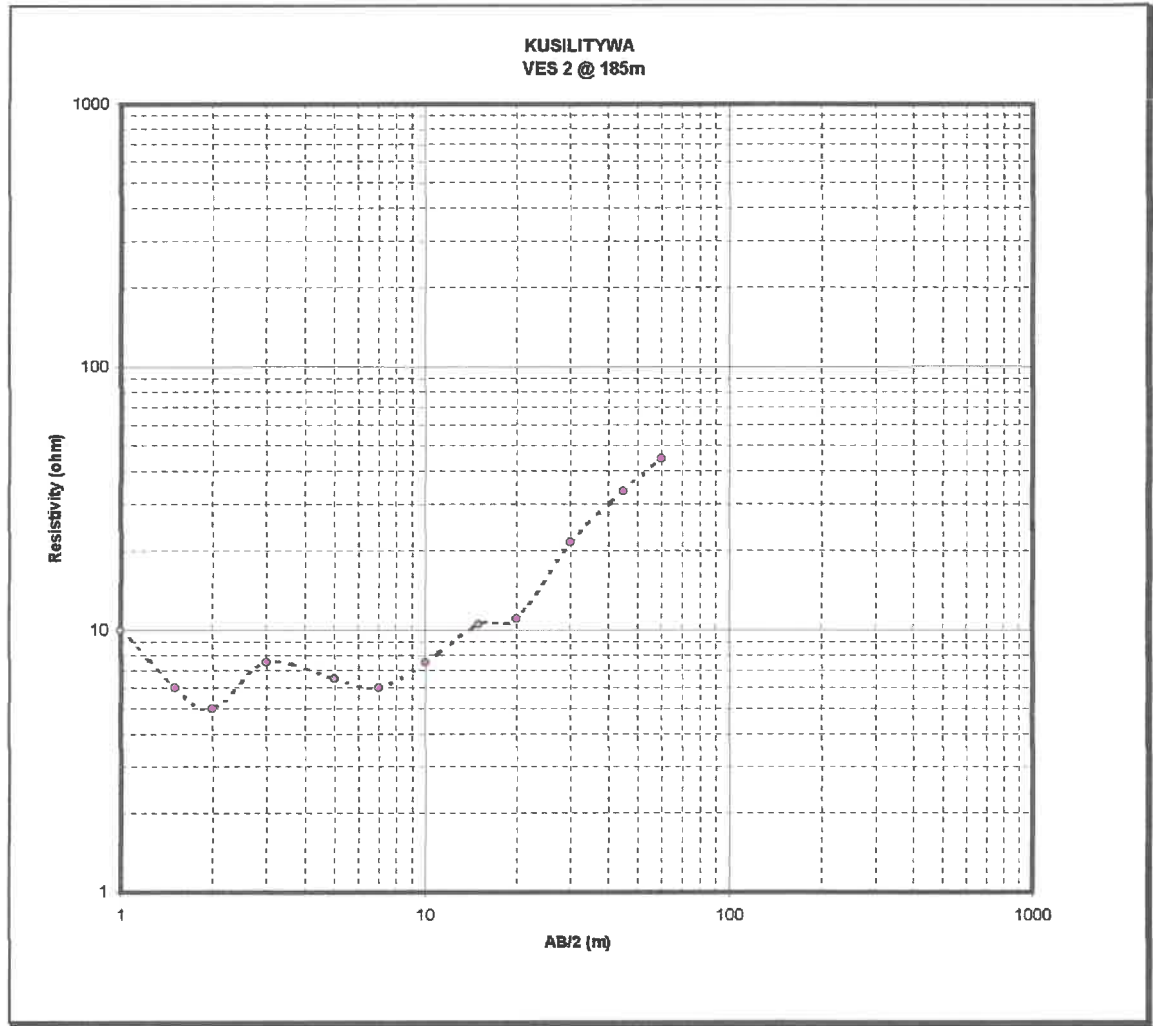
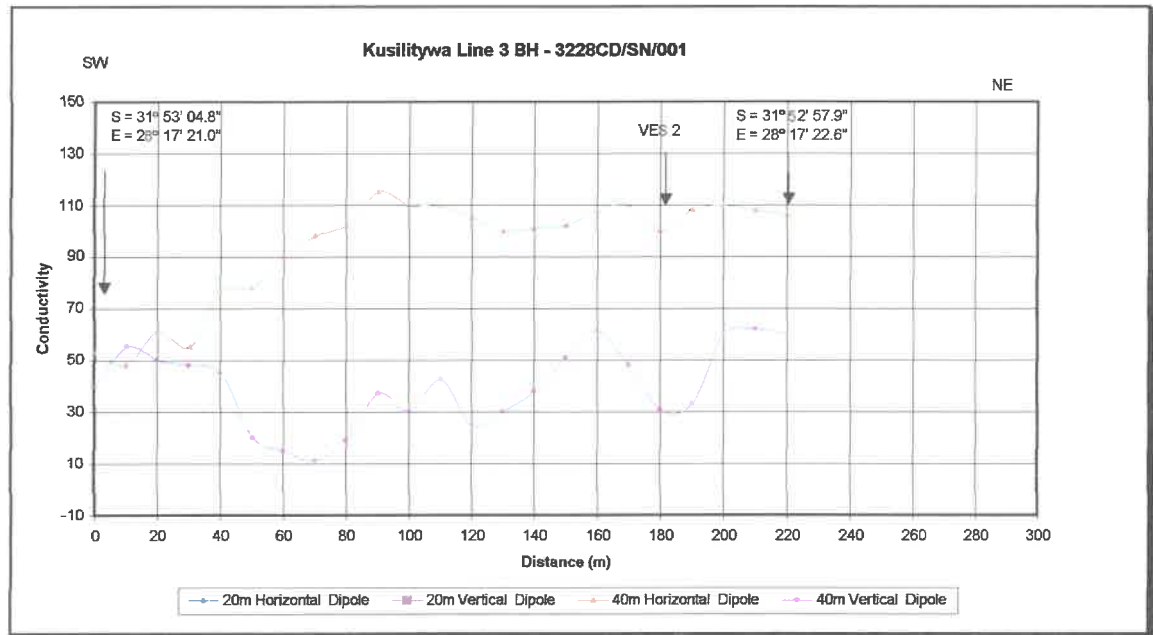
A.B. Pumps
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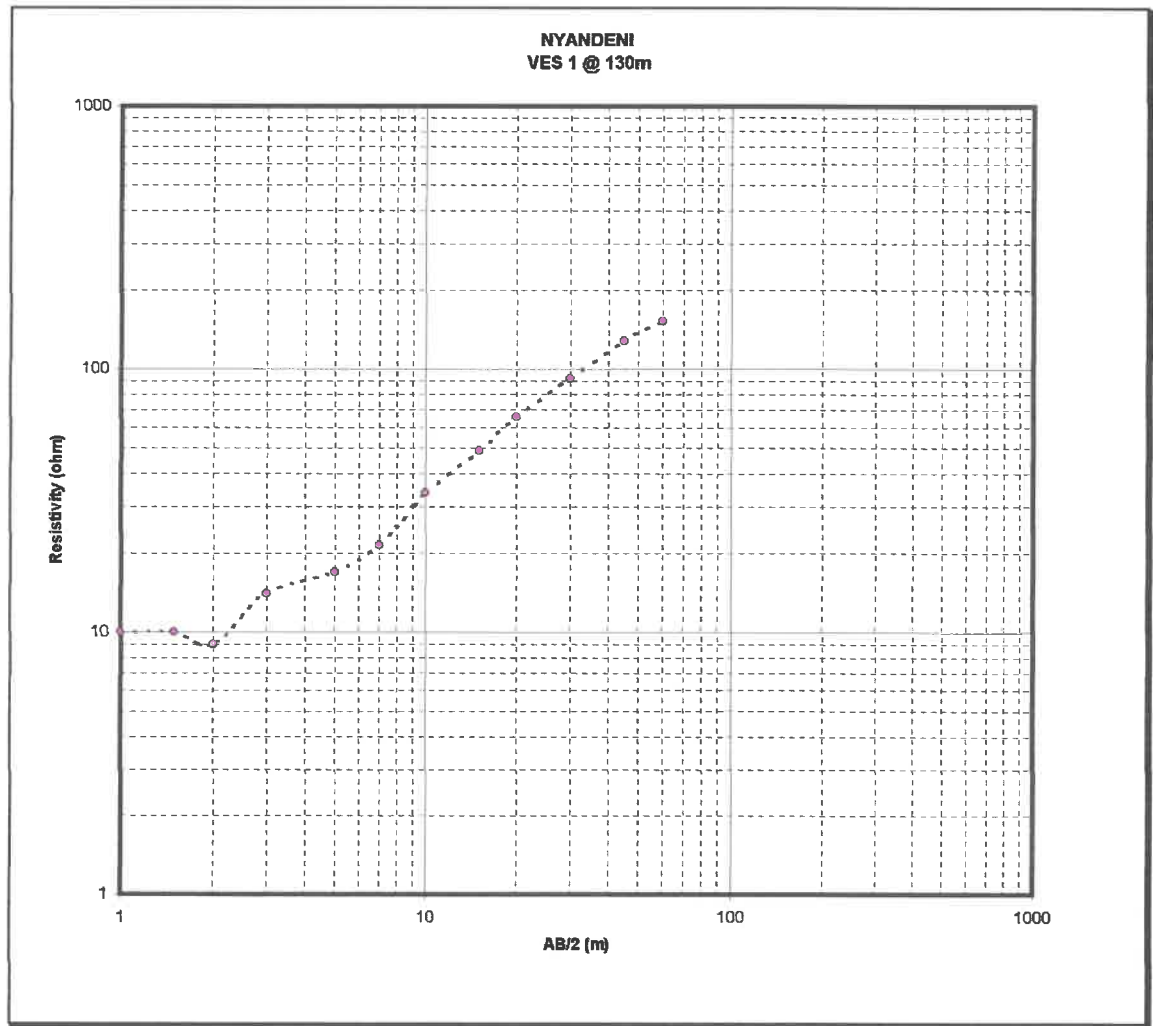
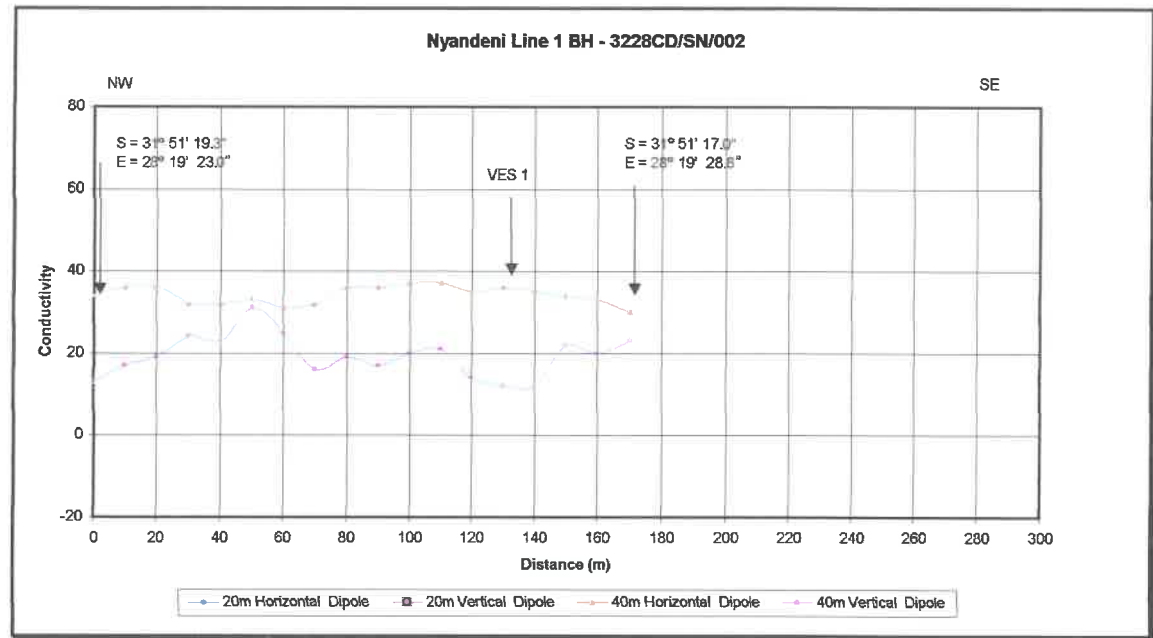
All samples were analysed according to approved "Standard Methods"
Chemical results in milligrams per litre (unless otherwise stated)

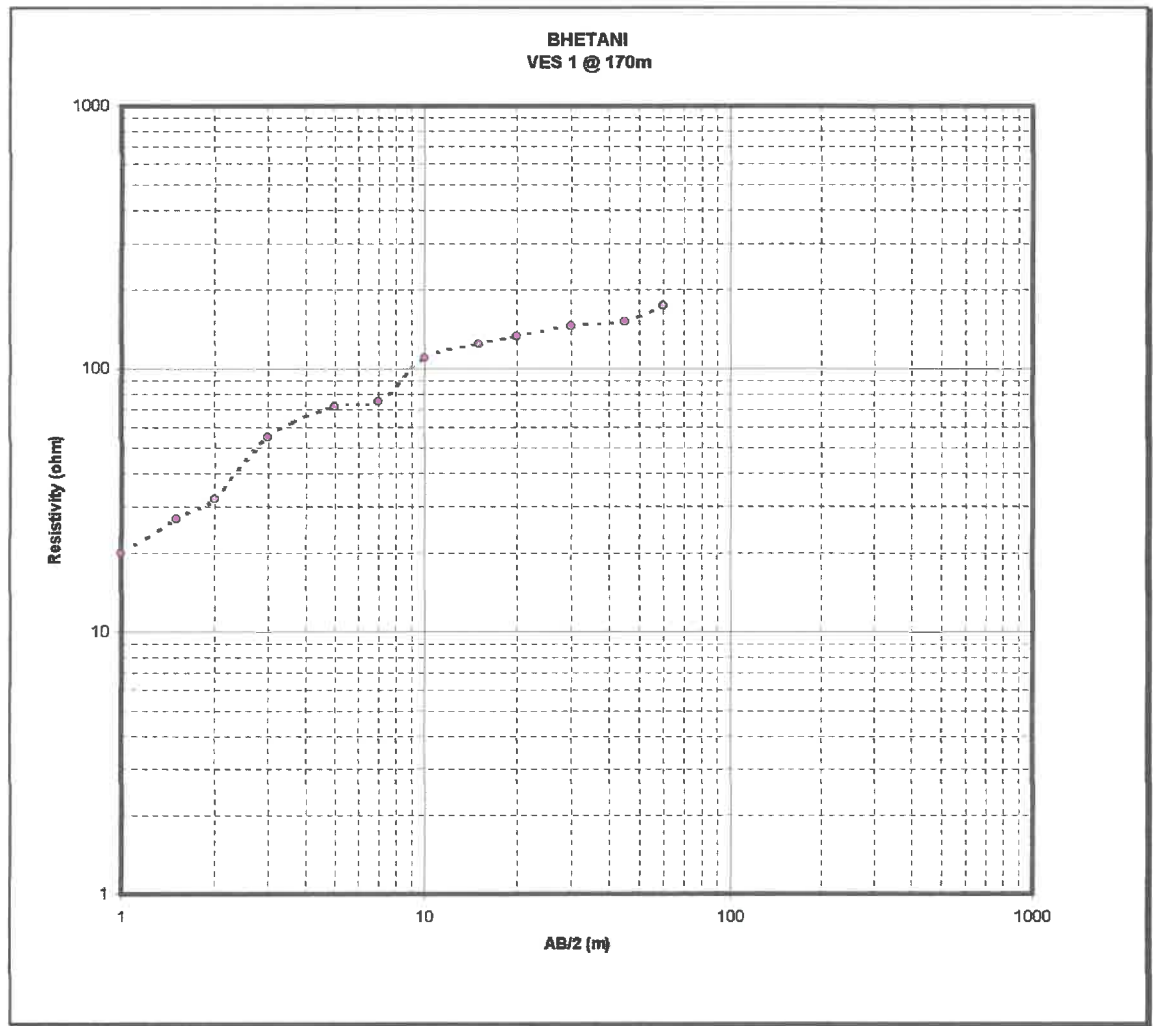
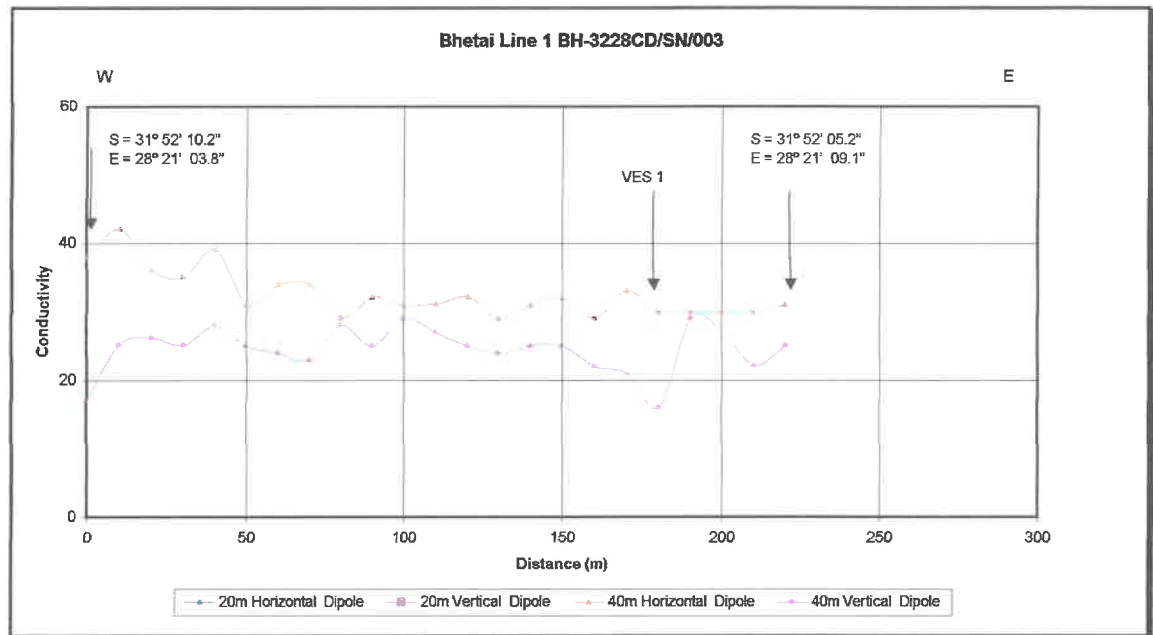
SAMPLE NO:	16858	16859	16860
	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps	A. B. Pumps
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:	026 - Kuchazela	027 - Falakahla	030 - Kucingo
SAMPLED DATE:	04/08/2003	04/08/2003	04/08/2003
COMMENTS	3228AB 00056	3228AB 00087	3228AB 00090
(Nitrate & Nitrite) as N	3.0	9.4	3.7
Alkalinity	172	279	320
Ammonia as N	<0.01	<0.01	0.12
Calcium as Ca	53	71	105
Chloride as Cl	561	450	104
Conductivity (mS/m)	111	112	204
Faecal coliforms count (CFU / 100ml)	0	0	0
Fluoride as F	0.45	0.63	0.60
Hardness (calcium)	132	177	262
Hardness (magnesium)	136	181	243
Hardness (total)	268	358	505
Iron (total) as Fe (µg/l)	<100	198	1099
Lead as Pb (µg/l)	<30	<30	<30
Magnesium as Mg	33	44	59
pH (pH units)	7.67	7.40	7.44
Potassium as K	1.6	2.1	2.7
Sodium as Na	124	201	236
Solids - dissolved	554	559	1030
Sulphate as SO4	<3	8.7	27
Temperature (°C)	19.2	19.1	19.1
Total coliform bacteria (count / 100ml)	0	0	0
Turbidity (NTU)	3.7	3.3	17

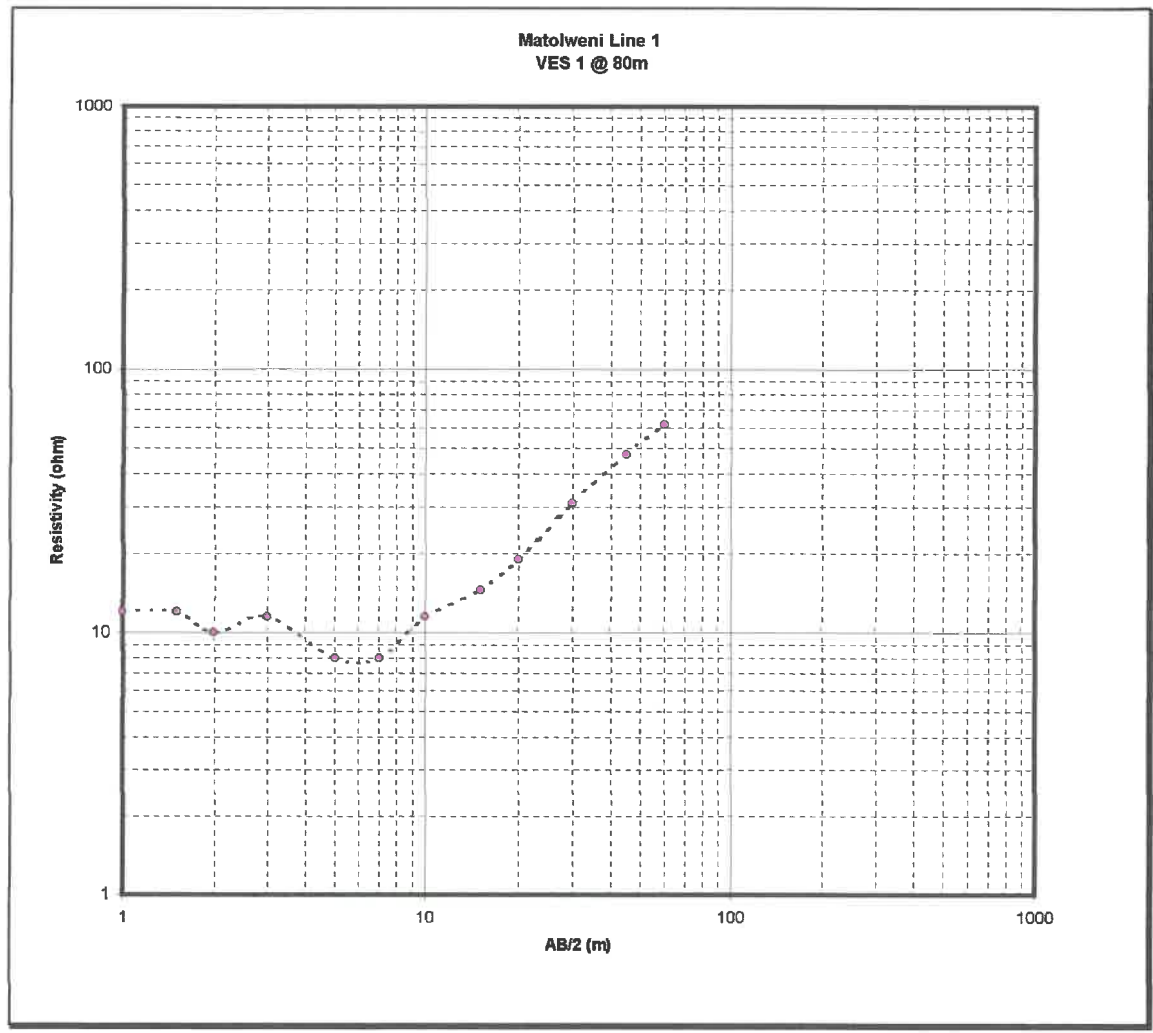
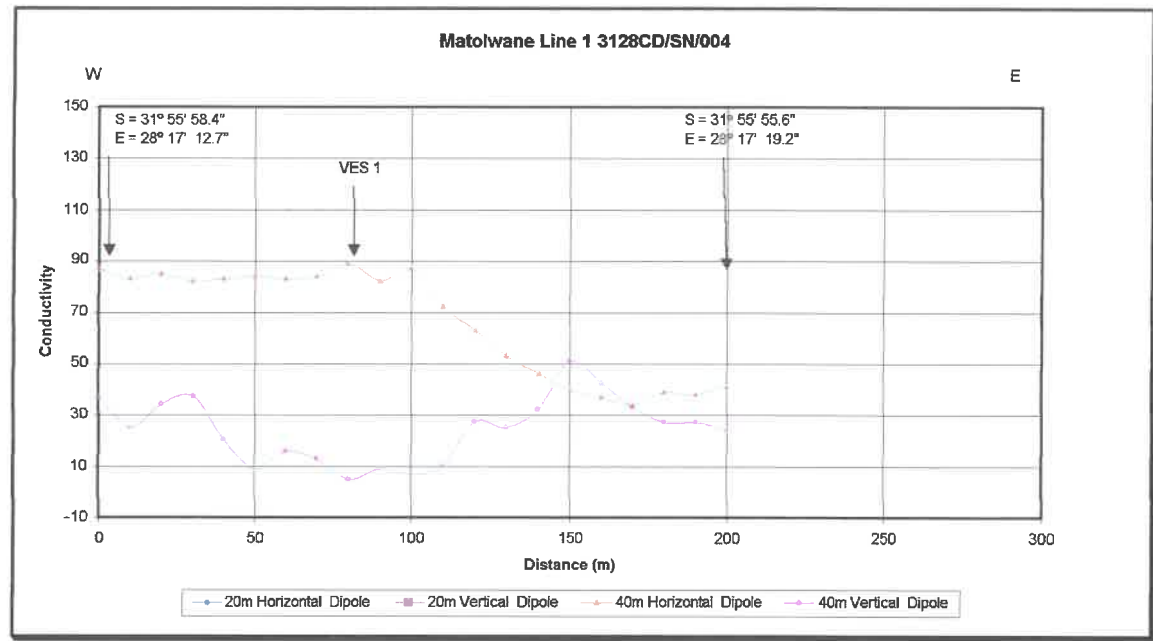


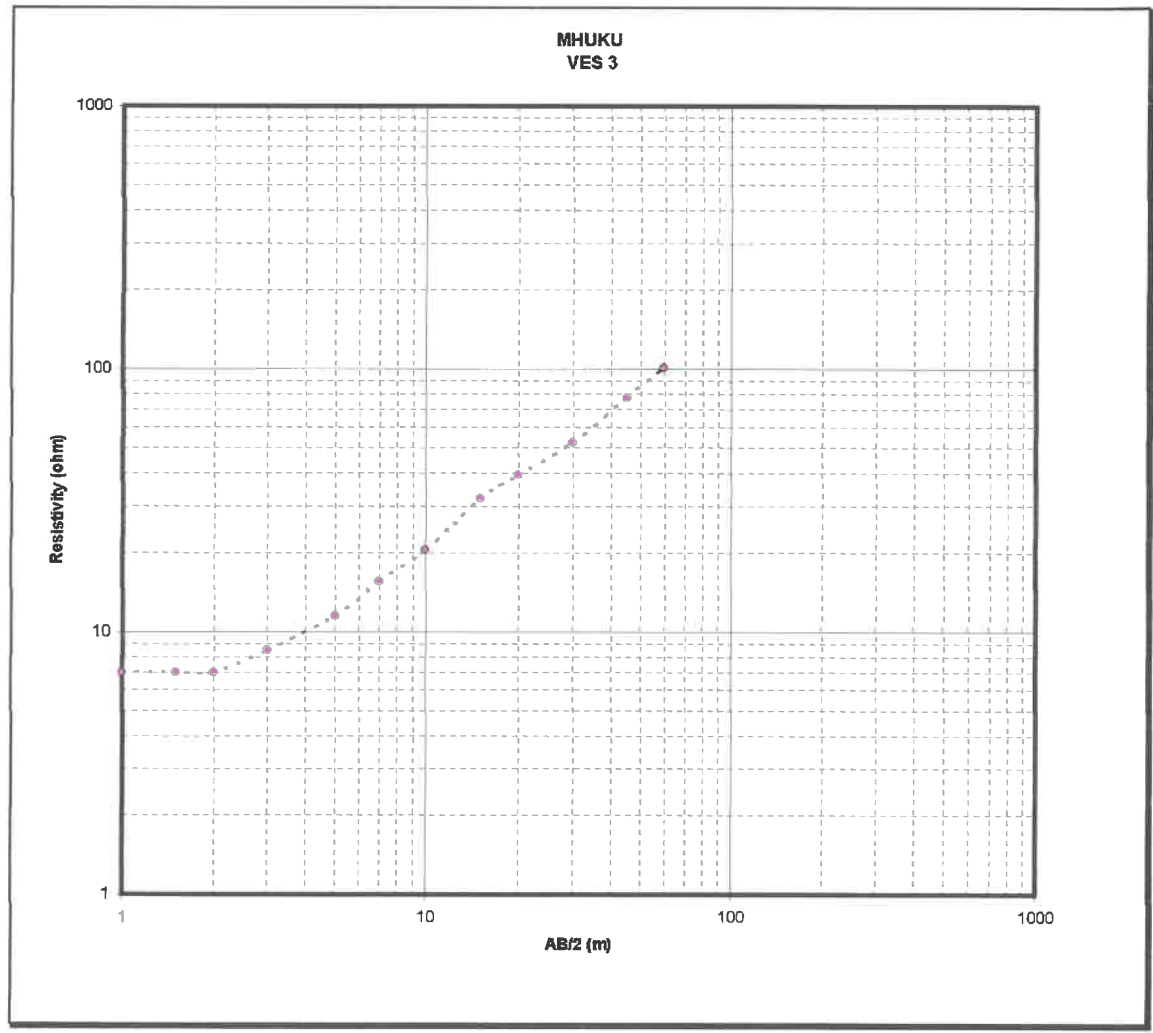
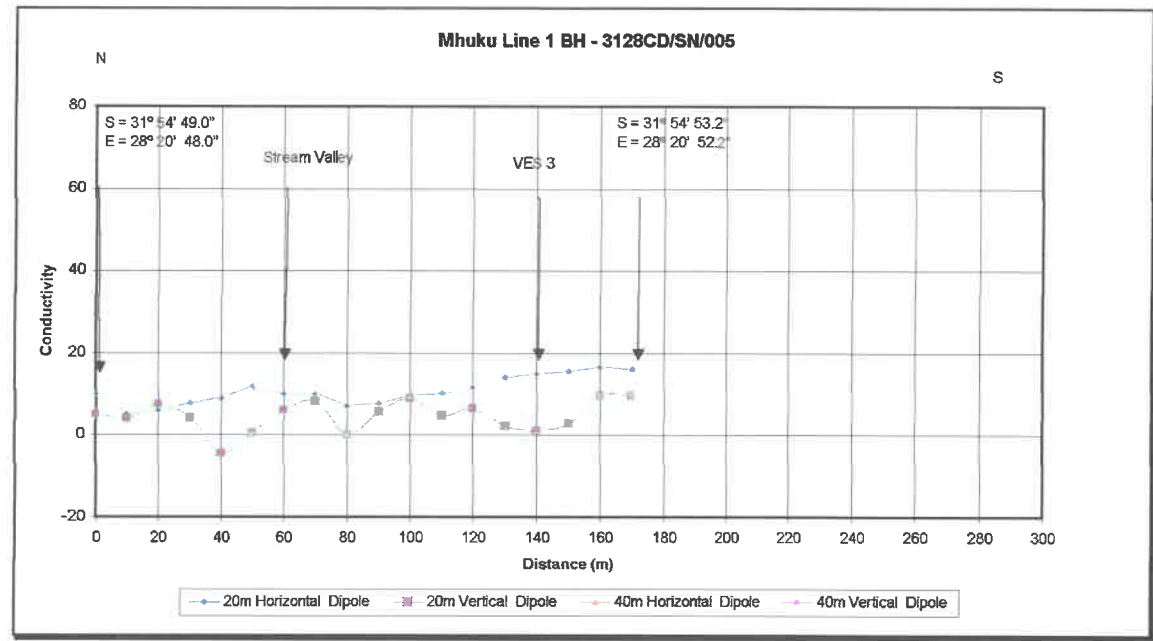
ANNEXURE 5
Geophysical Survey Results



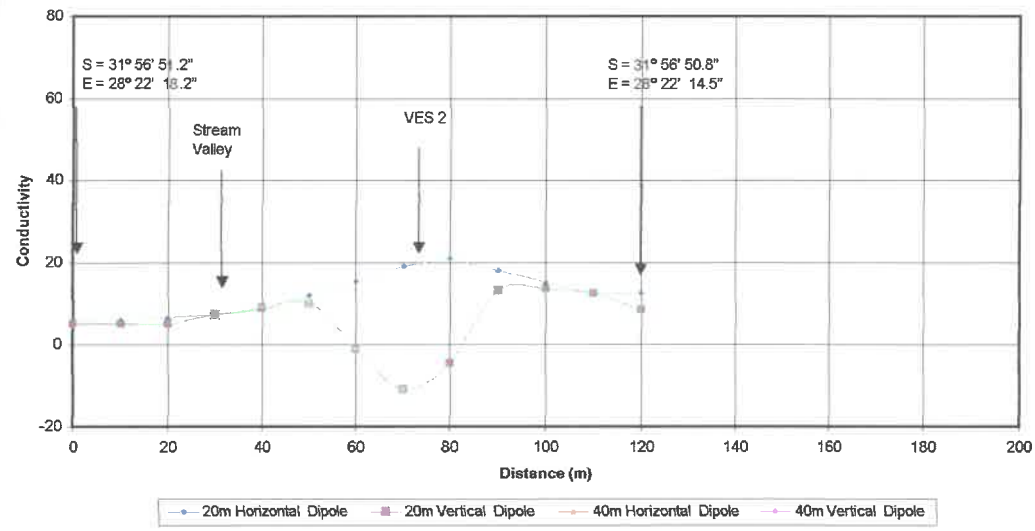




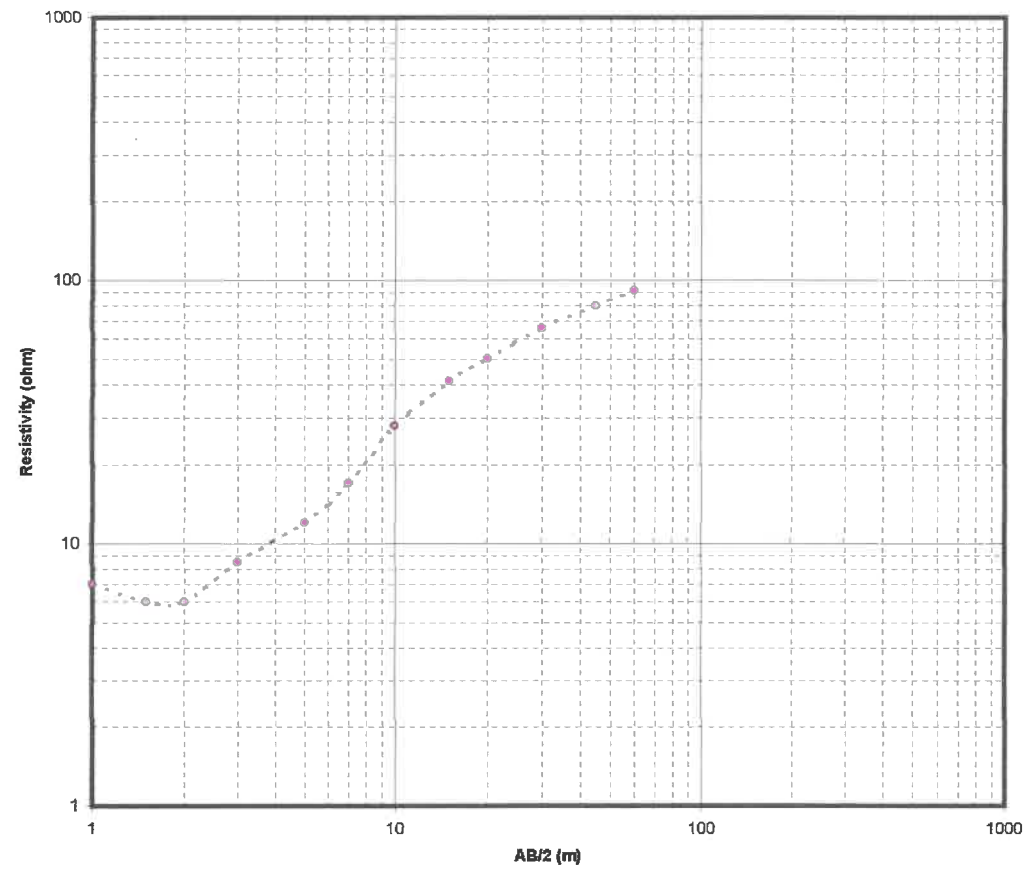




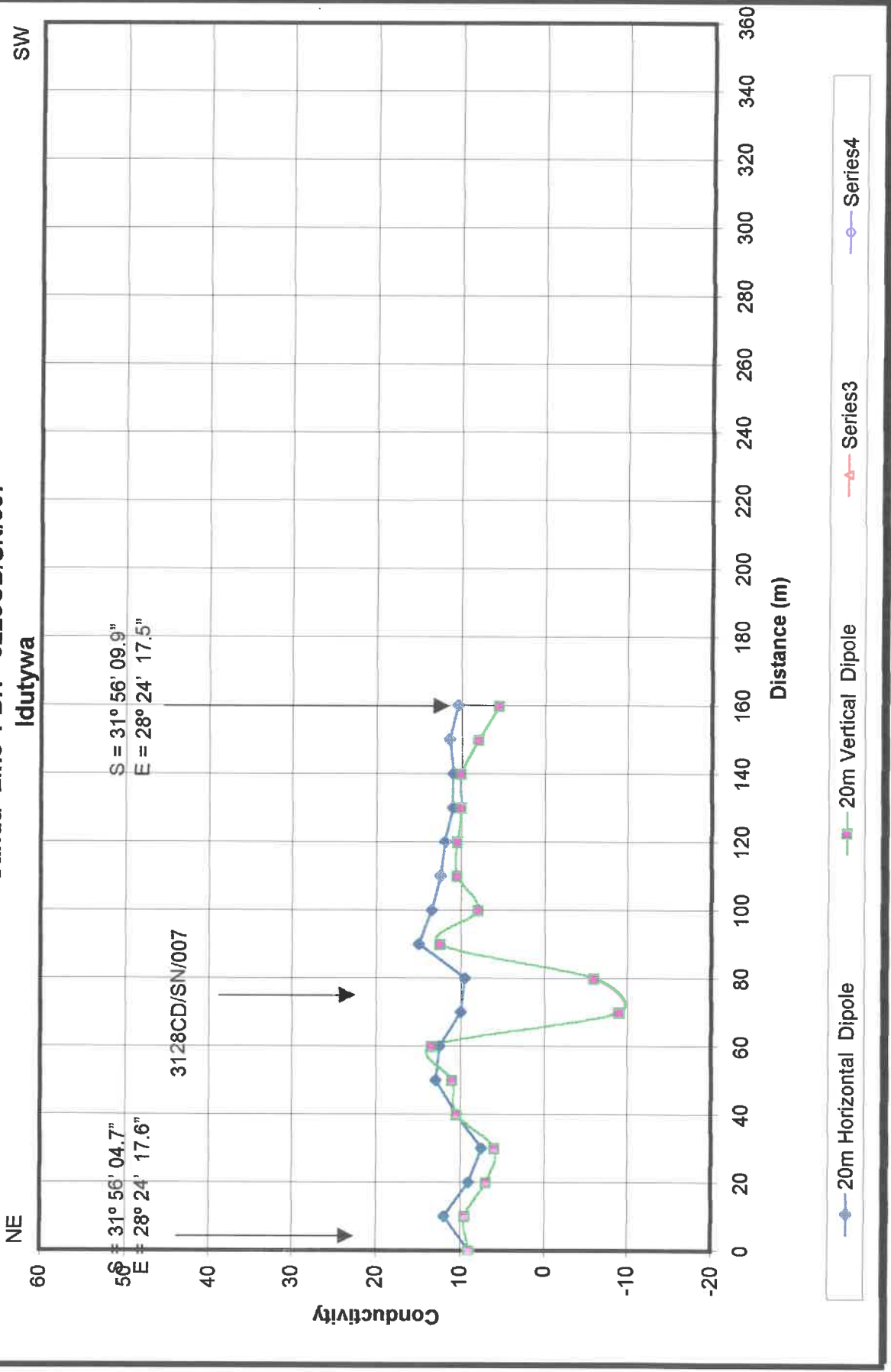
Nywara Line 1 BH - 3128CD/SN/006

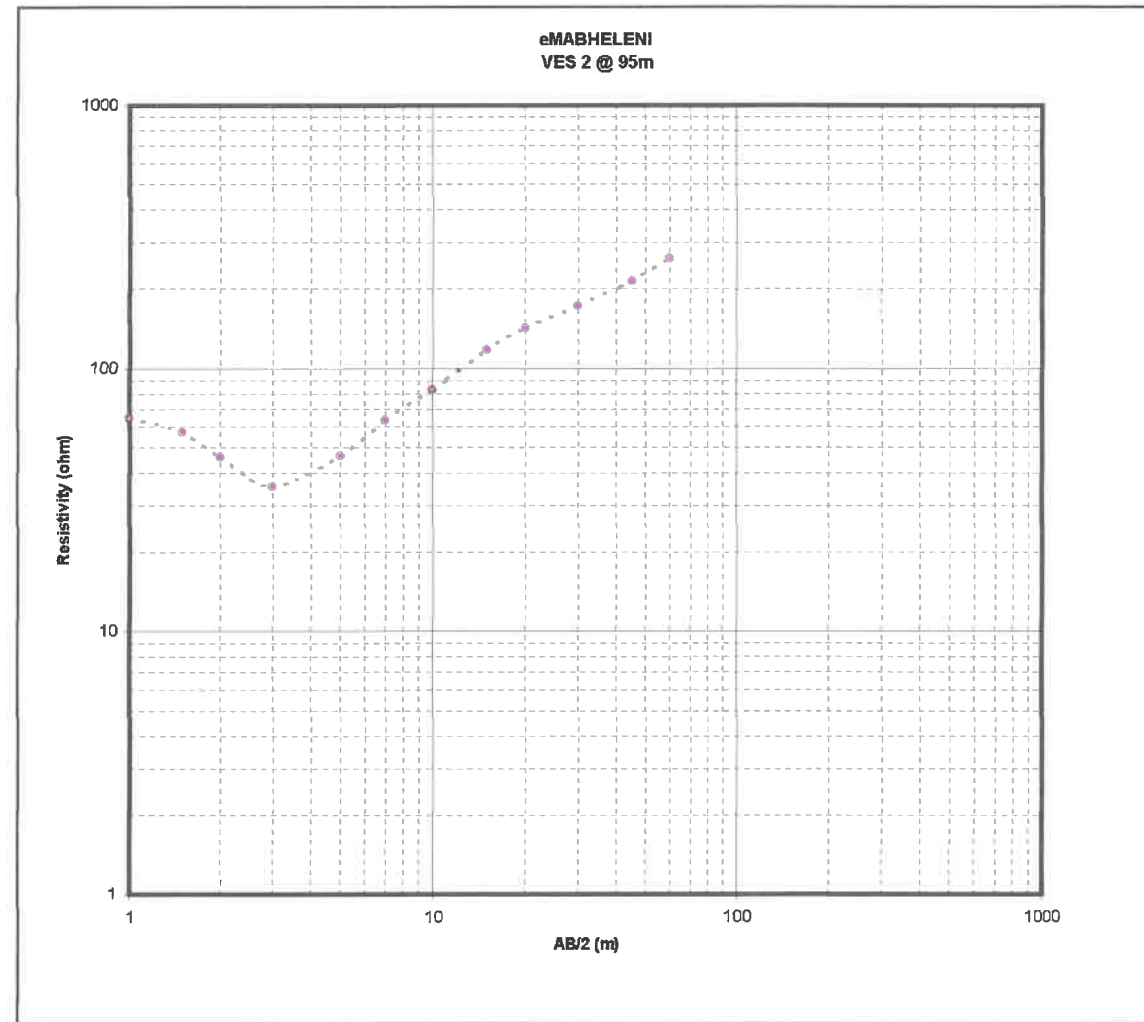
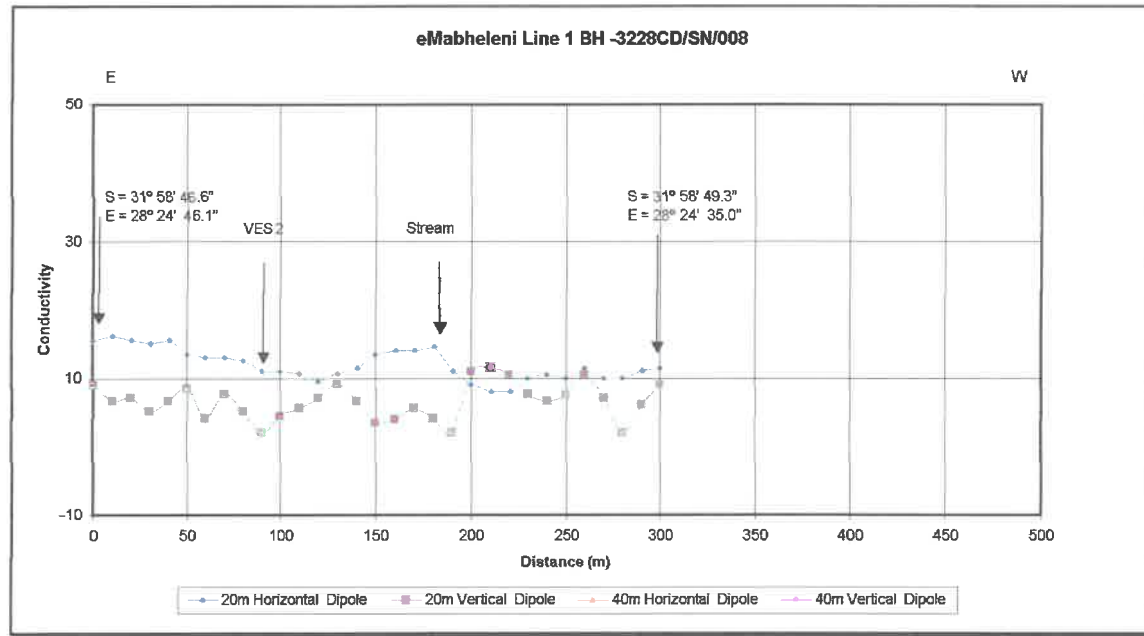


