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**THULAMAHAXI SPORT STADIUM
WATER SUPPLY PROJECT –
ROLLE 235 KU & EDINBURGH 228 KU
GEOHYDROLOGICAL INVESTIGATION**

**FOR
DOMBO & DU PLESSIS
MR02/001**

**NORTHERN PROVINCE
BUSHBUCK RIDGE AREA
FINAL REPORT
MARCH 2002**

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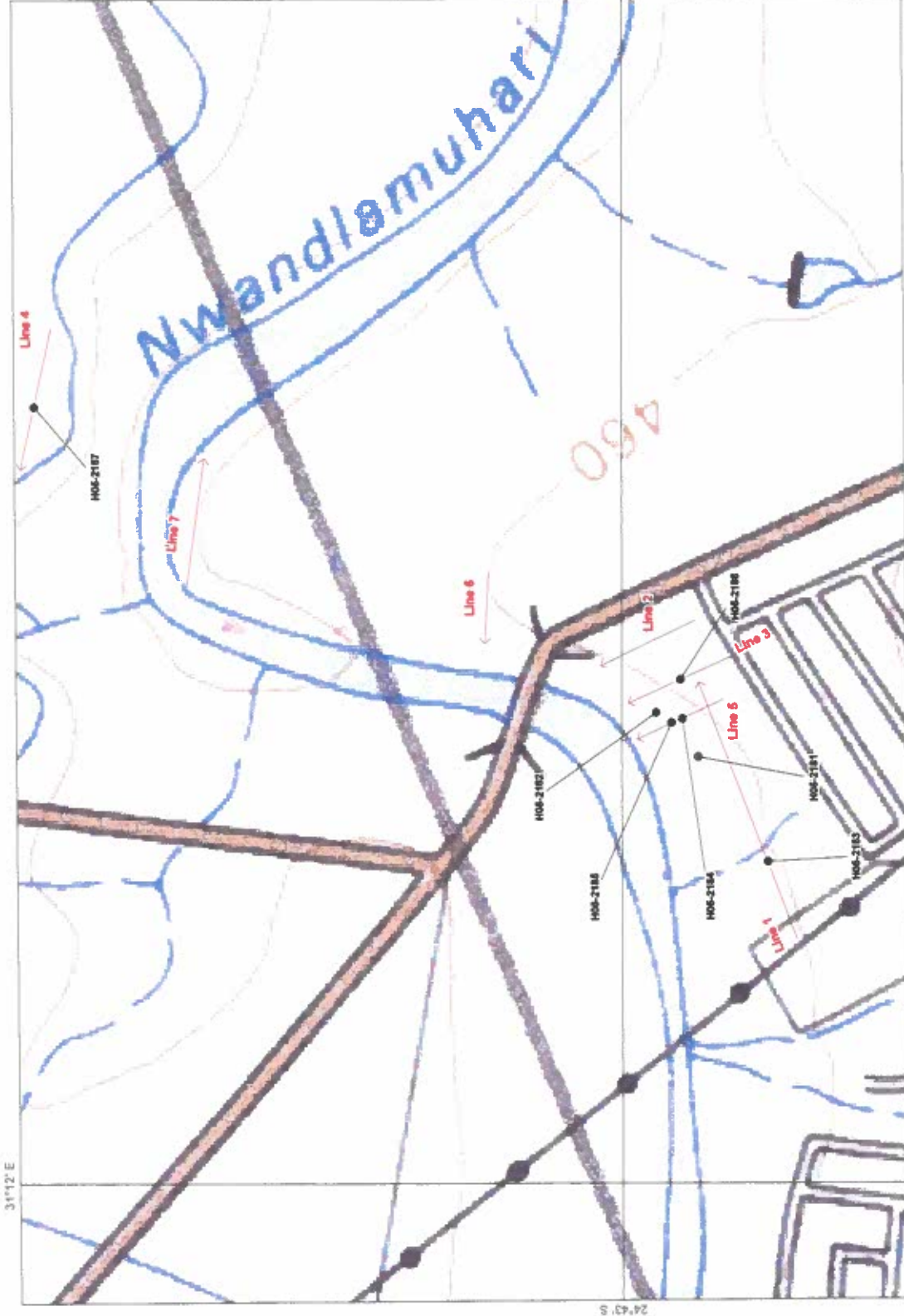
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Location of Geophysical Traverses Surveyed and boreholes investigated - Thulamahaxi, Bushbuck Ridge Area:



Recommended Yield (m³/day)

- Not Recommended
- 1 to 5
- 10 to 15
- 15 to 20

Existing Equipment

- No equipment
- ▲ Handpump

Scale & Projection:

Gauss Conform Projection
 Central Meridian 31° East
 Clarke 1880 Spheroid
 Reference: 2431 CA
 1:50 000 Toposheet

Area of Detail:

Prepared by:

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On Behalf of:

Department of Water Affairs & Forestry
 P/Bag X3506
 Pieterburg
 0700

2002/03/14

1. INTRODUCTION:

1.1. Background:

VSA Leboa Consulting was requested by Dombo & Du Plessis in January 2002 to investigate the groundwater potential of an area along the Nwandlamuhari River, near the Thulamahaxi Sport Stadium and to drill and test a production borehole in the area to supply water for irrigation purposes.

1.2. Location:

The area of investigation is situated on the northern side of the village of Thulamahaxi on the farms Rolle 235 KU and Edinburgh 228 KU, Bushbuck Ridge Area, Northern Province. It is framed by lines of latitude 24°42' and 24°44'S and lines of longitude 31°12' and 31°13'E and falls on 1:50 000 toposheet 2431 CA Acornhoek.

1.3. Objective:

The aim of the investigation was to drill and test a production borehole in the area to supply water to the Thulamahaxi Sport Stadium for irrigation purposes.

1.4. Methodology and project development:

The geohydrological investigation was executed in a phased approach:

Phase 1: Geological and geophysical investigation in the indicated area to delineate any structures or zones of deep weathering that could have a bearing on the occurrence of groundwater in the area.

Phase 2: Testing of existing borehole H05-2181 to establish groundwater potential of the area.

Phase 3: Drilling of 4 identified targets in the area of investigation (H05-2183, H05-2184, H05-2185, H05-2186).

Phase 1b: Further geophysical investigation north of the indicated area.

Phase 3b: Drilling of 1 additional borehole along identified structure (H05-2187).

Phase 6: Final Report and Recommendations

2. PHYSIOGRAPHY:

2.1. Morphology, soil & vegetation:

Physiographically, the area of investigation comprises undulating terrain along the Nwandlamuhari River with elevations of between 440 and 480 m amsl. The area is underlain by moderate to deep sandy loam with *Tropical Bush & Savanna* the dominating veld type (Acock, 1988).

2.2. Climate and rainfall:

The area of investigation falls within the X32C quaternary sub-catchment area as defined by the Water Research Commission in their 1994 report (Midgley *et al.*, 1994). This sub-catchment area is characterized by a mean annual precipitation of between 700 and 800mm and a mean annual runoff of 50 to 100mm. Evaporation figures per annum are in the order of 1500 to 1600mm.

3. GEOLOGY:

3.1. Cuning Moor Tonalite

The greater portion of the area of investigation is underlain by the Cuning Moor Tonalite. This 2600 Ma old leucocratic intrusion is medium-grained and consists of plagioclase and quartz with lesser amounts of microcline and biotite. Characteristically, it contains large (up to 3 mm in length), euhedral, poikilitic grains of sphene. Although generally massive, foliation of the tonalite is seen in some parts of the intrusion.

The Cuning Moor Tonalite is characterized by its very low groundwater potential unless intersecting lineaments or fault zones are encountered. Extensive geohydrological work done in the Bushbuck Ridge Area under the Critical Intervention Program of DWAF in the period 1995 to 1998 as well as ongoing projects in the area indicates that the production boreholes drilled in the Cuning Moor Tonalite rarely exceeds 0.8 l/s with 0.1L/s to 0.5 L/s recommended yields for 8-24 hour duty cycles commonly found.

North of the Nwandlamuhari River the Makutswi Gneiss dominates but existing data for the area indicates that more than 75% of all boreholes drilled on or near this contact where dry holes except where lineaments were encountered.

4. GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION:

A detailed geophysical investigation was done employing Ground Magnetic and Frequency Domain Electromagnetic (EM-34) methods, to identify and delineate zones of deep weathering and/or geological structures in an attempt to locate the most suitable drill targets. These structures are primary targets as they could act as possible groundwater conduits that could yield a sustainable source.

Appropriate electromagnetic survey parameters in terms of coil separation and frequency selection were employed according to the terrain conditions with sample intervals of 10m for the EM-34 and 5m for the magnetometer been employed.

4.1. Magnetic method

The different magnetic susceptibilities of the different rock types result in contrasting magnetic signatures. Analysis of the amplitude or intensity of the magnetic anomalies as well as its graphical shape bears some direct relationship to the magnetic mineral content, size, depth, shape and orientation of the buried body or structure. Hence, the magnetic data may be interpreted to represent dykes, geological contacts and faults that may have a bearing on the occurrence, storage and movement of the groundwater. These geological structures are primary targets in selecting drilling sites for groundwater exploration.



A Chemtron model G5 proton-precision magnetometer (Fig.1) was used, measuring directly the strength of the total magnetic field at a given locality.

Figure 1 : The Chemtron model G5 proton-precision magnetometer.

4.2. Frequency Domain Electromagnetic Methods

4.2.1. EM-34

The operating principles of the EM-34 system are briefly discussed below. The technique provides rapid and easy measurement of terrain conductivities and facilitates the detection of steeply dipping conductor type targets such as dykes, fracture zones, faults etc. through electromagnetic coupling.