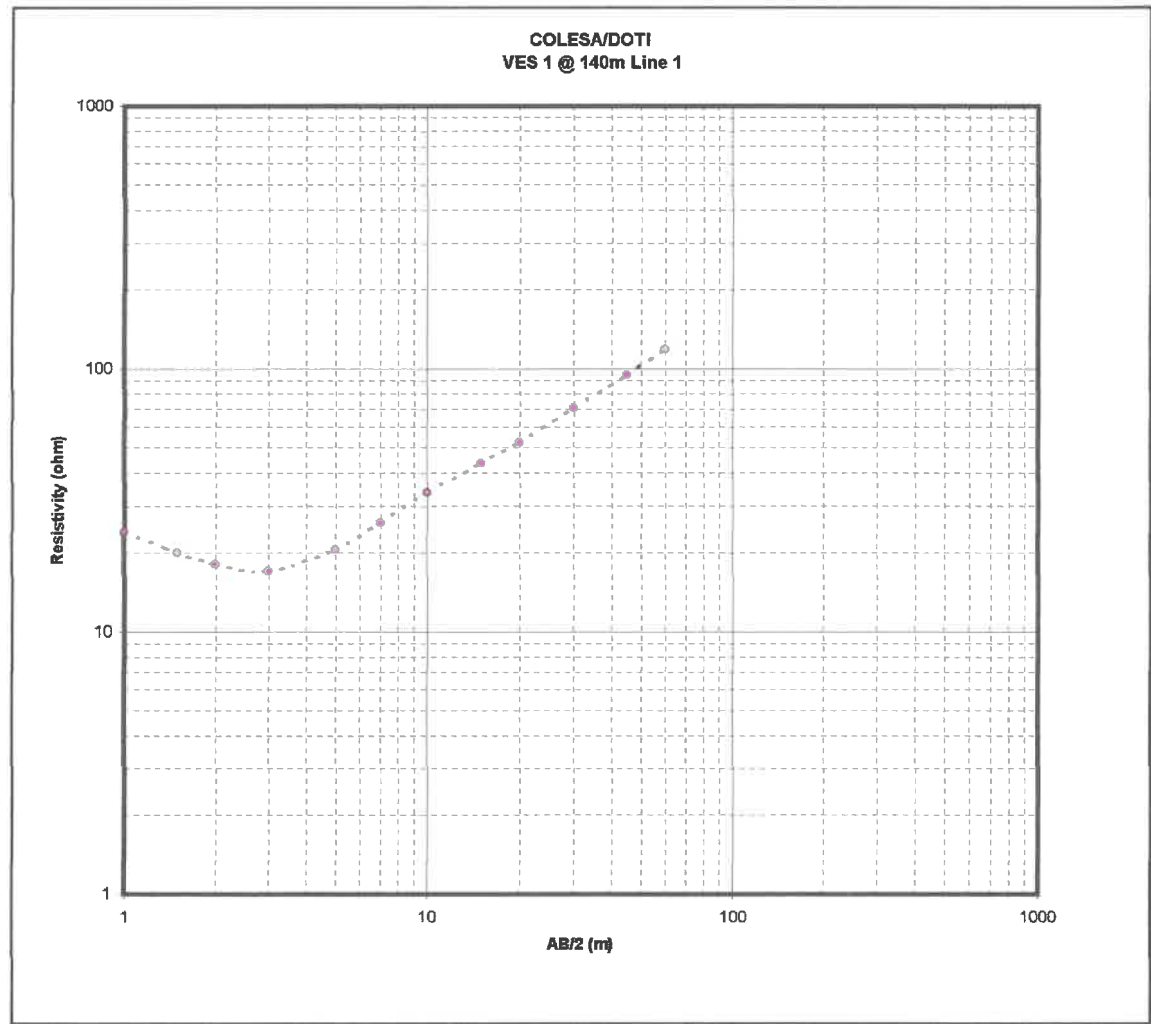
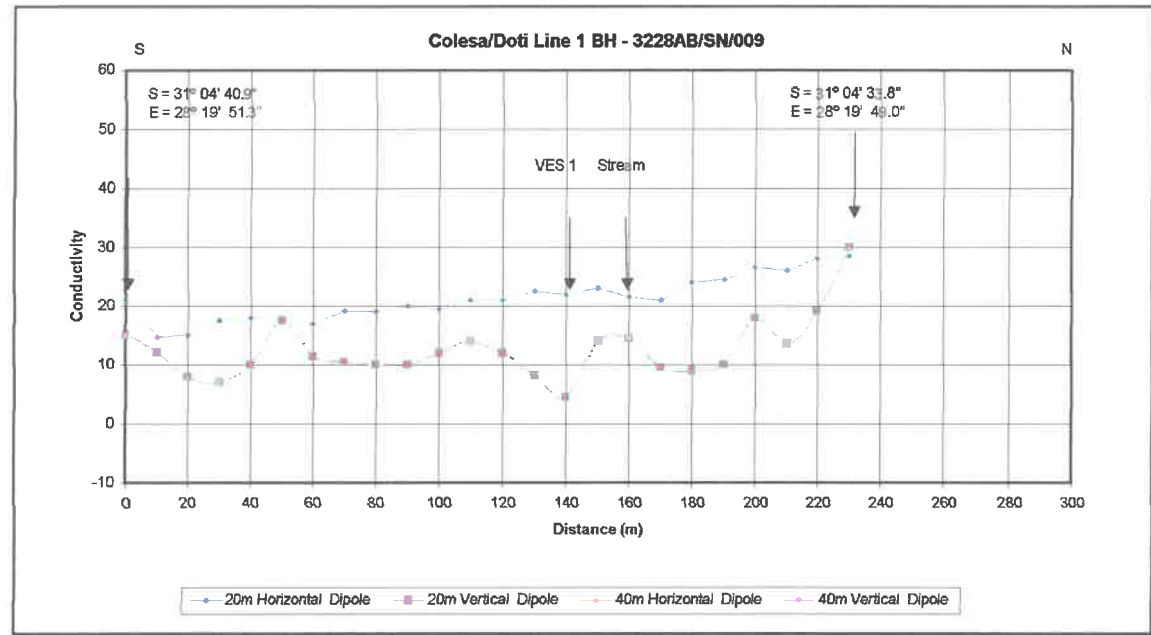
Nywara
VES 2 @ 70m

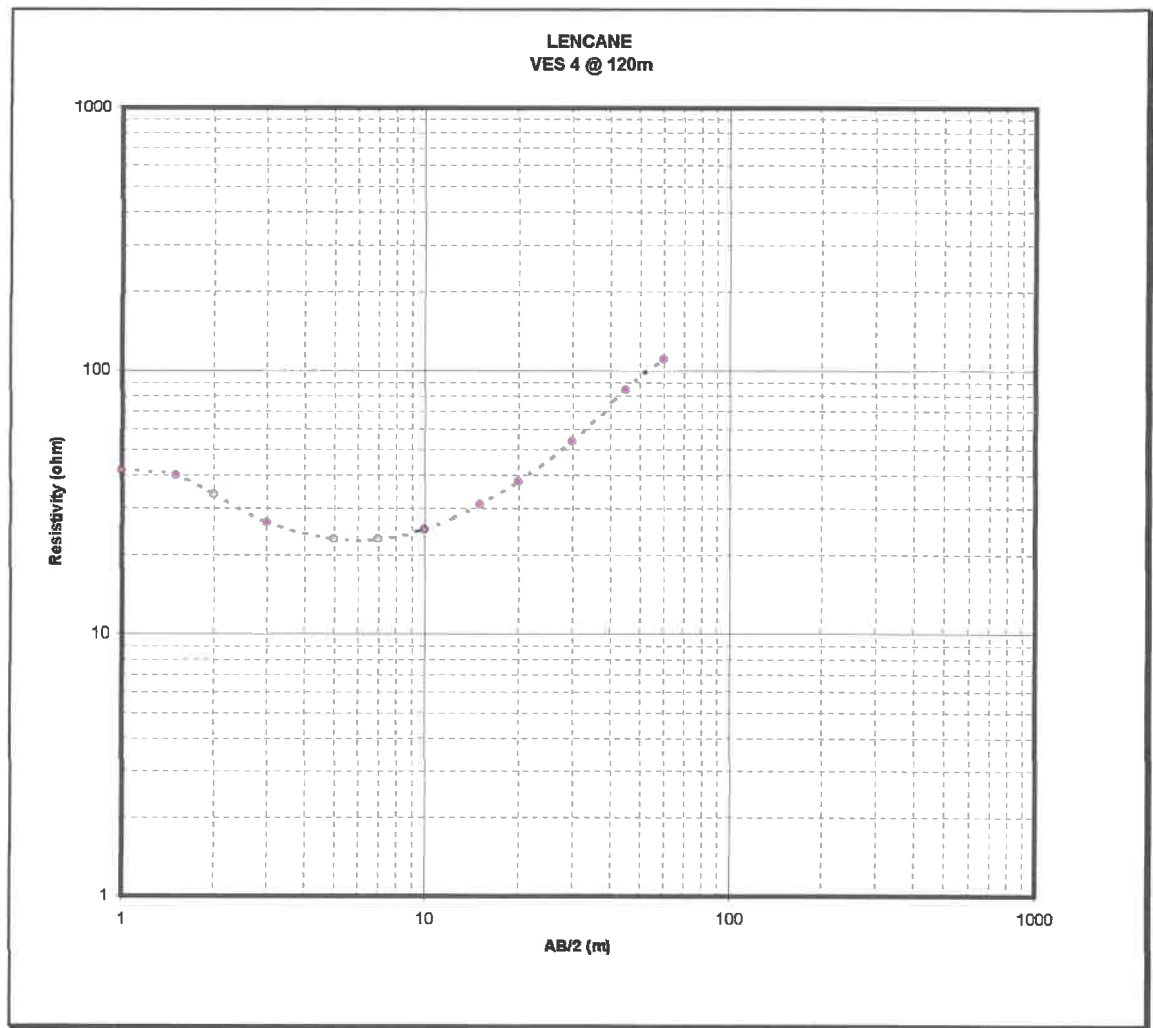
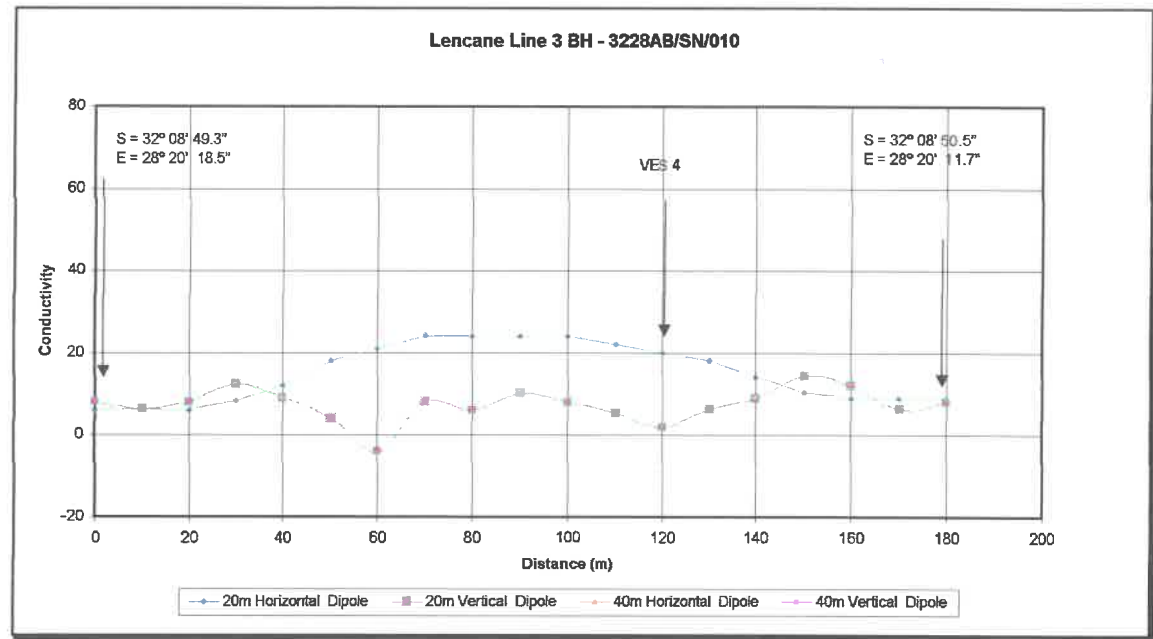


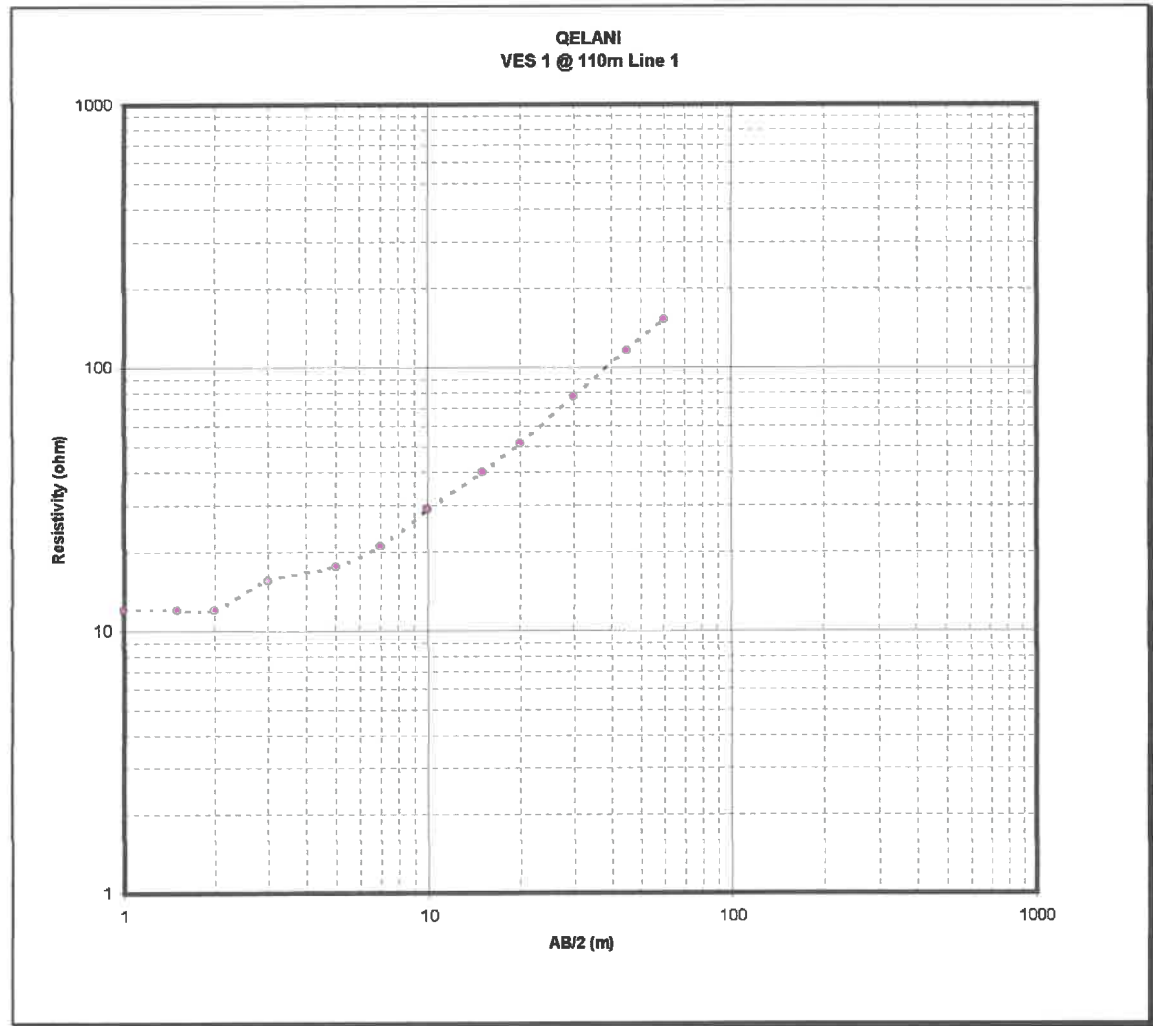
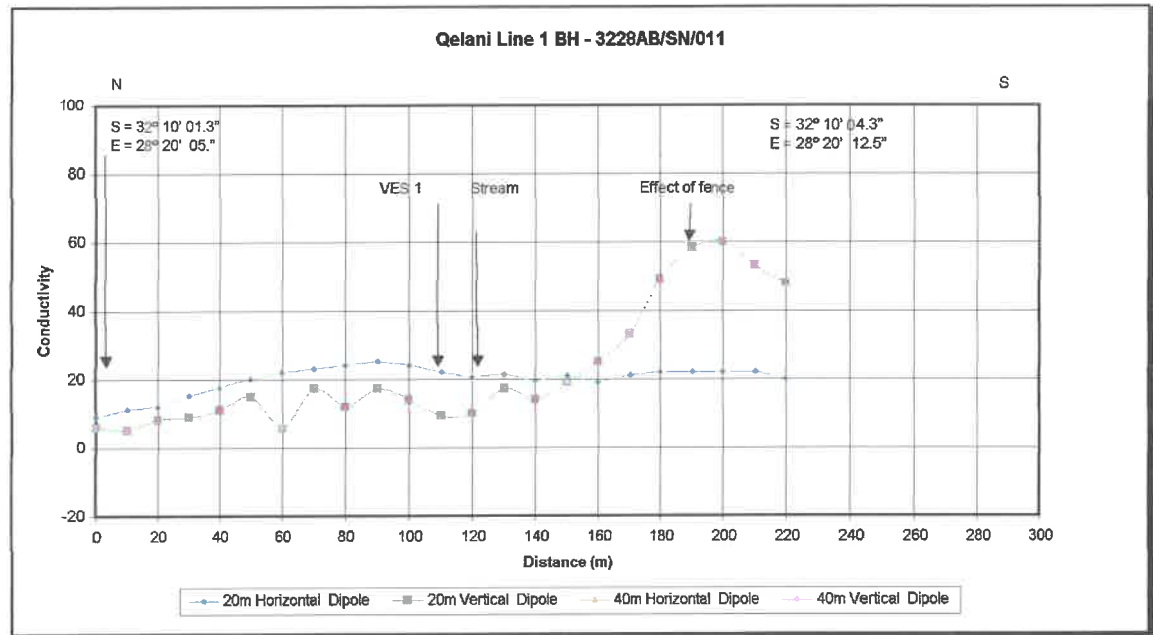
Candu Line 1 BH - 3228CD/SN/007

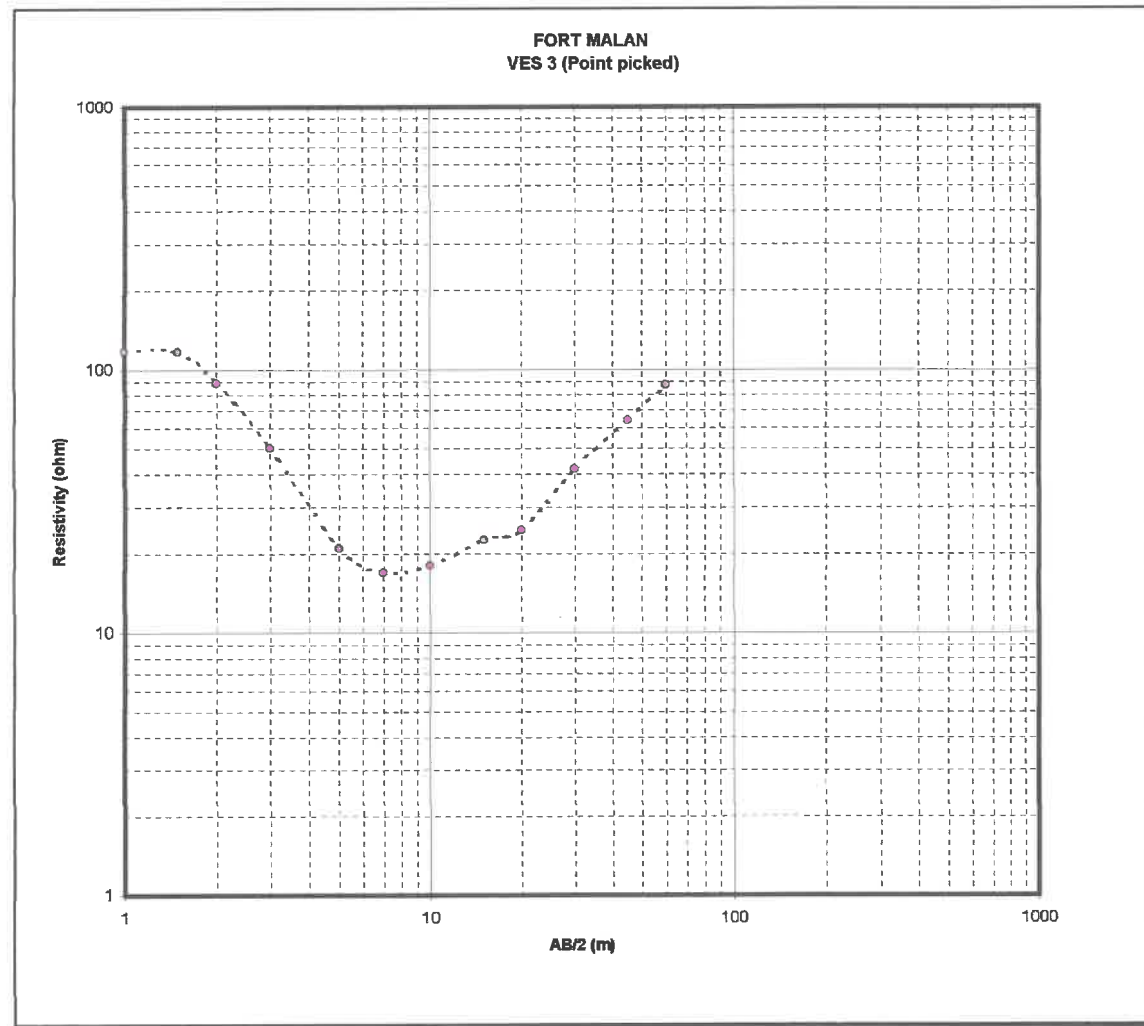
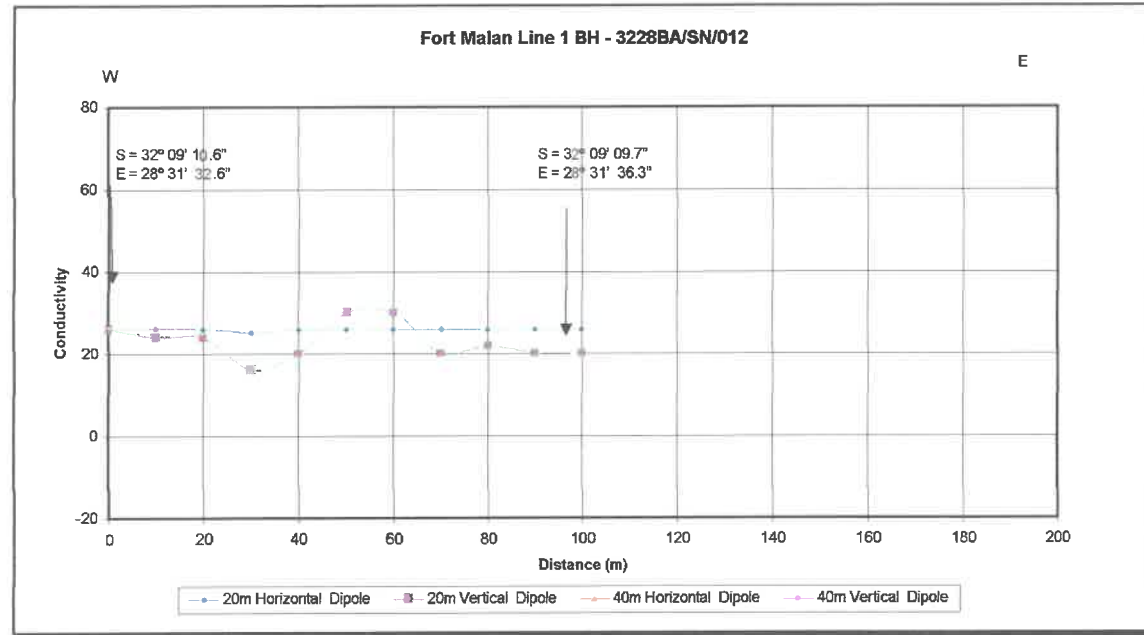


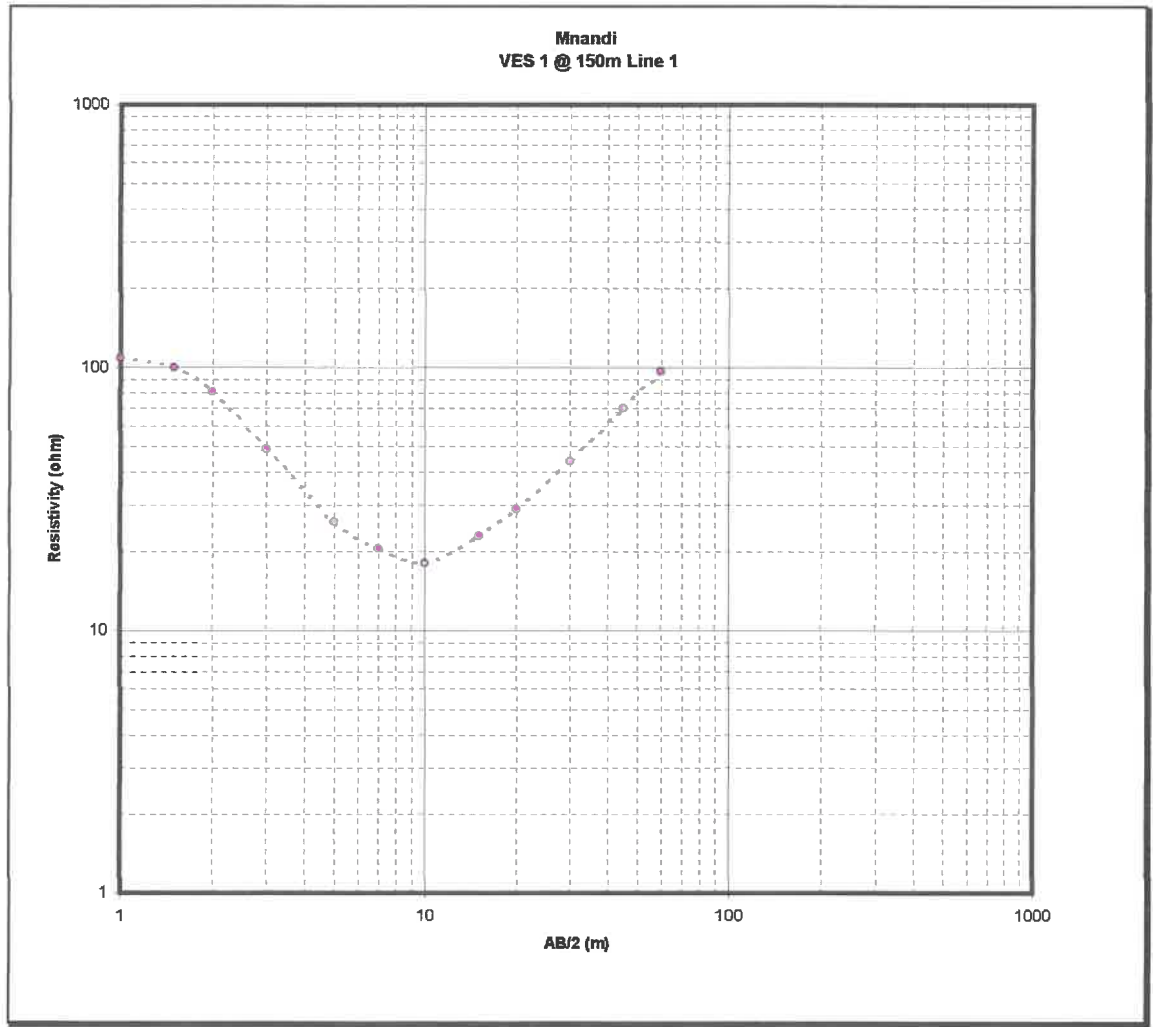
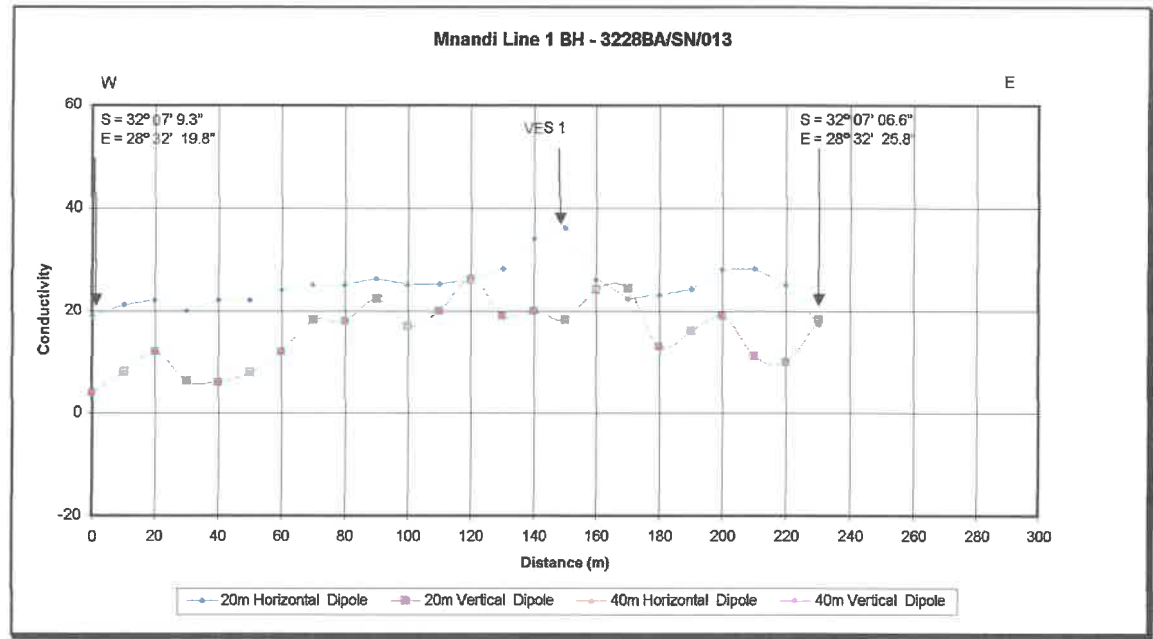


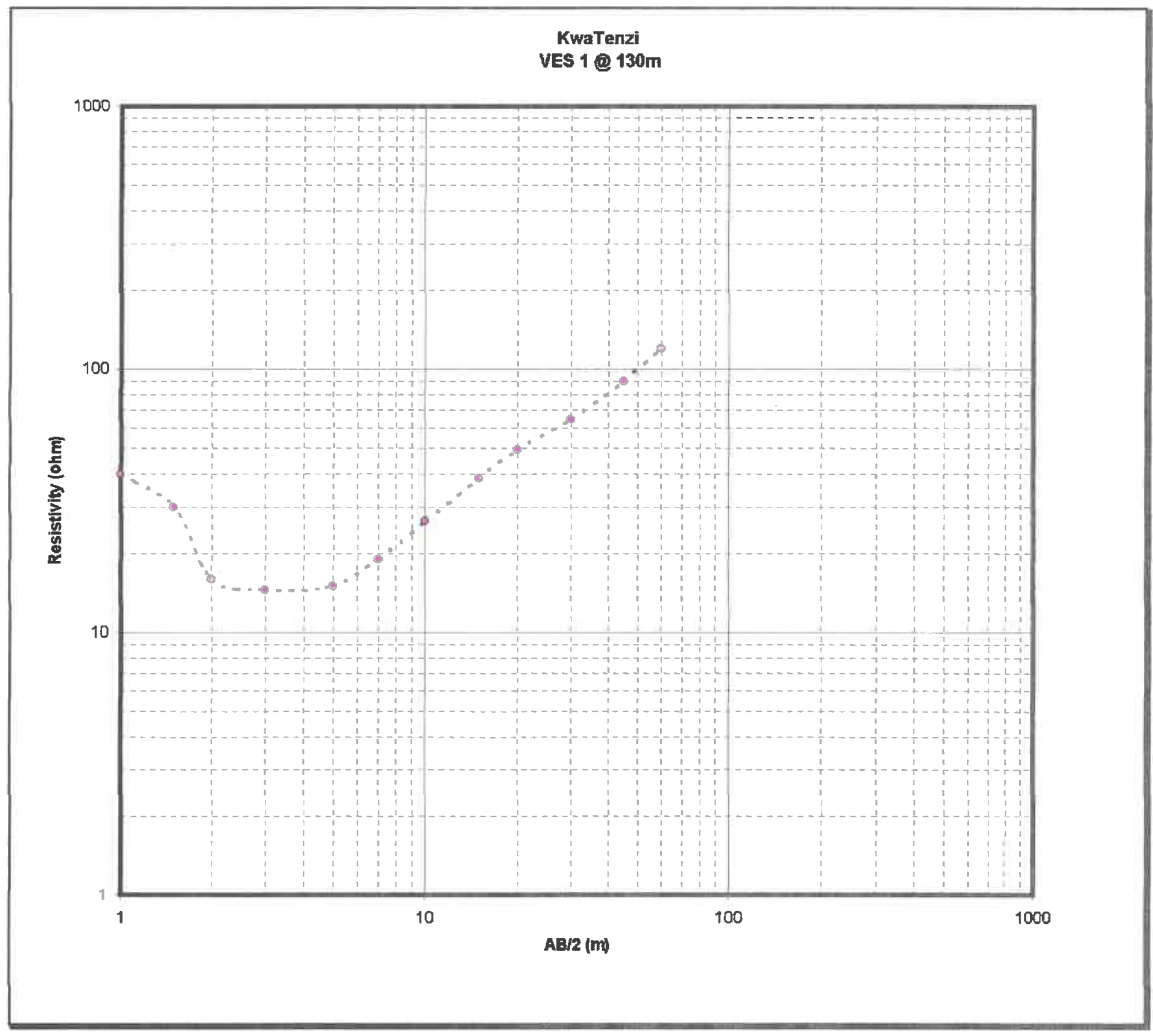
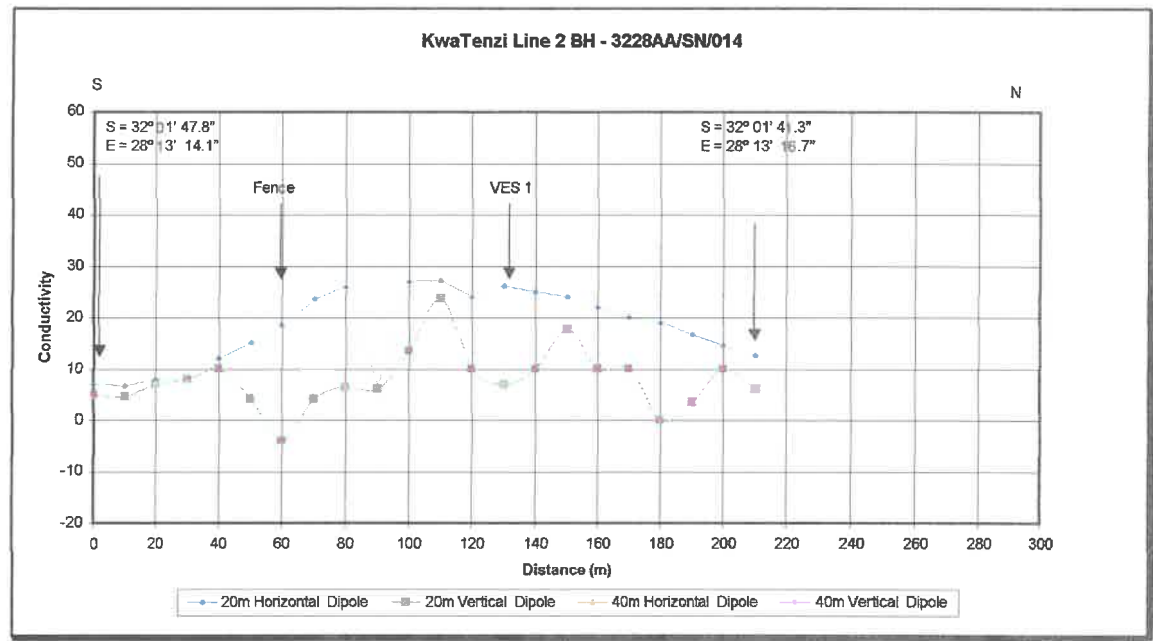


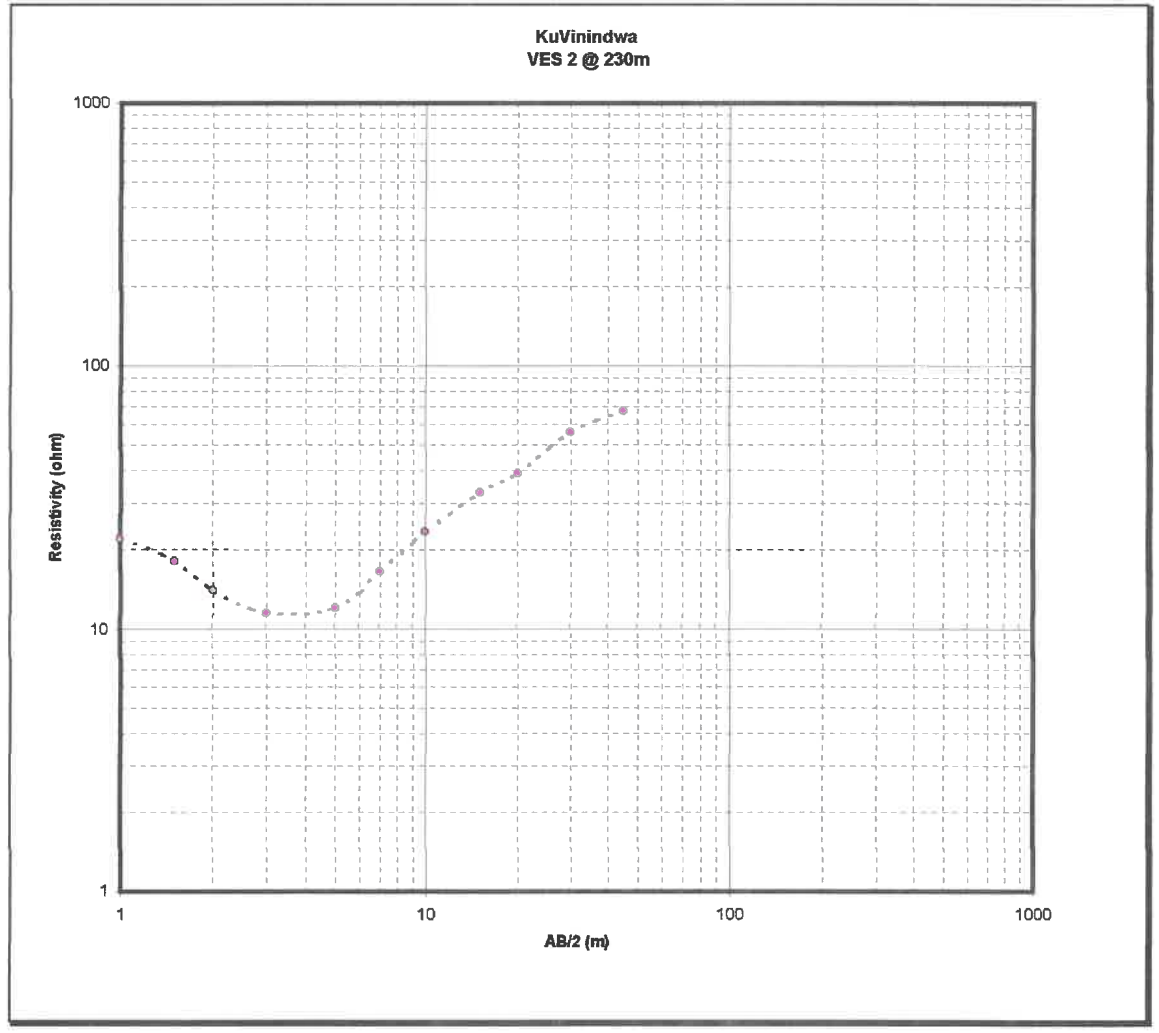
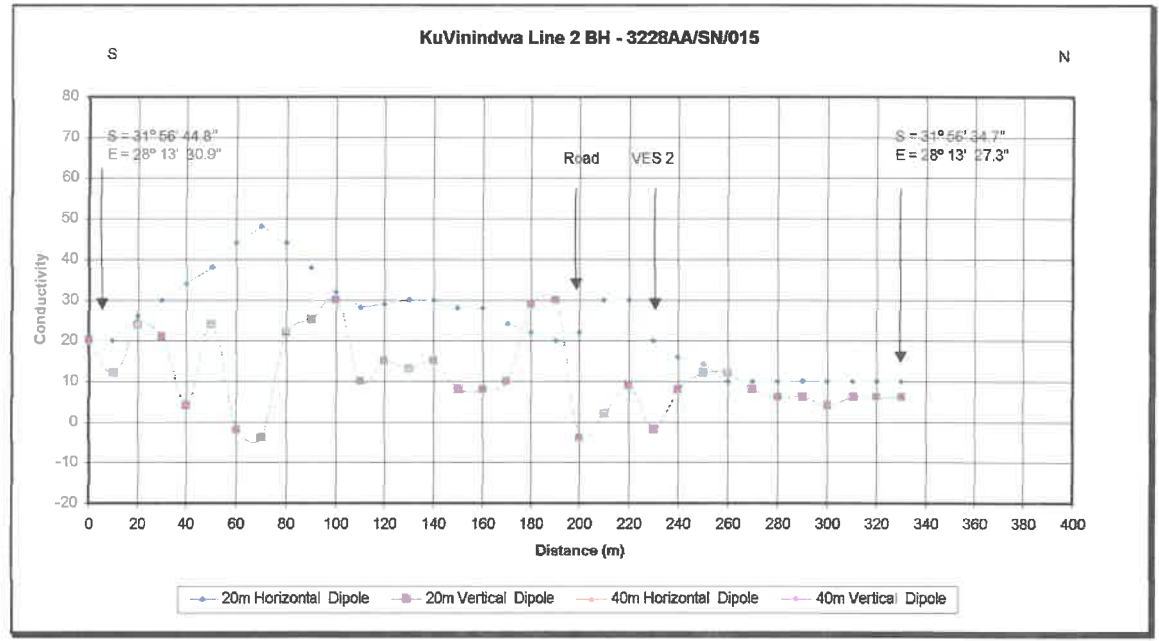


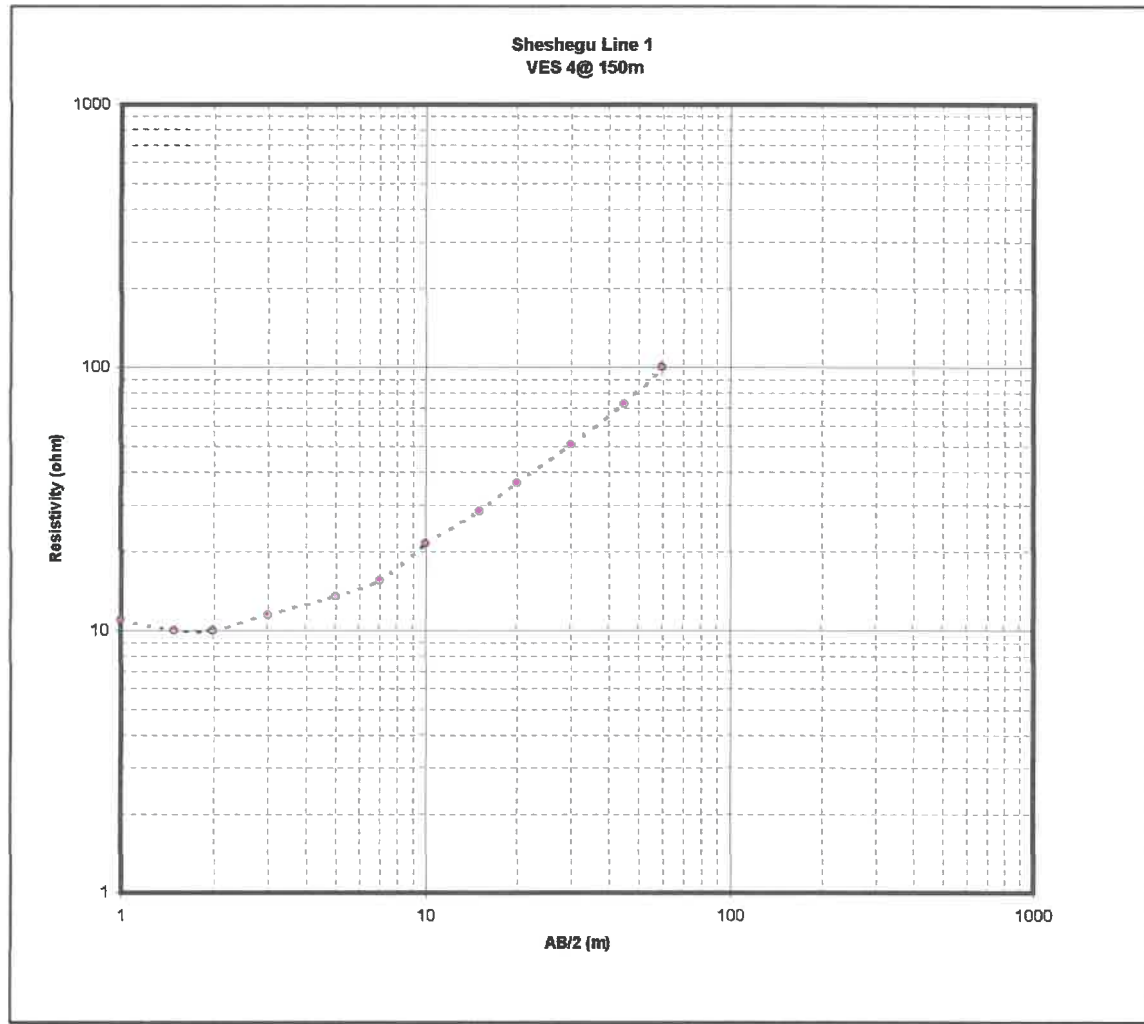
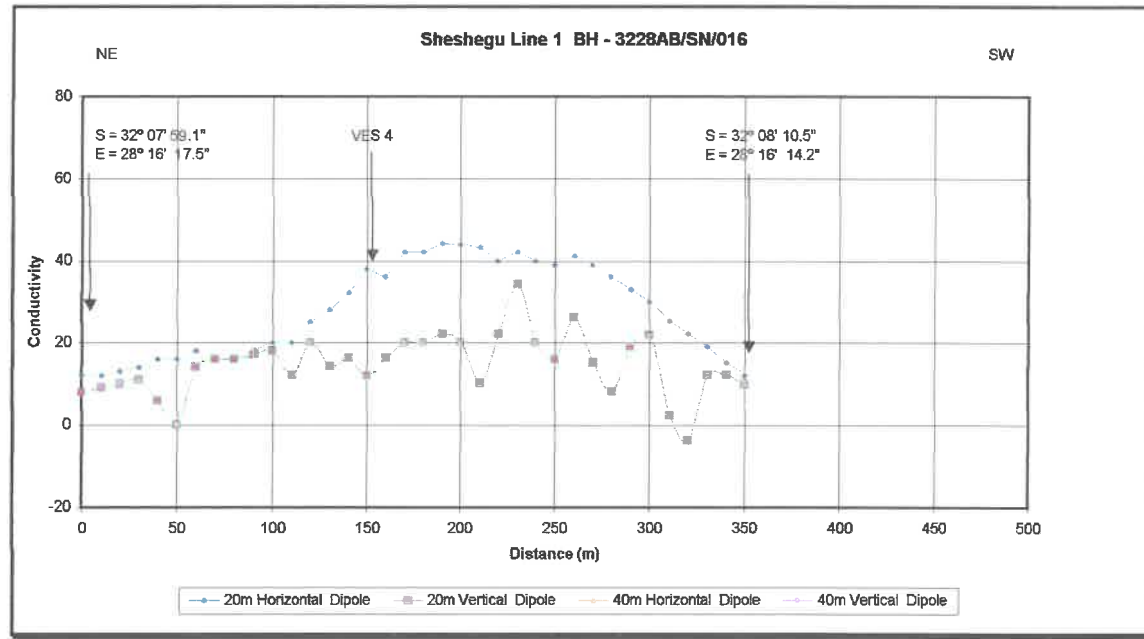