The EM-34 (Fig.2) is a moving transmitter and receiver system, which measures the ratio of the quadrature component of the secondary magnetic field to the free space primary magnetic field. The transmitter and receiver units are connected by a cable, acting as a reference to the primary magnetic field.

Figure 2: The EM-34 System.

The twenty and forty metres coil separations used for the EM-34 profiling allowed relatively rapid surveying and, in general, low noise levels.

The receiver unit is calibrated to indicate apparent conductivity (1-300 mS/m). At low values of terrain conductivity (<100 mS/m), apparent conductivities are linearly proportional to actual conductivities. For resistive terrains (low conductivities), the vertical depth of exploration over the homogeneous or horizontally stratified earth for coil separations of 10, 20 or 40m are 15, 30 and 60m (horizontal coils) and 7.5, 15 and 30m (vertical coils) respectively. The lateral extent of the volume of the earth, whose conductivity is sensed, approximates the vertical depth and small changes in conductivity (5 to 10 mS/m) are readily and accurately measured.

4.3. Geophysical results:

Table 1 gives a short summary of the geophysical investigation and the resulting drilling targets identified:

Table 1: Summary of geophysical investigations:

| Farm | Traverse no. | Length | Geophysical Techniques Used | Targets identified | Target description |
|------------------|--------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Rolle 235 KU | Line 1 | 380m | Magnetic | Line 1/111m | Zone of deep weathering |
| Rolle 235 KU | Line 2 | 140m | Magnetic | - | - |
| Rolle 235 KU | Line 3 | 155m | Magnetic & EM-34 | Line 3/85m | Zone of deep weathering, fractures |
| Edinburgh 228 KU | Line 4 | 200m | Magnetic & EM-34 | Line 4/105m | Dyke |
| Rolle 235 KU | Line 5 | 80m | Magnetic | Line 5/45m Line 5/60m | Zone of deep weathering Fractures |
| Rolle 235 KU | Line 6 | 100m | Magnetic | - | - |
| Edinburgh 228 KU | Line 7 | 180m | Magnetic | - | - |

5. PERCUSSION DRILLING

Boreholes were drilled and field marked to specifications as laid down by the Department of Water Affairs and Forestry in their "*Minimum Standards and Guidelines for Groundwater Resource Development for the community Water Supply and Sanitation Program*".

The method employed for the sinking of the water supply borehole was that of rotary air percussion drilling employing a down-the-hole (TDH) hammer. This drilling technique is ideally suited for hard rock formations.



Figure 3 : The rotary air percussion drill rig.

The cuttings brought to the surface by air return from the bore were collected and described for each meter drilled. The lithologies described are presented in borehole logs in the Appendix, together with all other relevant information pertaining to and obtained from the boreholes.

Water intersections were recorded, and blow yields measured using a V-notch. By using a dip meter, the static water level of the borehole was determined.

Boreholes were completed to 165mm diameter with steel casing installed from surface, through unstable, unconsolidated or fractured material.

5.1. Drilling results:

The drilling results are summarized in Table 2 with detailed borehole logs presented in the Appendix.

Table 2: Summary of drilling results:

| BOREHOLE | DEPTH | WATERSTRIKE | AQUIFER | BLOWYIELD |
|----------|-------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| H05-2183 | 35m | 13m, 16m | Small-scale fractures | 0.2L/s |
| H05-2184 | 30m | 11m | Weathering | 0.05L/s |
| H05-2185 | 65m | 11m, 14m, 27m | Small-scale fractures | 0.3L/s |
| H05-2186 | 55m | 21m, 23m, 26.9m | Small-scale fractures | 0.21L/s |
| H05-2187 | 30m | - | - | Dry |

6. TESTPUMPING AND RESULTS

The correct operation and utilisation of boreholes result from the assessment of the productive capacity (sustainable yield) of the borehole as well as the productivity of the aquifer supporting the borehole. Such knowledge is provided by data analysis of boreholes subjected to detailed pumping test programs. Test pumping provides a means of identifying potential constraints on the performance of a borehole and on the exploitation of the groundwater resource. The recognition and understanding of these constraints would result in proper groundwater utilization and management. The existing borehole (H05-2181) was subjected to a calibration test, a step drawdown test.

6.1. Calibration test:

A preliminary **calibration test** is done at the beginning of every pump test to determine the yield of the step drawdown test, to determine the efficiency of the pump to be used and to reveal any borehole construction problems (sand pumping).

6.2. Step drawdown test:

The **step drawdown test** is performed to assess the efficiency of the borehole, and to determine at which rate a longer duration test (constant discharge test) can be performed. It entails pumping the hole at two or more sequentially higher pumping rates each maintained for an equal length of time (generally not less than 60 minutes and seldom longer than 120 minutes). The magnitude by which the water level in the borehole drops (known as the **drawdown**) in response to these known pumping rates is measured and recorded in accordance with a prescribed time schedule. The water level is also measured and recorded, again to a prescribed time schedule, for a period of time immediately following the period of pumping. This represents the period of recovery in which the water level rises towards its starting level before pumping.

6.3. Results:

H05-2181 was subjected to a calibration test and step tests to gain knowledge of the aquifer responses in the area and determine its potential as production borehole. Although the H05-2181 aquifer exhibited an inflow of 0.7L/s into the borehole, it exhibited a slow recovery rate and water losses, resulting in a final recommended yield of only 0.15L/s for 8 hour duty cycle (see attached Management Recommendation) therefore only suitable for a handpump.

Table 3: Summary of testing results:

| BOREHOLE | STATUS | TESTING PROGRAM | RECOVERY | RECOMMENDATION |
|----------|----------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| H05-2181 | Existing | Calibration test 1x Step Test (100min) | 91% in 1.8x pumping time | 0.15L/s for 8 hour pumping cycle. Casing not to DWAF Standard Slow recovery rates. |

7. HYDROCHEMISTRY:

Groundwater samples were collected from the tested borehole. The sample was sent to the Polokwane Municipal Council Laboratory in Pietersburg for preliminary analysis as well as to the DWAF Laboratory in Pretoria for a full analysis of the main hydrochemical concentrations (macro elements) in the groundwater sample. Elements analyzed for include: Ca, Mg, Na, K, Cl, NO₃, SO₄, PO₄, NH₄, CO₂, HCO₃. As soon as the chemistry results are available it would be forwarded as an addendum to this report.

8. CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS:

The low groundwater potential of the area as well as the absence of any dominant structures in the area of investigation, only leaves the following options for a water source in the area:

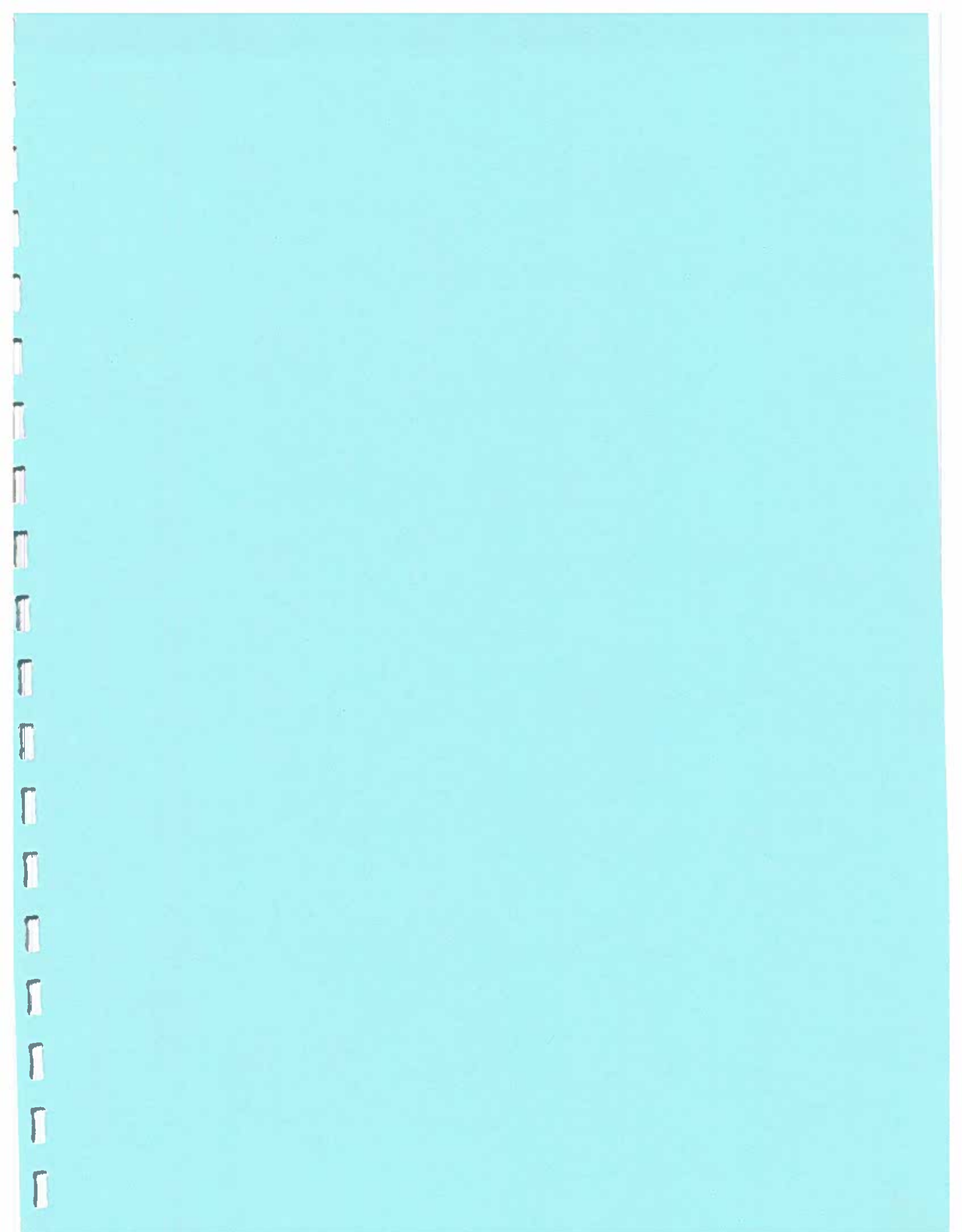
- Increase the investigation area to at least 2km radius, into the Makutswi Gneiss north of the river, where the groundwater potential is higher and linear structures are prominent.
- Abstract water directly from the Nwandlamuhari River either by a pump or a borehole drilled in the river in the dry season, and utilizing a submersible.

9. REFERENCES:

ACOCKS, J.P.H., (1988). Veld Types of South Africa. *Memoirs of the Botanical Survey of South Africa* no. 57, 146pp.

MIDGLEY, D.C., PITMAN, W.V., MIDDLETON, B.J. (1994). *Surface water resources of South Africa 1990*. WRC Report no 298/6.2/94, Vol. V1 Appendices (First edition).

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Date compiled: 3/18/02

SITE INFORMATION

SITE LOCATION

GEOHYDROLOGY

MANAGEMENT RECOMMEND.

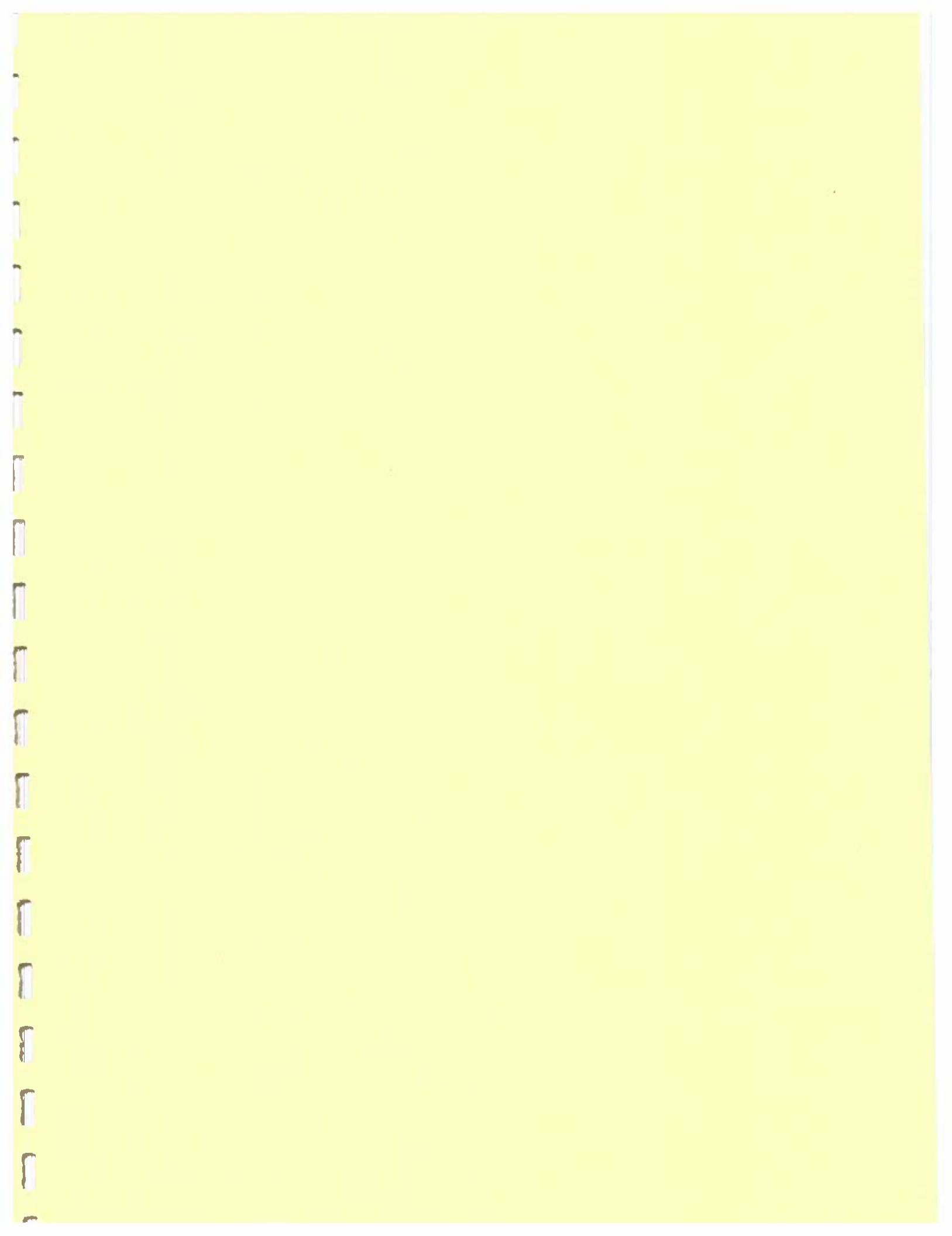
| Number: | District | Site name/Description | Site type: | Longitude [°] | Latitude [°] | Altitude [m] | Col. ht [m] | Diam. [mm] | Depth [m] | Water l. [m] | Yield [l/s] | Rec. abs. [l/s] | Depth to intk. [m] | Dis. rate [l/s] | Duty c. [hrs/d] | Daily abs. [m ³ /d] |
|---------|----------|-------------------------------|------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| 5 | -05-2182 | NPKU235 ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2052501 | 24.7161111 | 640.00 | 0.30 | 170 | 1.00 | 0.23 | | | 30.00 | 0.15 | 8 | 4.32 |
| 0 | -05-2181 | NPKU235 ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2046389 | 24.7166389 | 460.00 | 0.37 | 165 | 44.63 | | 0.30 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| 1 | -05-2185 | NPKU235 ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2051112 | 24.7163056 | 460.00 | 0.30 | 165 | 65.00 | | 0.22 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| 2 | -05-2186 | NPKU235 ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2057223 | 24.7164722 | 475.00 | 0.30 | 165 | 55.00 | | 0.18 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| 3 | -05-2183 | NPKU235 ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2036668 | 24.7173889 | 460.00 | 0.30 | 165 | 35.00 | | 0.05 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| 4 | -05-2184 | NPKU235 ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2051667 | 24.7164444 | 461.00 | 0.30 | 165 | 30.00 | | 0.05 | | | | | |
| 25 | -05-2187 | NPKU228 EDINBURGH/THULAMAHAXI | B | 31.2090278 | 24.7084722 | 480.00 | 0.30 | 165 | 30.00 | | 0.30 | | 30.00 | 0.15 | | 4.32 |
| | | | | | | | | | Maximum: | 65.00 | 0.23 | | 30.00 | 0.15 | | 4.32 |
| | | | | | | | | | Minimum: | 1.00 | 0.23 | | 30.00 | 0.15 | | 4.32 |
| | | | | | | | | | Sum: | | | 0.80 | | | | 4.32 |
| | | | | | | | | | Average: | 37.23 | 0.23 | 0.16 | 30.00 | 0.15 | | 4.32 |

RY: es: 7

NOTE:
 "Yield" represents cumulative blow yield
 The recommended abstraction ("Rec. abs.")
 is based on a 24 hour duty cycle
 (based on test pumping result)



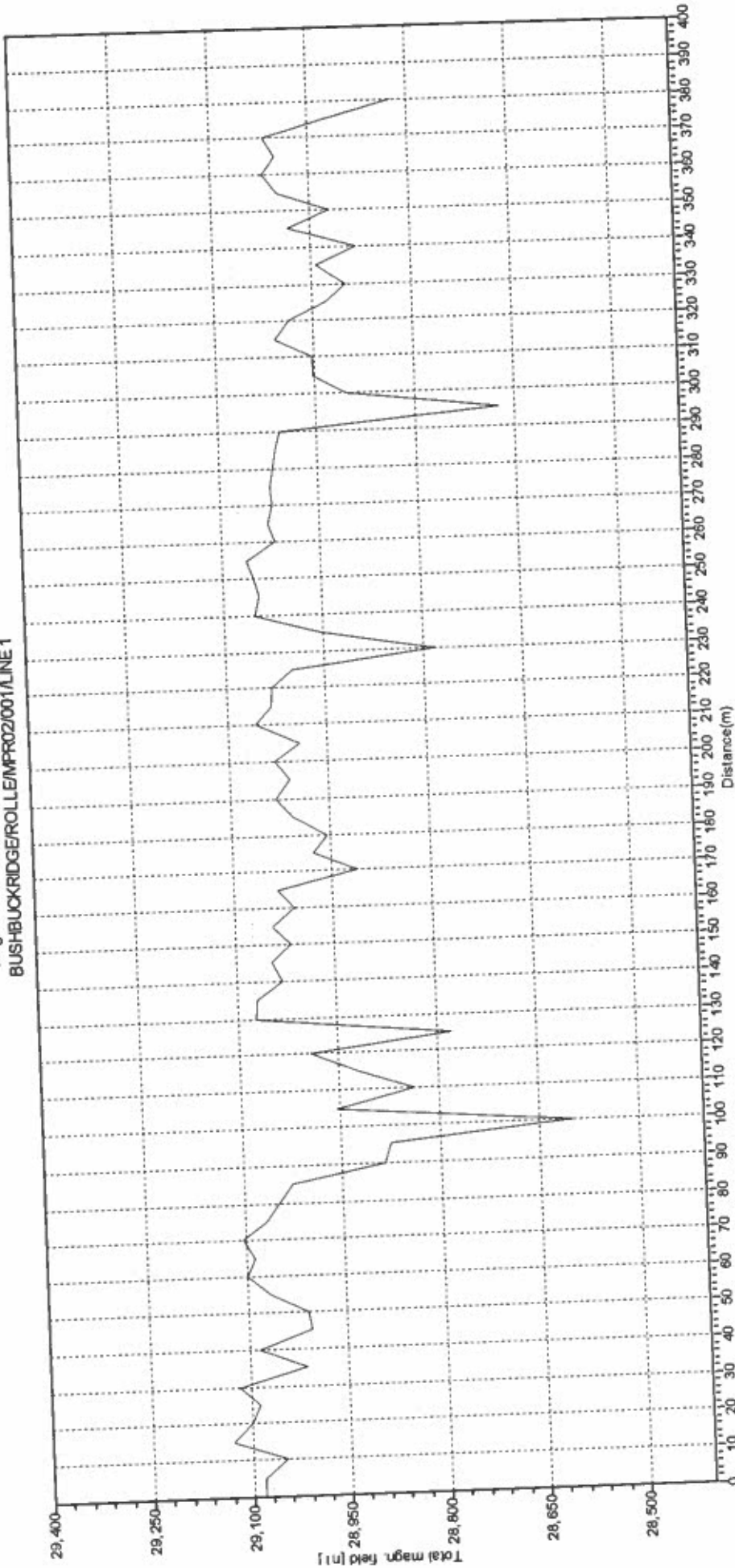
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Date compiled: 3/12/02