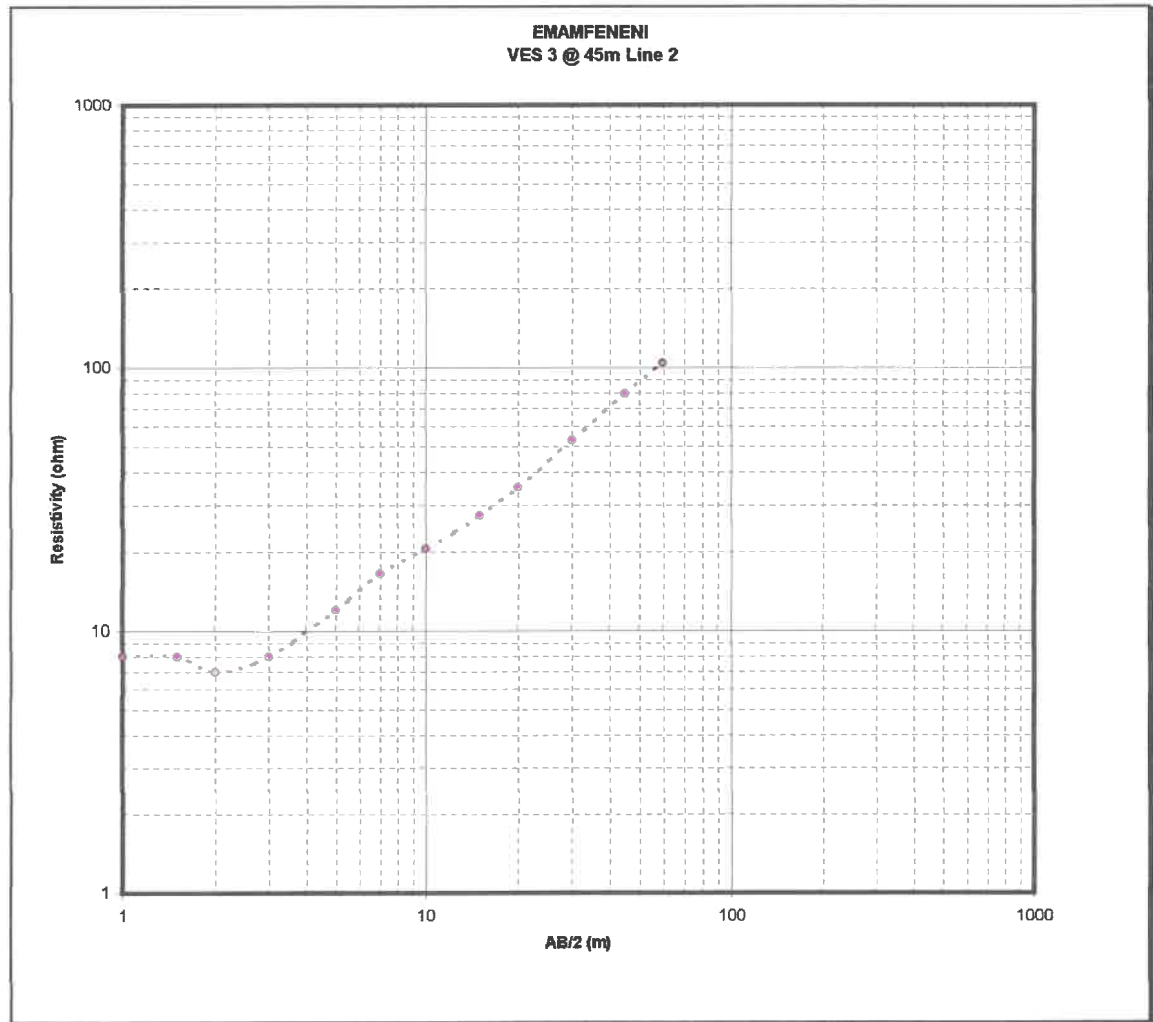
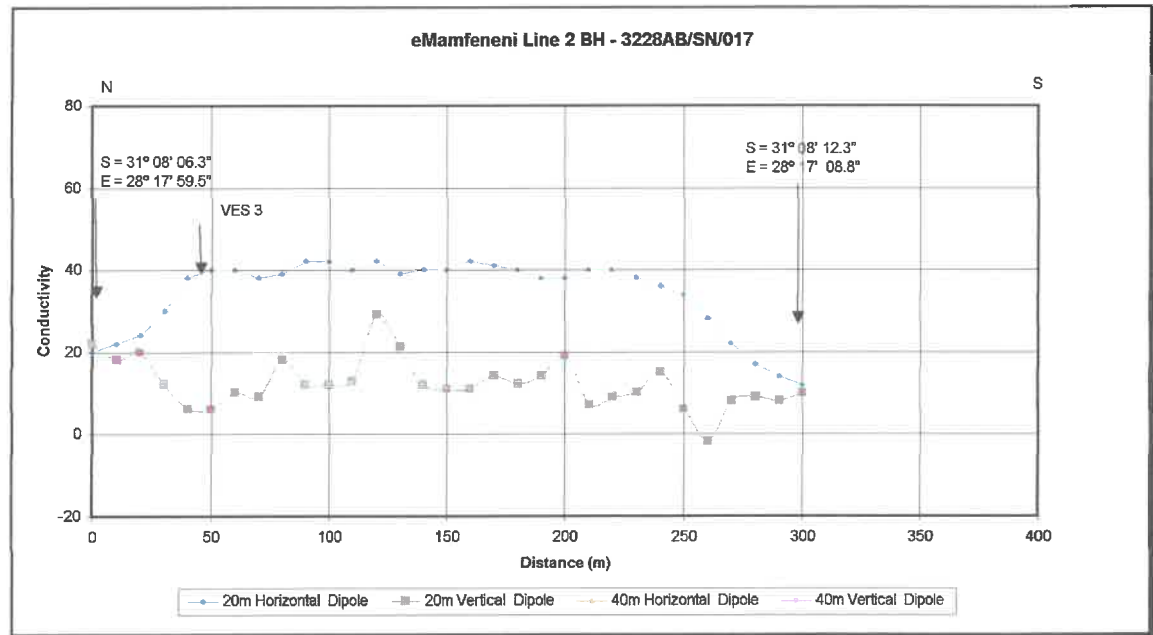


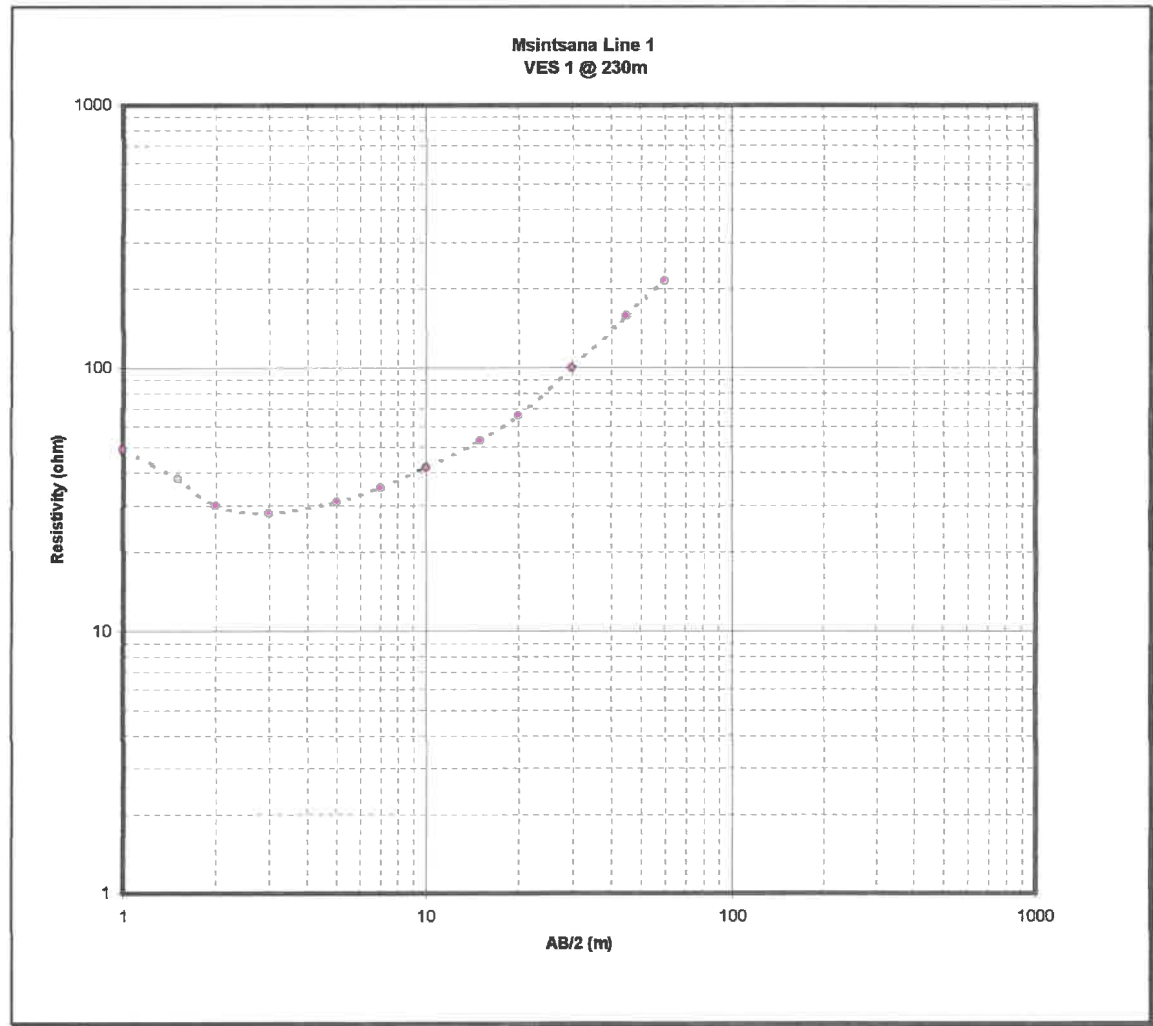
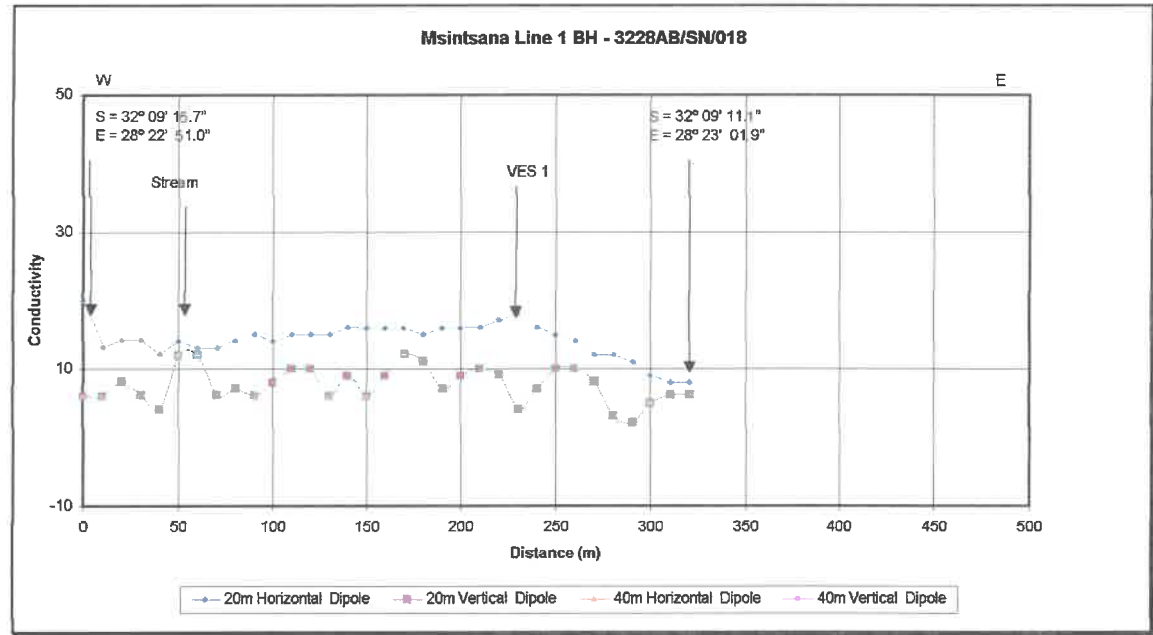


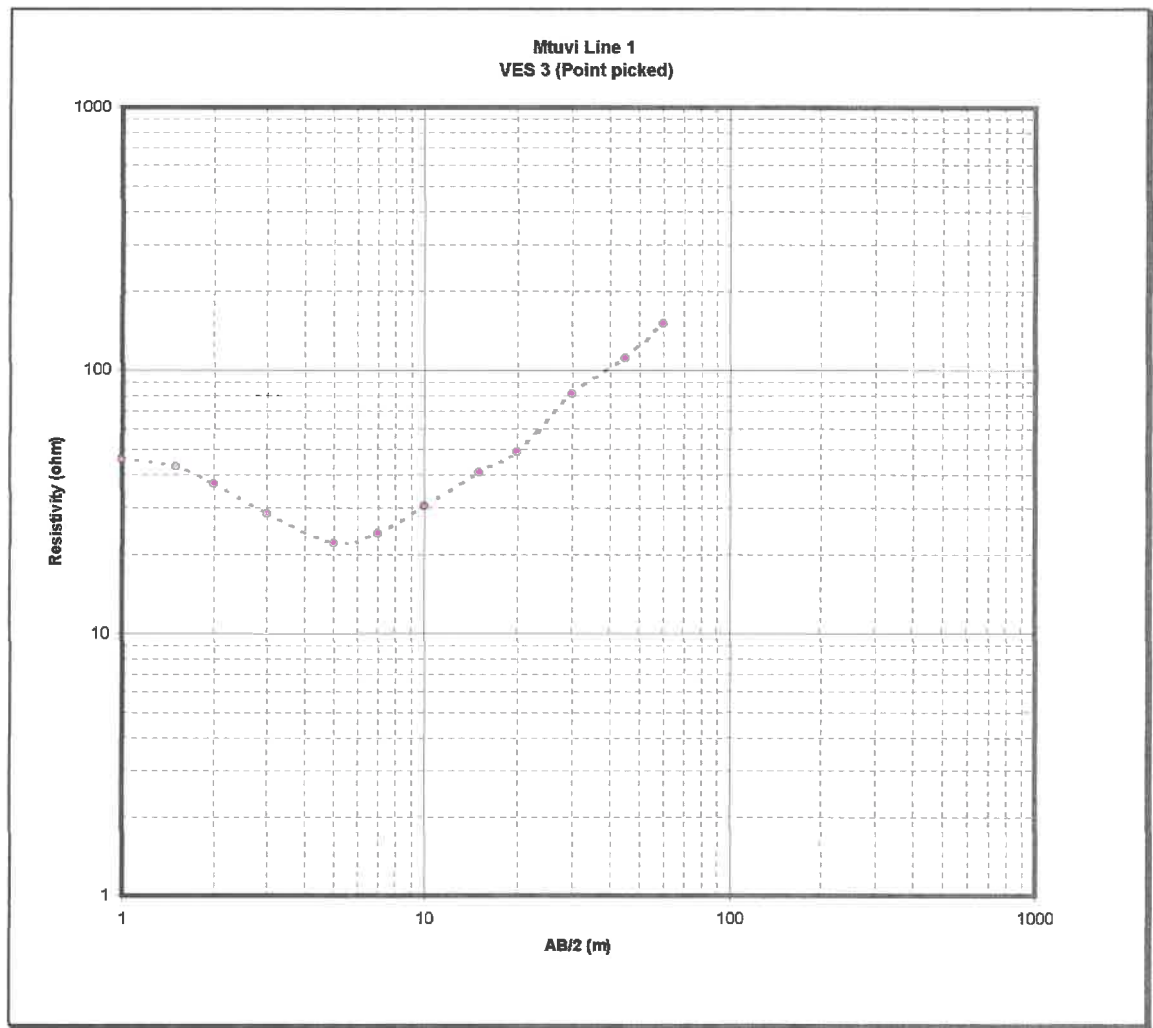
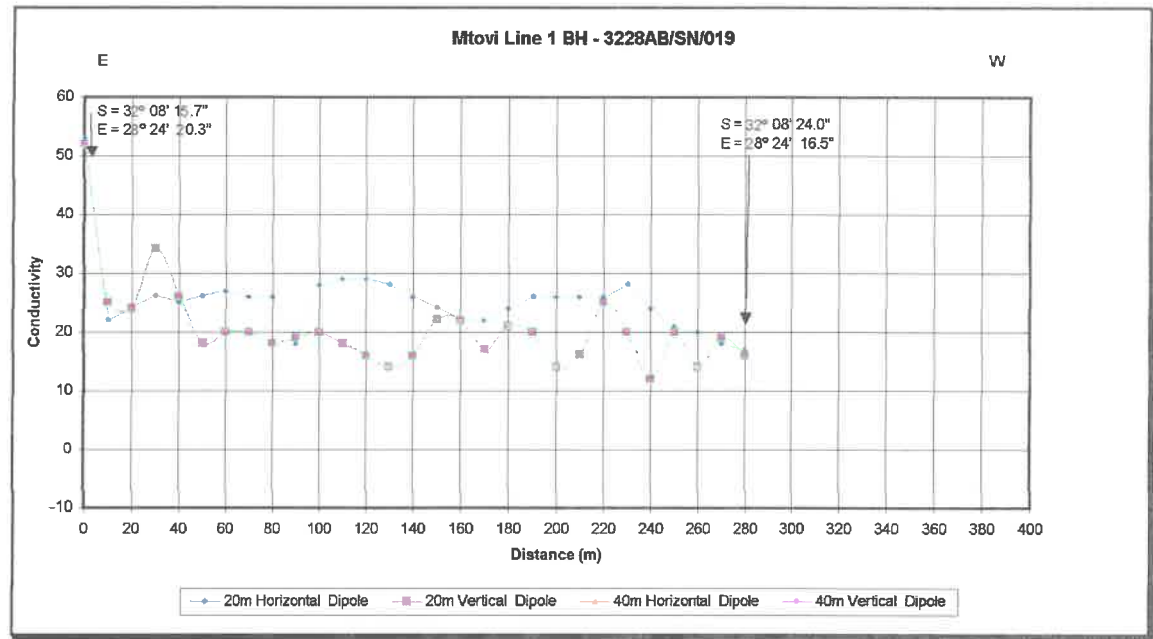


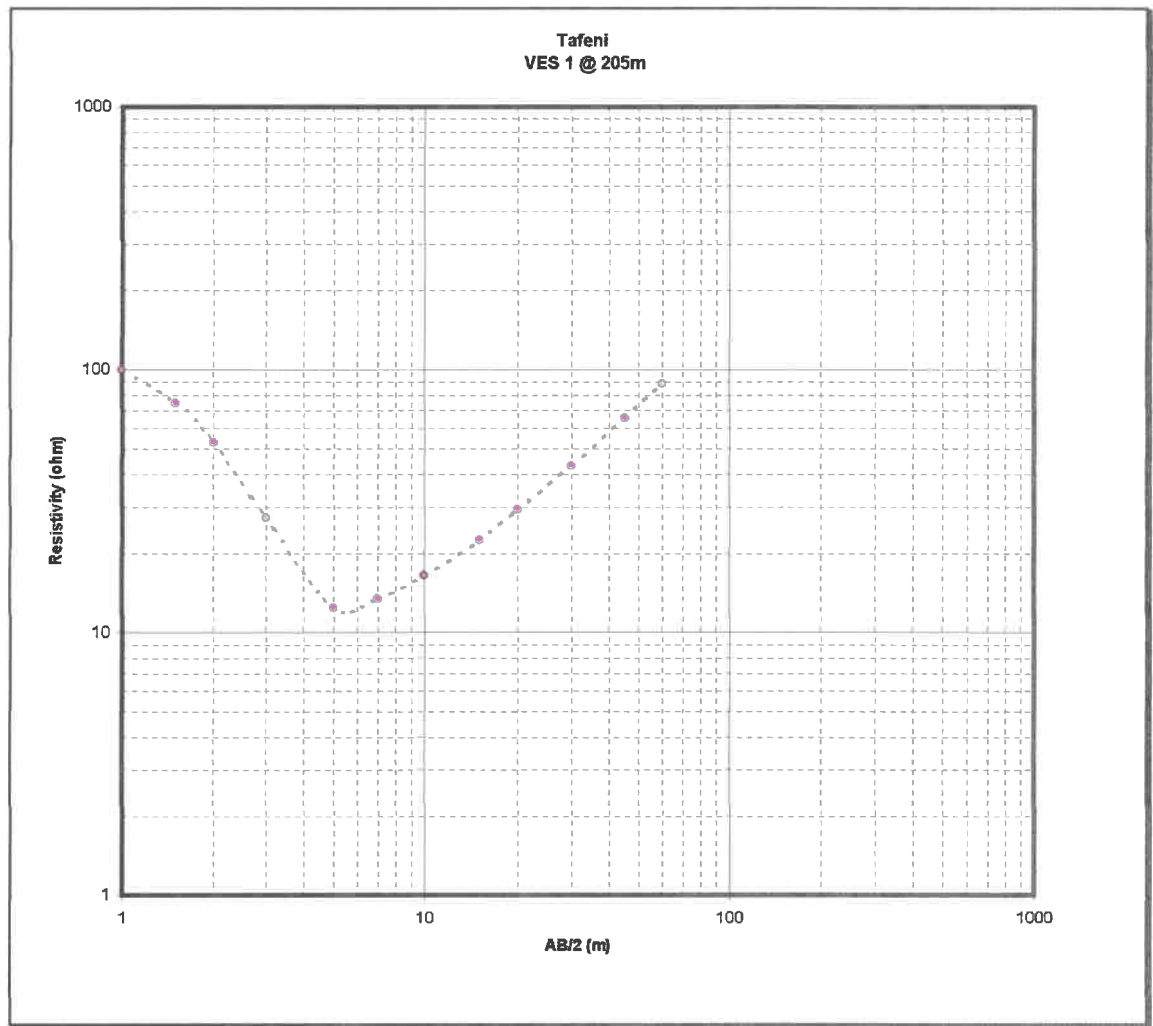
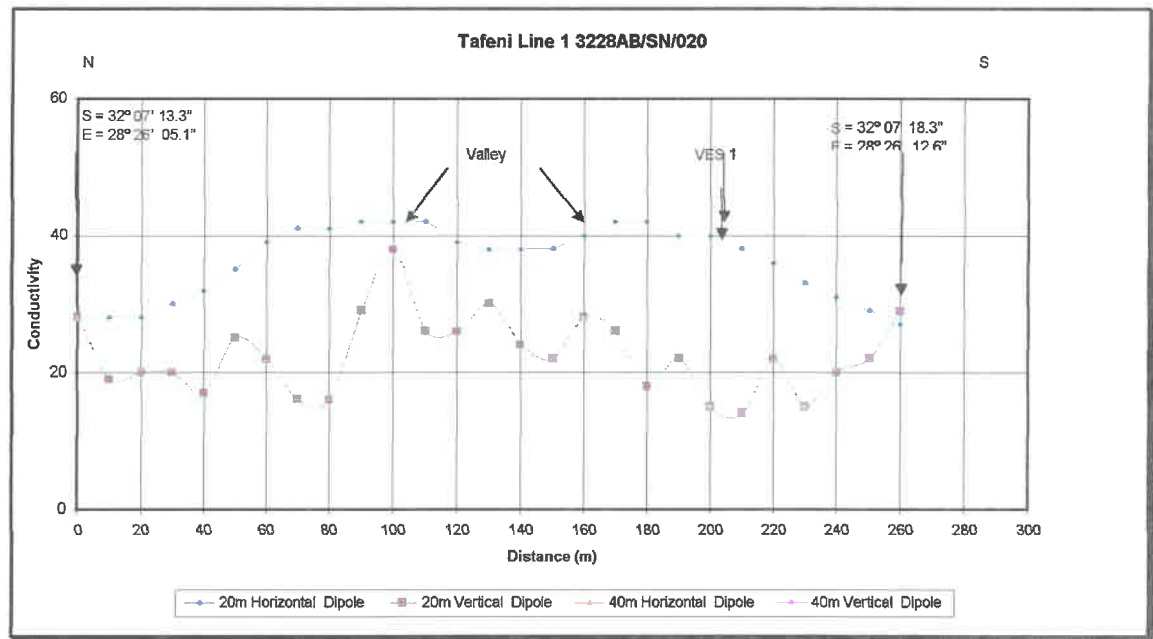


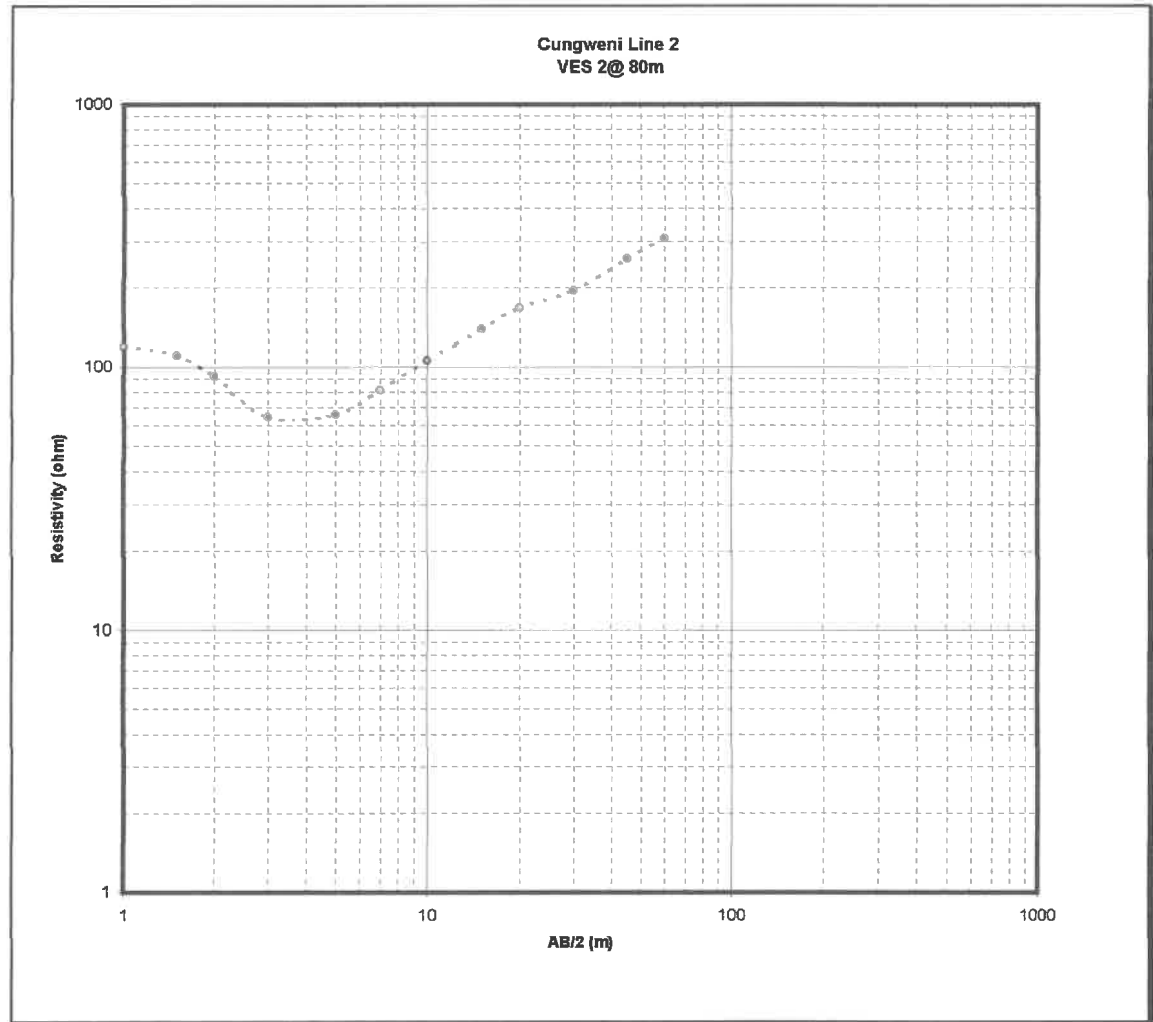
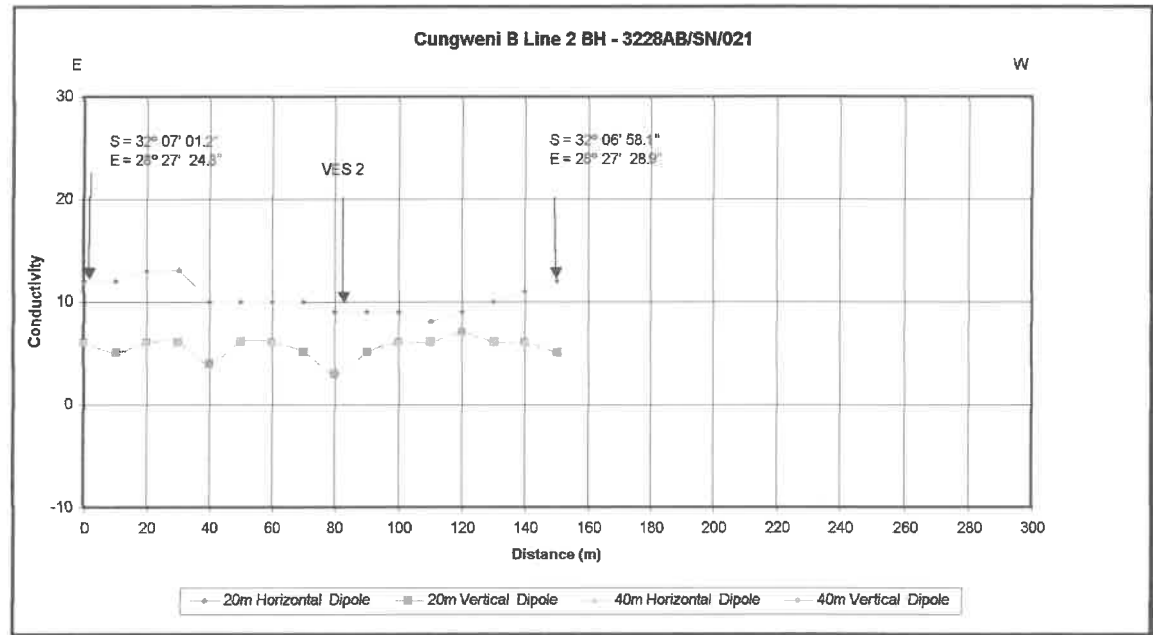


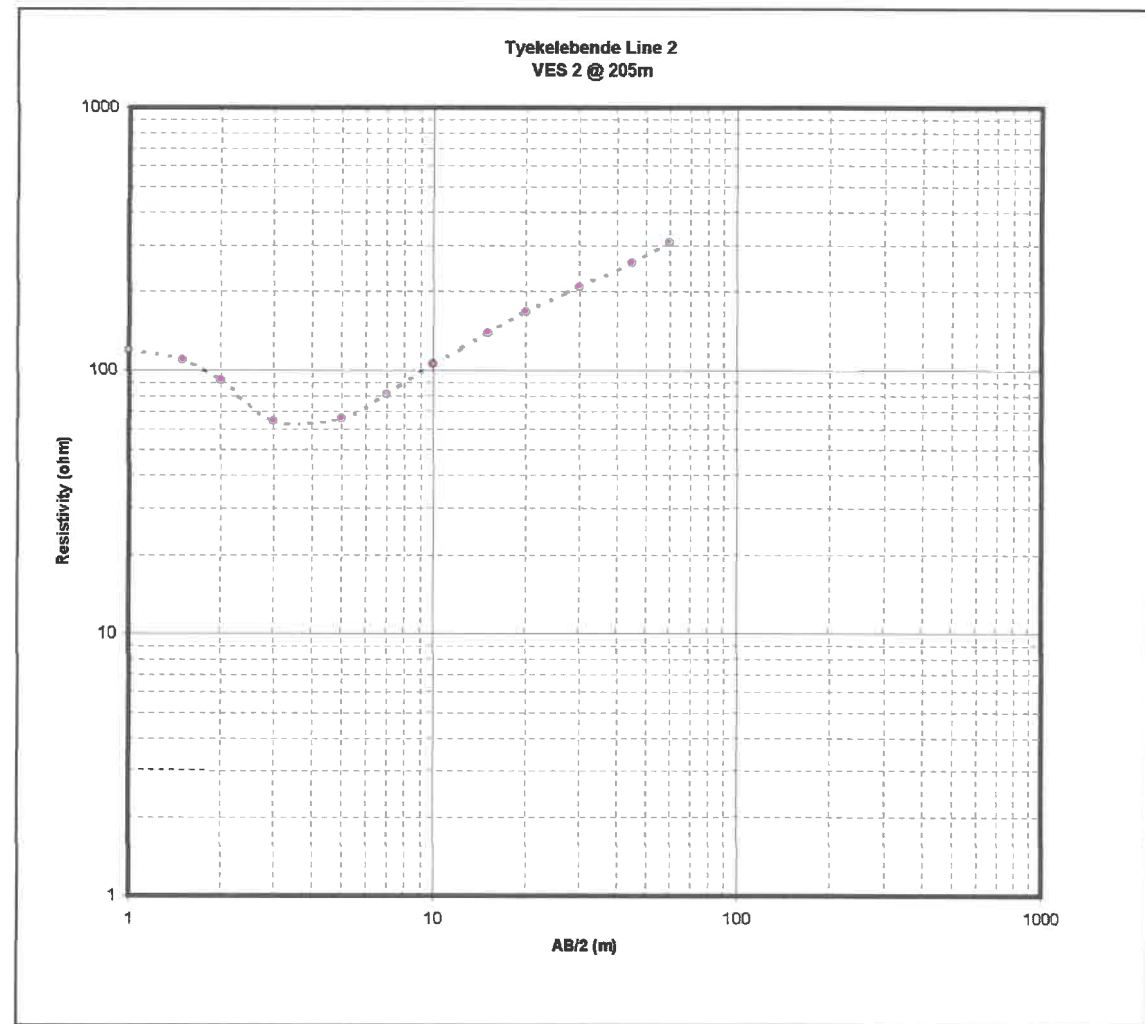
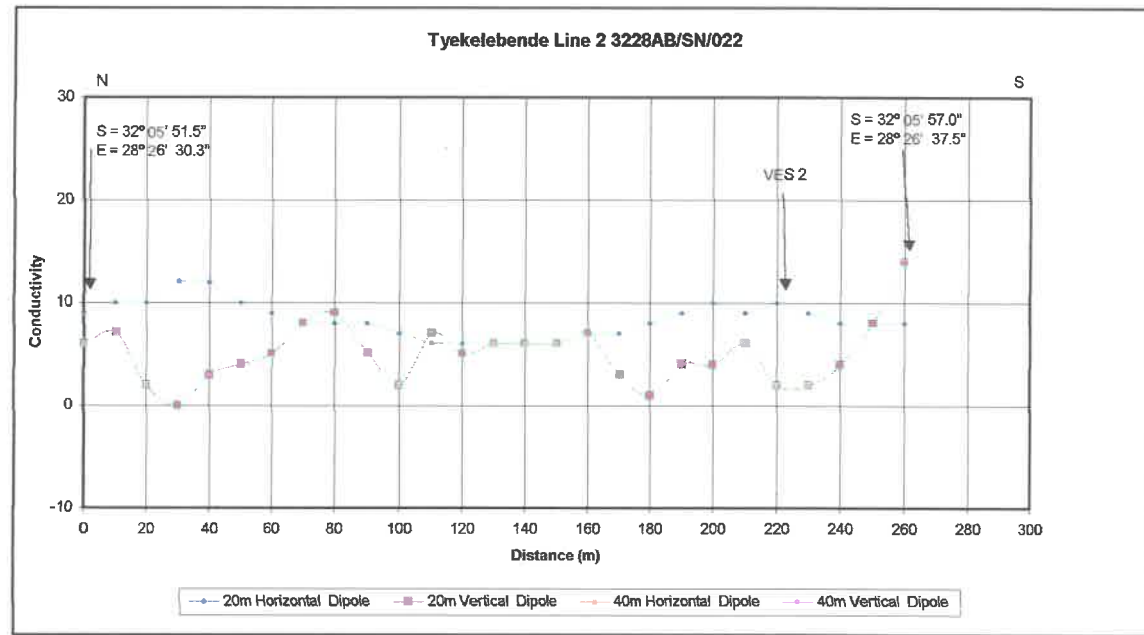


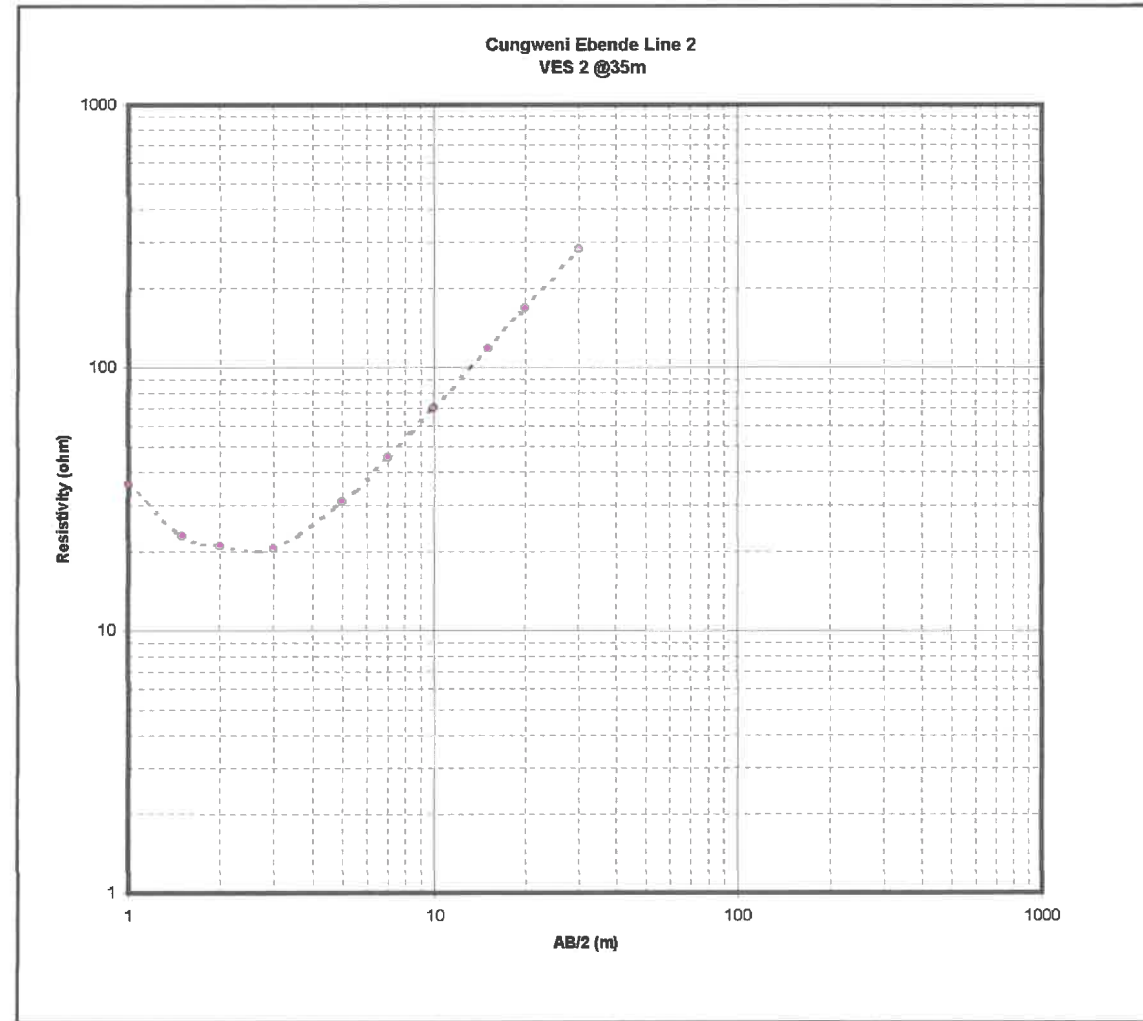
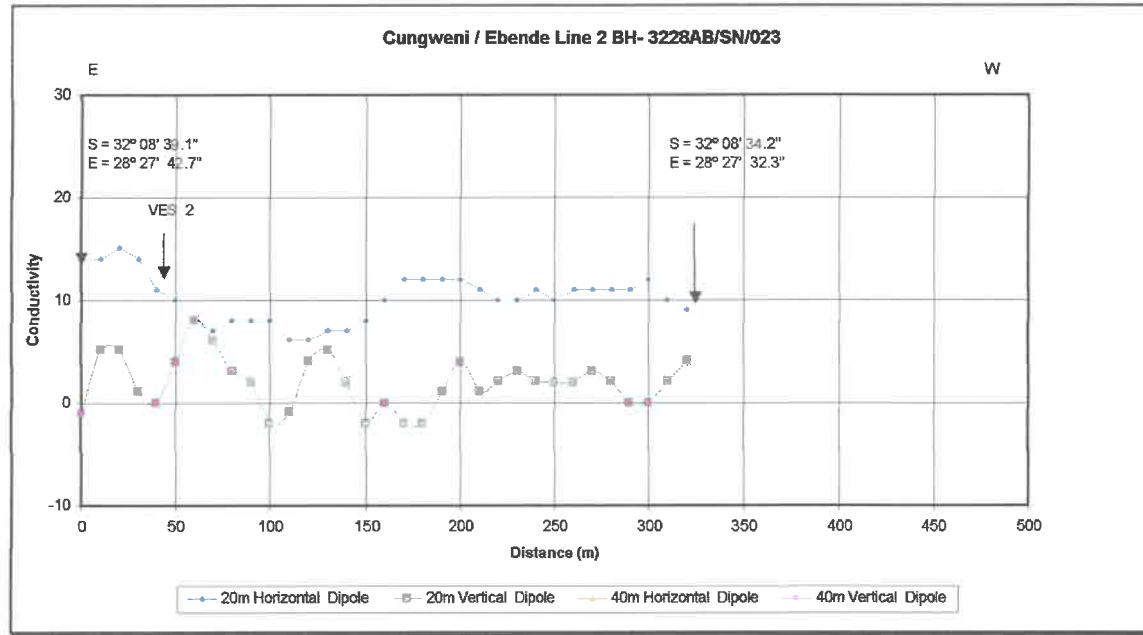


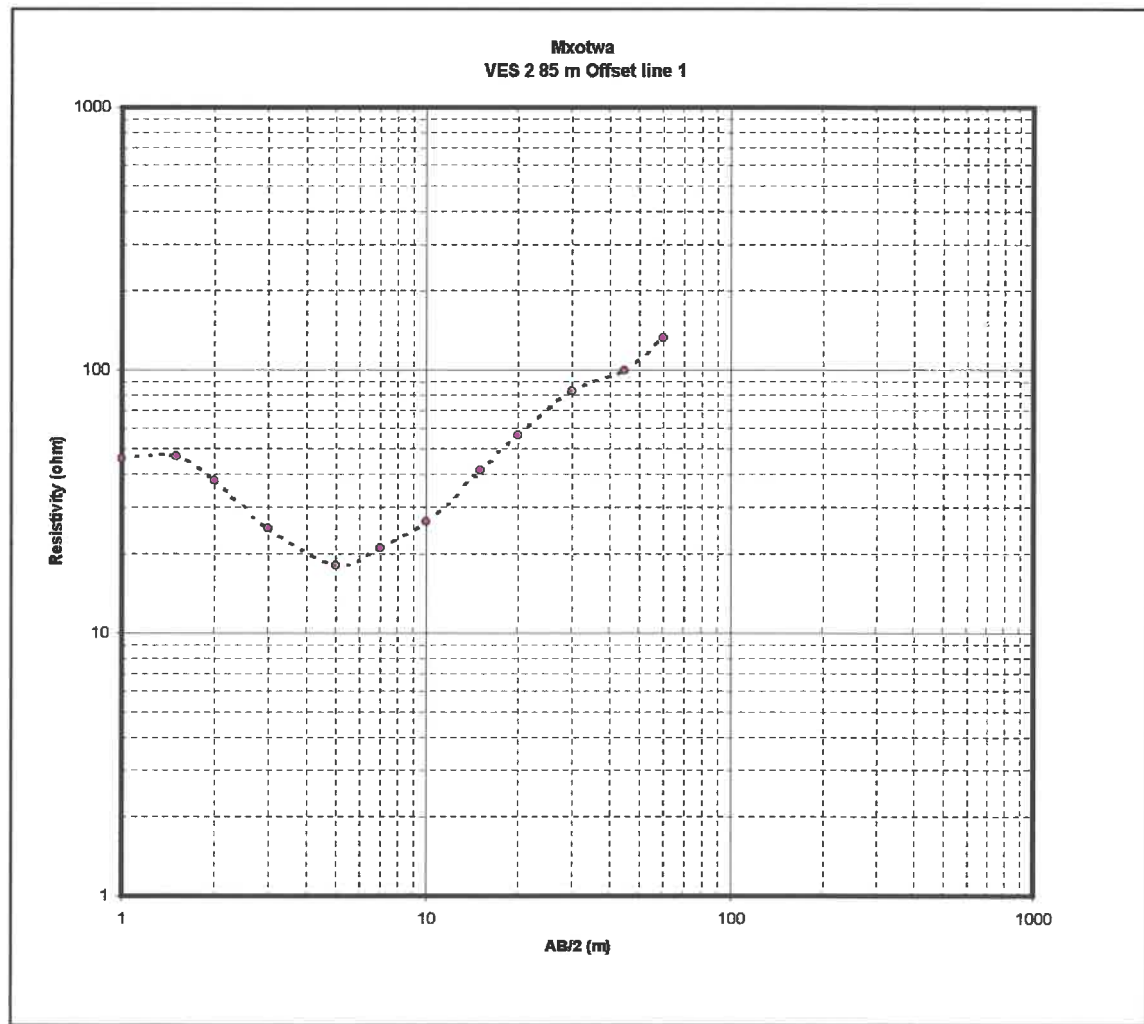
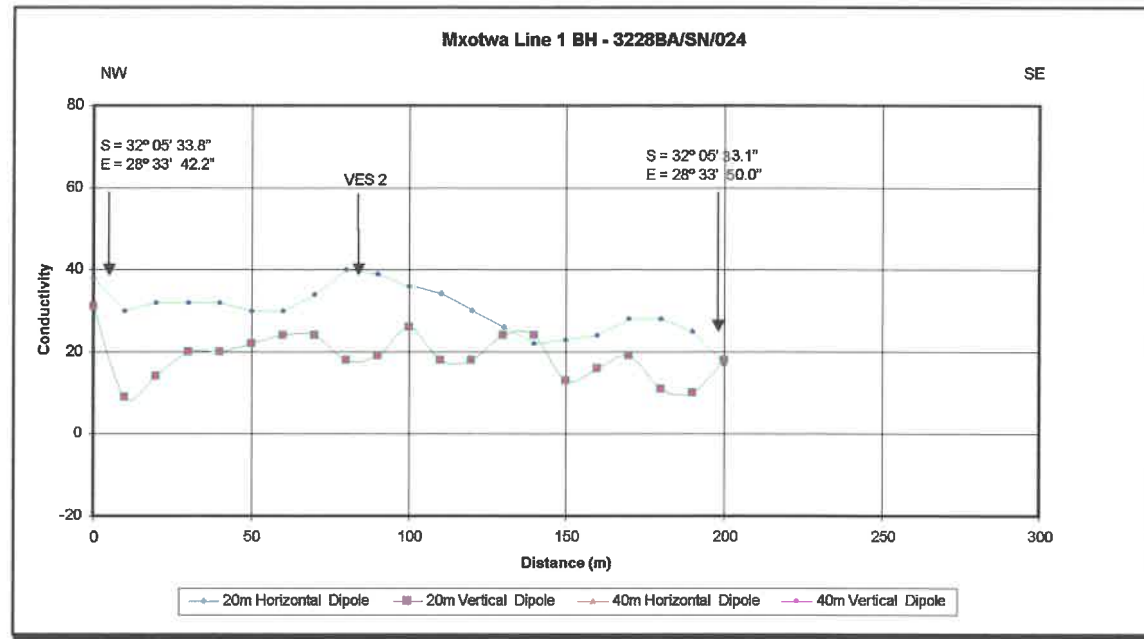