Physical Traverse Line 1

Magnetic Traverse: 20020208TRAV0001
BUSHBUCKRIDGE/ROLLE/MR02/001/LINE 1



Proposed site: Priority and Site No. ——— Magnetics



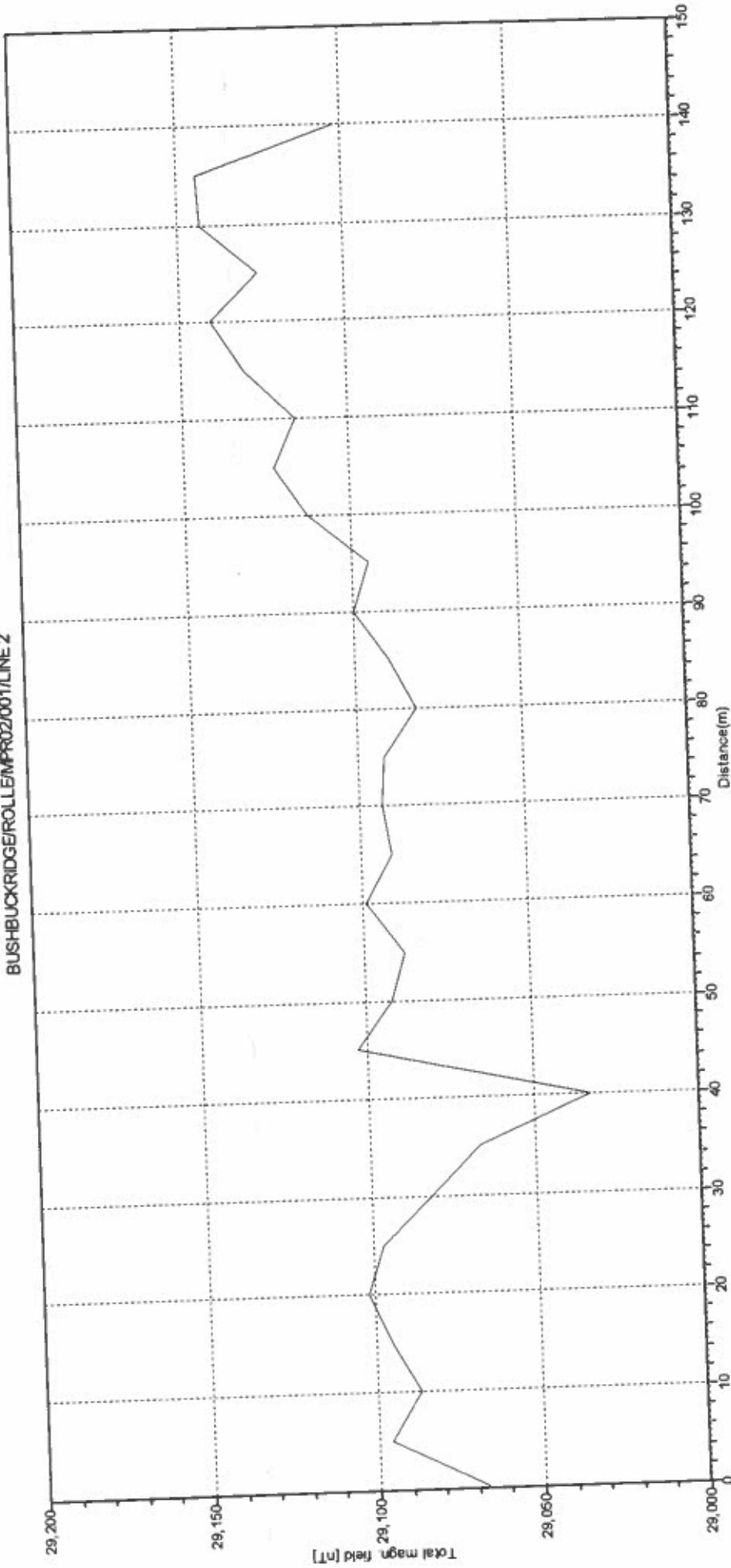
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E-mail: vsaleboanele@mweb.co.za

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
at: Domo & du Plessis
: Bushbuck Ridge
: Rolie 235 KJ
Location: Thulamahadi Village
Station: NM-SE
Scheme: MR02/001
Date: 16/02/2002

Date compiled: 3/12/02

Physical Traverse Line 2

Magnetic Traverse: 20020222TRAV0001
BUSHBUCKRIDGE/ROLLE/MFR02/001/LINE 2



Proposed site: Priority and Site Nr. — Magnetic

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
Site: Dombos & du Plessis
Location: Bushbuck Ridge
Address: Rolie 235 KU
Location: Thulamahadi Village
Section: S-N
Scheme: MFR02/001
Date: 18/02/2002

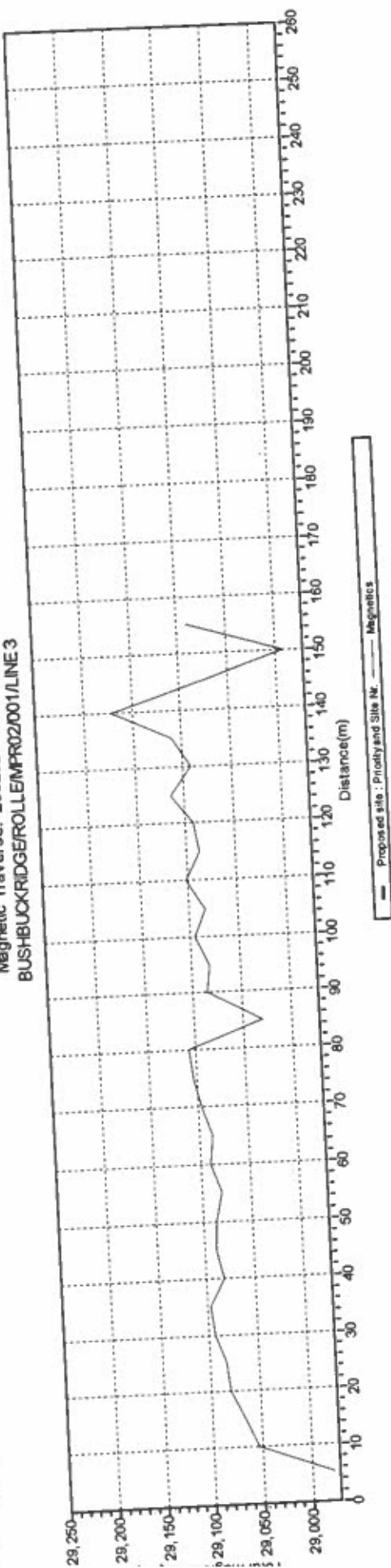


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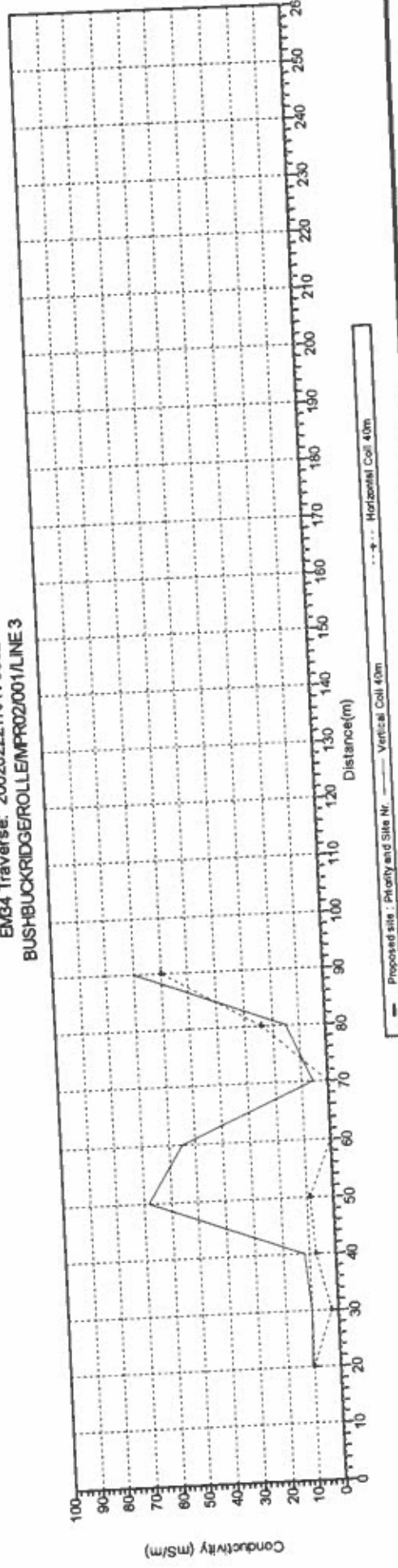
Date compiled: 3/12/02

Physical Traverse Line 3

Magnetic Traverse: 20020222TRAV0002
BUSHBUCKRIDGE/ROLLE/MFPR02/001/LINE 3



EM64 Traverse: 20020222TRAV0002
BUSHBUCKRIDGE/ROLLE/MFPR02/001/LINE 3



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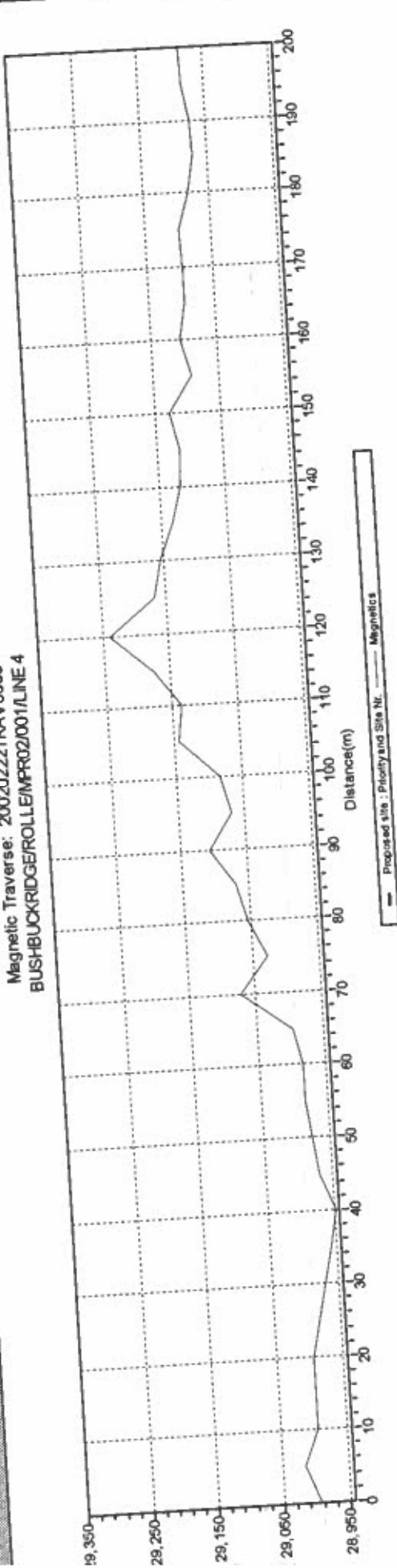
SUBJECT DESCRIPTION:
Site: Dombos & du Plessis
Location: Bushbuck Ridge
Address: Rolfe 235 KU
Location: Thulamahani Village
Section: NE-SW
Project: MFPR02/001
Date: 22/02/2002

--- Proposed site : Priority and Site Nr. --- Magnetics
--- Proposed site : Priority and Site Nr. --- Vertical Coil 40m
--- Proposed site : Priority and Site Nr. --- Horizontal Coil 40m

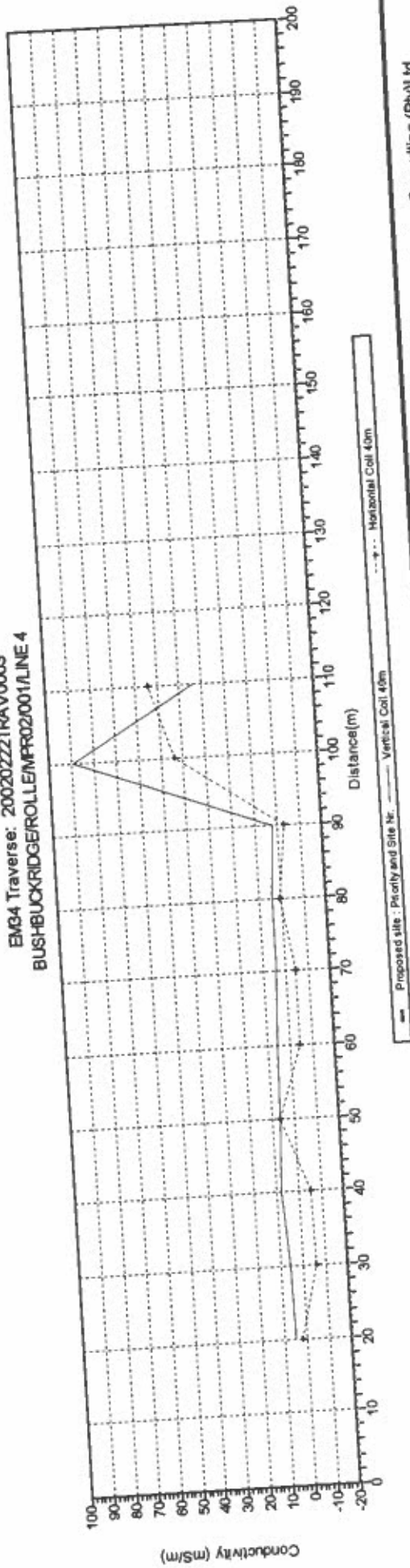
Date compiled: 3/12/02

Typical Traverse Line 4

Magnetic Traverse: 20020222TRAUV0003
BUSHBUCKRIDGE/ROLLE/MPR02/001/LINE 4



EM64 Traverse: 20020222TRAUV0003
BUSHBUCKRIDGE/ROLLE/MPR02/001/LINE 4



OBJECT DESCRIPTION:
Site: Dombro & du Plessis
Area: Bushbuck Ridge
Map: Rolle 235 KU
Location: Thulamahlad Village
Section: E-W
Project No.: MPR02/001
Date: 22/02/2002