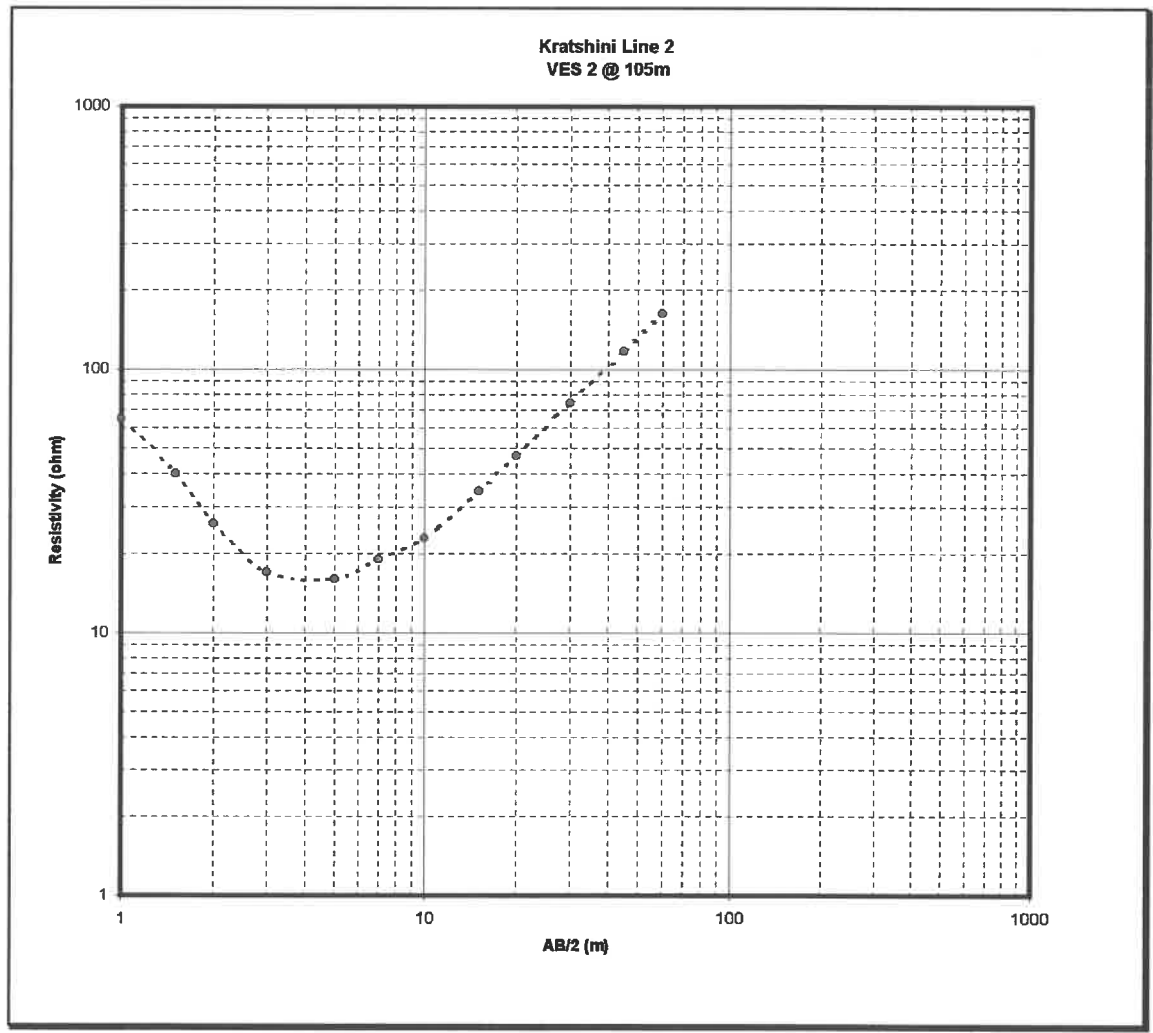
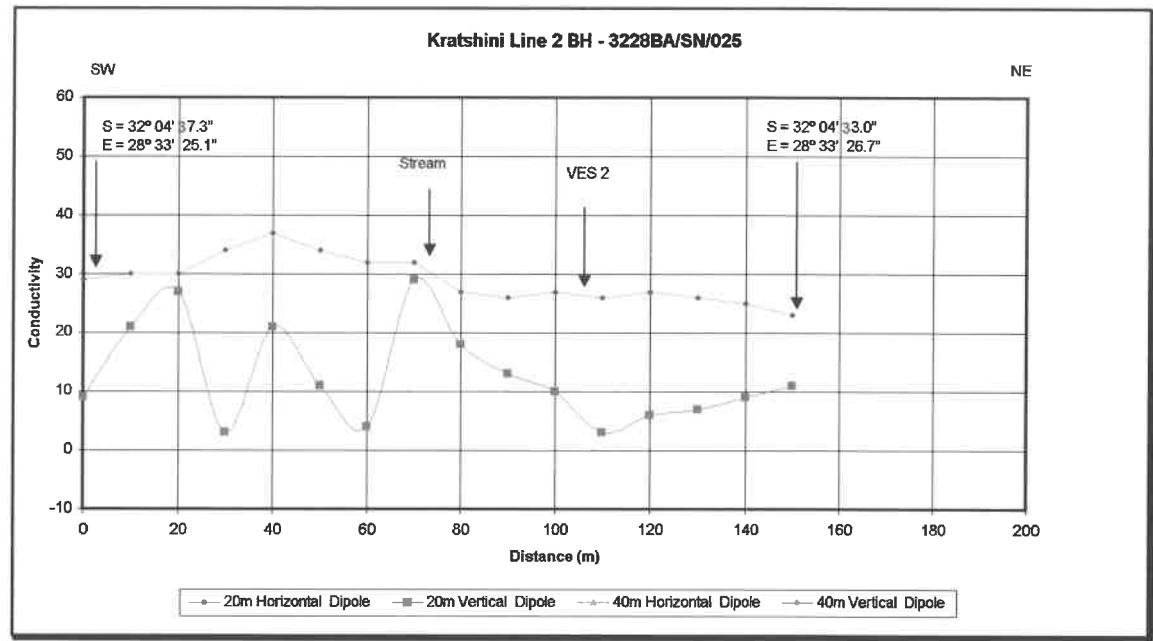


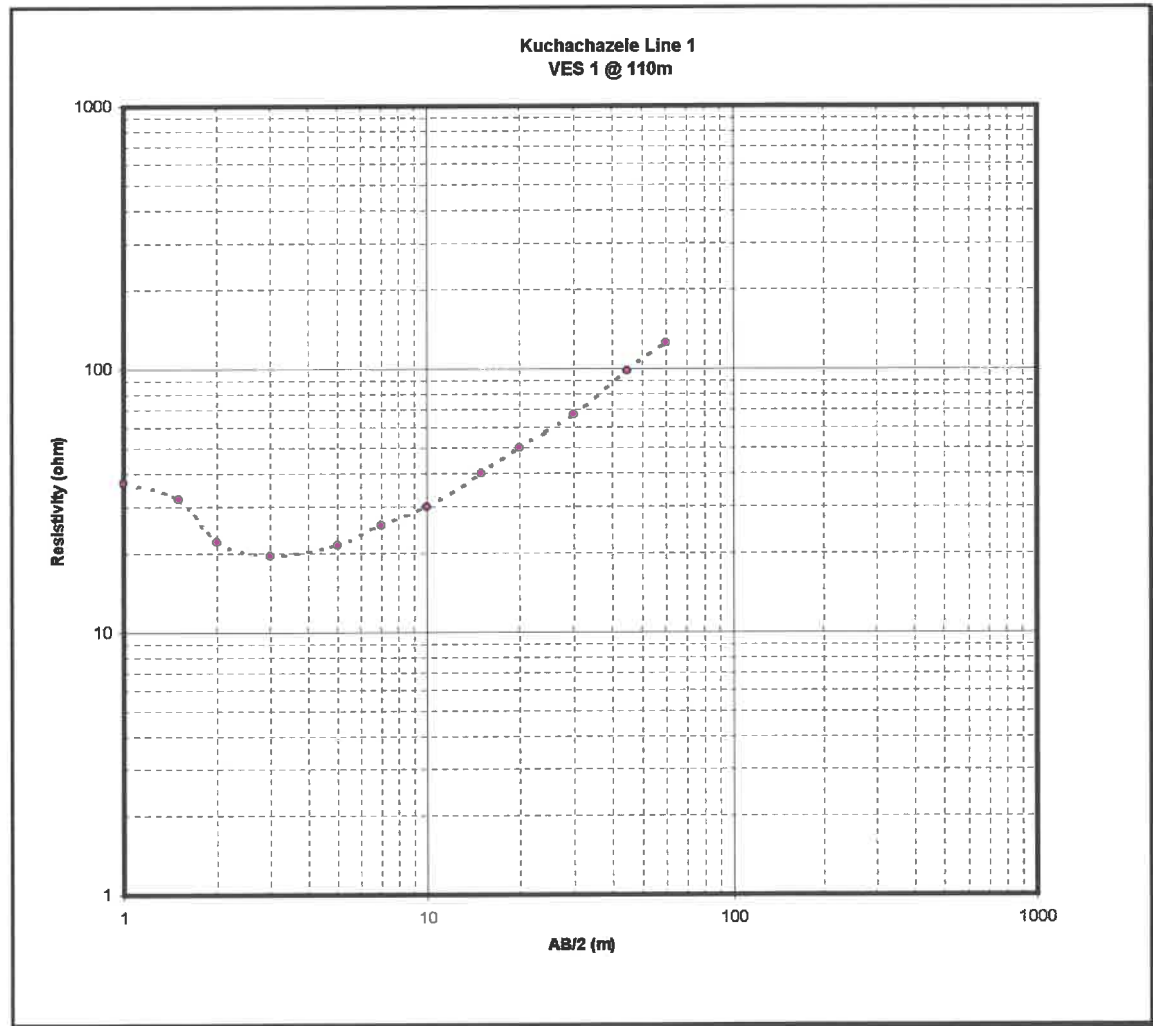
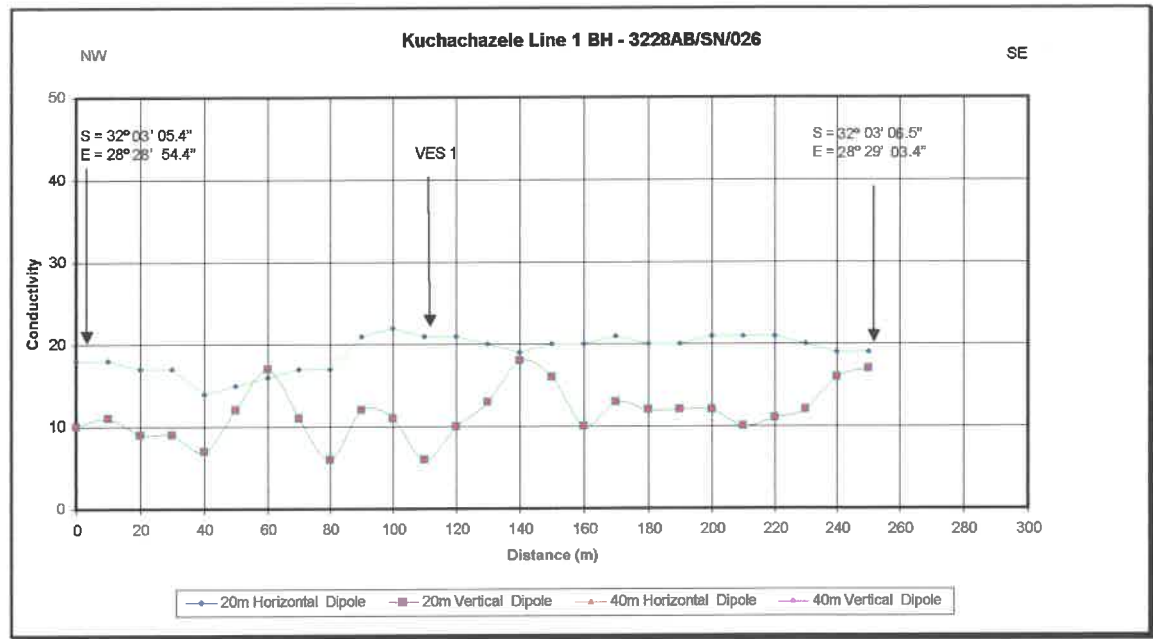


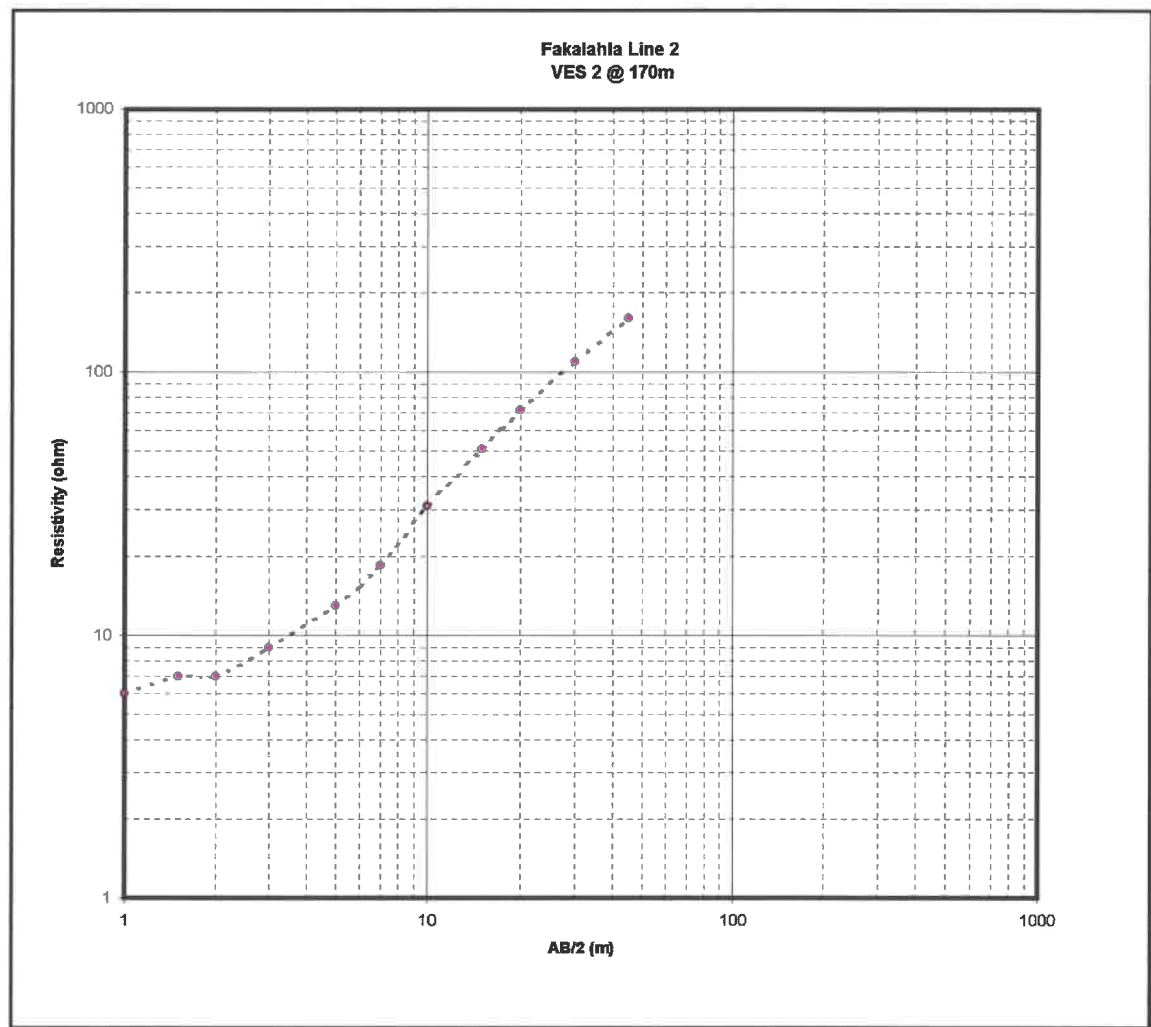
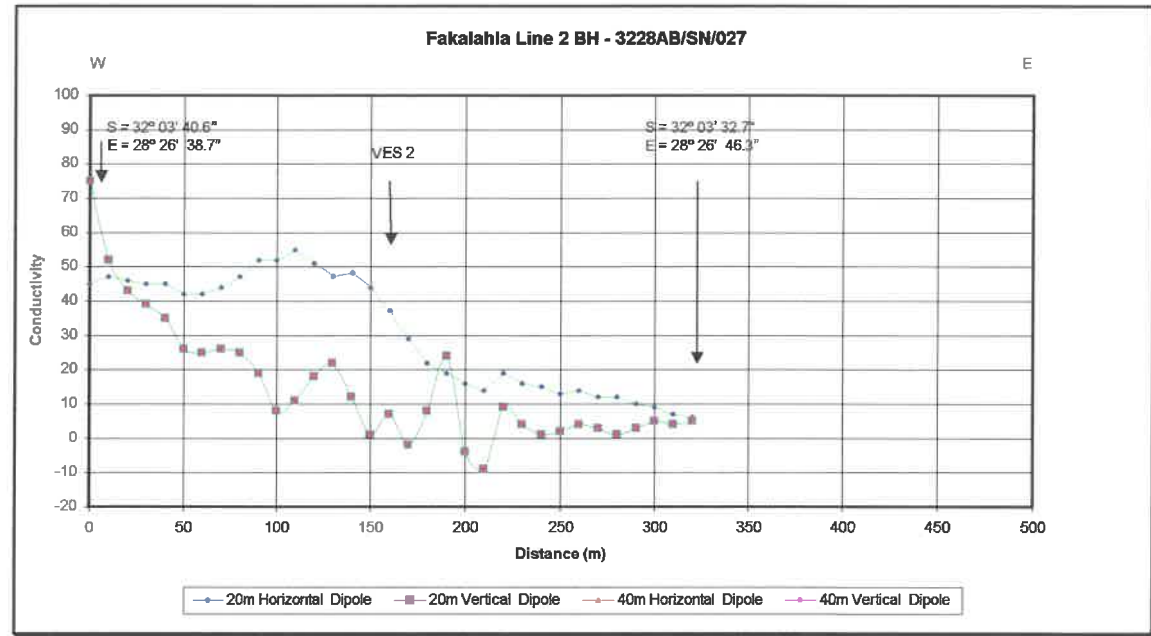


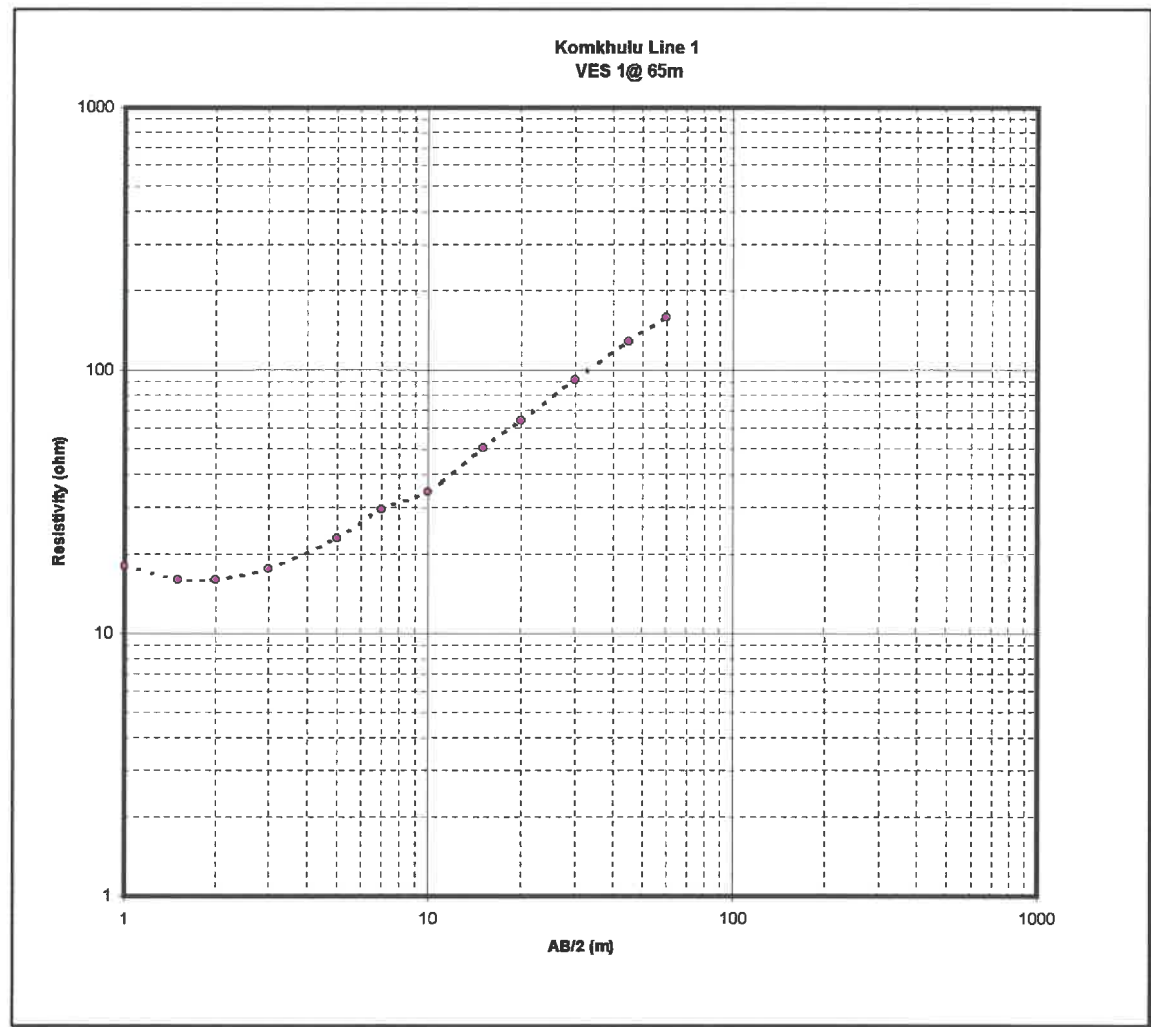
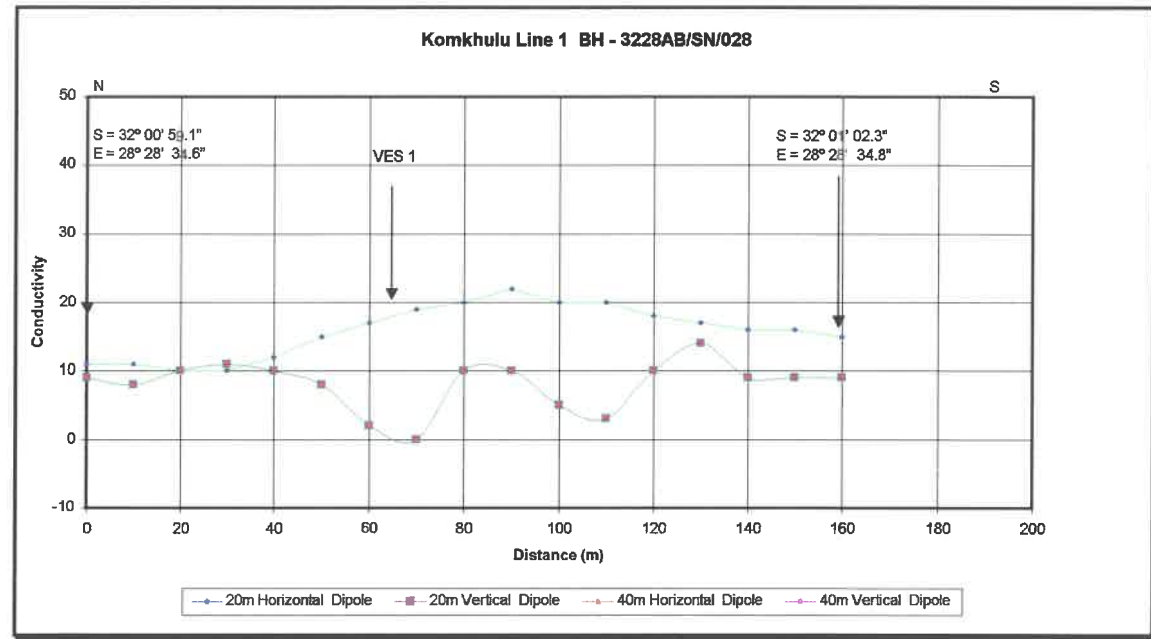


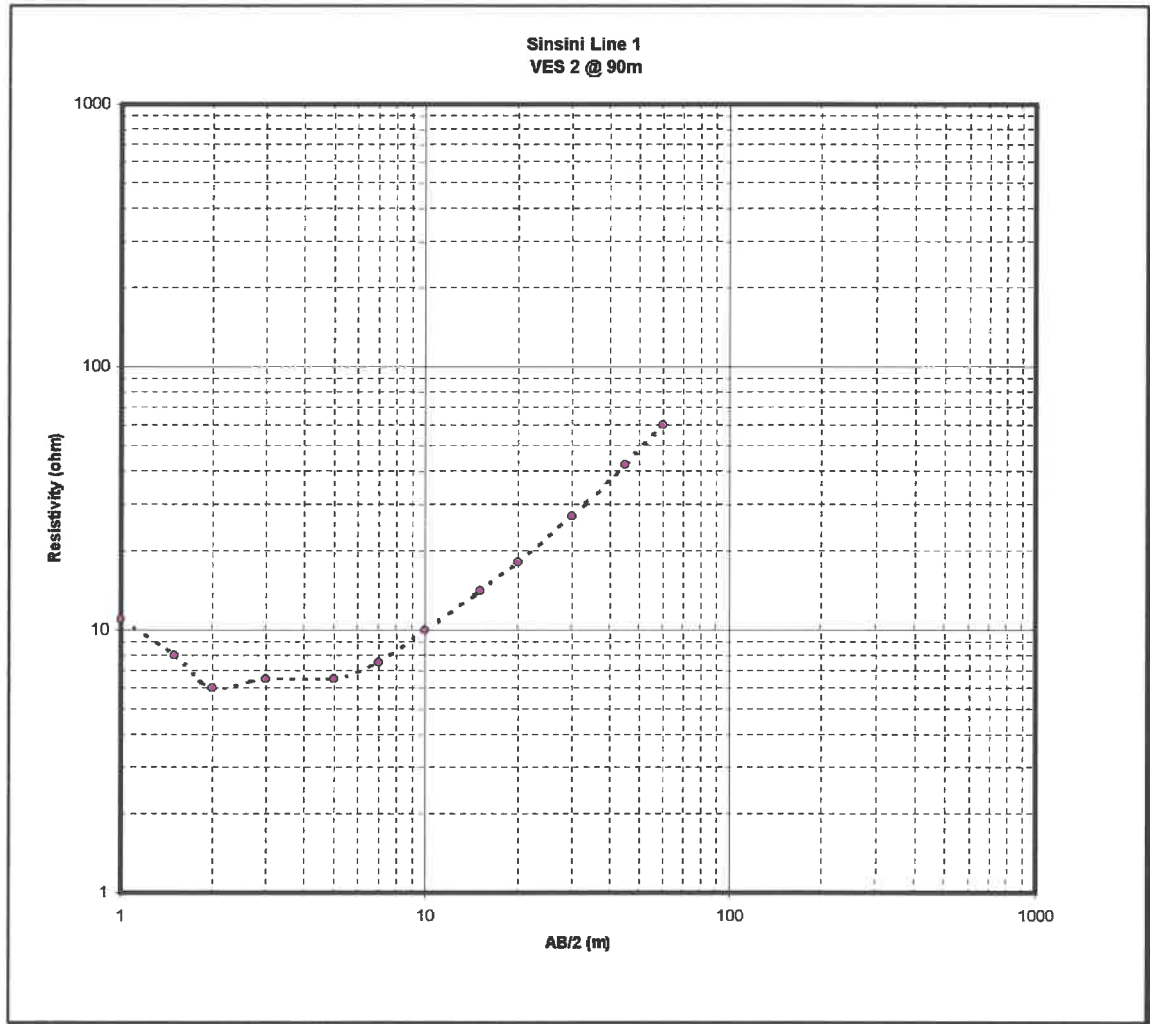
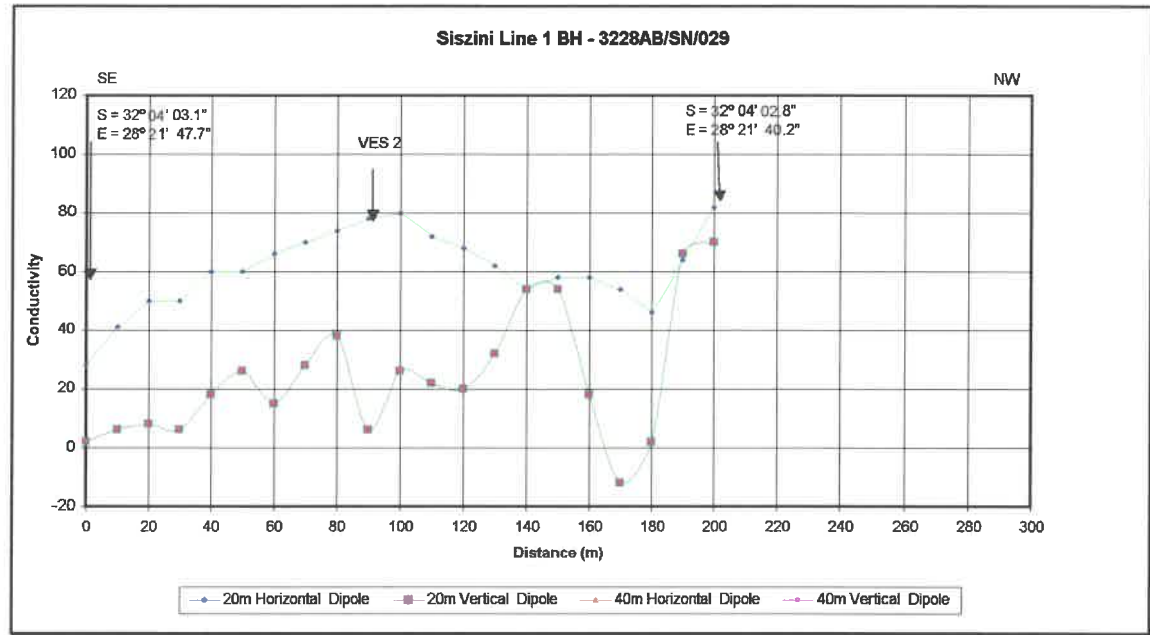


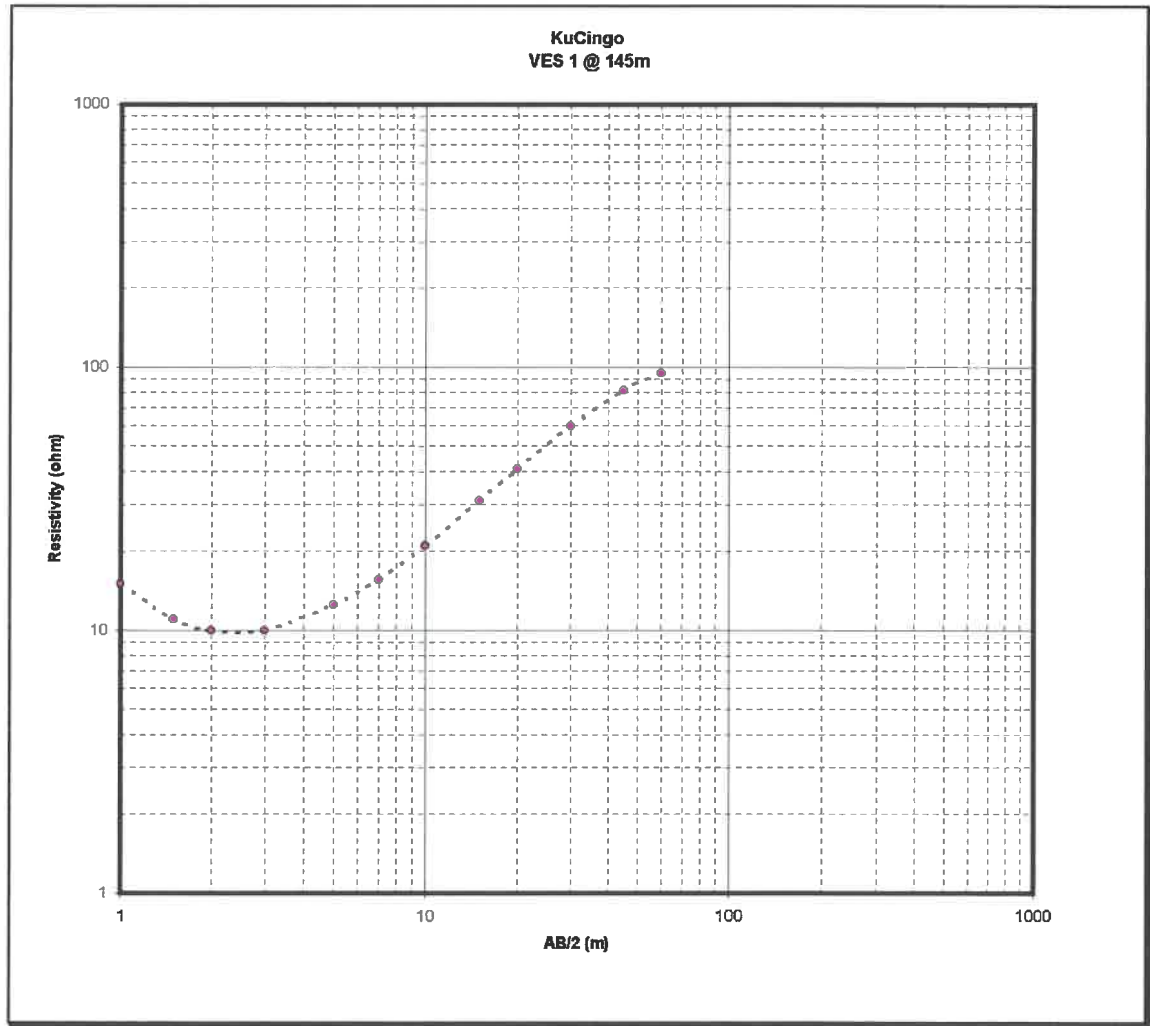
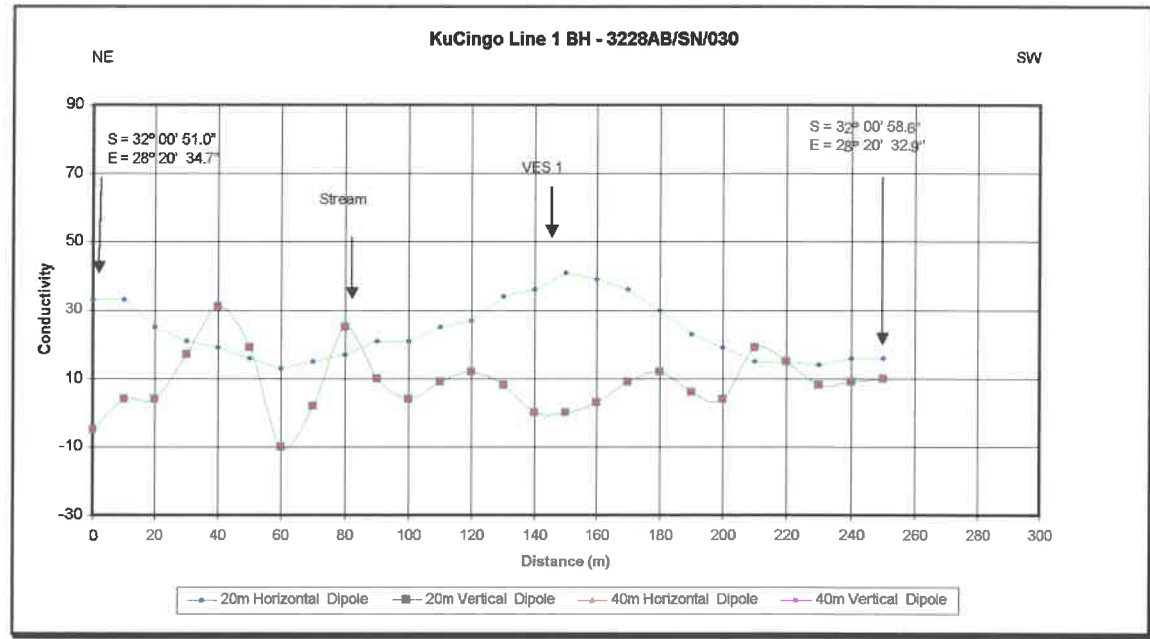










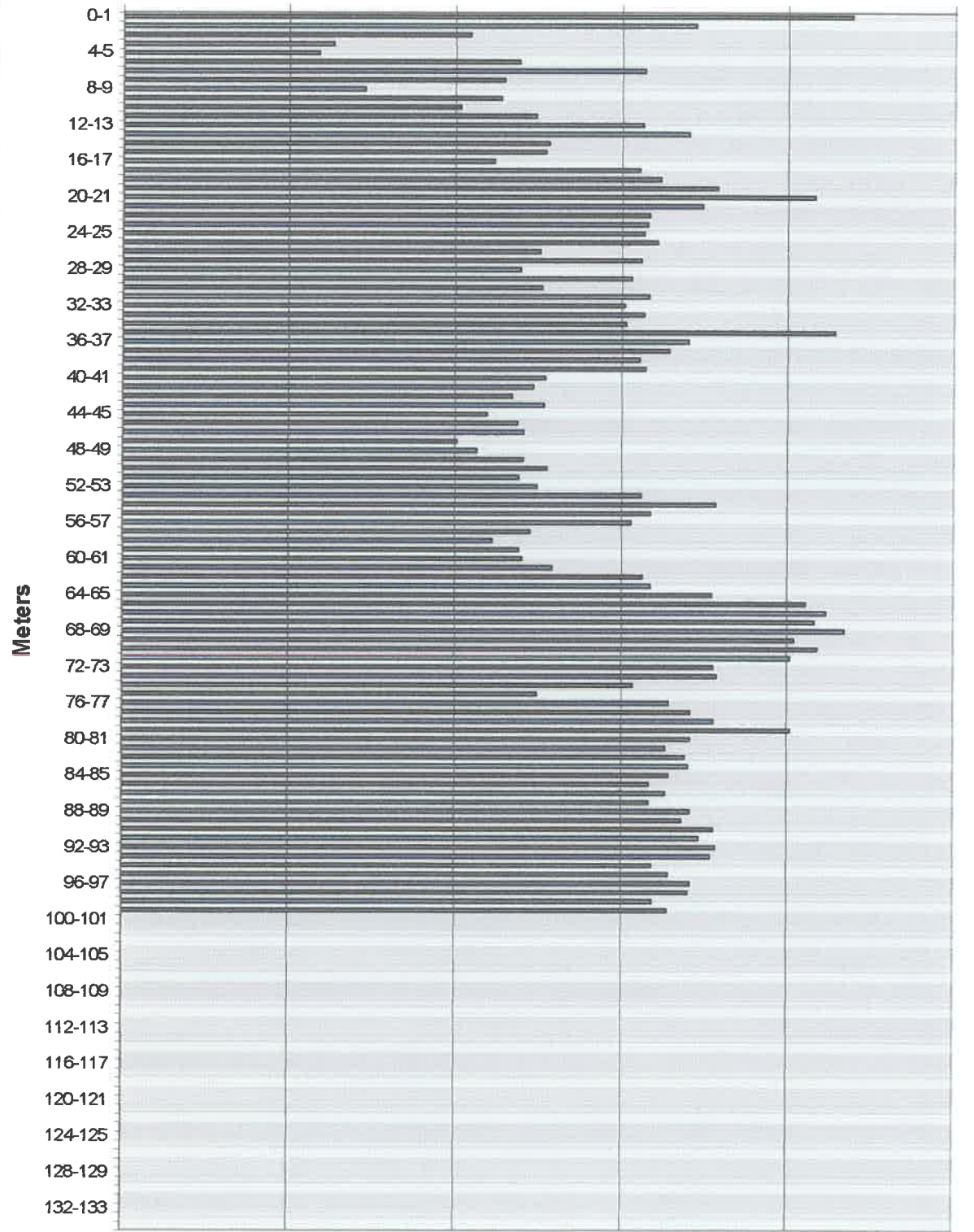


■ Penetration :Minutes and seconds per meter

Borehole N0: 3128CD/SN/002

Minutes

0 1 2 3 4 5

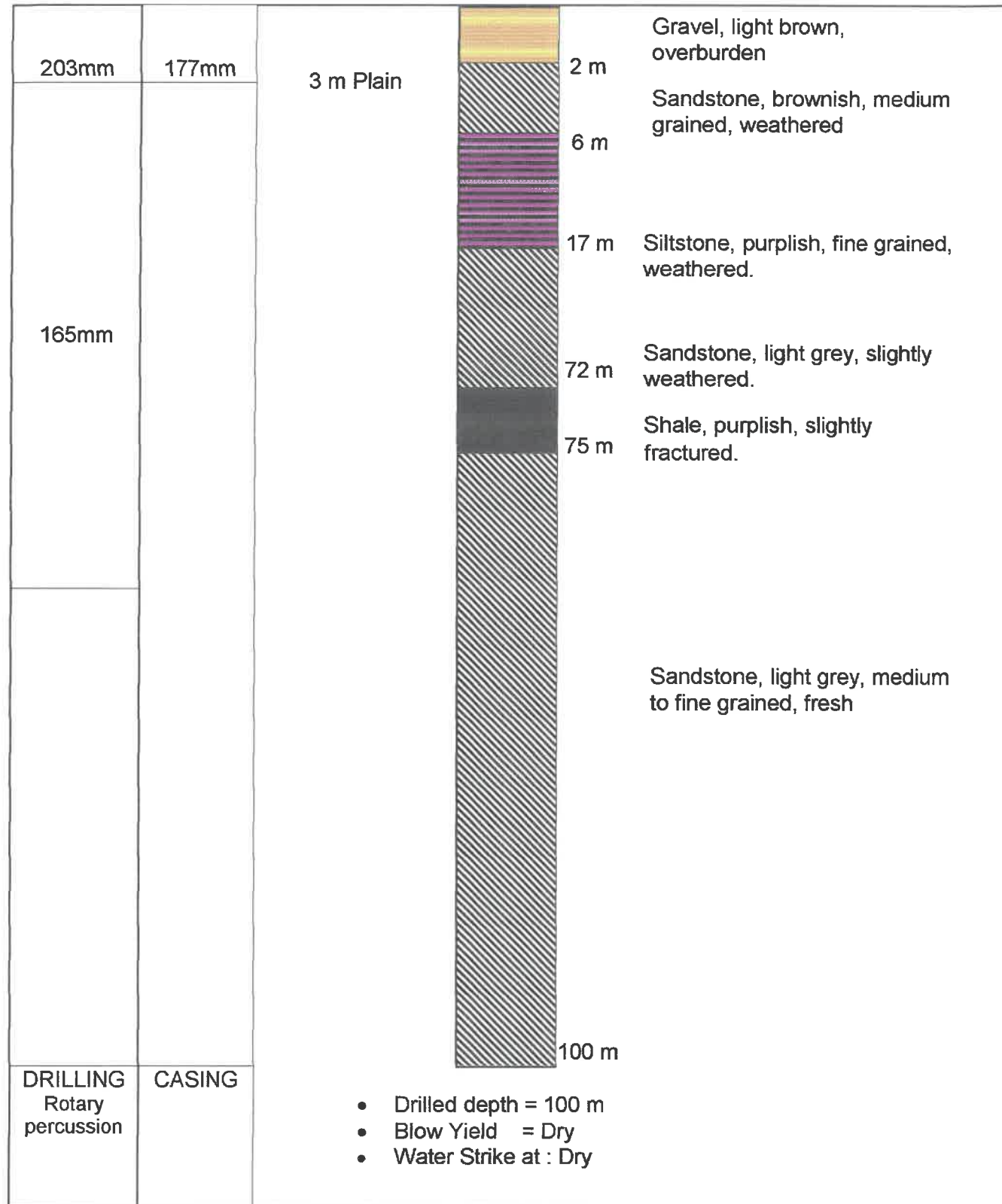




**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3128CD/SN/003

COMMUNITY : Bhetai



Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 31° 52' 06.8"

Drilled By : Philip Olivier Date : 05/06/03 E-Coord : 28° 21' 07.8"

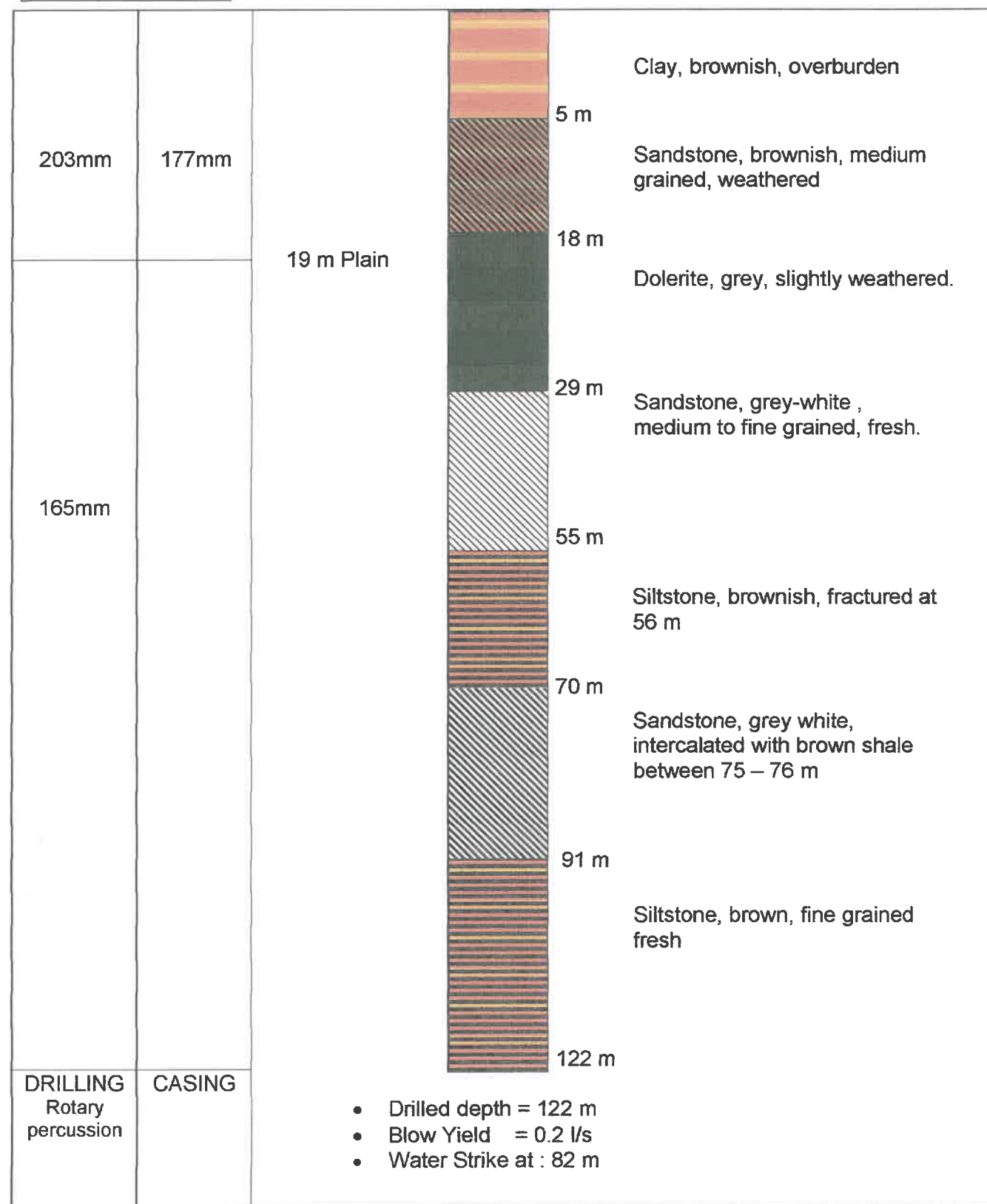
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora



**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3128CD/SN/004

COMMUNITY : Matolweni



Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 31° 55' 53.7"

Drilled By : Philip Olivier Date : 06/06/03 E-Coord : 28° 17' 15.2"

Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora



**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

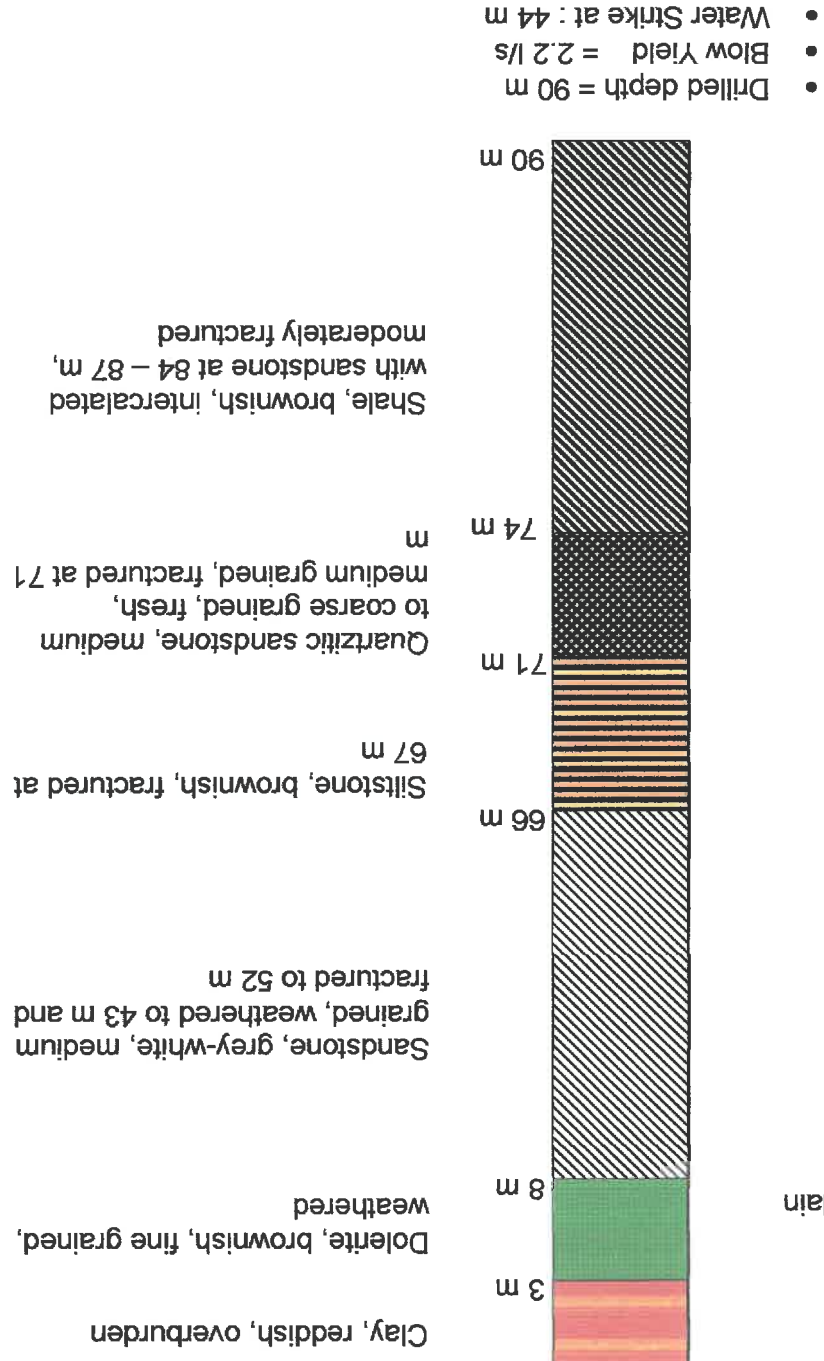
COMMUNITY : Mhuku

BH : 3228CD/SN/005

203mm.	177mm	DRILLING Rotary percussion	CASING
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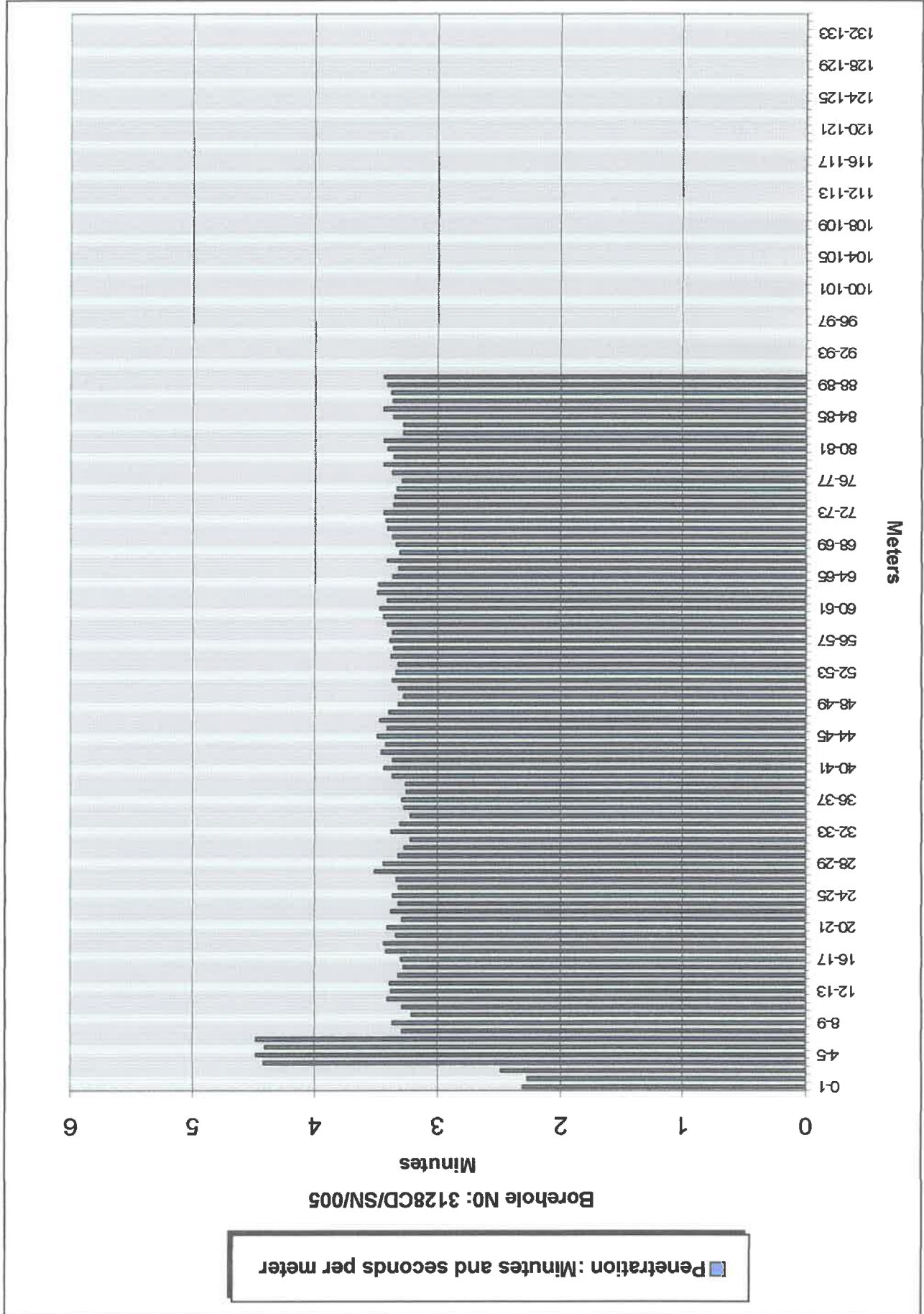
6 m Plain

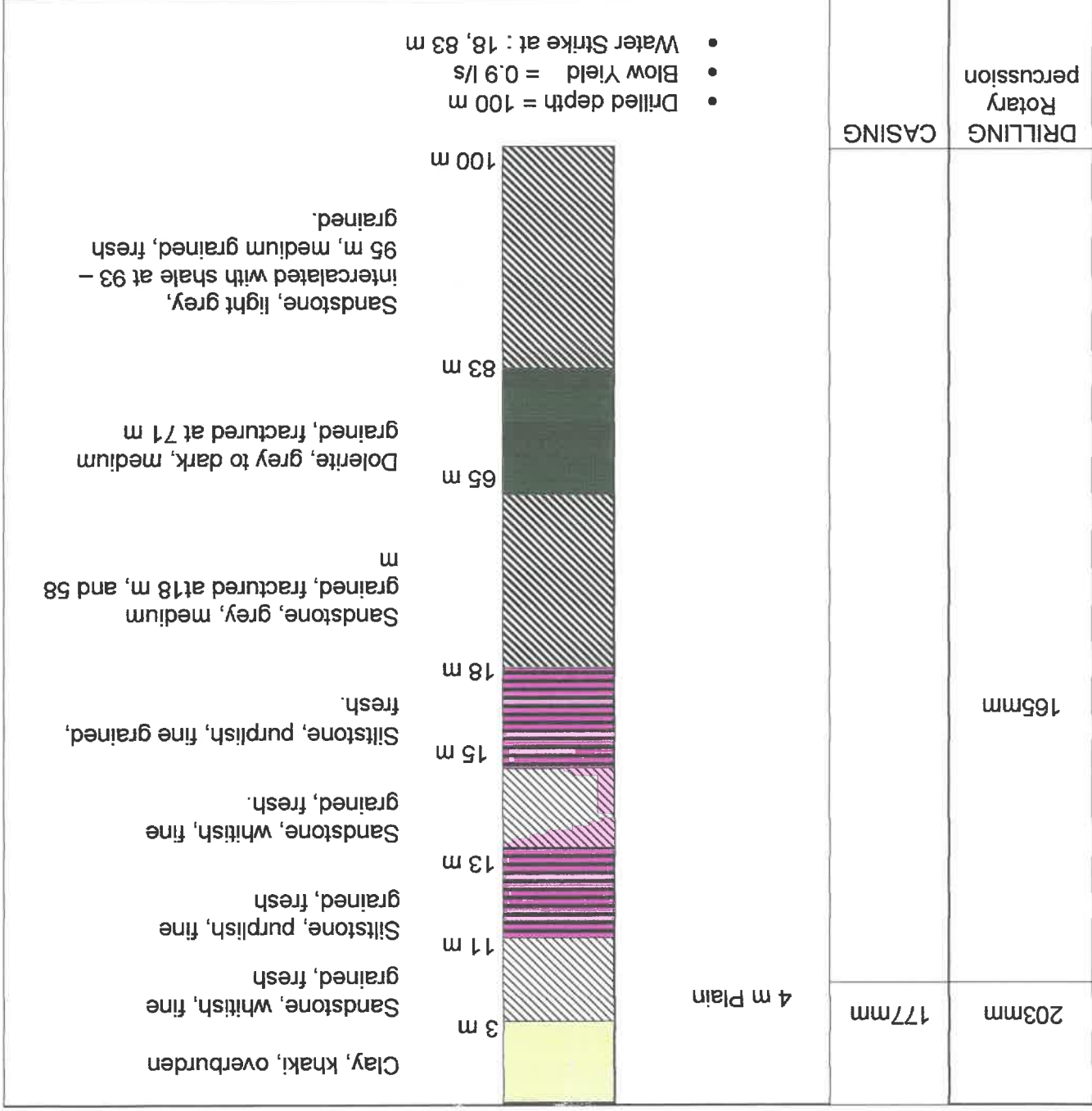
165mm



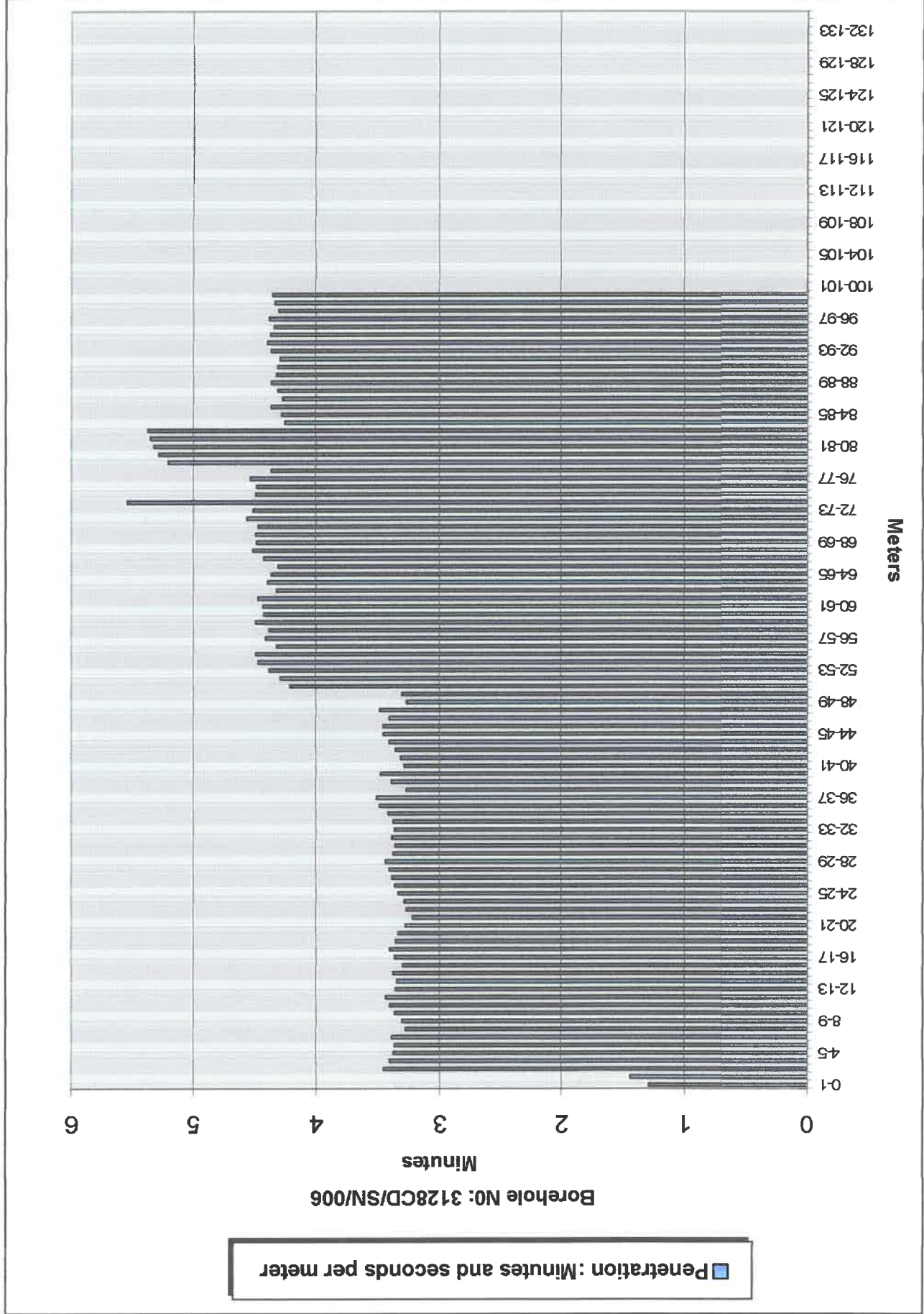
- Drilled depth = 90 m
- Blow Yield = 2.2 l/s
- Water Strike at : 44 m

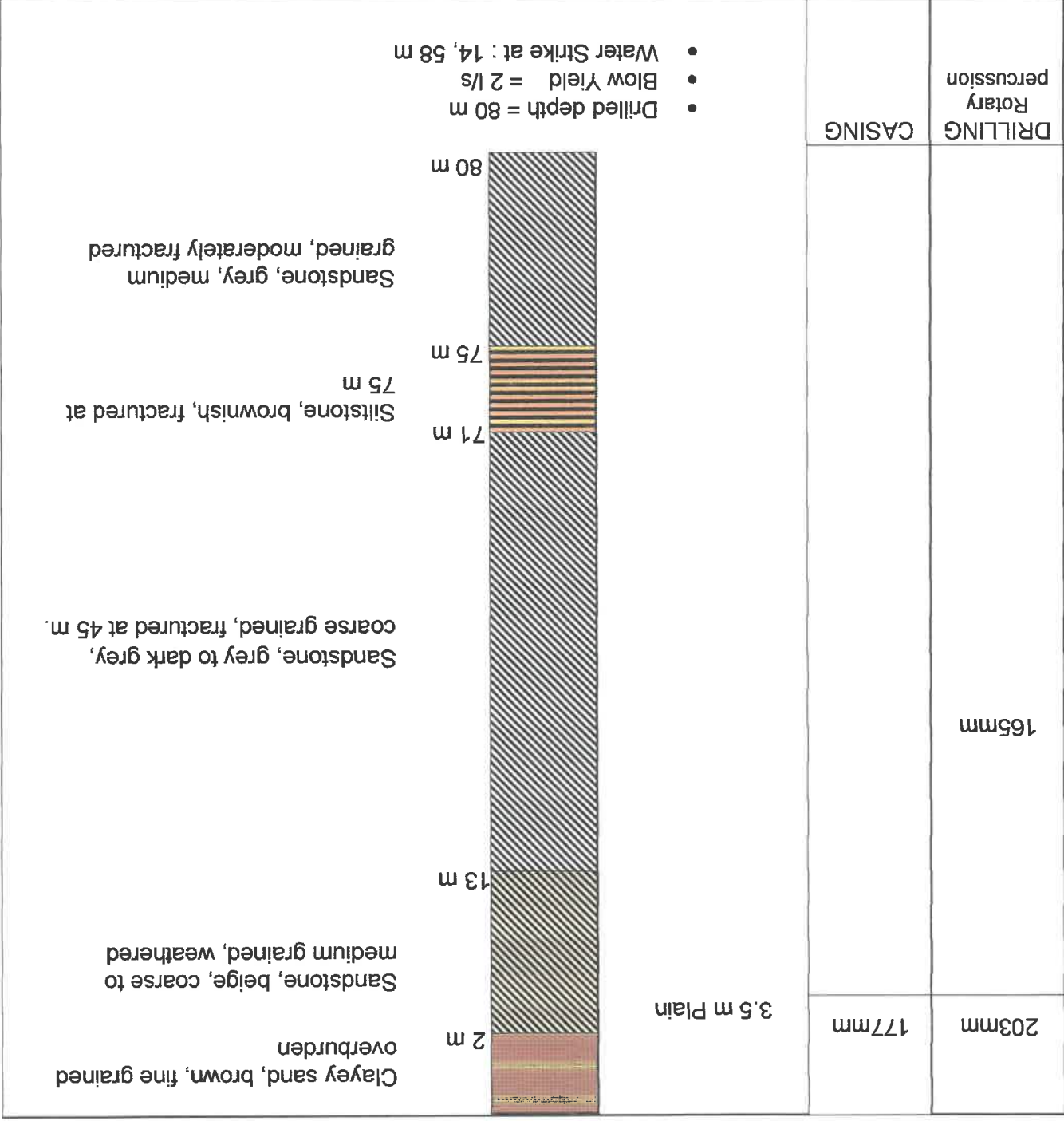
Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 31° 54' 50.0"
 E-Coord : 28° 20' 53"
 Date : 07/06/03
 Diam : 165mm





Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 56' 51.3"
E-Coord : 28° 22' 16.3"
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 08/06/03
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

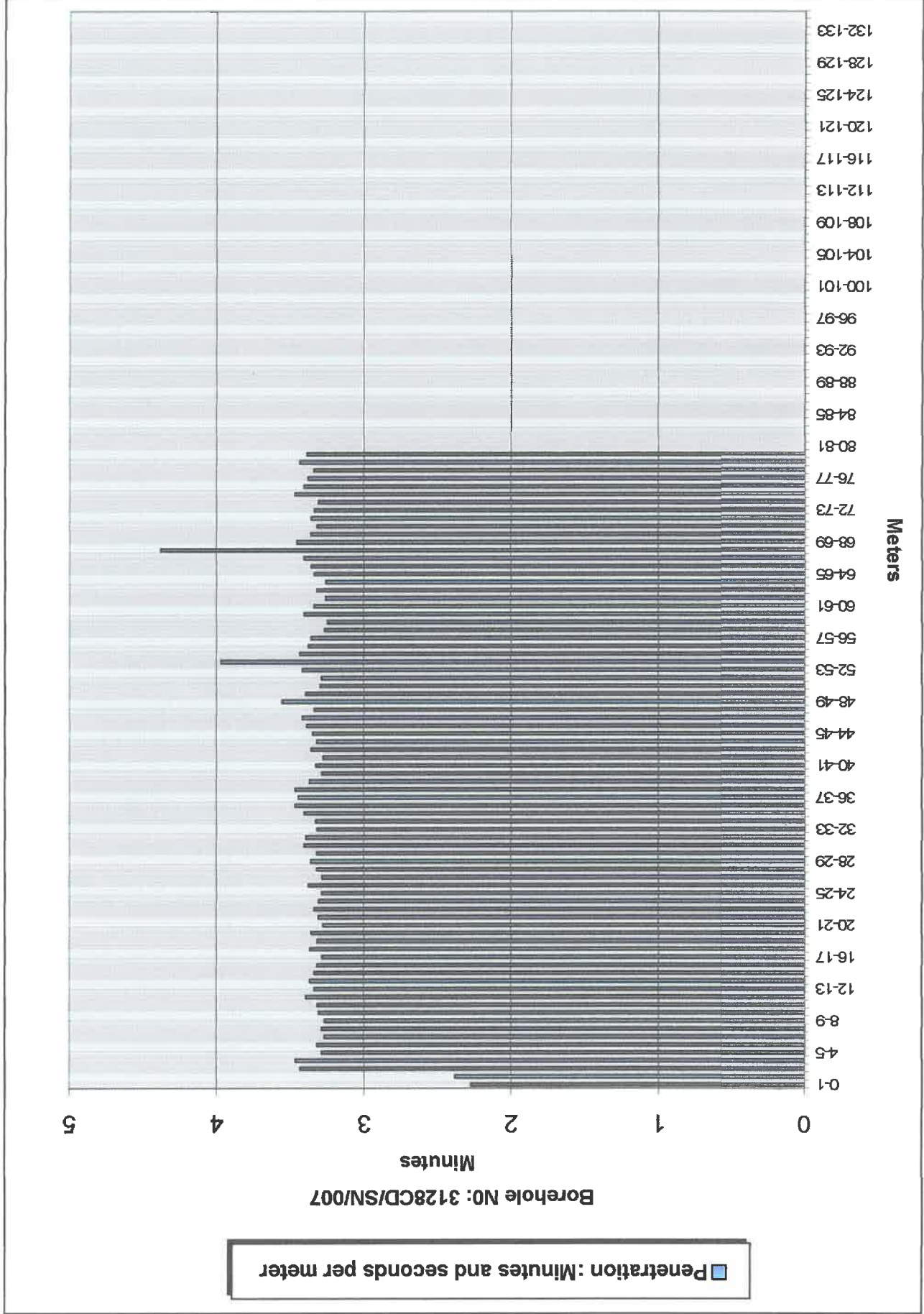


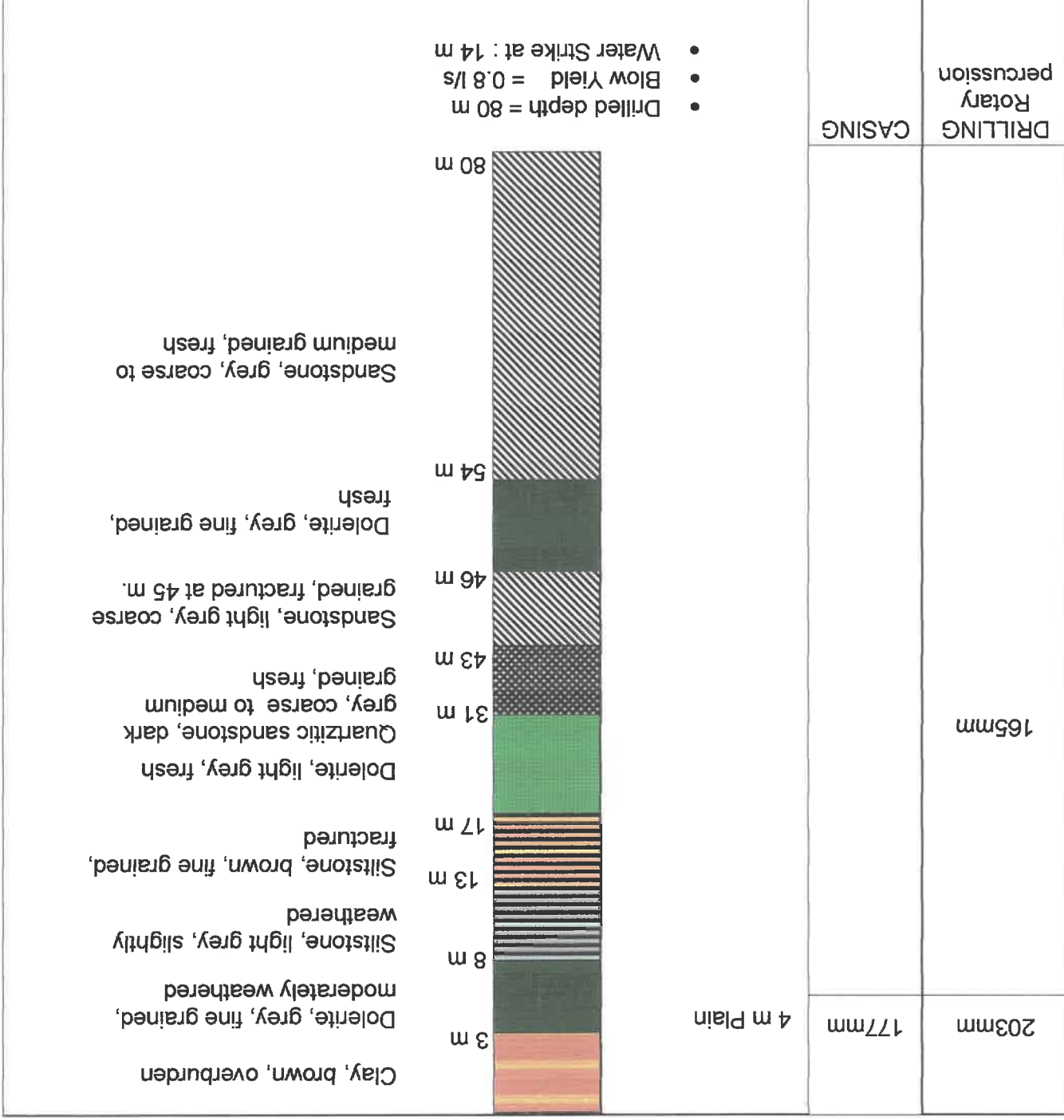


Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 56' 06.9"

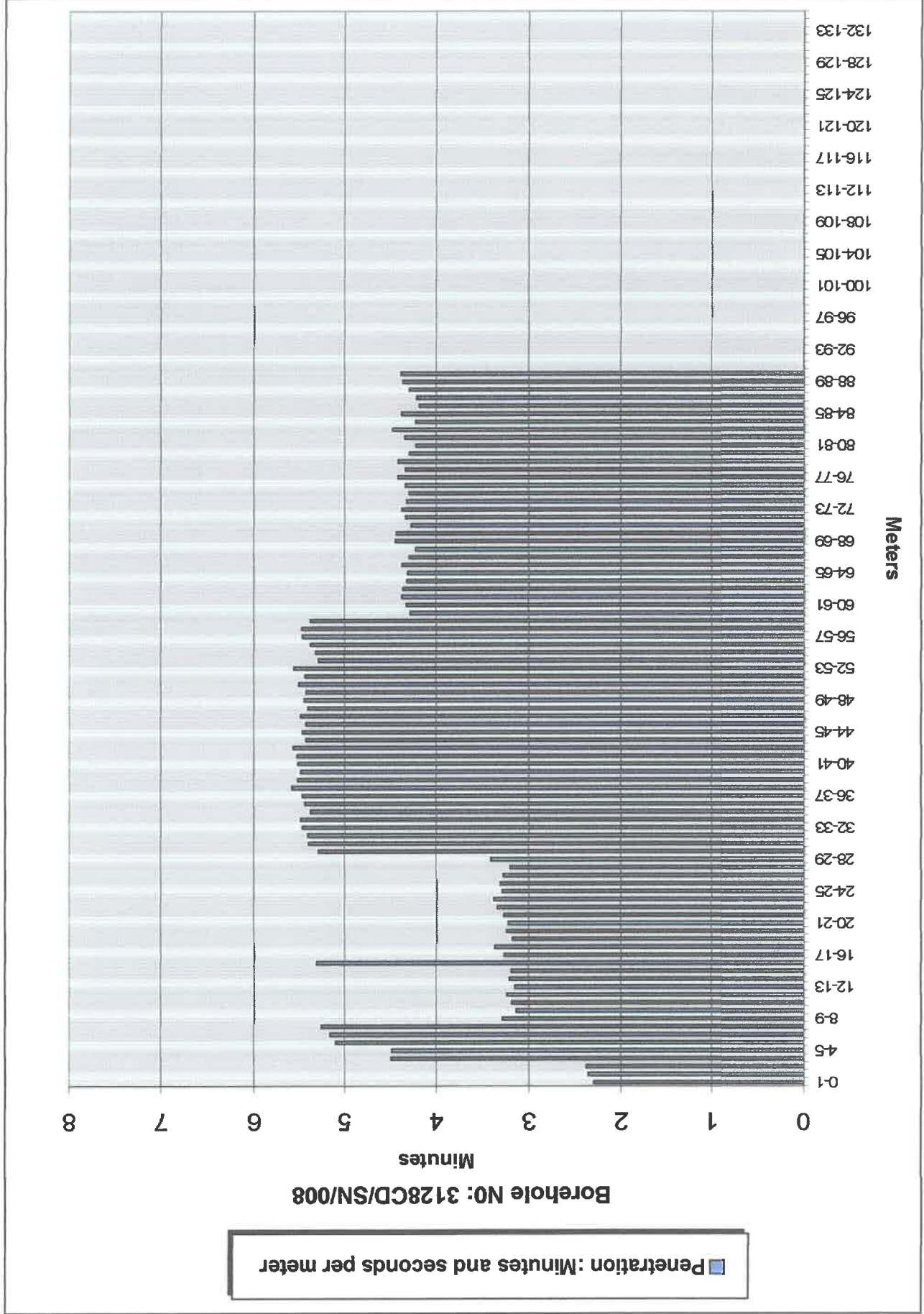
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 09/06/03
E-Coord : 28° 24' 17.6"

Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora





Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 58' 47.5"
E-Coord : 28° 24' 42.7"
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 10/06/03
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

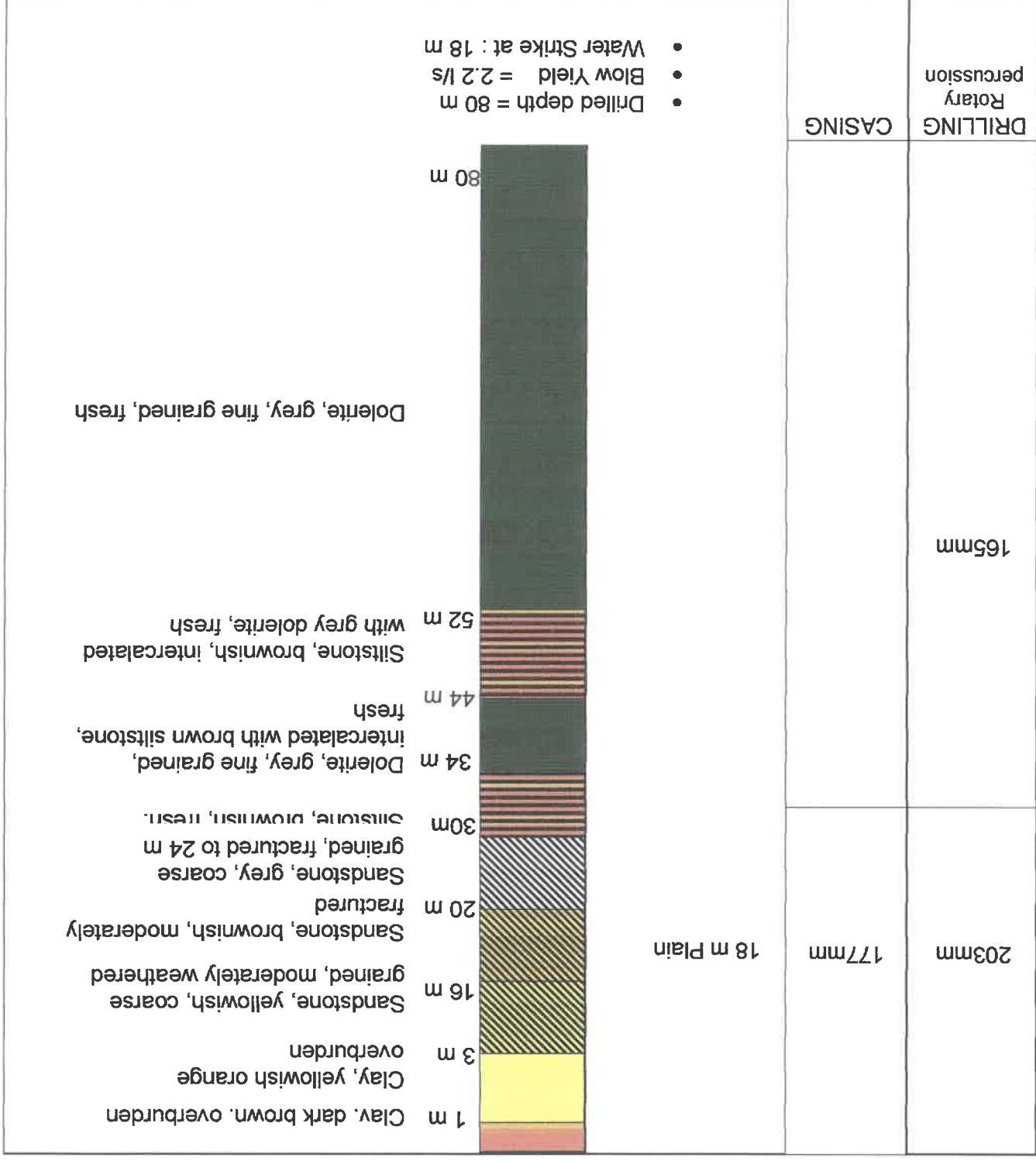




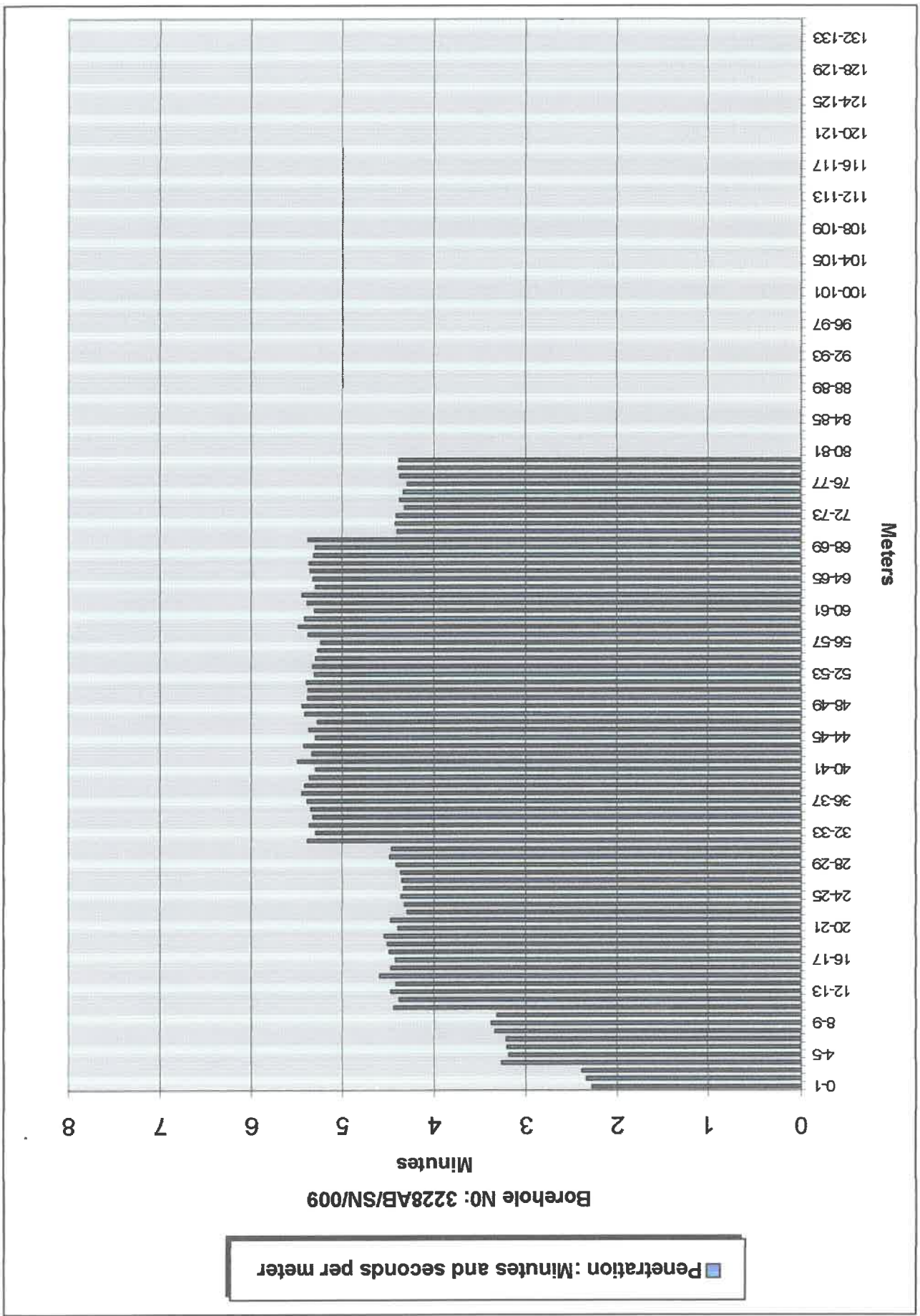
**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3228AB/SN/009

COMMUNITY : Colesal/ Doti



Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 04' 36.7"
E-Coord : 28° 19' 49.5"
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 12/06/03
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

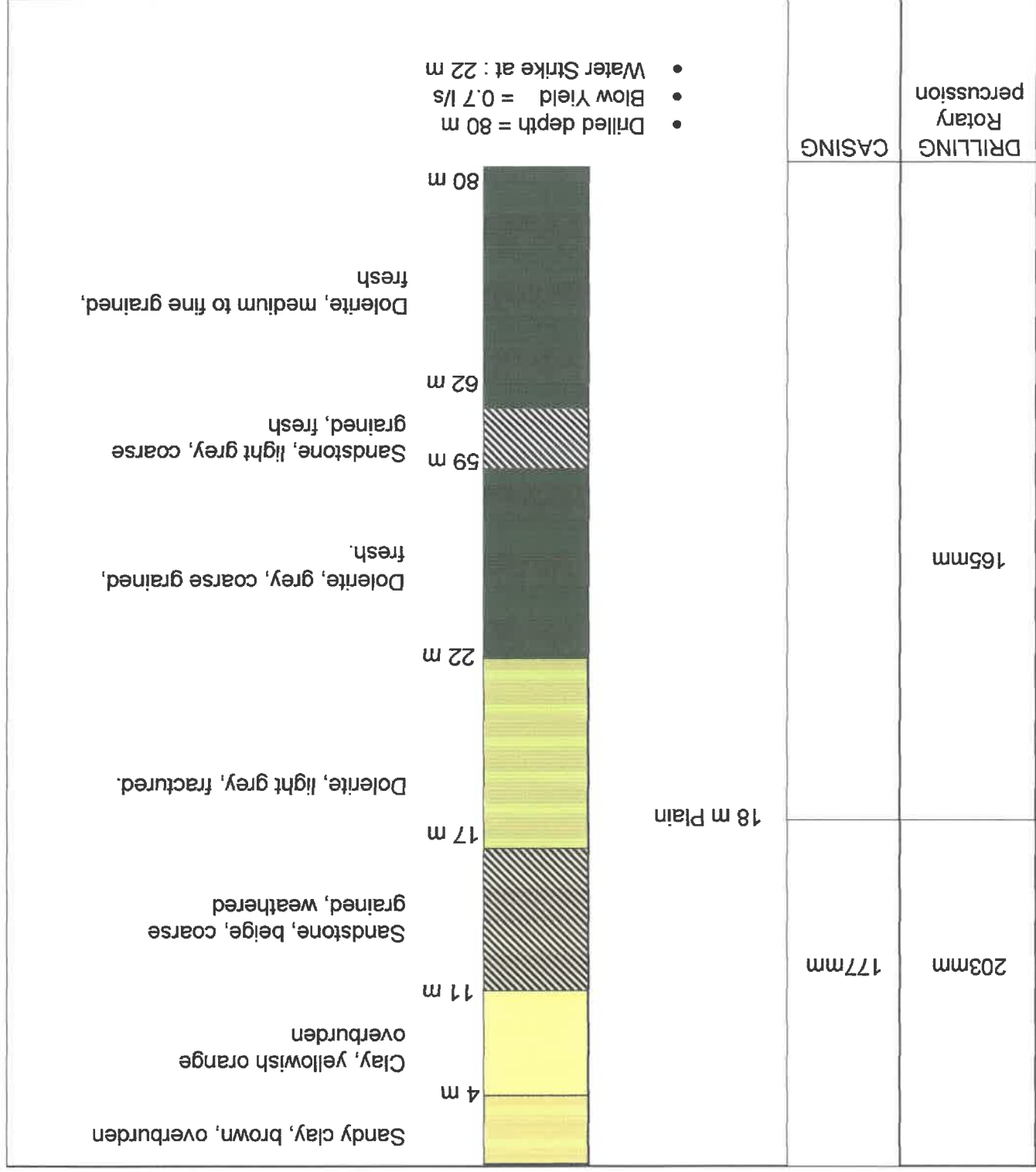




**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3228AB/SN/010

COMMUNITY : Lencana



- Drilled depth = 80 m
- Blow Yield = 0.7 l/s
- Water Strike at : 22 m

Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 32° 08' 52.4"
 E-Coord : 28° 20' 15.2"
 Date : 12/06/03

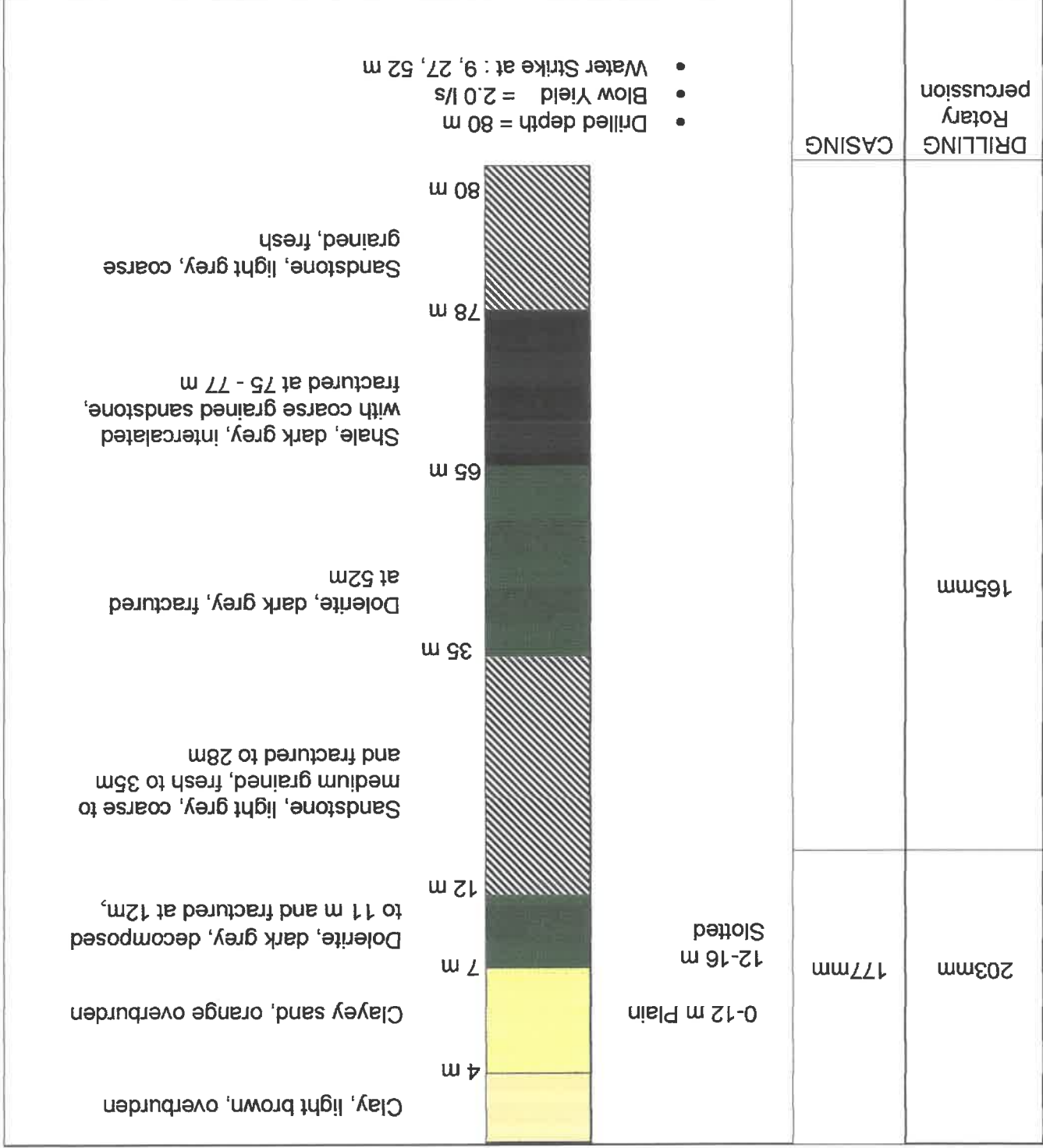




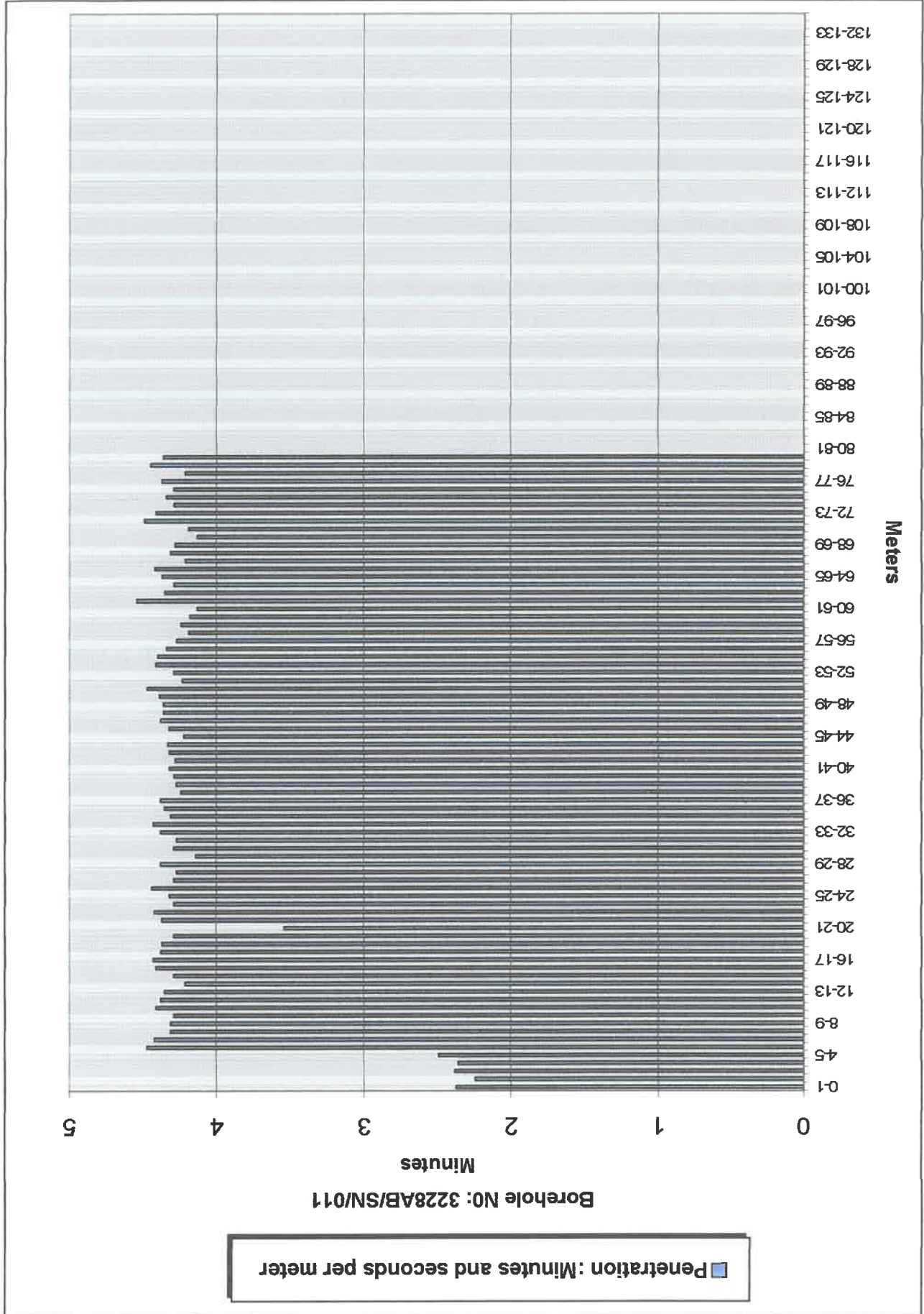
**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

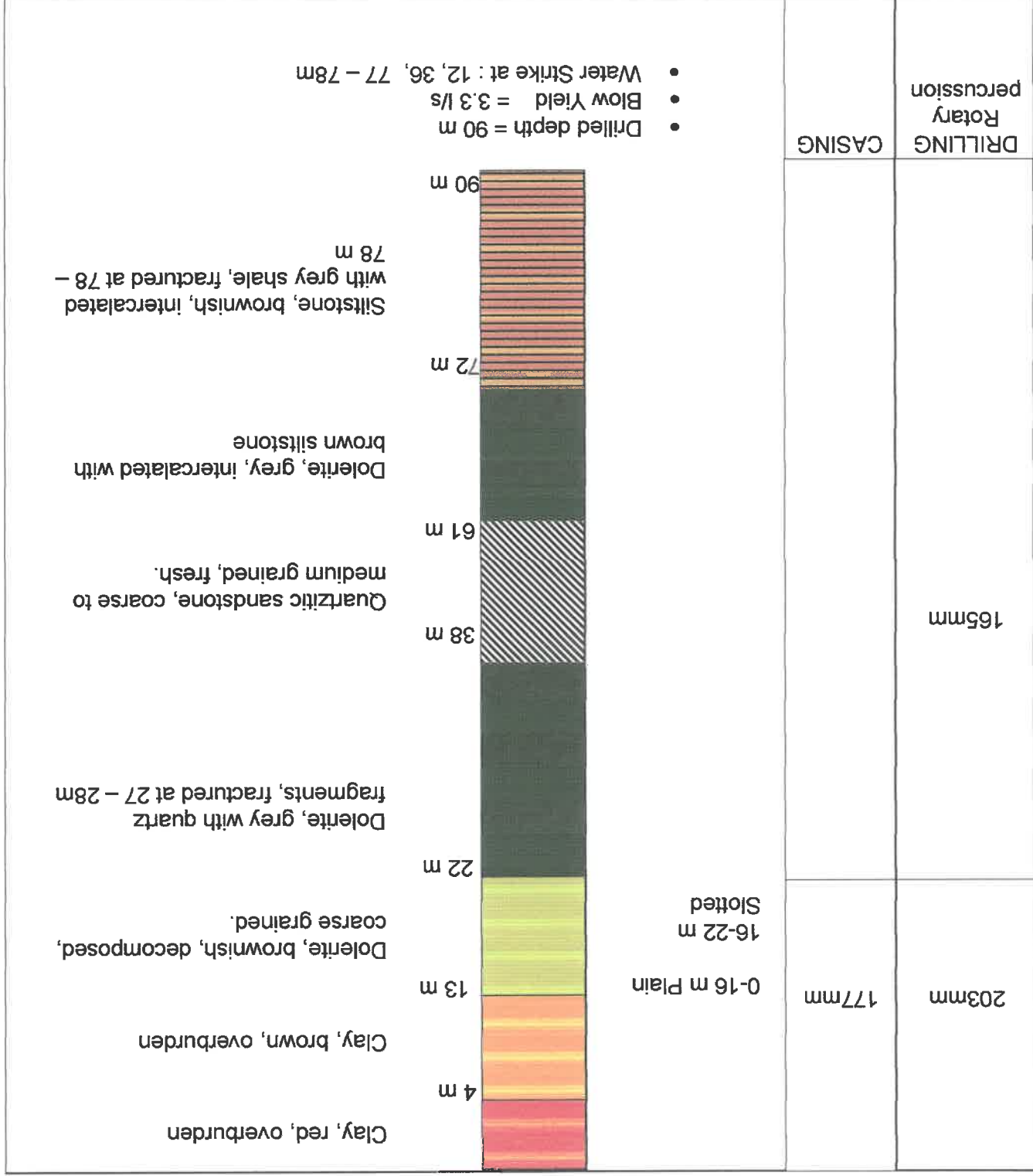
BH : 3228AB/SN/011

COMMUNITY : Qelana

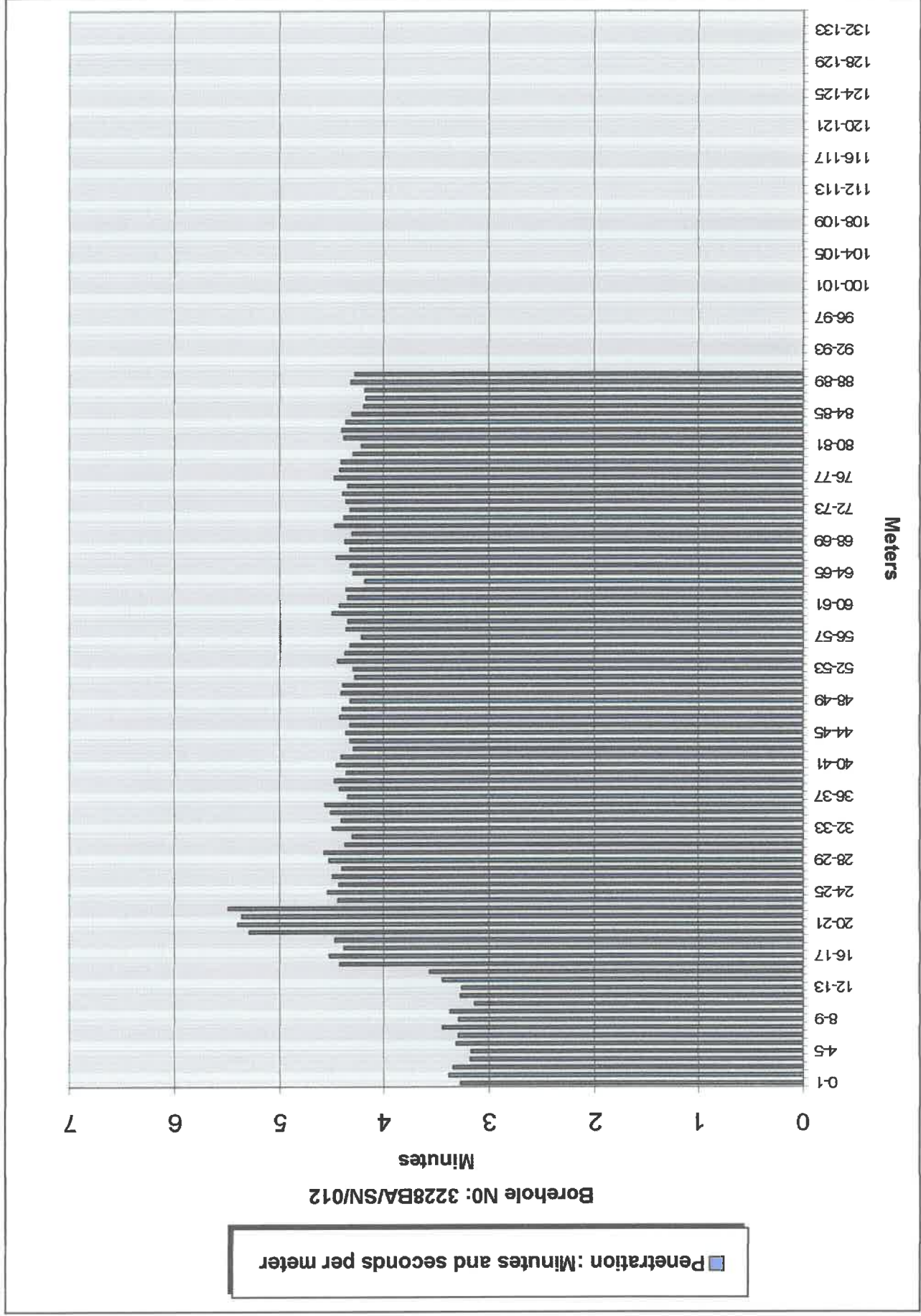


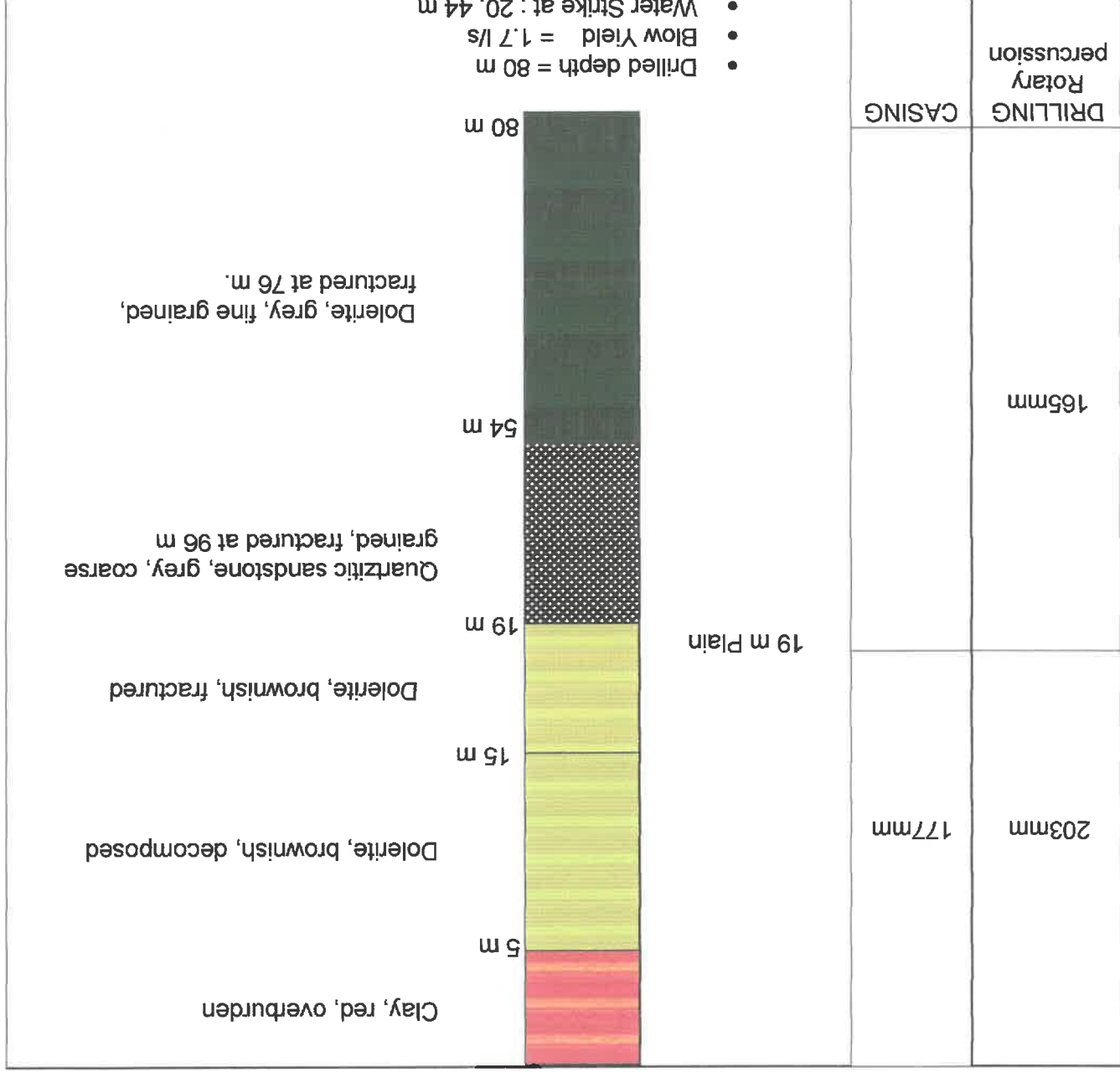
Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 10' 03.1"
E-Coord : 28° 08' 08.7"
Dilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 18/06/03
Profilled By : Sylvester Ndoora



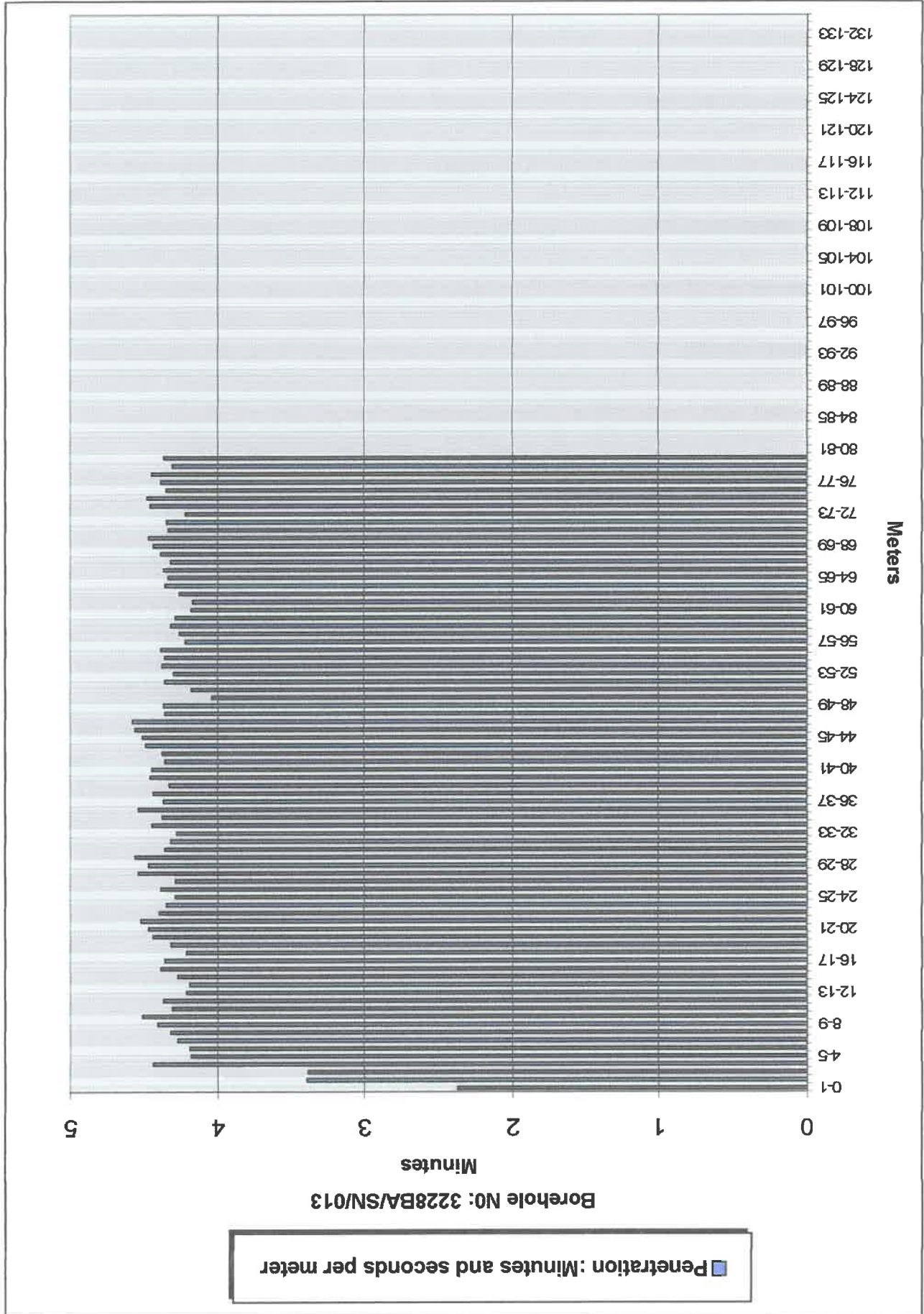


Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 09' 12.2"
E-Coord : 28° 31' 34.0"
Dilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 19/06/03
Profilled By : Sylvester Ndoora





Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 32° 07' 07.8"
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier Date : 21/06/03 E-Coord : 28° 32' 24.0"
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

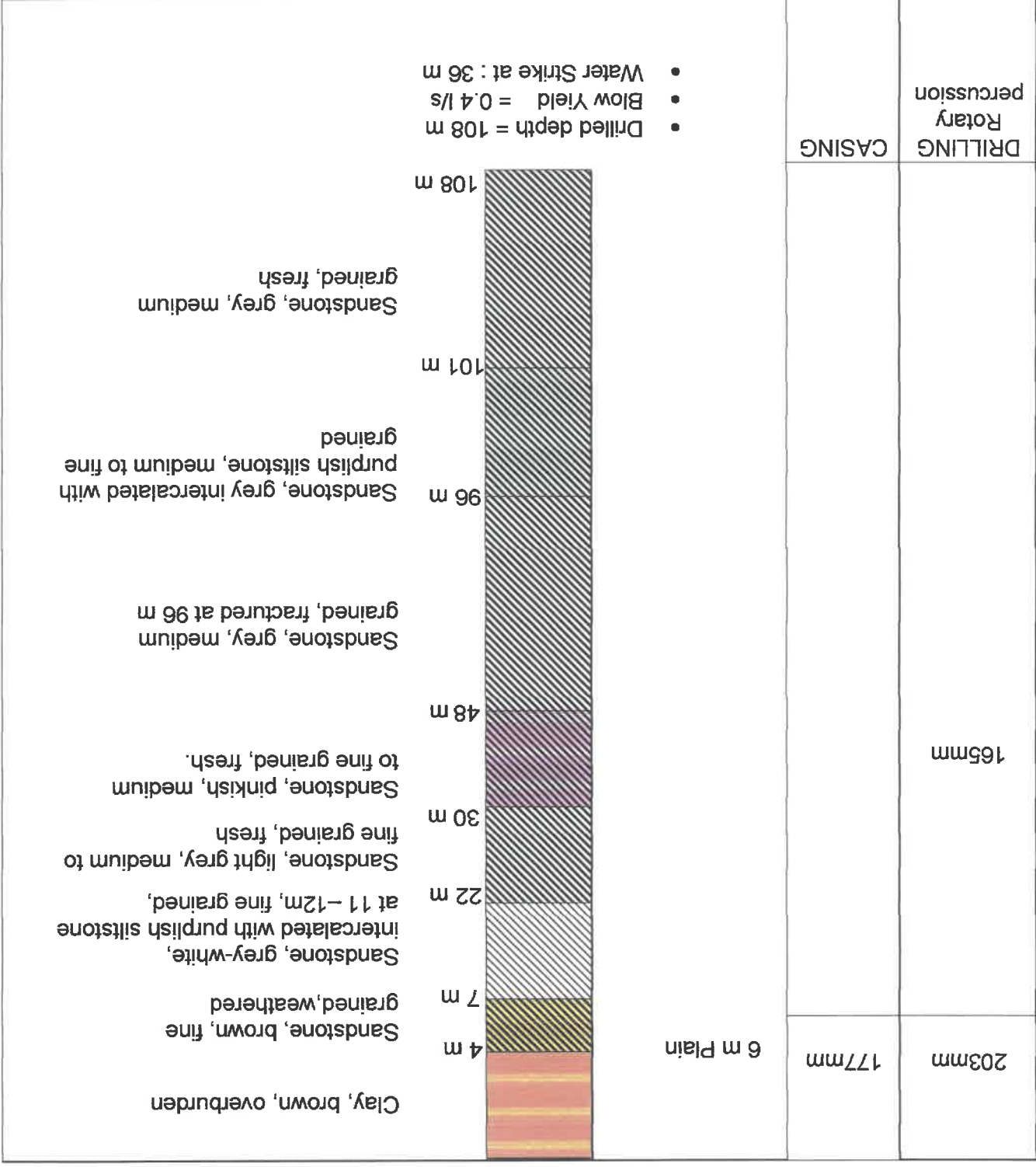




**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FESEABILITY STUDY**

BH : 3228A/ASN/014

COMMUNITY : Kwatenzi



DRILLING
Rotary
percussion
CASING

203mm

177mm

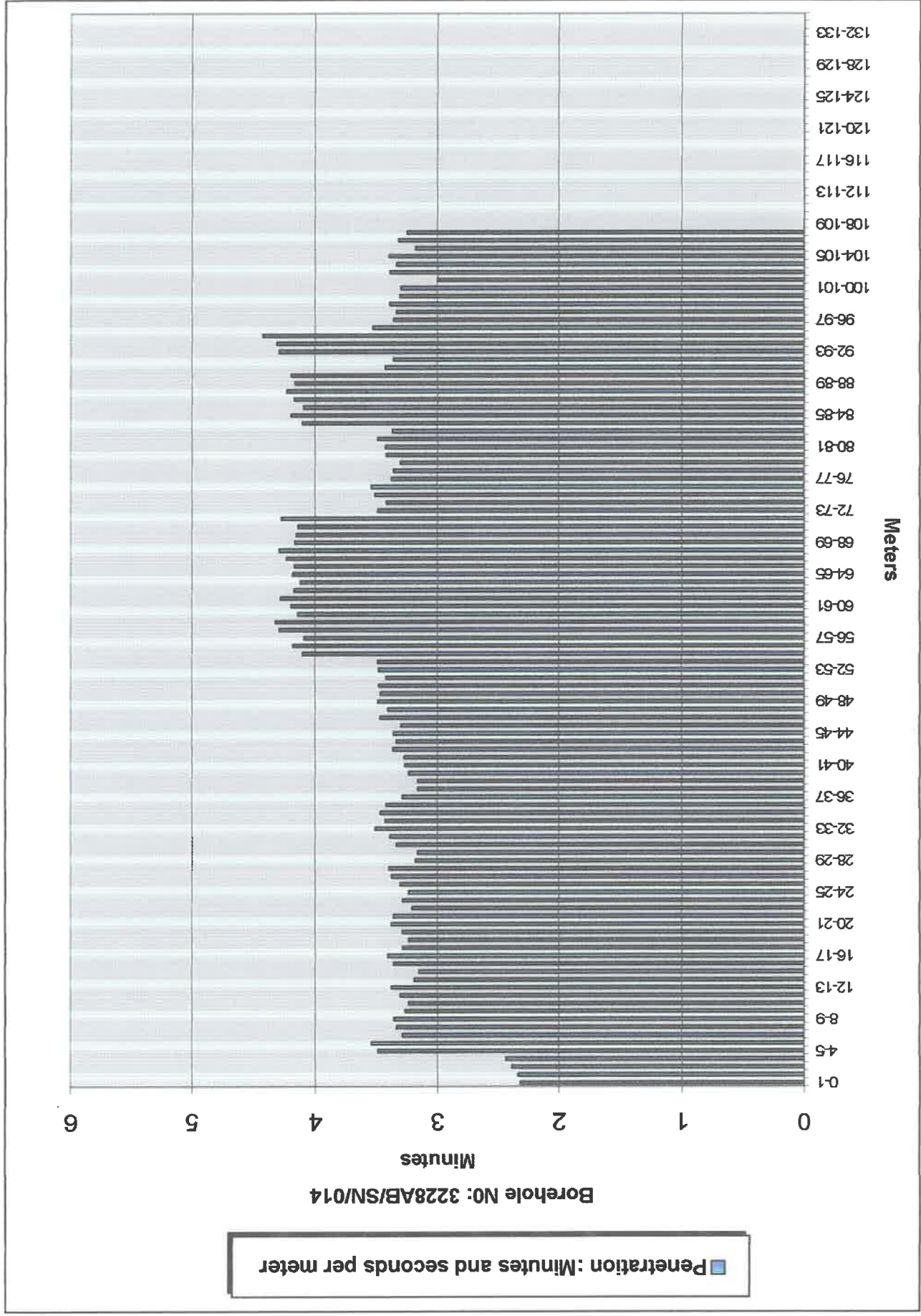
6 m Plain

165mm

Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 01' 43.5"

Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 23/06/03
E-Coord : 28° 13' 15.3"

Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

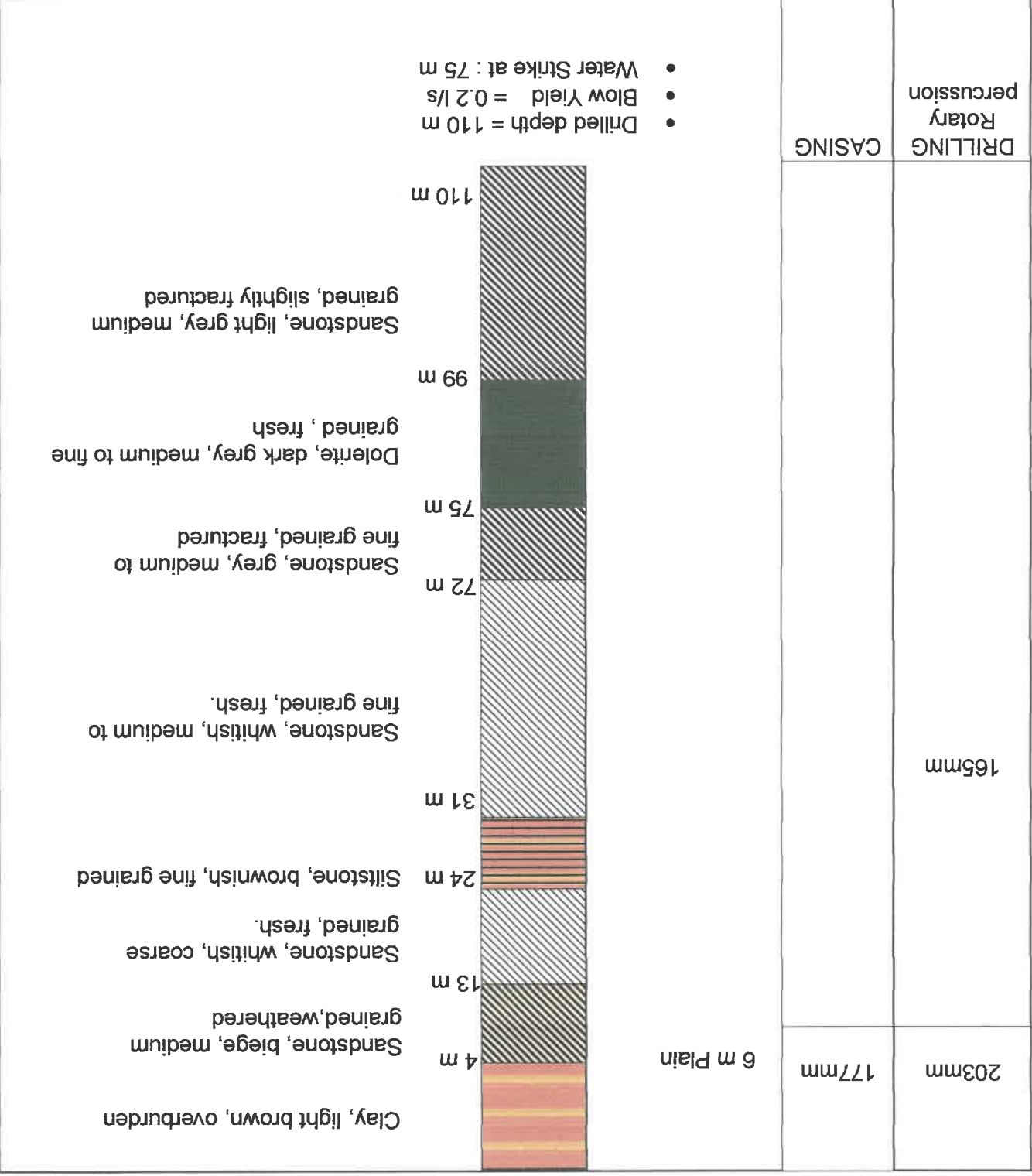




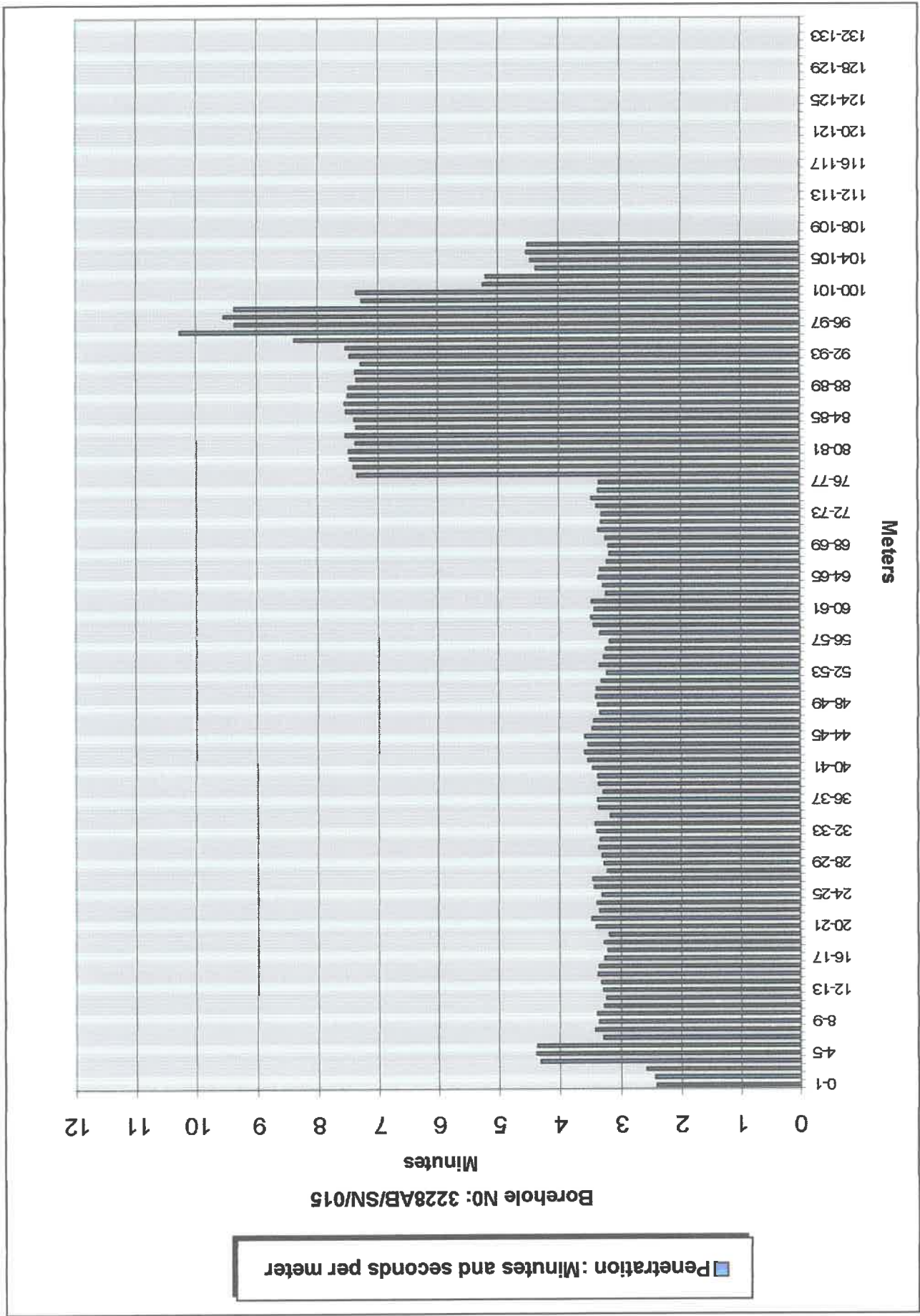
**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3228AA/SN/015

COMMUNITY : Kuvindwa



Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 56' 37.6"
E-Coord : 28° 13' 27.9"
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 25/06/03
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora



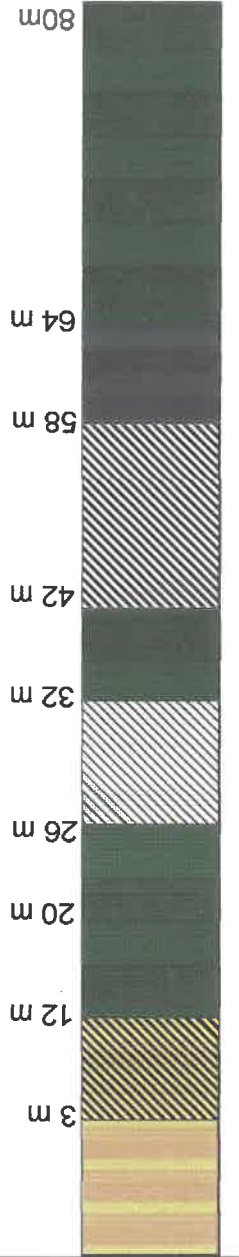
COMMUNITY : Sheshegu

BH : 3228AB/SN/016

IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY



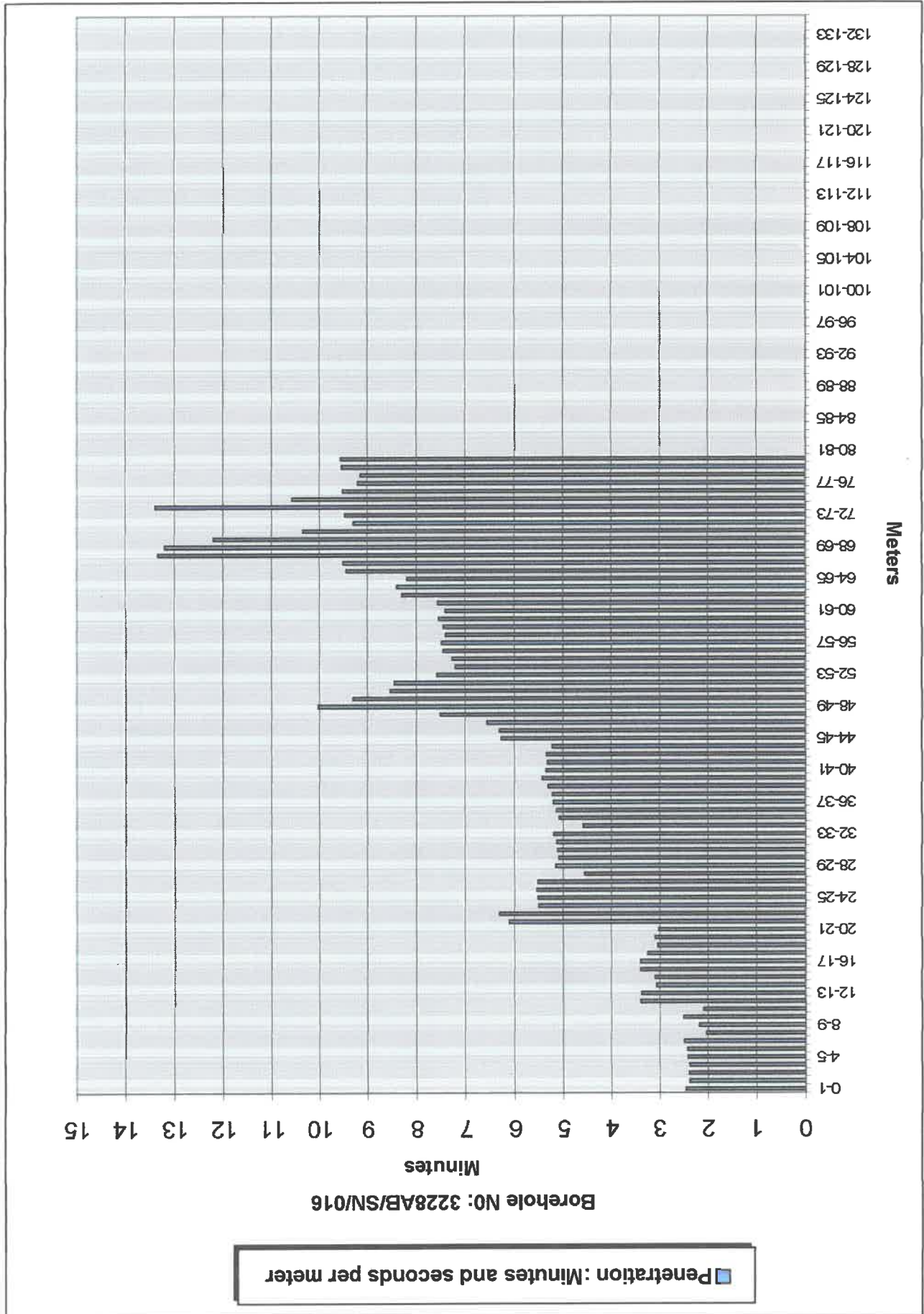
6 m Plain



- Drilled depth = 80 m
- Blow Yield = 3.3 l/s
- Water Strike at : 22, 40, 63 - 64 m

203mm	177mm	165mm
DRILLING	CASING	Rotary percussion

Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 32° 08' 07.6"
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier Date : 27/06/03 E-Coord : 28° 18' 00.8"
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

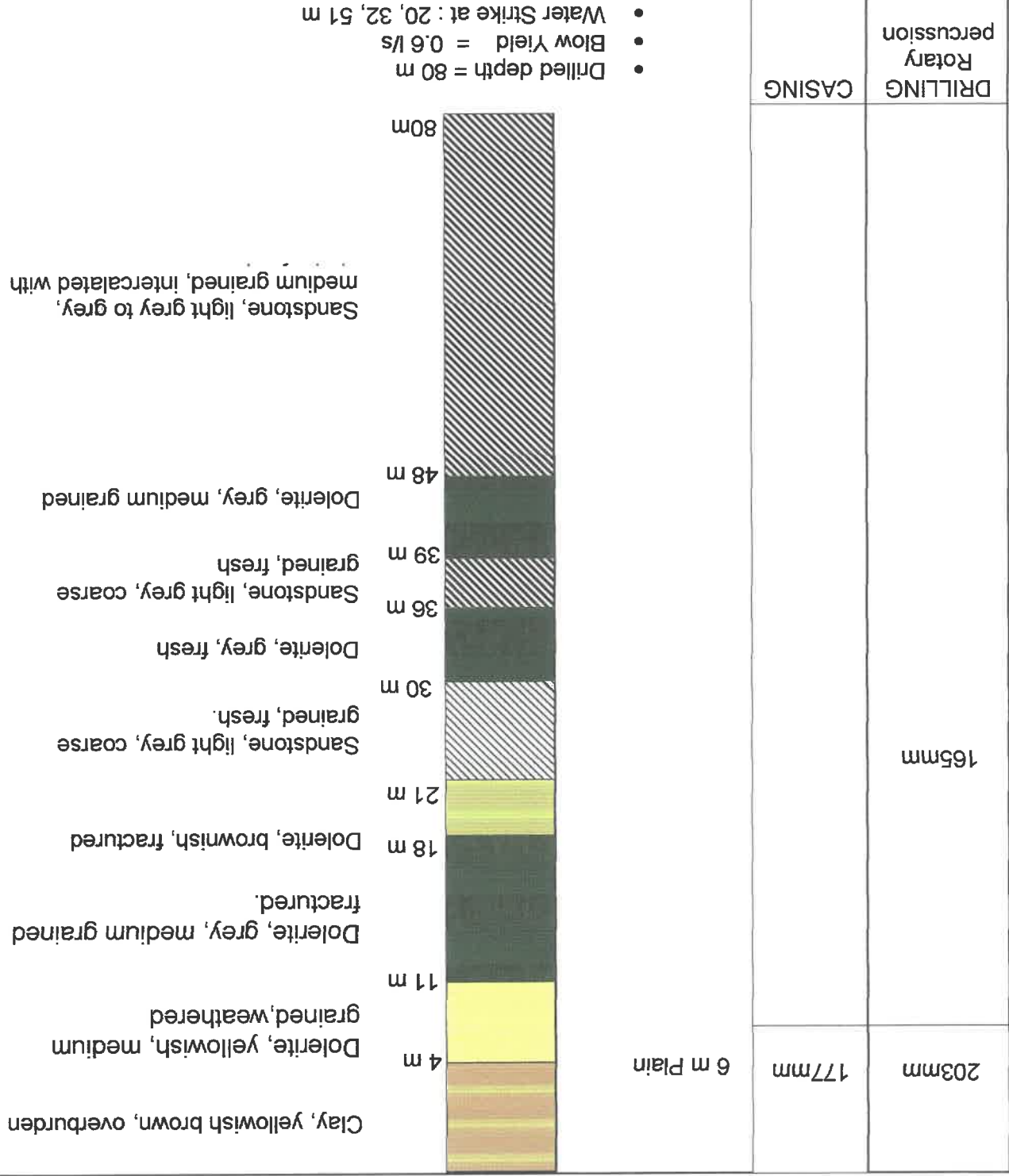


**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

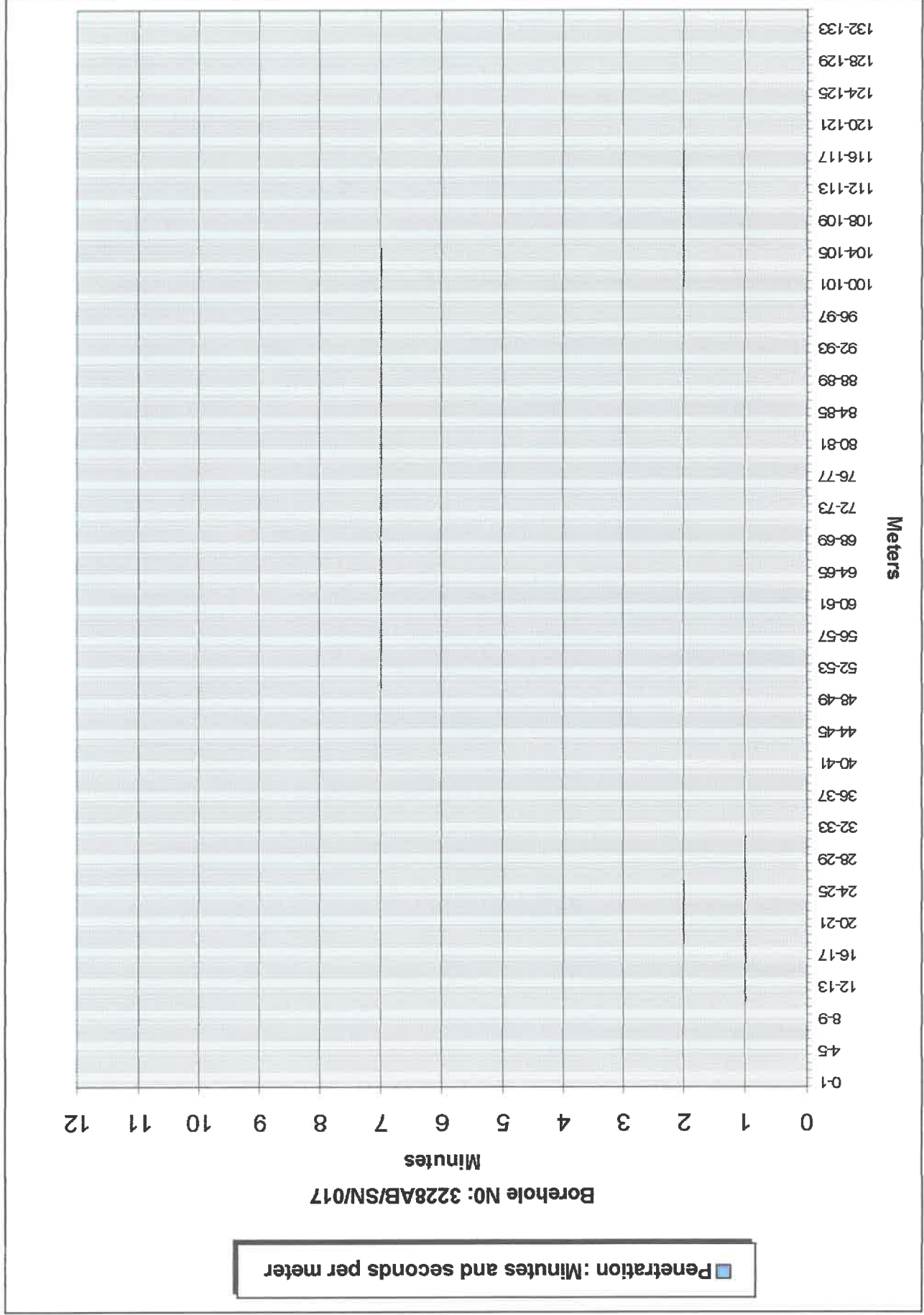


BH : 3228AB/SN/017

COMMUNITY : Mamfameni



Contractor : Oliver & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 Diam : 165mm
 Date : 27/06/03
 S-Coord : 32° 08' 07.6"
 E-Coord : 28° 18' 00.8"

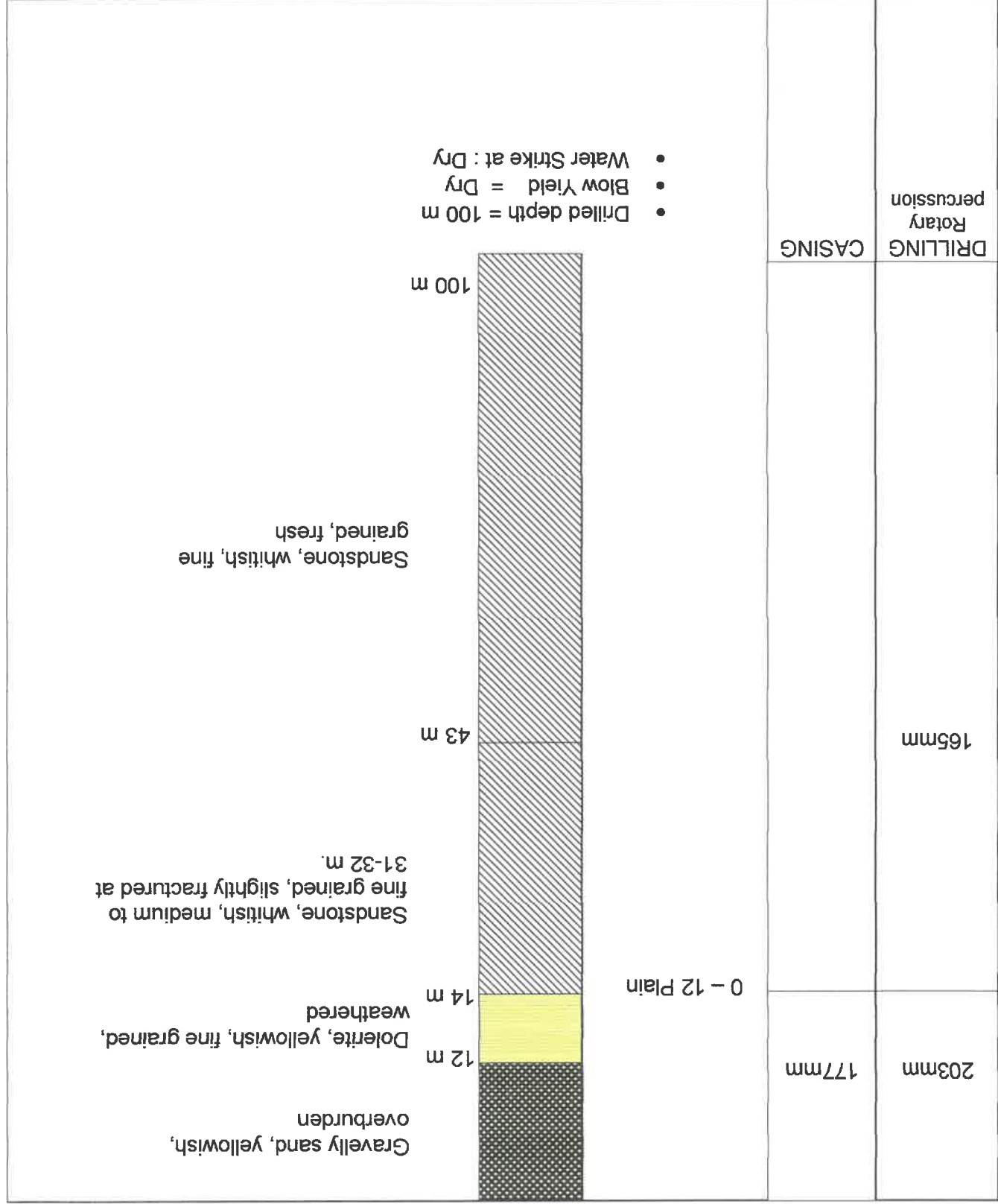


**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**



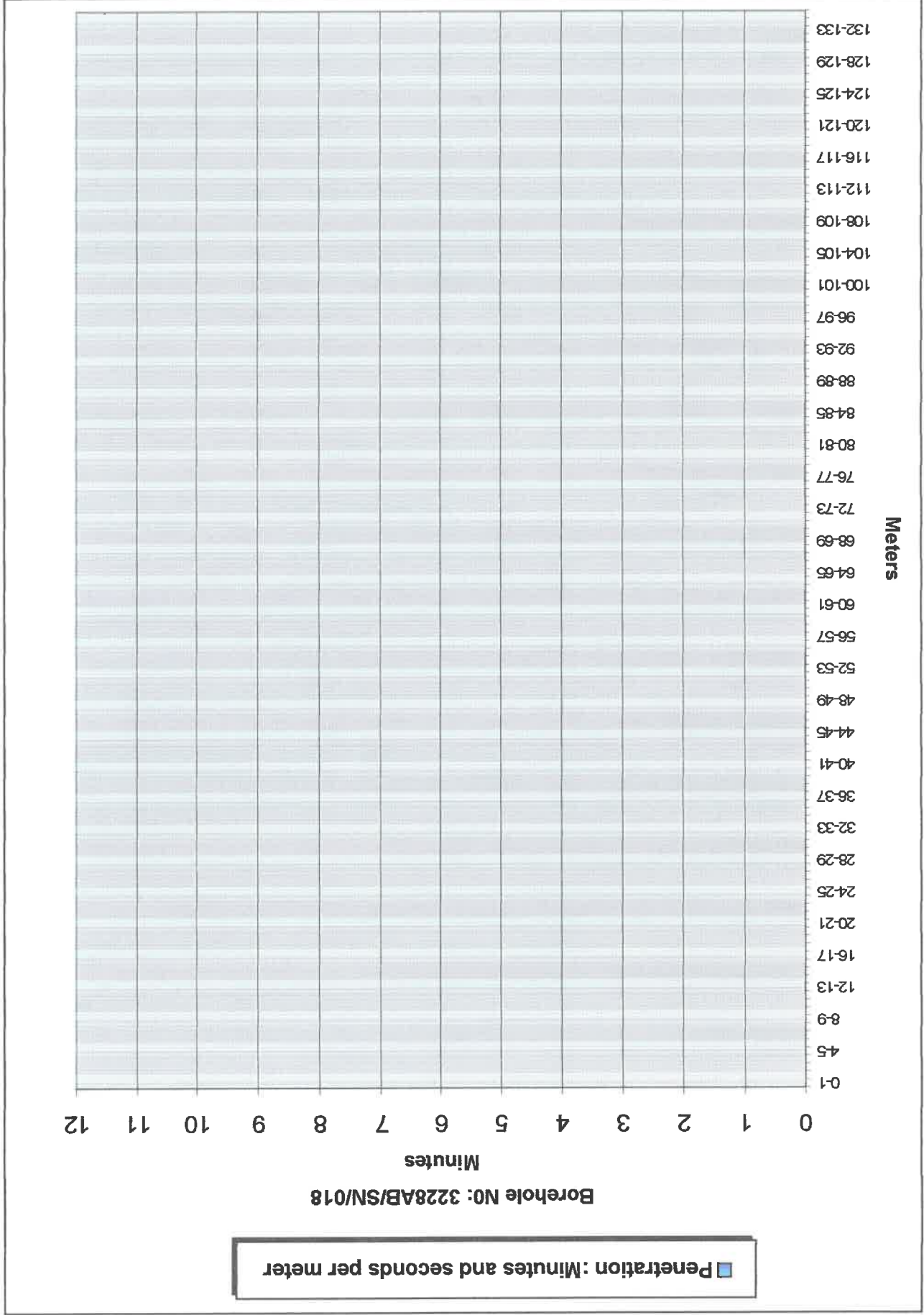
BH : 3228AB/SN/018

COMMUNITY : Msintsana



- Drilled depth = 100 m
- Blow Yield = Dry
- Water Strike at : Dry

Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 32° 09' 11.6"
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier Date : 30/06/03 E-Coord : 28° 23' 01.4"
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