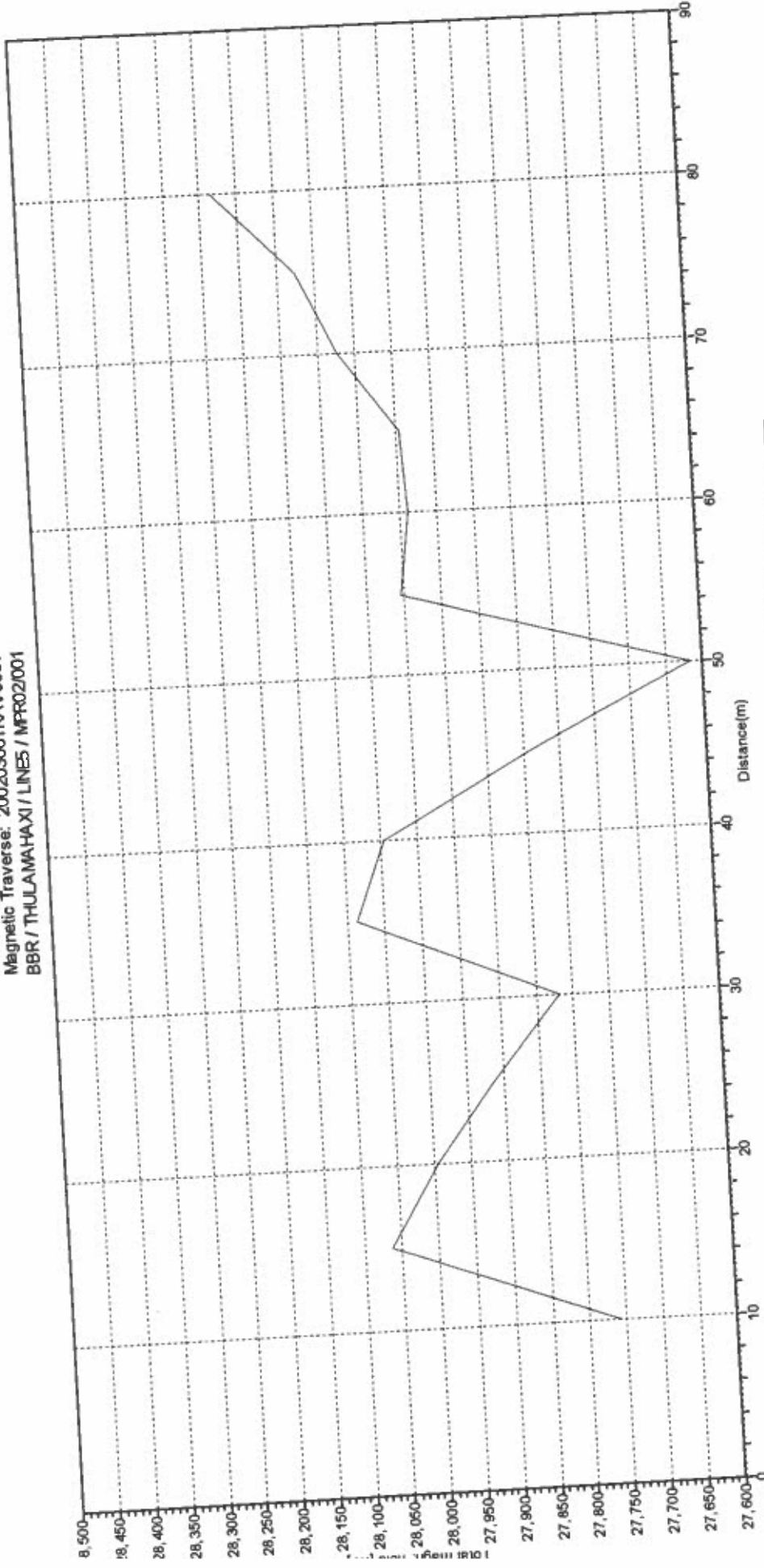


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Date compiled: 3/12/02

Physical Traverse Line 5

Magnetic Traverse: 20020306TRAUV0001
BBR / THULAMAHAXI / LINES / MPR02/001



— Proposed site: Priority and Site Nr. - - - - - Magnetic

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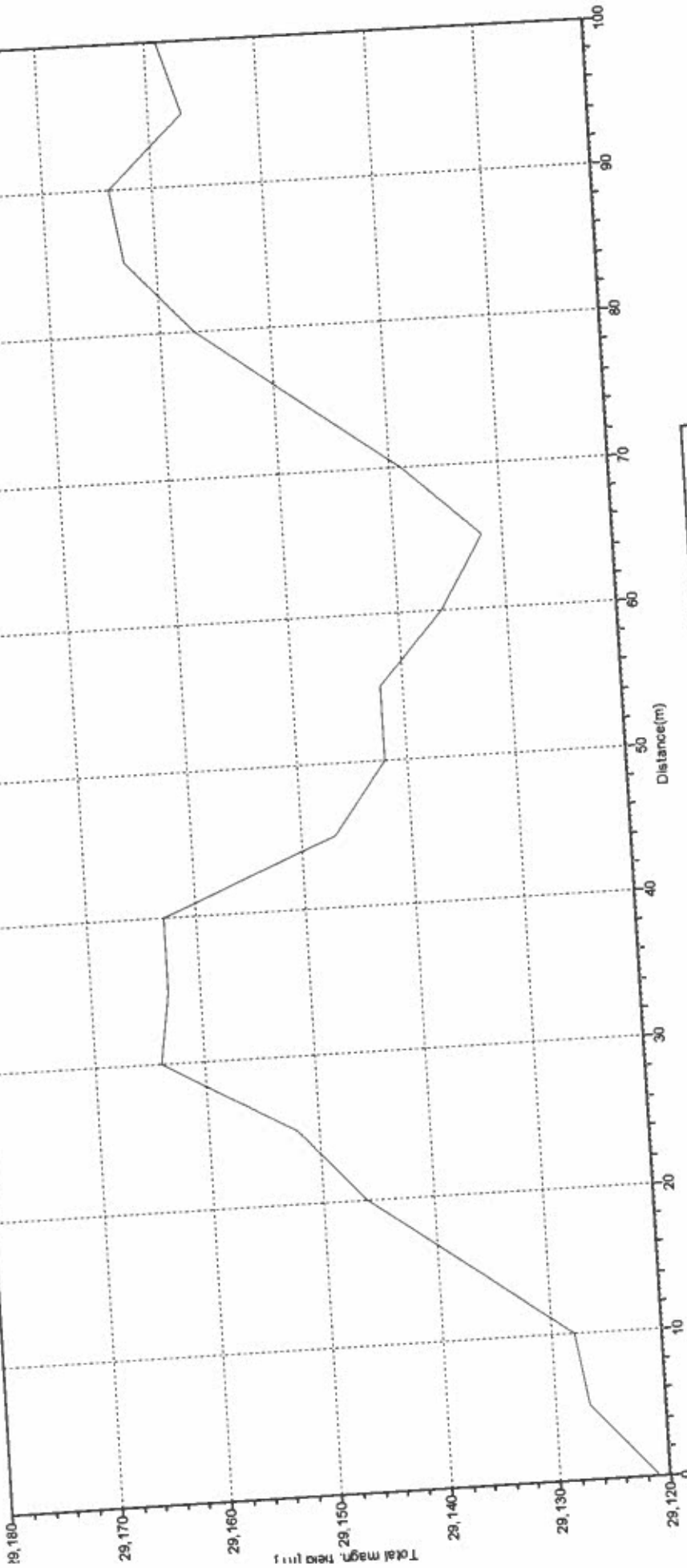


PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
Site: Dombos & du Plessis
Location: Bushbuck Ridge
Address: Rolfe 235 KU
Region: Thulamahadi Village
Direction: SE-NW
Project No.: MPR02/001
Date: 06/03/2002

Date compiled: 3/12/02

Physical Traverse Line 6

Magnetic Traverse: 20020306TRA/V0002
BBR / THULAMAHAXI / LINE 6 / MPR02/001



Proposed site: Priority and Site No. ——— Magnetics



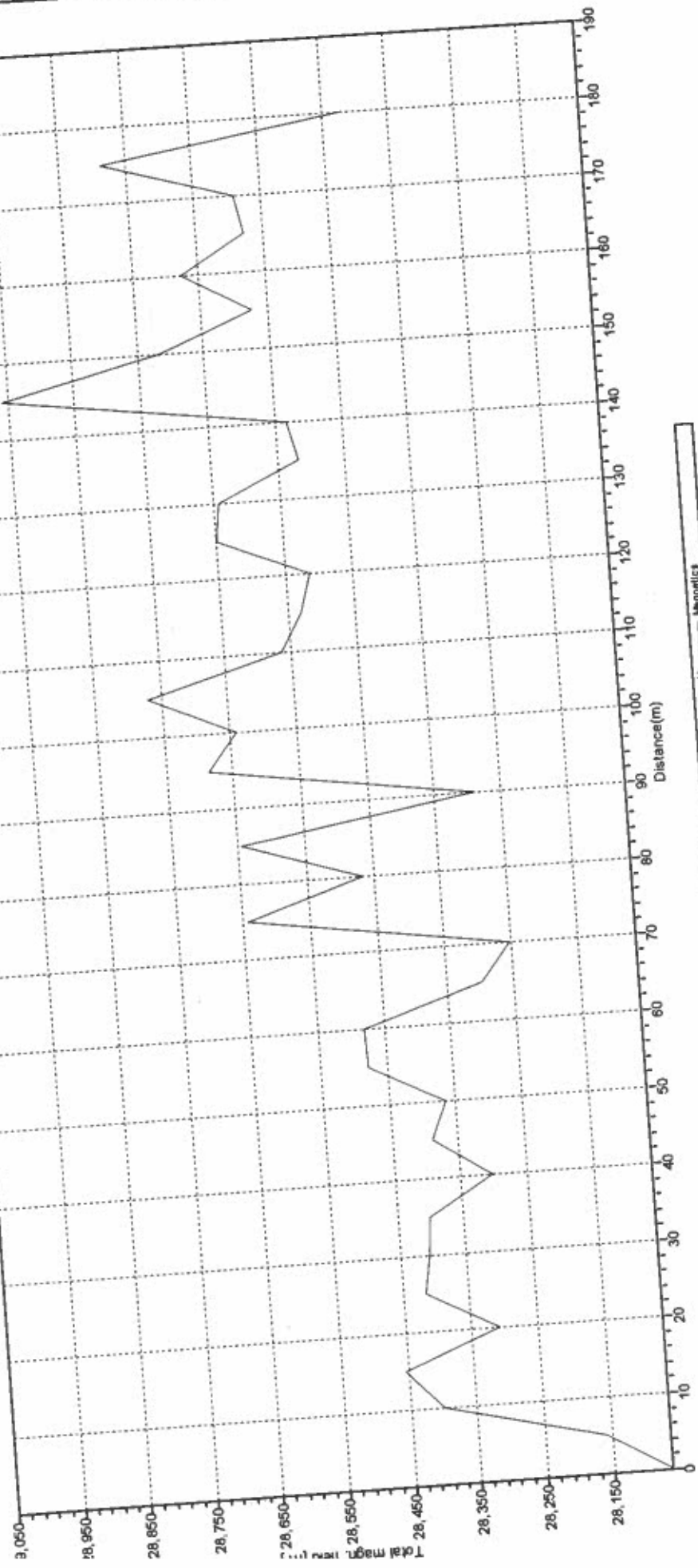
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Tel: (013) 744 9342
Fax: (013) 744 9342
E-mail: vsaleboanels@mweb.co.za

OBJECT DESCRIPTION:
ent: Dombos & du Plessis
ss: Bushbuck Ridge
rm: Rolfe 235 KU
caption: Thulamahaxi Village
rection: E-W
objectno.: MPR02/001
date: 06/03/2002