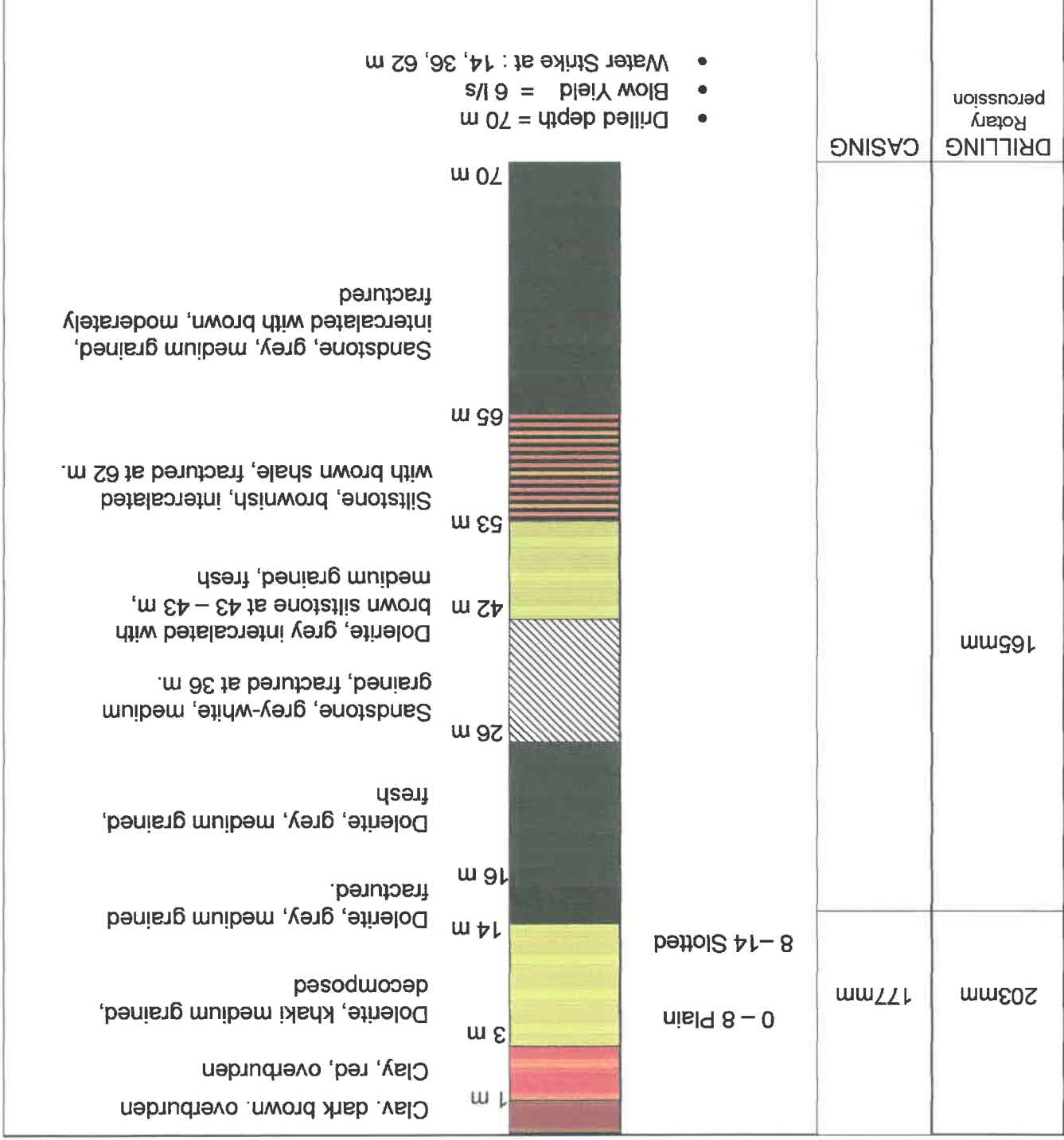


**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

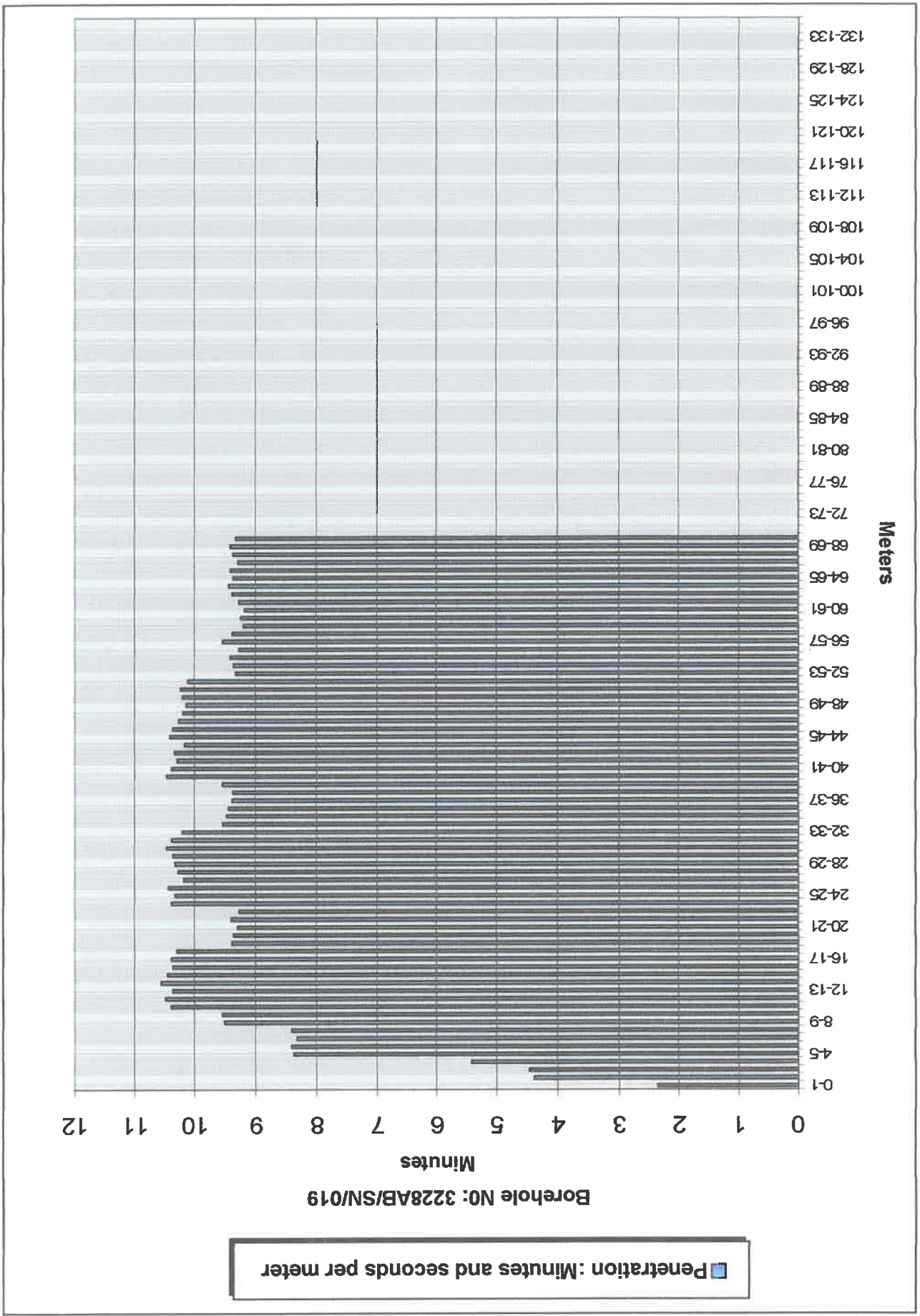


BH : 3228AB/SN/019

COMMUNITY : Mtovi



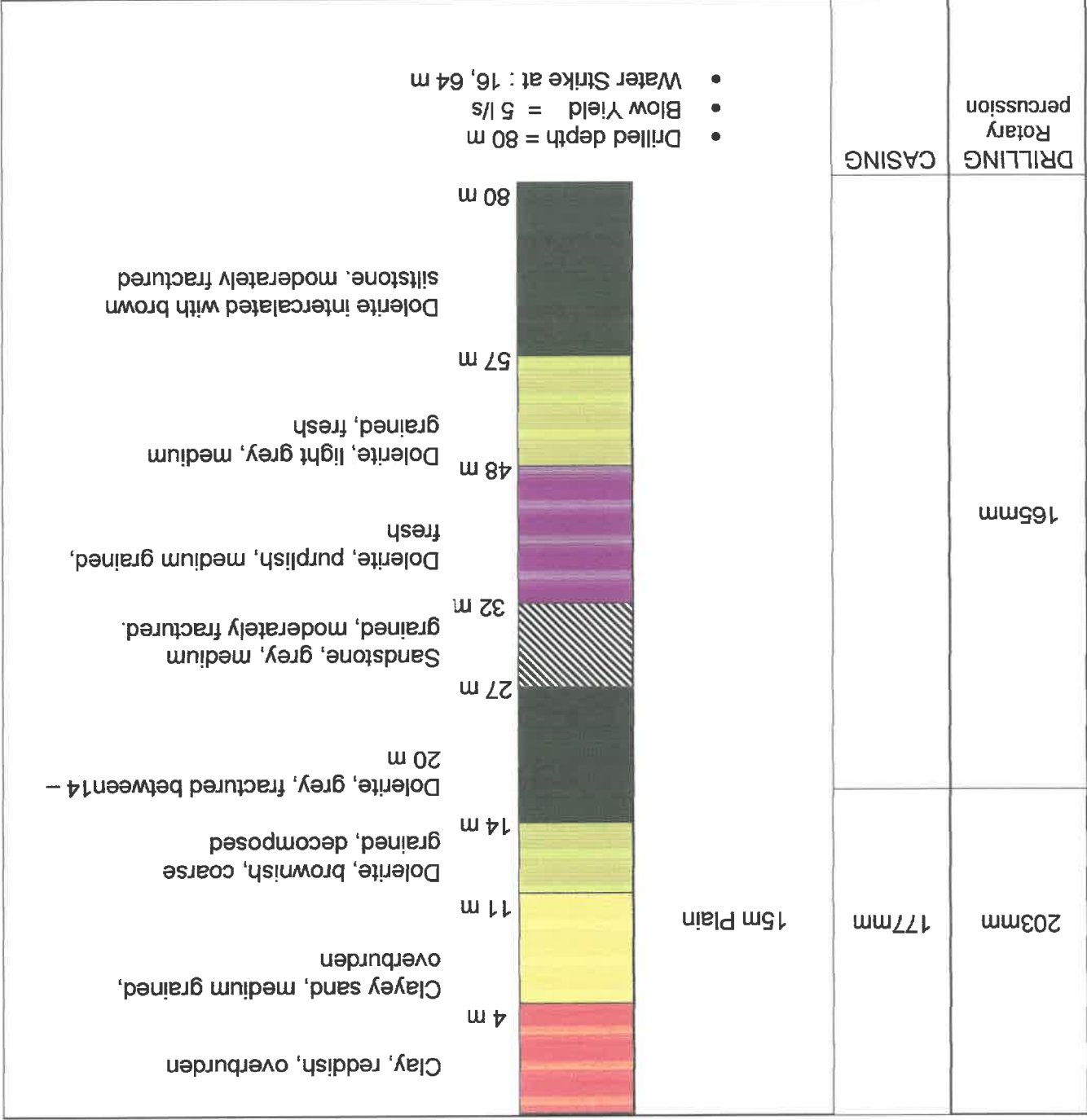
Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 32° 08' 16.6"
 E-Coord : 28° 24' 25.5"
 Date : 04/07/03
 Diam : 165mm



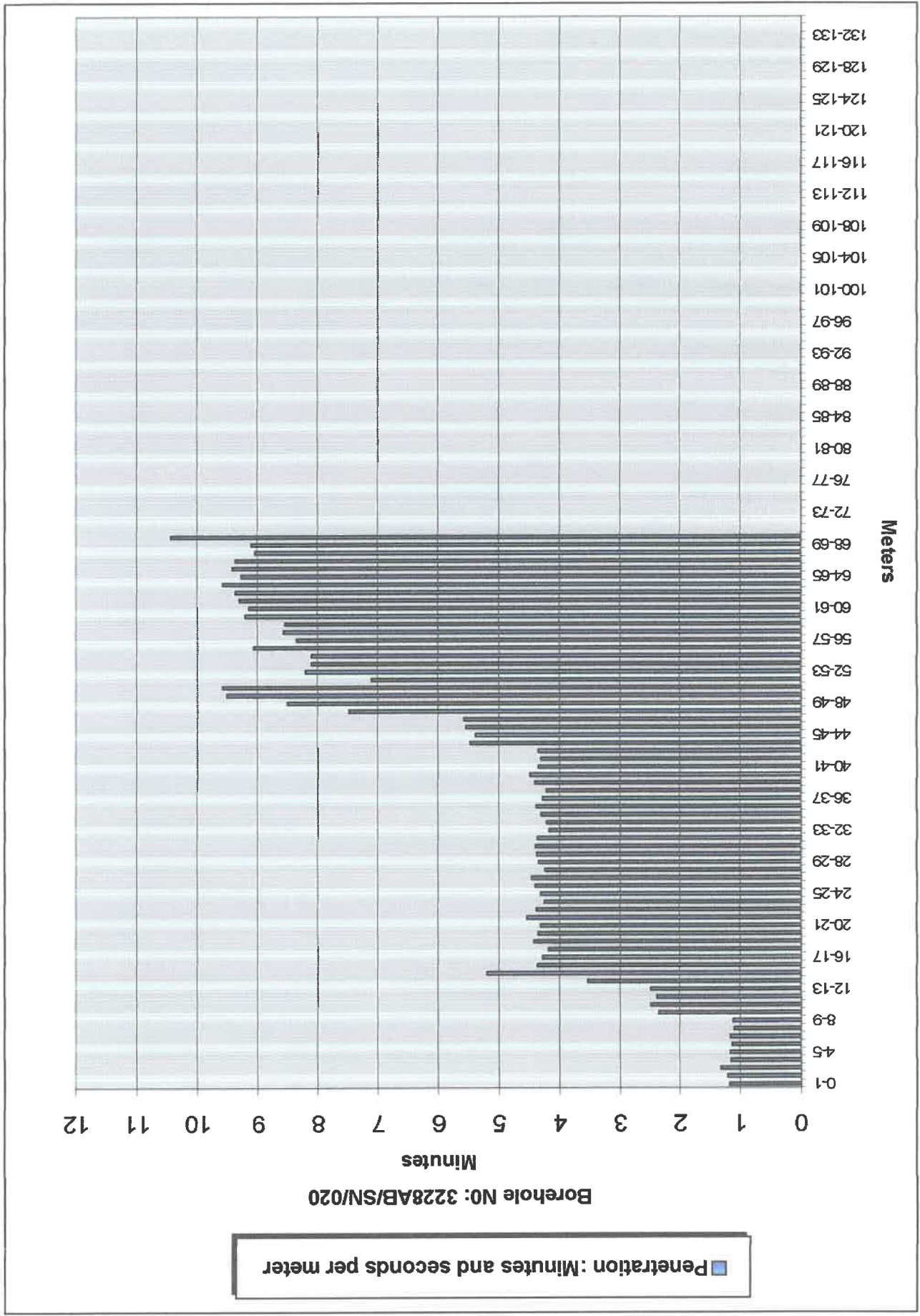
COMMUNITY : Tafeni

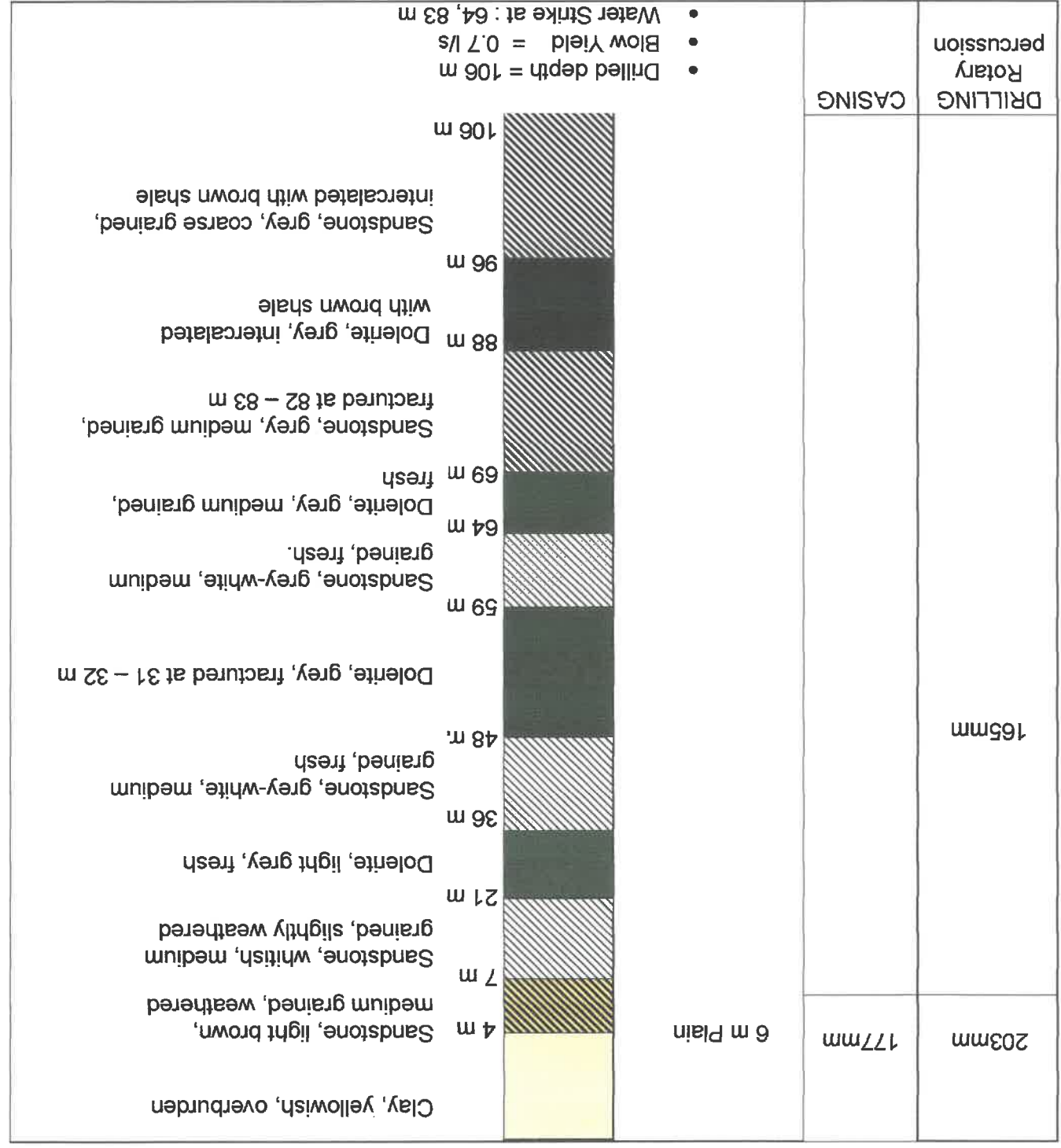
BH : 3228AB/SN/020

**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

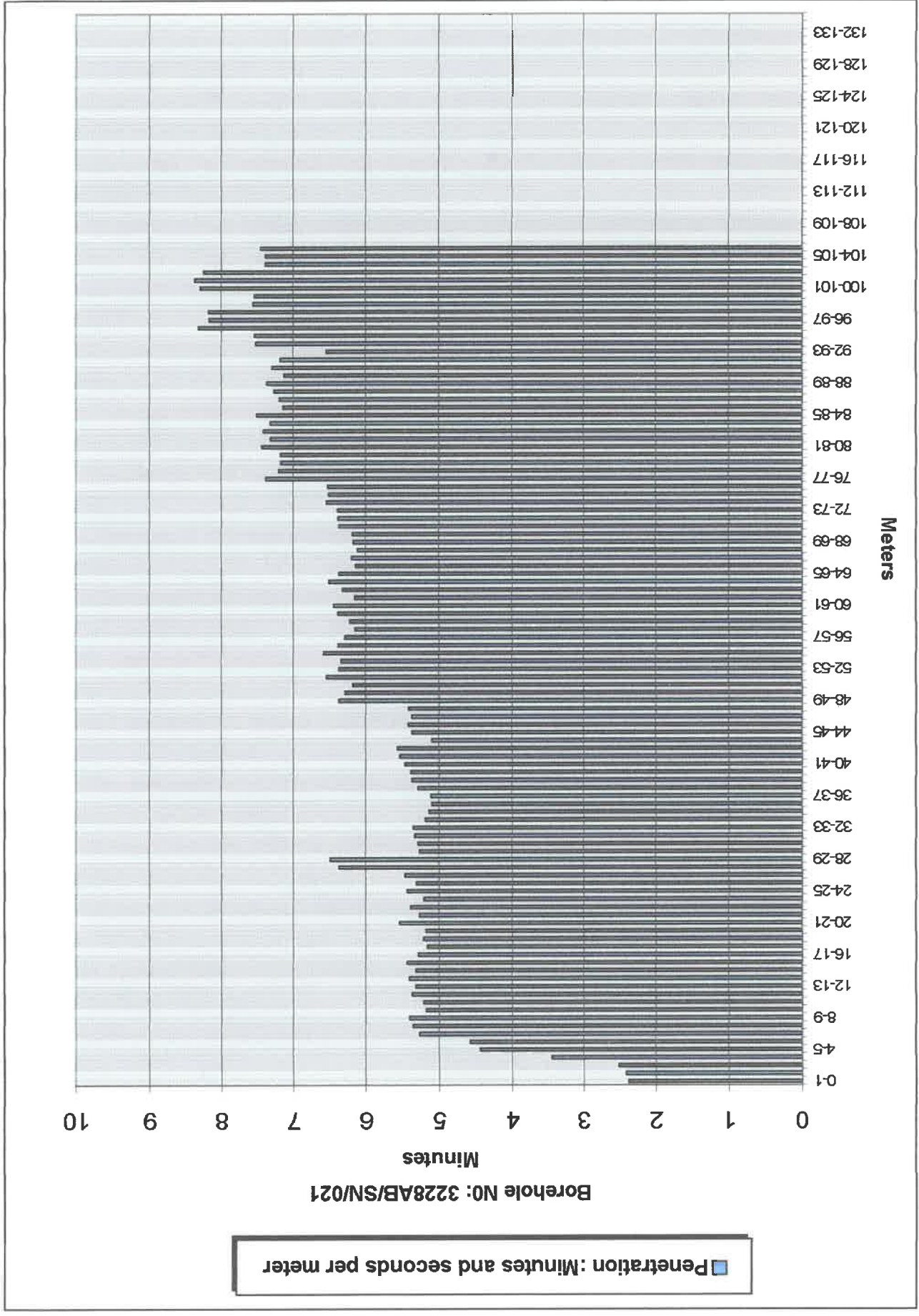


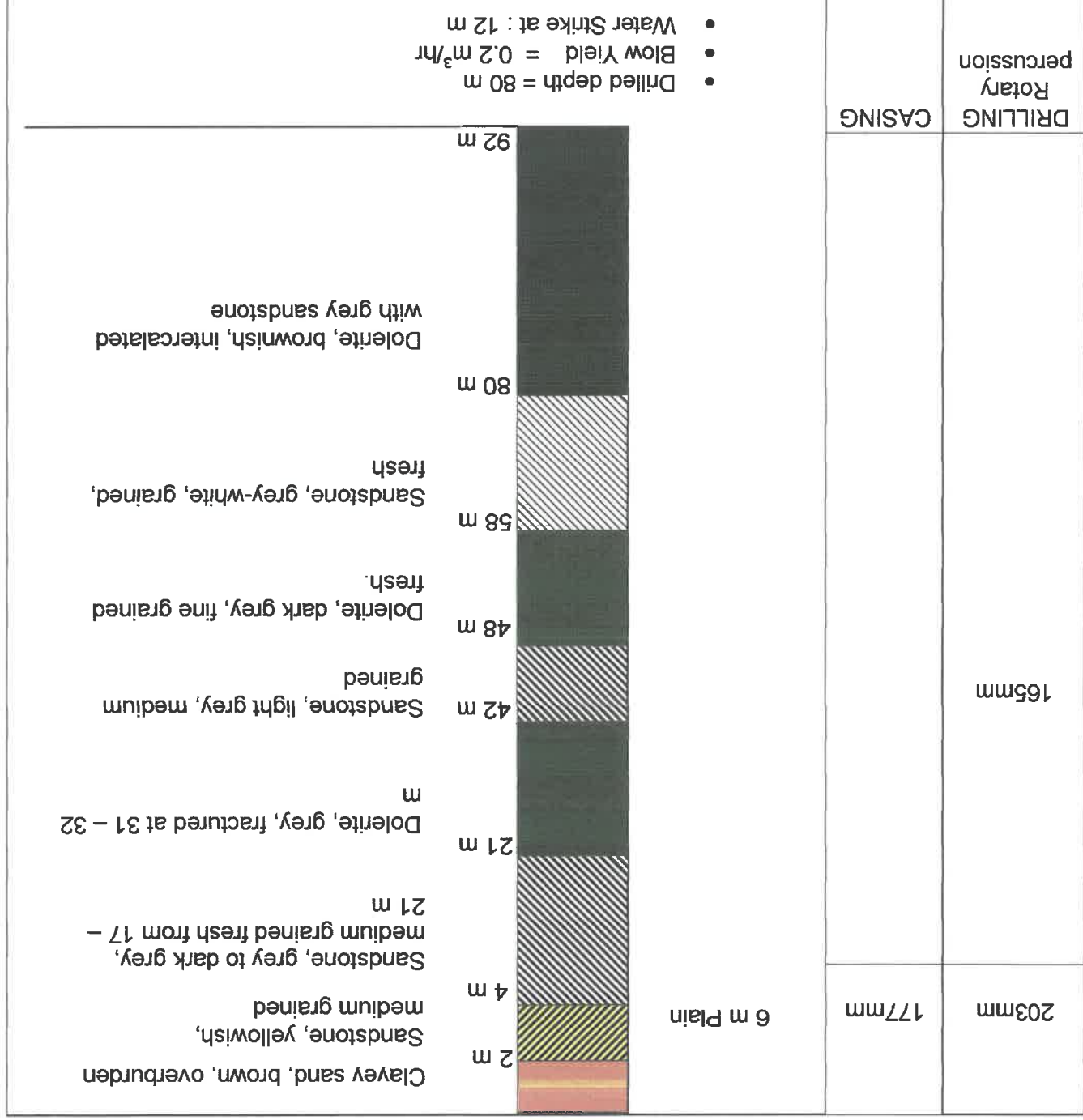
Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 32° 07' 17.5"
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier Date : 04/07/03 E-Coord : 28° 26' 11.0"
 Profilled By : Sylvester Ndoora



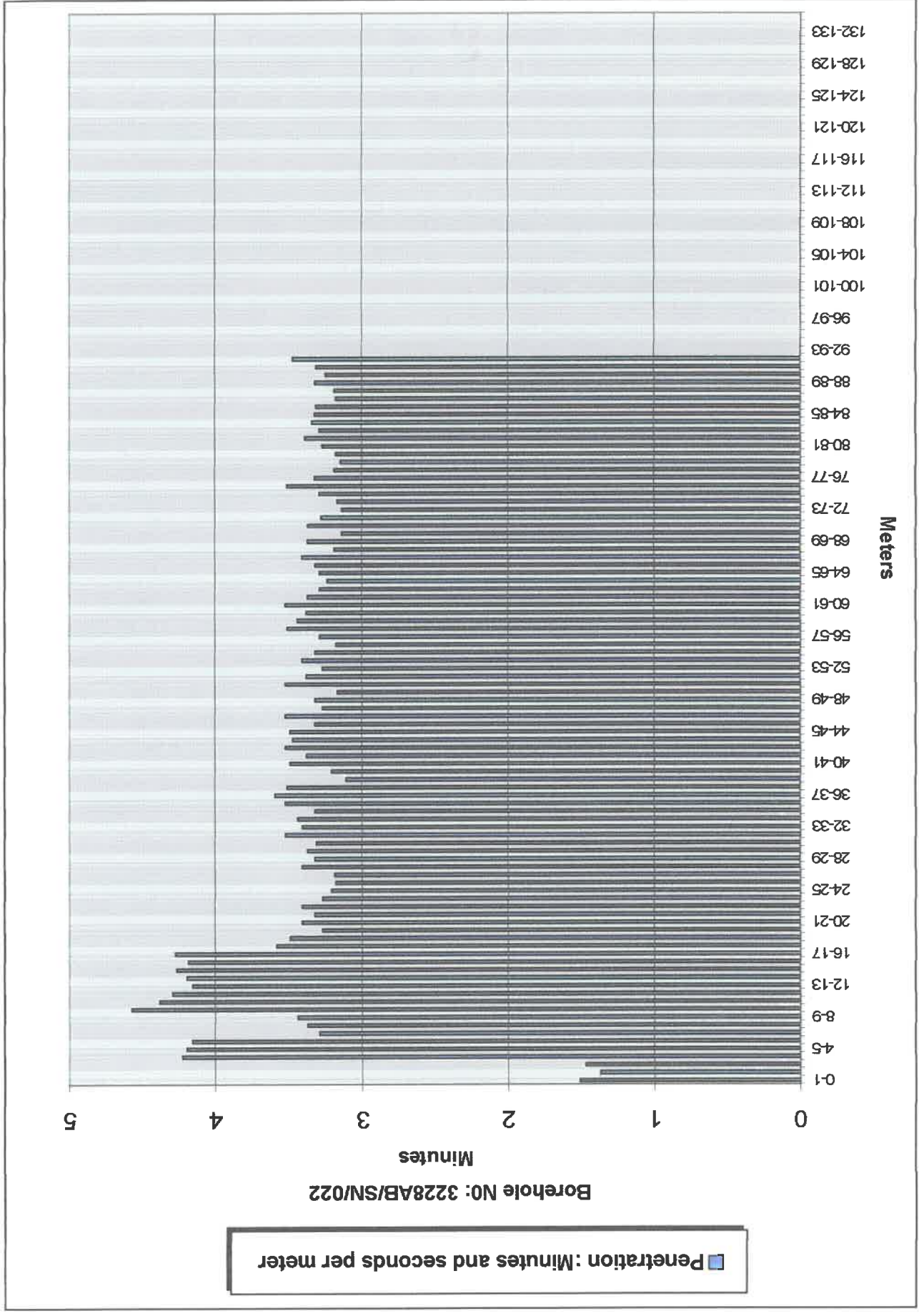


Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 32° 06' 59.6"
 E-Coord : 28° 27' 27.1"
 Date : 07/07/03
 Diam : 165mm





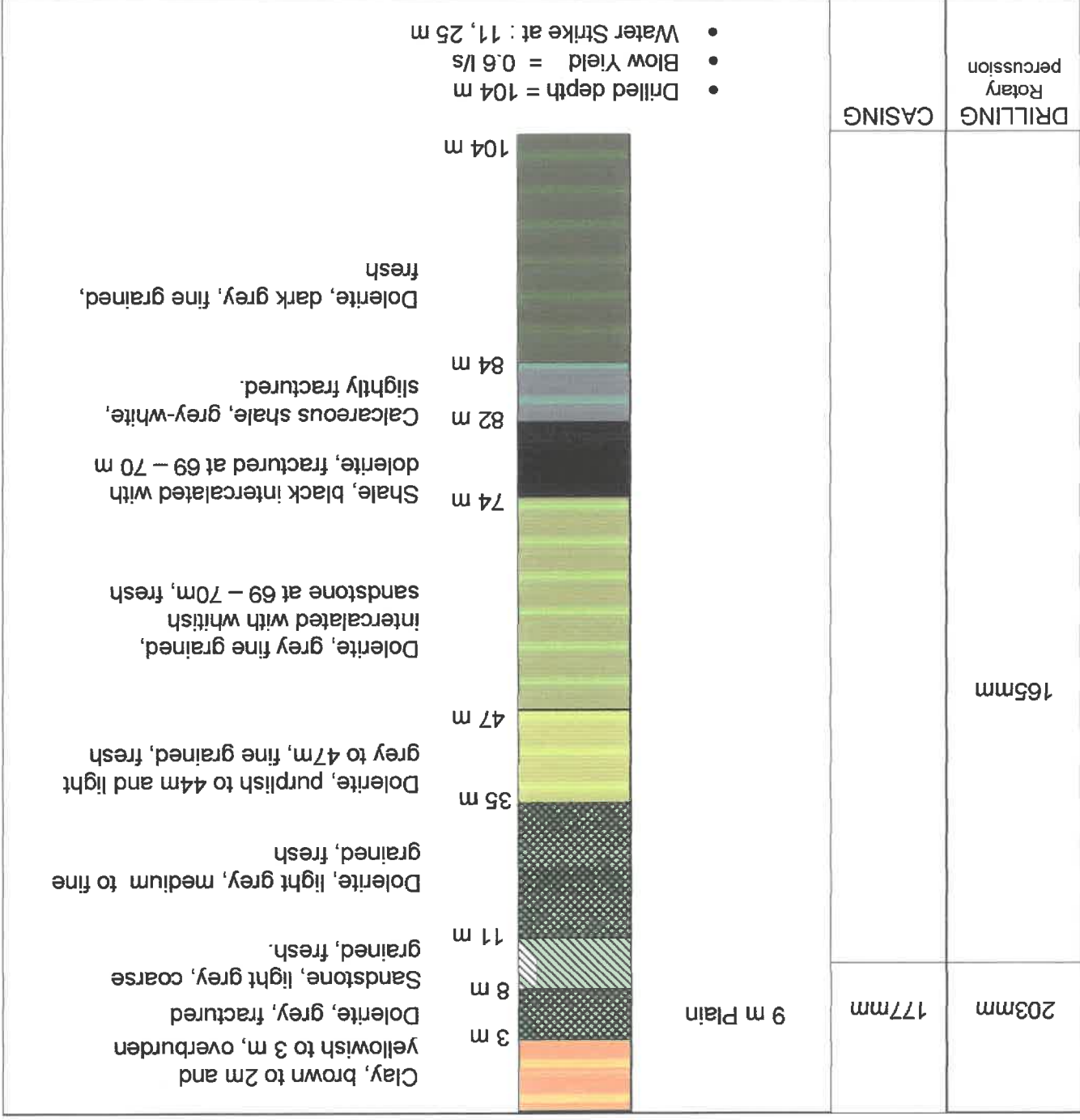
Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 05' 56.1"
E-Coord : 28° 26' 36.7"
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 08/07/03
Profled By : Sylvester Ndoora



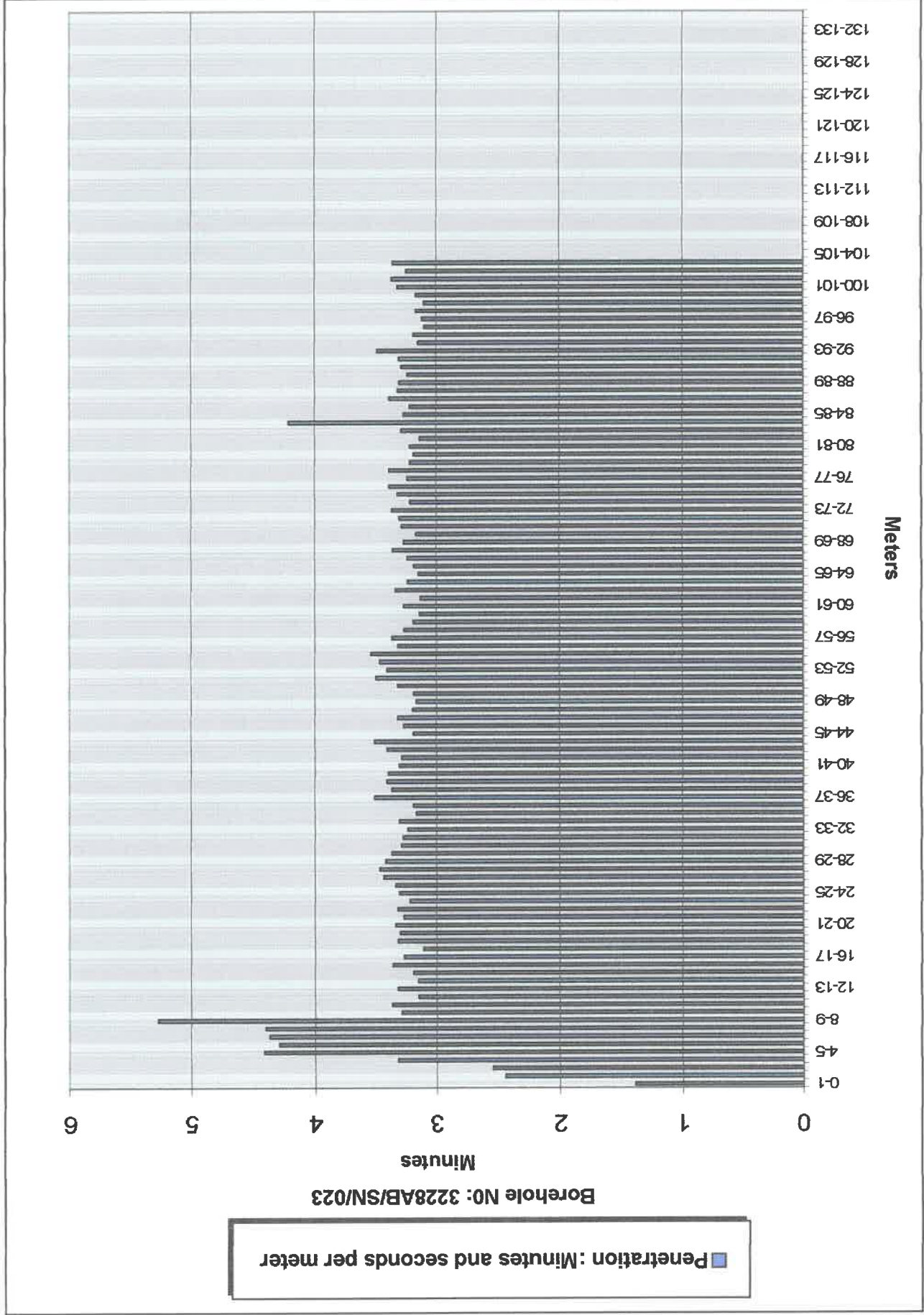
COMMUNITY : Cungweni/Ebende

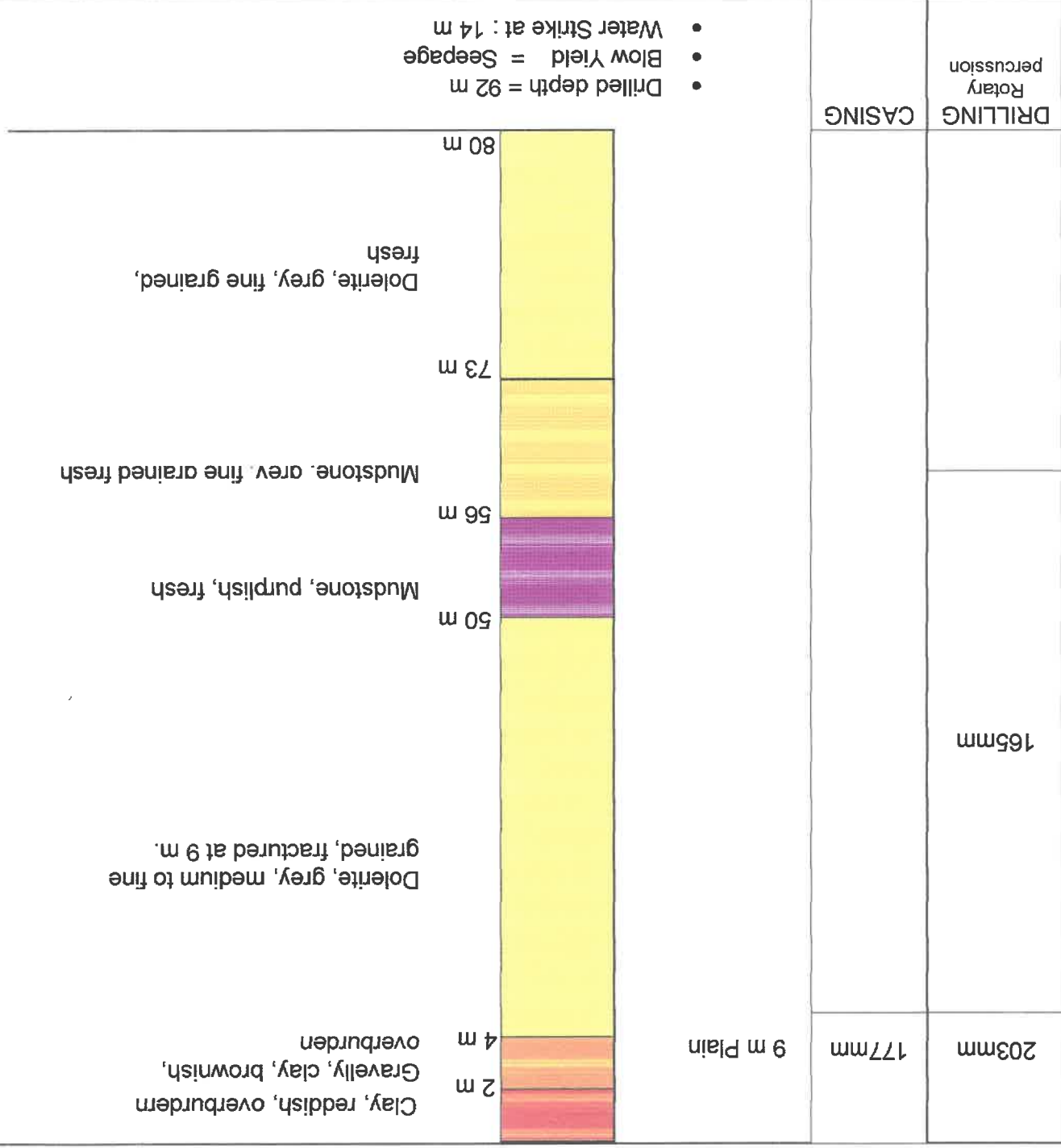
BH : 3228AB/SN/023

**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

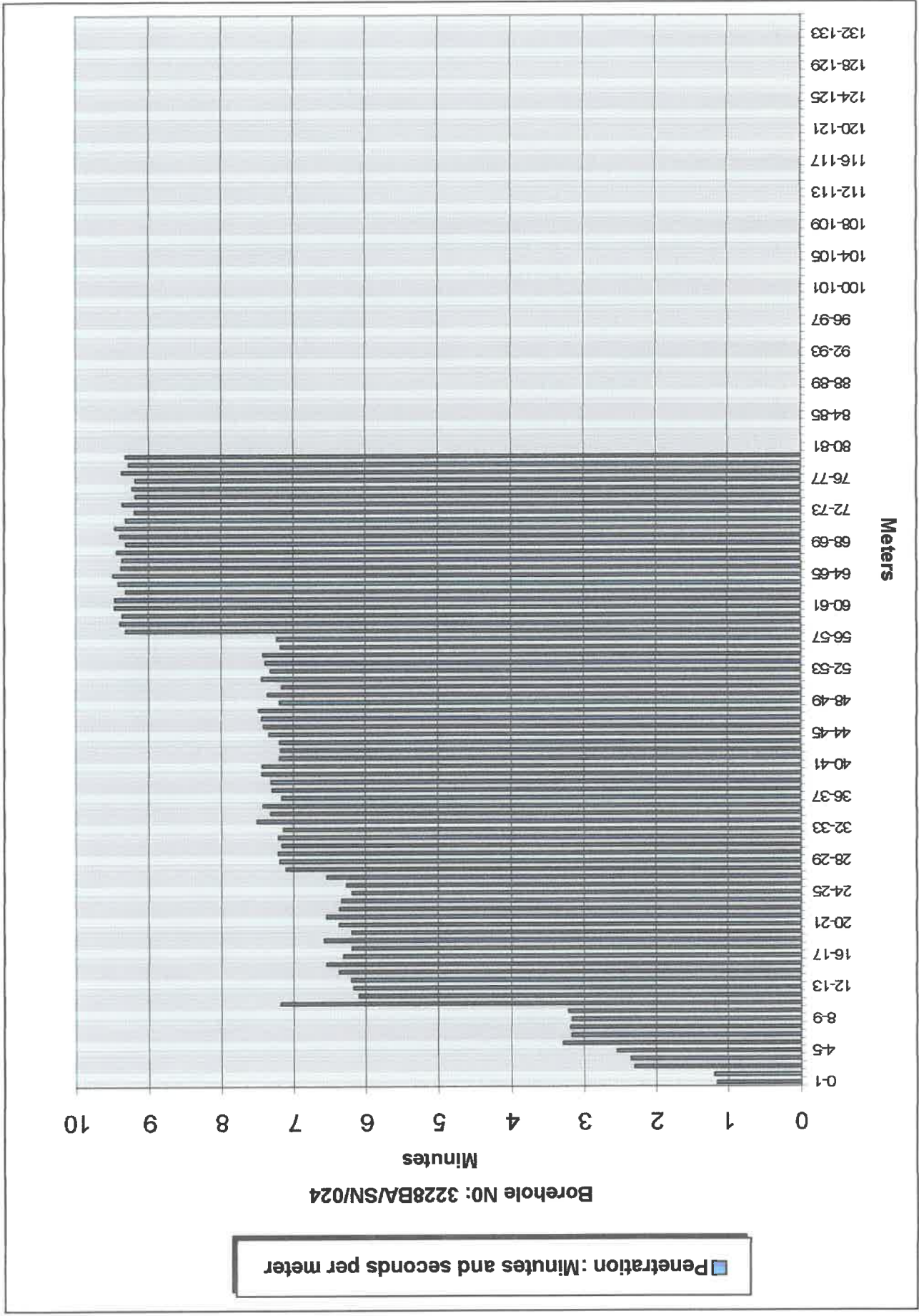


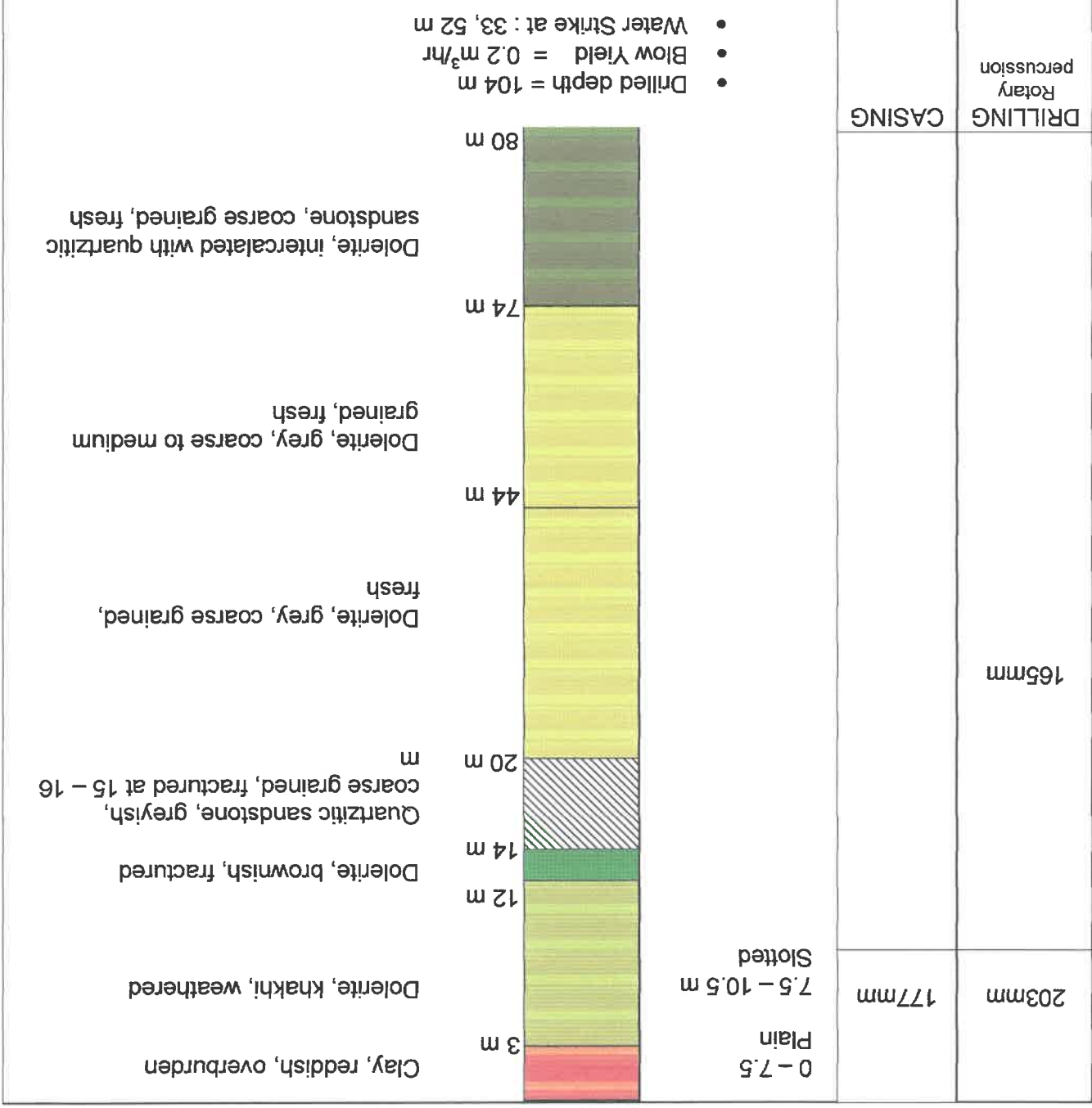
Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 32° 08' 39.6"
 E-Coord : 28° 27' 41.6"
 Date : 09/07/03
 Diam : 165mm



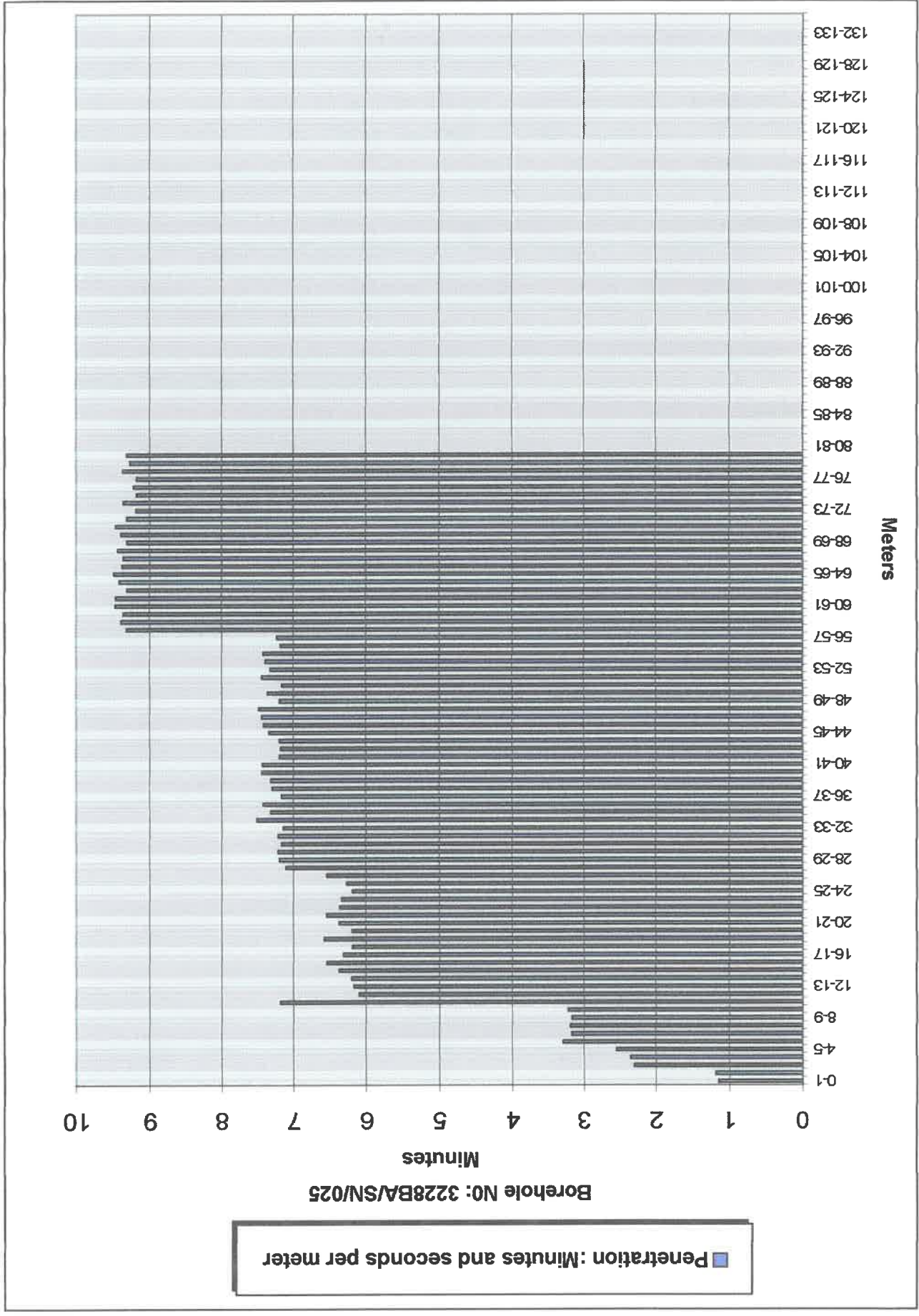


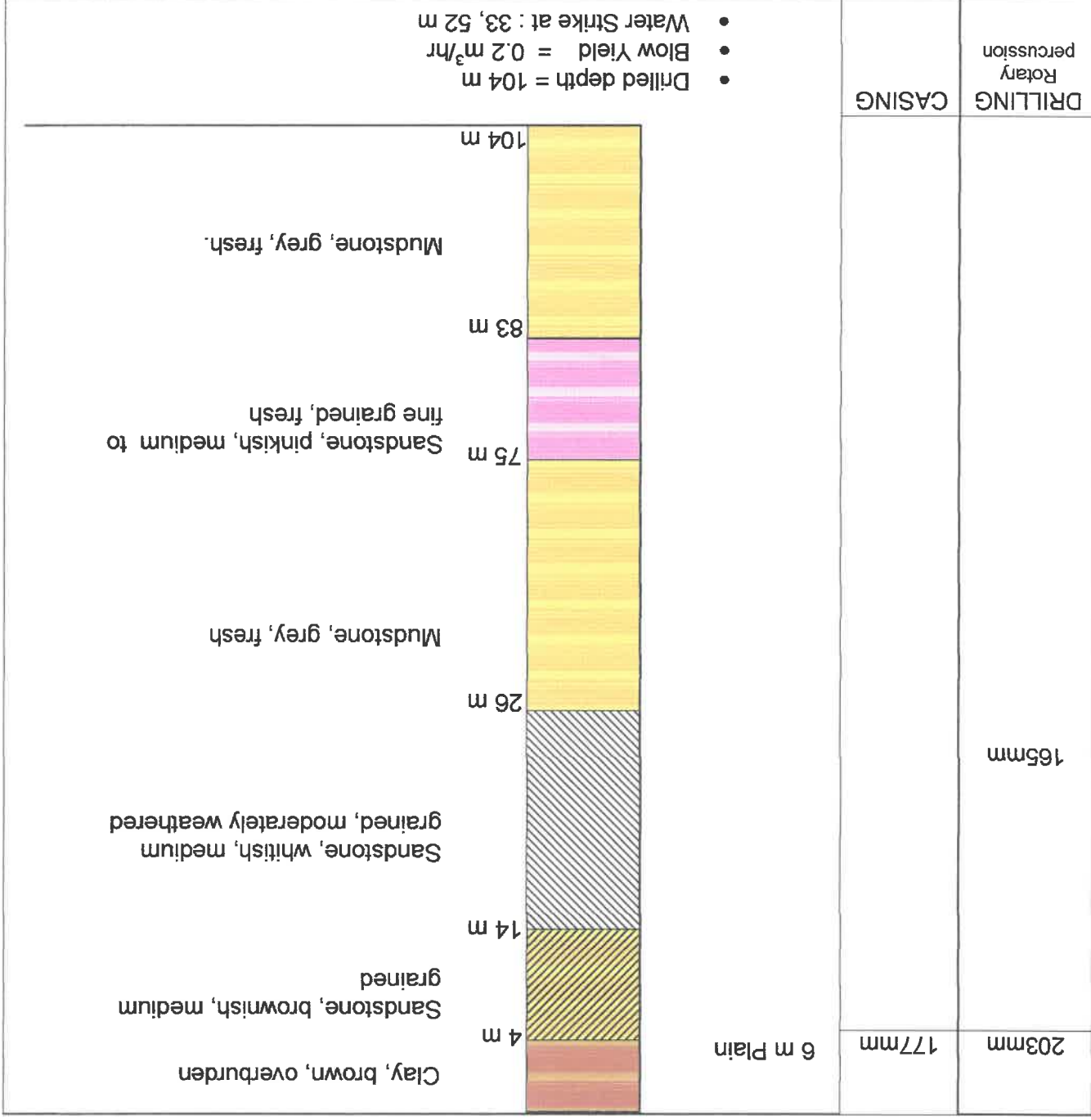
Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 05' 34.8"
E-Coord : 28° 33' 46.1"
Dilled By : Phillip Olivier
Date : 10/07/03
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora



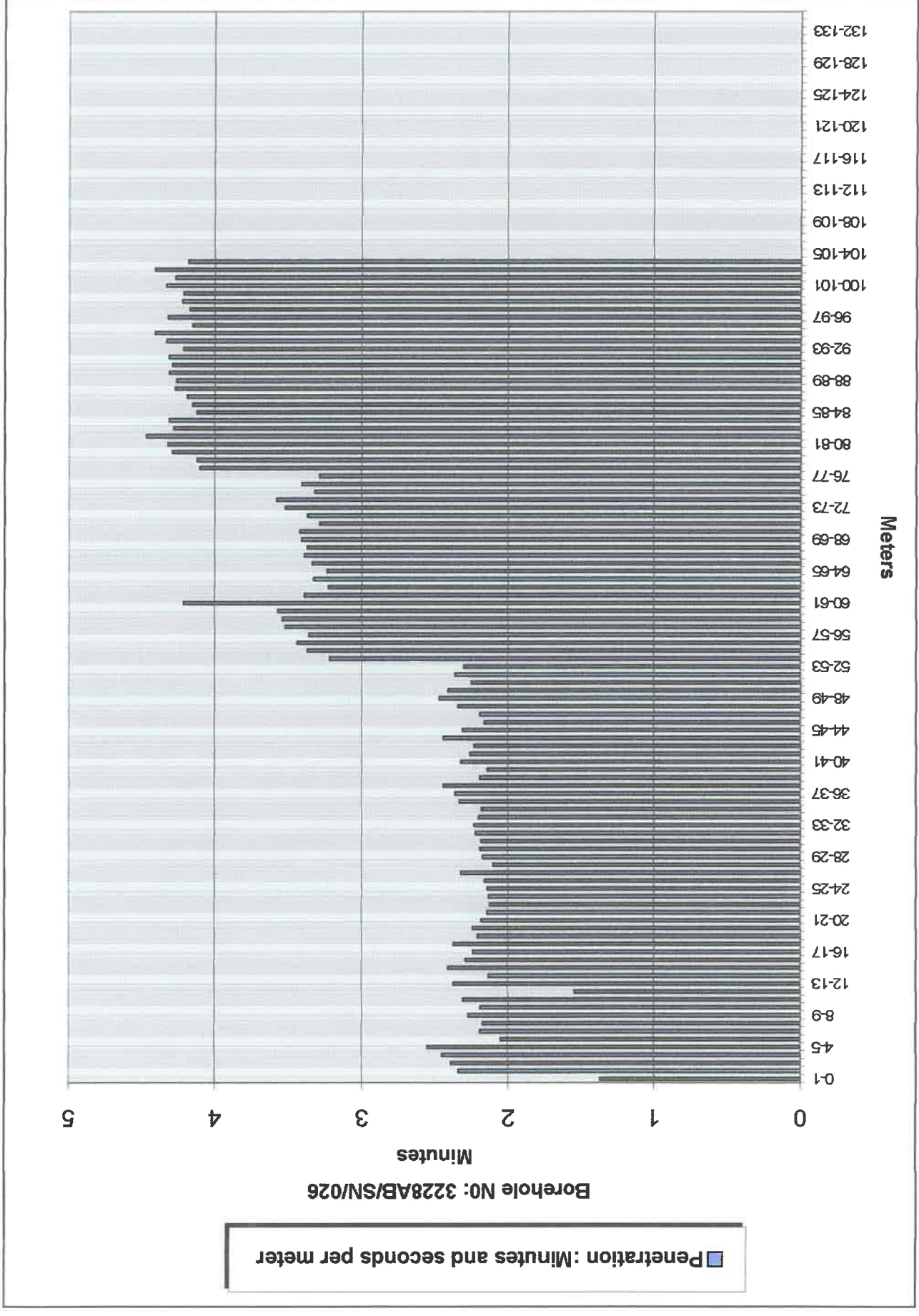


Contractor : Olivier & Sons
Diam : 165mm
S-Coord : 32° 04' 34.2"
E-Coord : 28° 33' 26.5"
Date : 11/07/03
Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora





Contractor : Olivier & Sons Diam : 165mm S-Coord : 32° 03' 05.9"
 Drilled By : Philip Olivier Date : 12/07/03 E-Coord : 28° 28' 58.3"
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

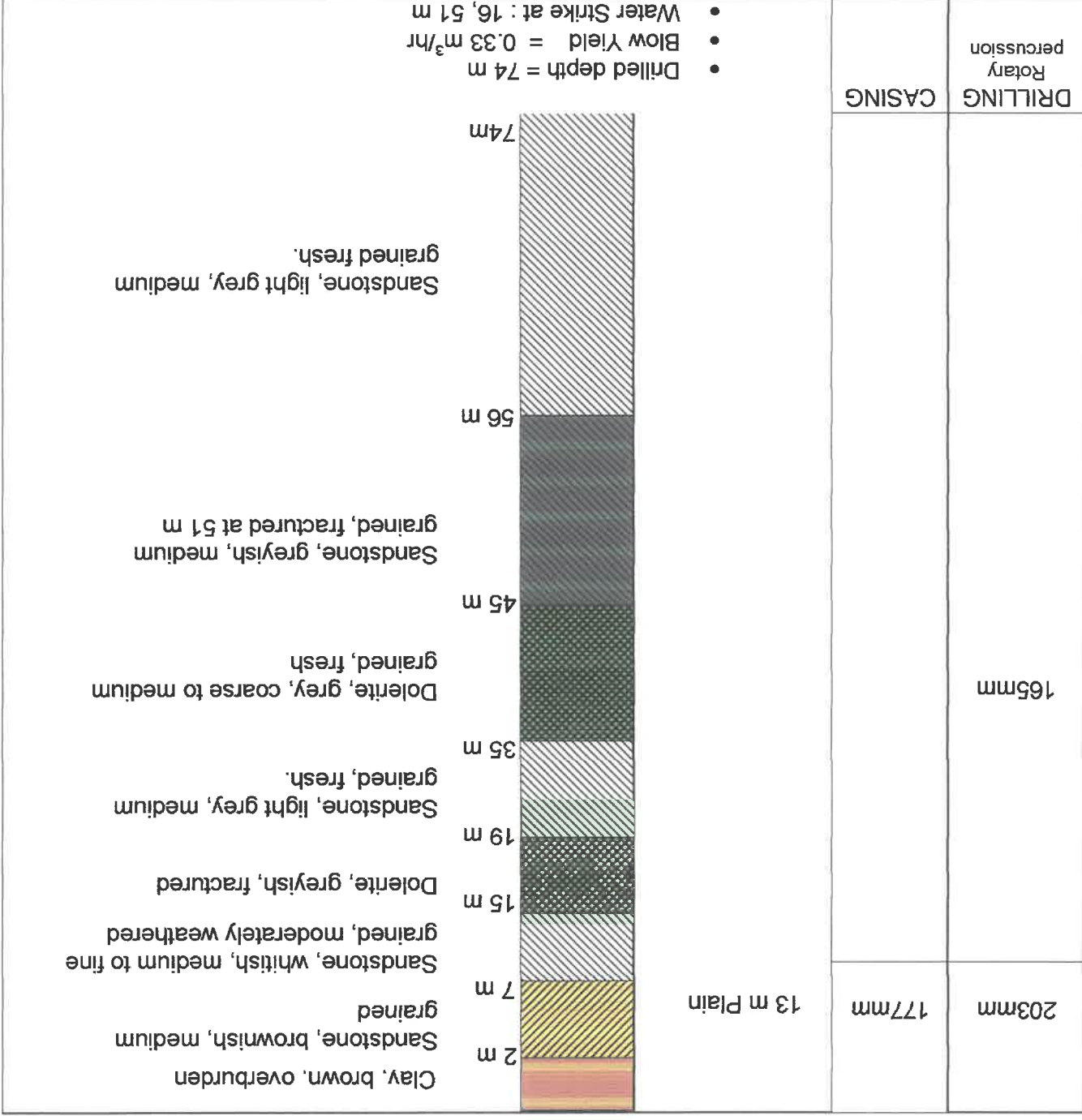




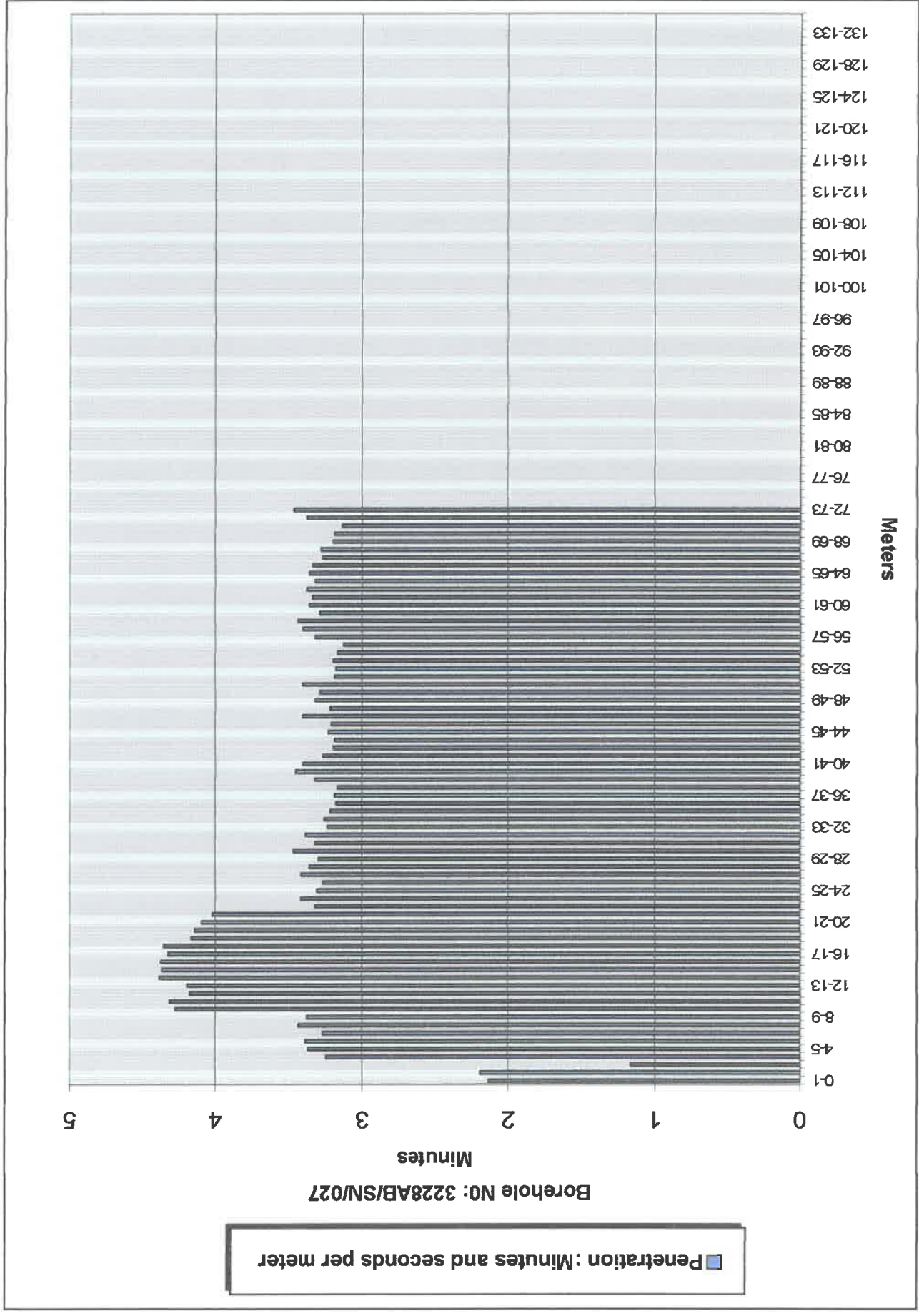
**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3228AB/SN/027

COMMUNITY : Fakalahia



Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 Diam : 165mm
 Date : 14/07/03
 S-Coord : 32° 03' 37.0"
 E-Coord : 28° 26' 43.6"





**IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY**

BH : 3228AB/SN/028

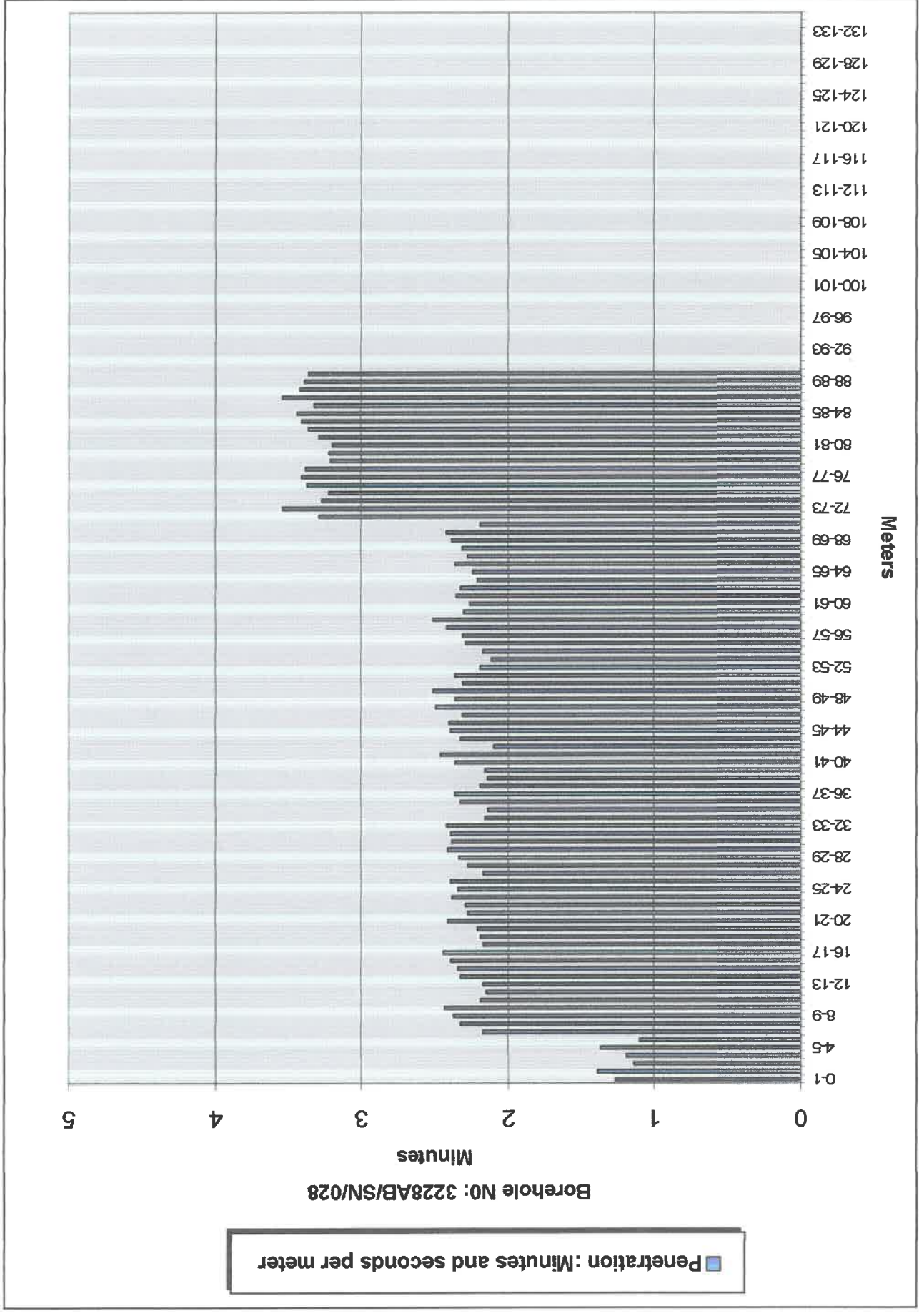
COMMUNITY : Komkhulu

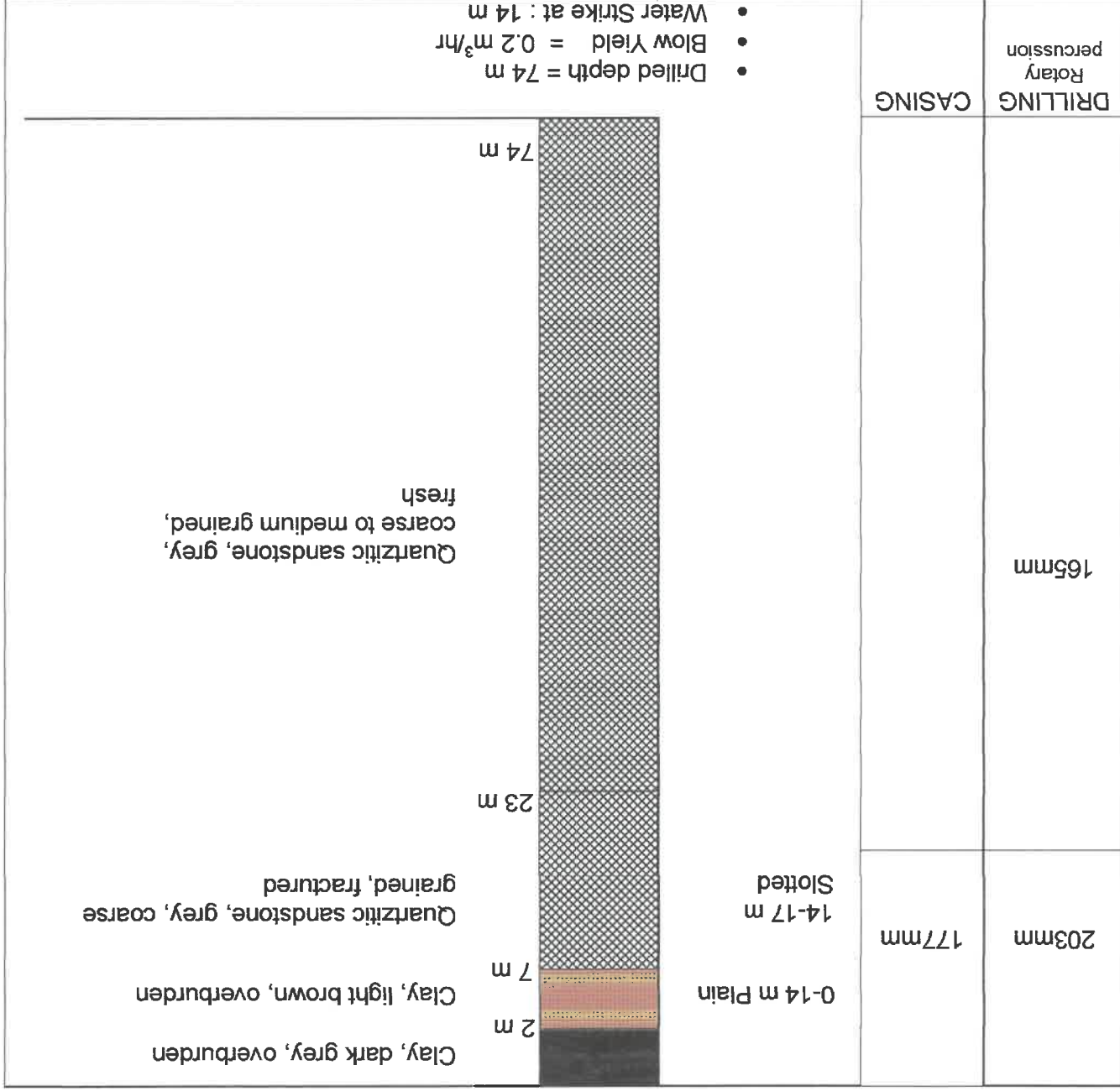
DRILLING	CASING
Rotary percussion	
165mm	
203mm	177mm



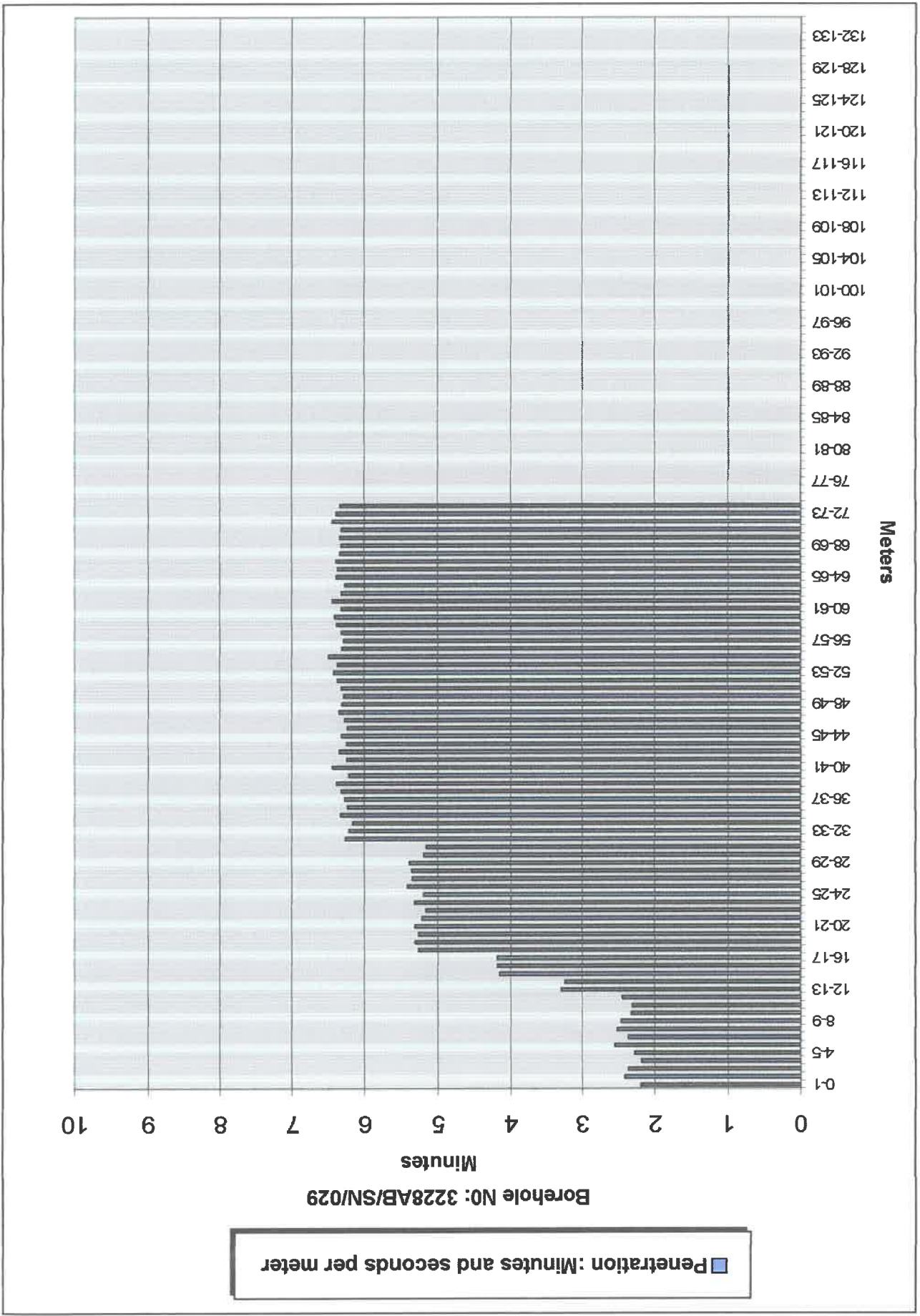
- Drilled depth = 92 m
- Blow Yield = Seepage
- Water Strike at : 14 m

Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 32° 01' 00.9"
 E-Coord : 28° 28' 34.5"
 Date : 19/07/03
 Diam : 165mm





Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora
 S-Coord : 32° 04' 04.2"
 E-Coord : 28° 21' 41.2"
 Date : 20/07/03
 Diam : 165mm

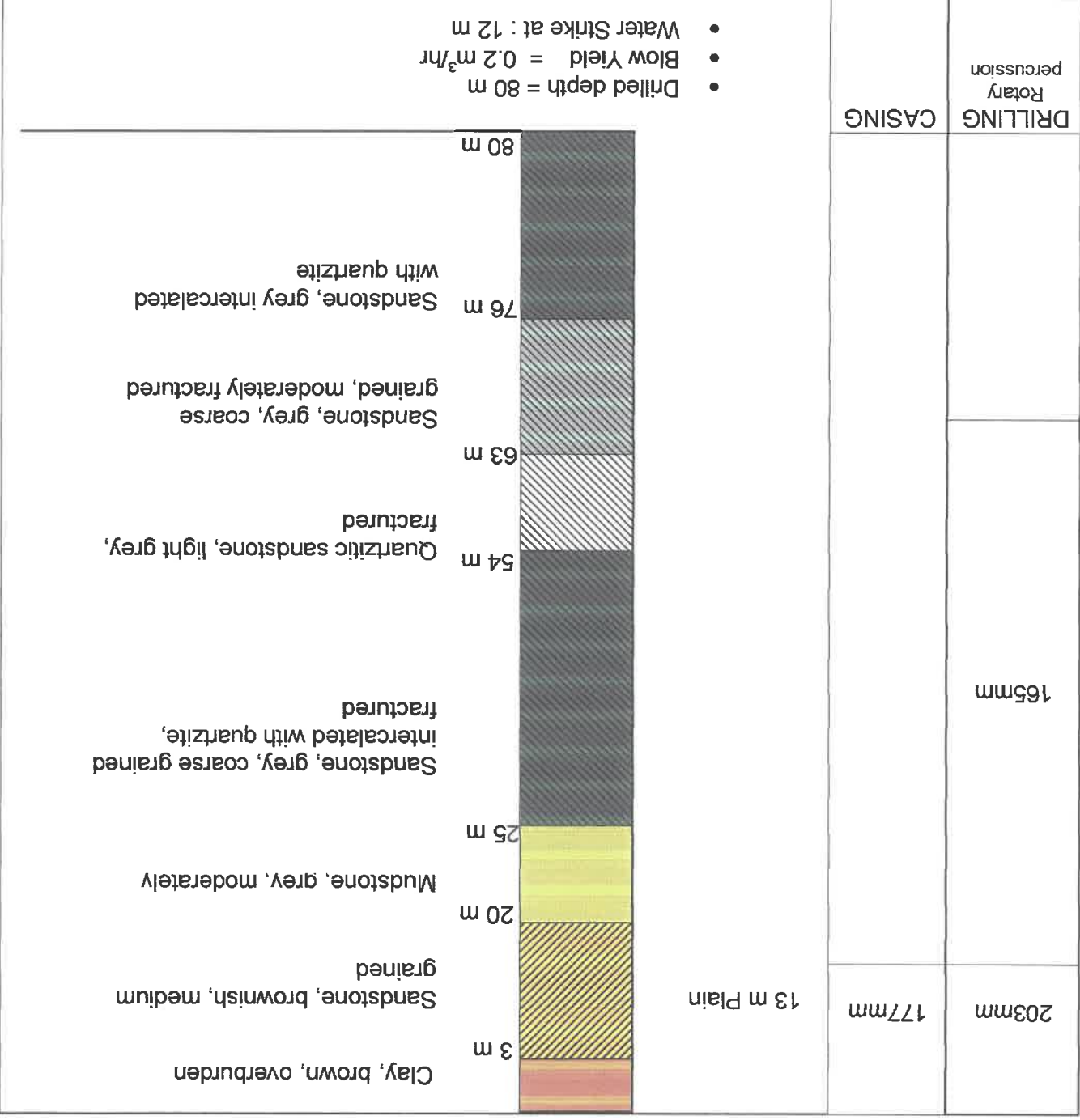


IDUTYWA GROUNDWATER
FEASIBILITY STUDY



BH : 3228AB/SN/030

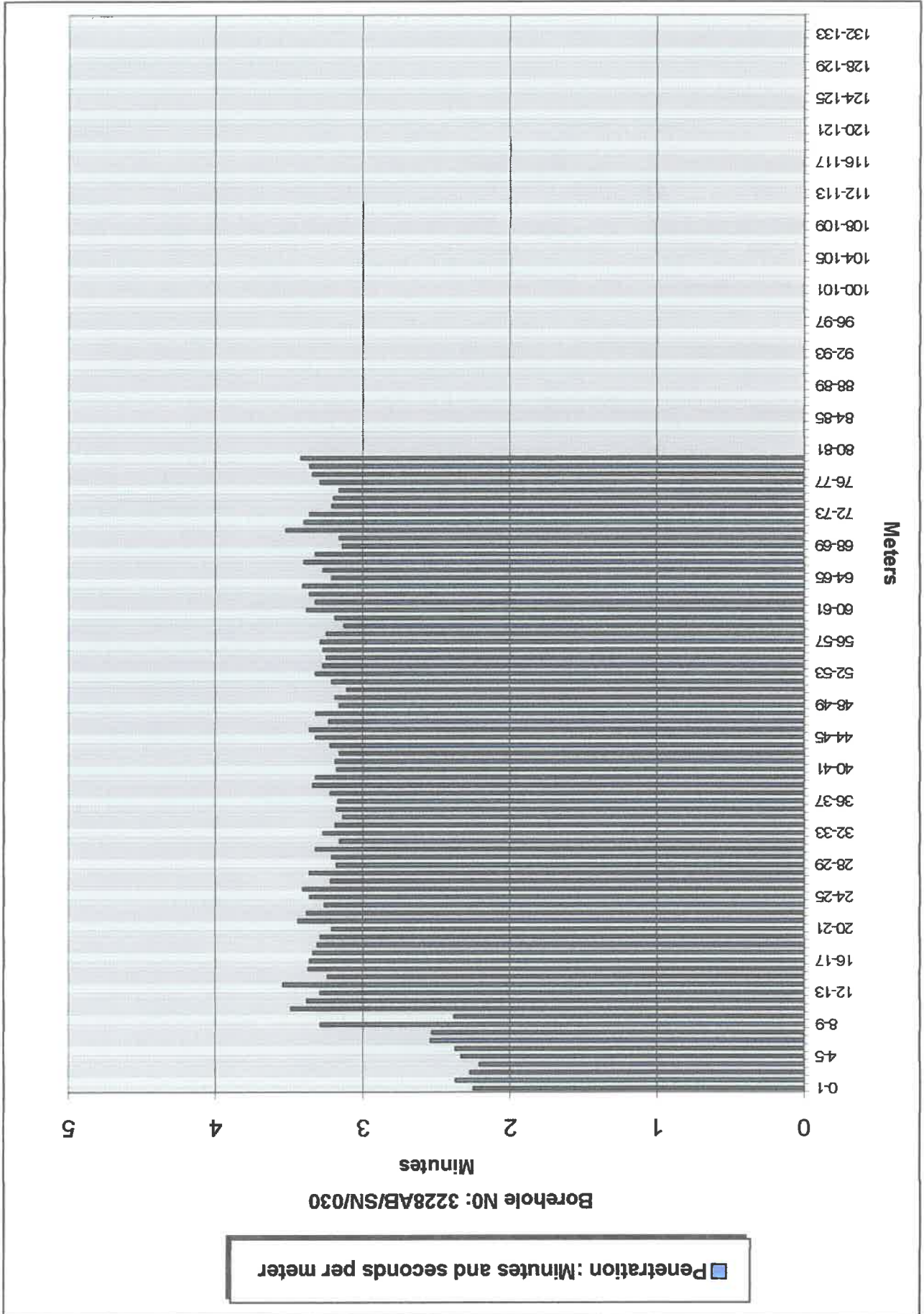
COMMUNITY : Kucingo



- Drilled depth = 80 m
- Blow Yield = 0.2 m³/hr
- Water Strike at : 12 m

Contractor : Olivier & Sons
 Drilled By : Phillip Olivier
 Profiled By : Sylvester Ndoora

Diam : 165mm
 S-Coord : 32° 00' 55.2"
 Date : 22/07/03
 E-Coord : 28° 20' 34.2"



**ANNEXURE 7
Groundwater Supply Areas**



Summary table of proposed supply areas for groundwater supply.

Supply Area	Reservoirs from scheme within supply area	Effective Available Groundwater (m ³ /day)	Number of boreholes constituting available groundwater	Estimated Population Served	Demand (m ³ /day)	Deficit (m ³ /day)	Treatment Required	Estimated Additional boreholes Required (excluding unsuccessful)
1	18, 19, 20, 21	140	3	11643	291	151	Likely	3
2	10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17	0	0	8844	221	221	Likely	5
3	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	118	2	5378	134	16	Possible	1
4	2, 8, 9	190	2	8468	212	22	Possible	1
5	23, 24, 25, 26, 27	173	1	7989	200	27	Possible	1
6	32, 33, 34	0	0	7396	185	185	Likely	3
7	28, 29, 30, 31	390	4	12946	324	-66	Not Likely	0
8	35, 36, 37	66	2	8697	217	151	Definitely	3

Table 5: Scheme 1 Reservoirs

RESERVOIR POPULATION	RESERVOIR SIZE (KI)	COMMUNITIES
1	2,000	BULK
2	2,645	Eshlabeni AA, Ngabane D, Luxeni C, Bijolo A, Ngabane A, Machibini, Bethani, Njemane
3	2,597	Ginqi, Nyandeni C, Silitywa, Dayimane A
4	884	Singeni A, Emahubini C, Emahubini D
5	1,066	Kwanxabane, KwaGaba, Gilandoda, Vongo
6	277	Mdeni MM, Lalini H, Matshawebi B, Kwanxabane
7	554	Mbanga B, Gcina J, Ebangweni
8	5,042	Ngabane E, Ngabane B, Nyharra, Bashee S, Luxomo C, Mpozolo A, Upper Mywaca, Jara B, Tesehe, Xara
9	781	Mbashe A, Nokoyo, Ngwemyama F
10	3,668	Kwetha, Bolotwa A, Boloywa B, Qege, Singumeni A
11	671	Gxara A, Hlenke
12	731	Timane C, Timane A, Timane E, Nyoka B
13	687	Mzekeko, Nyakatha
14	638	Ngxingweni B, Egoiweni BB
15	20,487	BULK
16	1,310	Timane D, Emanqosini, Exeni C
17	1,139	Nshingeni AA, Jojweni I, Khamangweni
18	2,920	Ngonyama C, Mputi, Ngabane C, New Rest BB
19	3,965	Ngakaxa B, Emafeneni, Block C
20	267	Eundini B
21	4,491	Lencani, Grayini, Ngcingwane, Mpepeni, Qelana

Table 6: Scheme 2 Reservoirs

RESERVOIR POPULATION	RESERVOIR SIZE (KI)	COMMUNITIES
22	37,027	BULK
23	2,182	Komkhulu, Timane B, Colosa A, Ezithenjini B, Ezithenjini A, Kundlambe A, Camandashe, Exeni A, Umhala, Ndenxe C, Kundlambe B, Komkhulu H, Komkhulu I
24	2,265	Colosa B, Doti, Sizini
25	1,841	Mazwayi, Qokoiveni A, Emabheleeni C, Eshlabeni CC
26	987	Candu, Ndesi A
27	714	Dondolo B, Lodondolo
28	2,008	Nopoto, Esizini, Mangali
29	2,005	Mangathi, Gubevu D, Mangwevini B
30	749	Rwantsini, Duff
31	8,184	Mngayi, Enkunkumeni A, Enkunkumeni B, Komkhulu E, Cungcwinih, Ephilweni B
32	1,881	Enkowi B, Emaniqweni, Eshlabeni B, Komkhulu J, Falakaha B, Falakaha A
33	2,526	Ngutha, Xobo A, Xobo C, Paasplek, Chizele, Elunweleni, Ngutu C, Idutywa, Ndyityaba, Laza Makhaka B
34	2,989	Jandachaphaza, Qwalweni, Enjakazi, Kutyothi, Cizele, Esingeni D, Xashimba, Ncolosa, Mhathi, Ngcolosa
35	1,232	Laza Makhaka A, Makhaka, Mnandi
36	3,763	Ngabane, Xabajiyana B, Nothanda
37	3,702	Ntshatshongo, Nyansweni G, Gxaka Gxaka, Mbethe, Jakadu A