Date compiled: 3/12/02

Physical Traverse Line 7

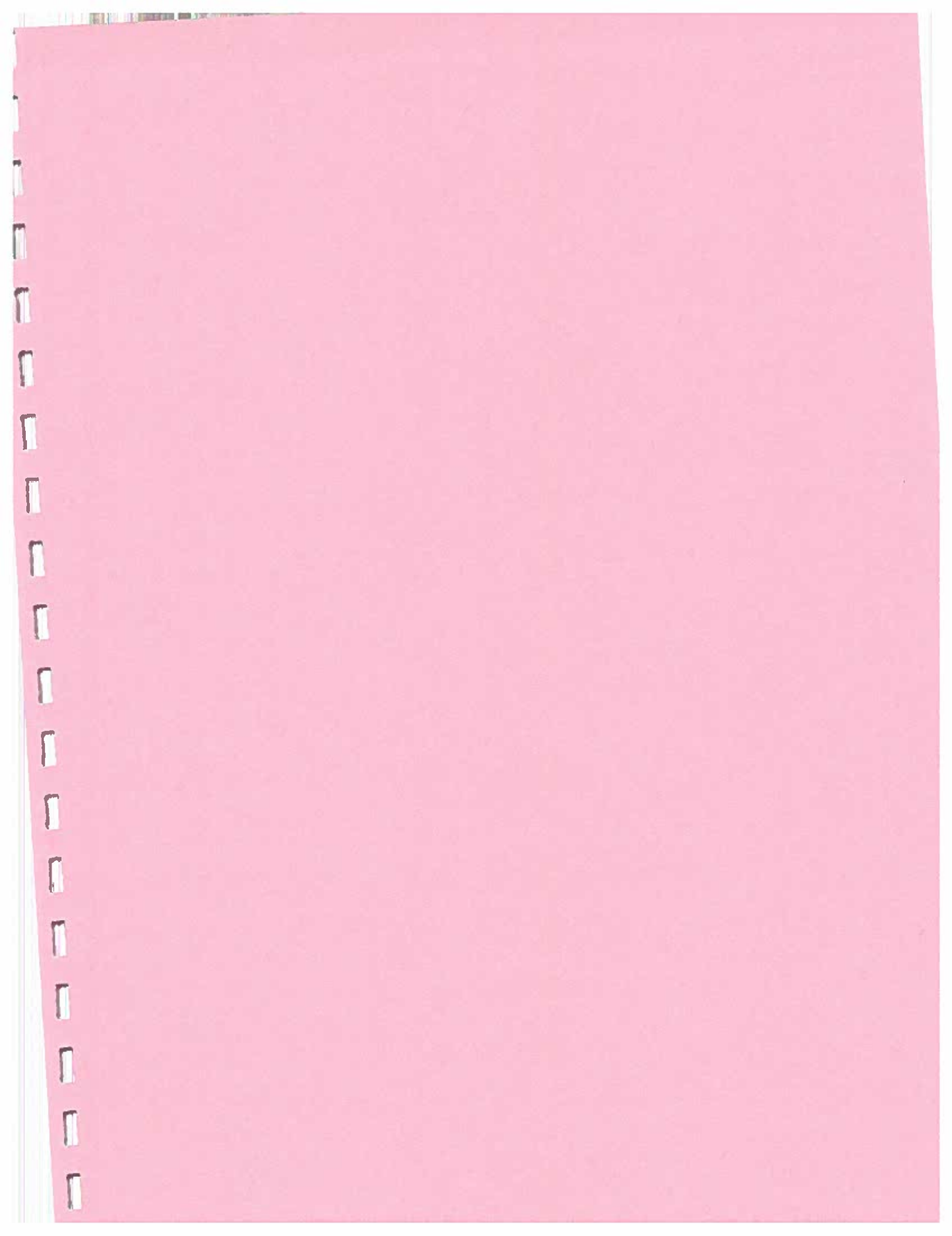
Magnetic Traverse: 20020306TRAV0003
BBR / THULAMAHAXI / LINE 7 / MPR02/001



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PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
Client: Domo & du Plessis
Location: Bushbuck Ridge
Farm: Rolie 235 KU
Location: Thulamahaxi Village
Injection: W-E
Project No.: MPR02/001
Date: 08/03/2002



Date compiled: 3/12/02

MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

BASIC SITE INFORMATION: Site Identifier: 2431CAV1020 Number: H05-2181 Site type: Borehole

| | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Distr./Farm No.: NPKU235 | Site Name/Descr.: ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI | Diam. [mm]: 165 | Water lev. [m]: 0.23 |
| Longitude [°]: 31.2046389 | Alt. No. 1: | Depth [m]: 44.63 | WL status: Static |
| Latitude [°]: 24.7166389 | Alt. No. 2: H051301 | Col. ht. [m]: 0.37 | Date WL meas.: 20020214 |
| Altitude [m]: 460.00 | Rep. inst.: VSA | | |

EXISTING EQUIPMENT:

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|
| Pump: | | Pulley Diam. [mm]: | |
| Type of Inst.: No equipment | | Depth to Intk. [m]: | 0 |
| Manufacturer: | | | |
| Engine: | | Power Rating [kW] | 0 |
| Manufacturer: | | Pulley Diam. [mm]: | |
| Type of Power: No equipment | | | |

USE APPLICATION:

Site Status: Unused
 Purpose: Production (water supply)
 Consumer: Non-urban
 Application: Domestic - all purposes

WATER CHEMISTRY:

| Sample No.: | Date sampled: | Depth sampl. [m]: | Comment: |
|------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Main Parameters: | | Calculated Parameters: | Bacteriol. Parameters: |
| pH: | Na: | Cl: | E.Coli: |
| EC: [mS/m] | K: | NO3 as N: | Faec. co: |
| TDS: | Si: | SO4: | Total Co: |
| T. Alk.: | Al: | F: | SPC: |
| Ca: | Fe: | | |
| Mg: | Mn: | | |

Concentrations in [mg/l]; Bact. param. in counts/100ml; Chemistry Standard: SABS for human consumption
 † Value exceeds recommended maximum limit ‡ Value exceeds maximum allowable limit
 † Value exceeds recommended minimum limit ‡ Value exceeds minimum allowable limit

CASING DETAILS:

| Depth to Top [m] | to Bot. [m] | Diam. [mm] | Material | Thickn. [mm] | Type of openings | Openings [mm]: | Hor. Dist. | Vert. Dist. |
|------------------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|------------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | Length | Width | |
| 0.00 | 3.68 | 170 | Steel | | 2 | | | |

TESTING DETAILS:

| Description | Date | Durat. [min] | Depth to Intk. [m] | Disch. rate [l/s] | Drawd. [m] | Recovery [m] | % | [min] | T [m³/d] | Storage | Comment |
|-------------|----------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|----|-------|----------|---------|---------|
| CAL TEST 1 | 20020213 | 15 | 38.00 | 0.45 | 6.34 | | | | | | |
| CAL TEST 2 | 20020213 | 15 | 38.00 | 0.65 | 10.89 | | | | | | |
| CAL TEST 3 | 20020213 | 15 | 38.00 | 0.98 | 27.70 | | | | | | |
| CAL TEST 4 | 20020213 | 15 | 38.00 | 0.88 | 37.25 | 0.80 | 97 | 180 | | | |
| STEP TEST 1 | 20020214 | 100 | 38.00 | 0.34 | 6.77 | 0.58 | 91 | 180 | | | |

RECOMMENDATIONS:

| Prior. | Rec. equipm. | Depth to Intk. [m] | Type of power | Duty cyc. [hrs] | Disch. rate [l/s] | Water quality | Dyn. water level [m] | Crit. water level [m] |
|--------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Hand pump | 30.00 | Hand | 8 | 0.15 | AWAIT | 8.00 | 18.00 |

Note: The water was clean during testing with no reported problems. The casing installed in the borehole is not to DWAF specification. Abstraction yield recommendation is based on 1x 100 minute step drawdown test and calibration test.



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MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Date compiled: 3/12/02

BASIC SITE INFORMATION: Site Identifier: 2431CAV0105 Number: H05-2182 Site type: Borehole

Distr./Farm No.: NPKU235 Site Name/Descr.: ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI

| | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Longitude [°]: 31.2052501 | Alt. No. 1: | Diam. [mm]: 170 | Water lev. [m]: |
| Latitude [°]: 24.7161111 | Alt. No. 2: H050773 | Depth [m]: 1.00 | WL status: |
| Altitude [m]: 640.00 | Rep. Inst.: VSA | Col. ht. [m]: 0.30 | Date WL meas.: |

EXISTING EQUIPMENT:

Pump:
 Type of Inst.: No equipment Pulley Diam. [mm]:
 Manufacturer: Depth to Intk. [m]:

Engine:
 Manufacturer: Power Rating [kW]
 Type of Power: No equipment Pulley Diam. [mm]:

USE APPLICATION:

Site Status: Unused

Purpose:

Consumer:

Application:

WATER CHEMISTRY:

| Sample No.: | Date sampled: | Depth sampl. [m]: | Comment: | |
|------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Main Parameters: | | | Calculated Parameters: | Bacteriol. Parameters: |
| pH: | Na: | Cl: | Langel.: | E.Coli: |
| EC: [mS/m] | K: | NO3 as N: | Aggr-Ind: | Faec. co: |
| TDS: | Si: | SO4: | Ion-bal: | Total Co: |
| T. Alk.: | Al: | F: | CaCO3: | SPC: |
| Ca: | Fe: | Concentrations in [mg/l]; Bact. param. in counts/100ml; Chemistry Standard: SABS for human consumption † Value exceeds recommended maximum limit ‡ Value exceeds maximum allowable limit † Value exceeds recommended minimum limit Value exceeds minimum allowable limit | | |
| Mg: | Mn: | | | |



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Borehole Construction and Geological Log

Date compiled: 3/12/02

Site type: Borehole

BASIC SITE INFORMATION:

Distr./Farm No.: NPKU235

Site Identifier: 2431CAV1023 Number: H05-2183
 Site Name/Descr.: ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI

Longitude [°]: 31.2036668

Latitude [°]: 24.7173889

Altitude [m]: 460.00

Coord. acc.: Accurate to within 100 units

Coord. meth.: Global Positioning System

Alt. No. 1:

Alt. No. 2:

Topo-set: In or along river

Site status: Unused

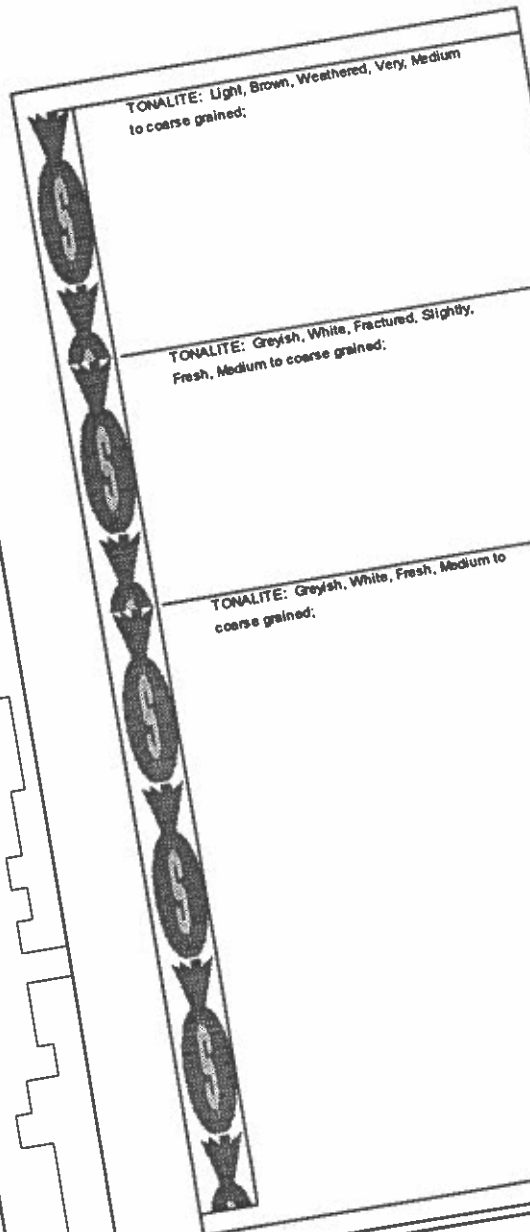
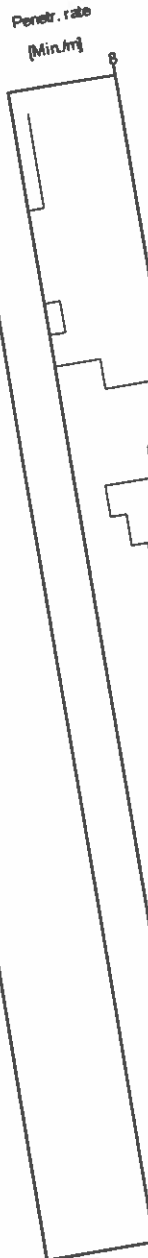
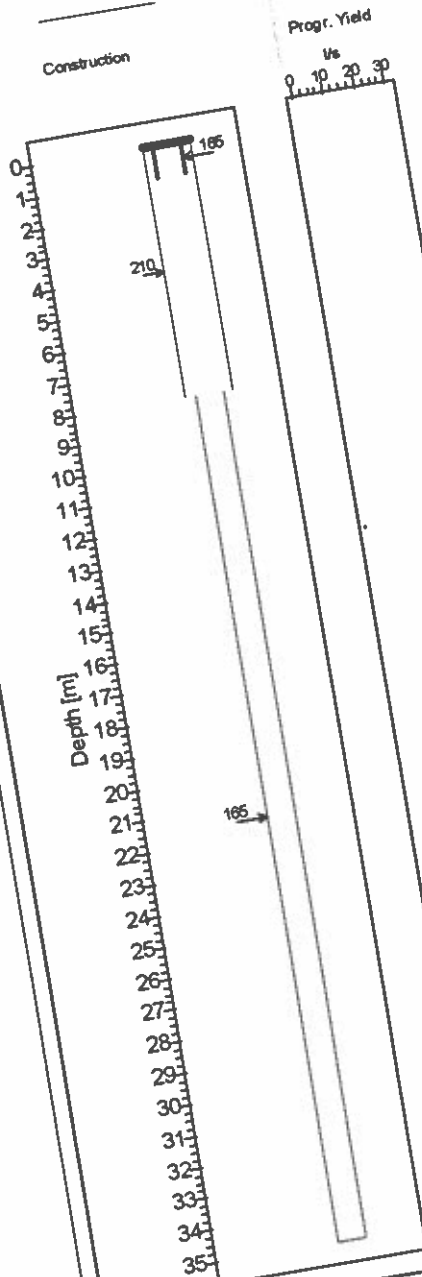
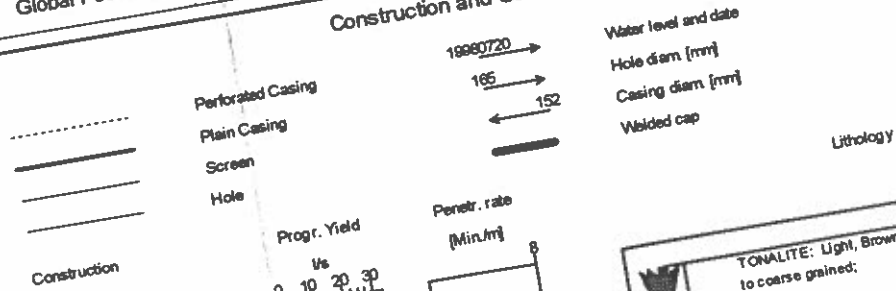
Site purp.: Exploration

Use applic.:

Equipment: No equipment

Depth [m]: 35.00
 Collar h. [m]: 0.30
 Drain. reg.: X32C
 Diam. [mm]: 165
 Rep. inst.: VSA

Construction and Geohydrological Legend



COMMENT:



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Borehole Construction and Geological Log

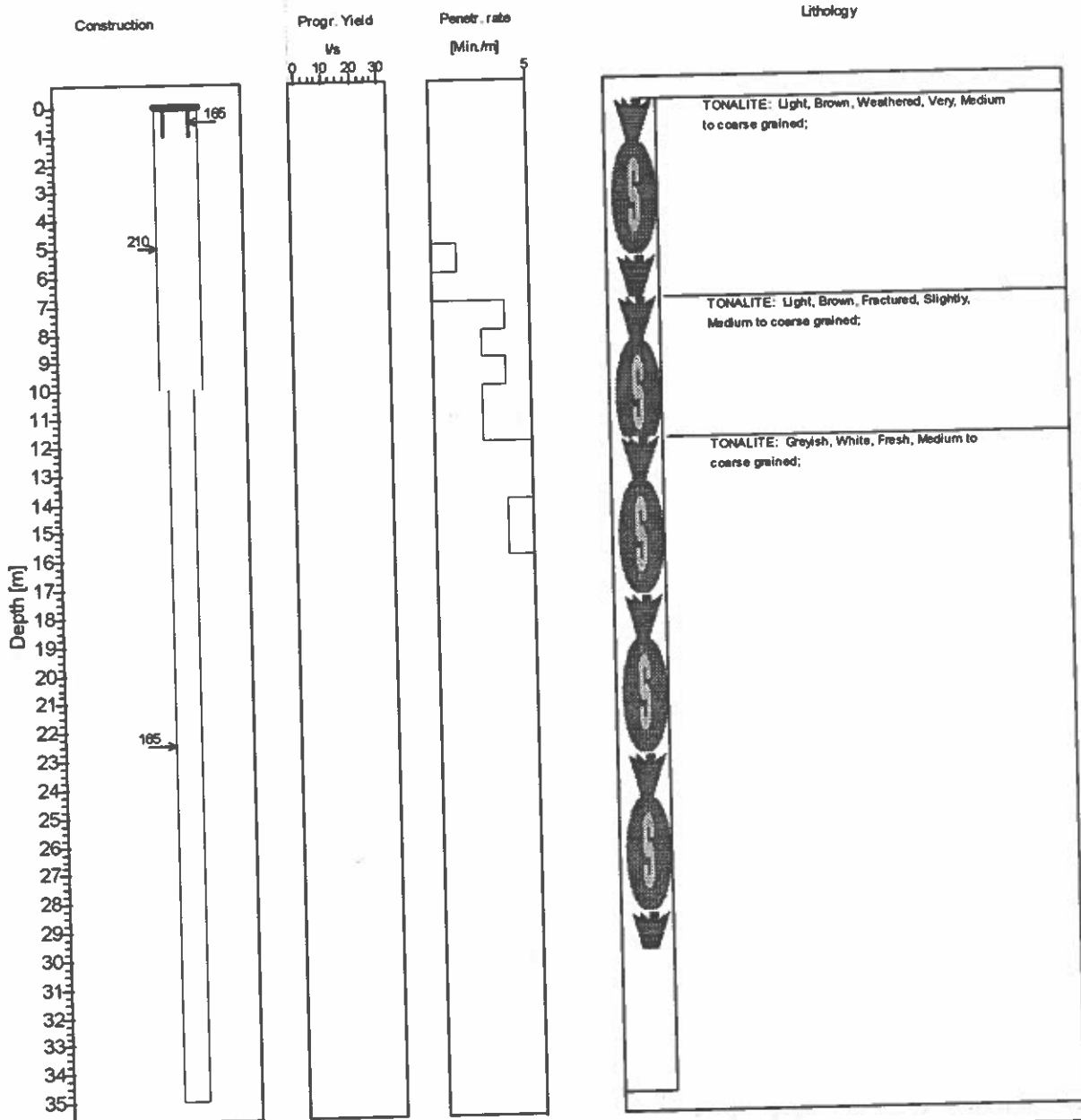
Date compiled: 3/12/02

BASIC SITE INFORMATION: Site Identifier: 2431CAV1024 Number: H05-2184 Site type: Borehole
 Distr./Farm No.: NPKU235 Site Name/Descr.: ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI

| | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Longitude [°]: 31.2051667 | Alt. No. 1: | Topo-sel.: In or along river | Depth [m]: 30.00 |
| Latitude [°]: 24.7164444 | Alt. No. 2: | Site status: Unused | Collar h. [m]: 0.30 |
| Altitude [m]: 461.00 | | Site purp.: Exploration | Drain. reg.: X32C |
| Coord. acc.: Accurate to within 100 units | | Use applic.: | Diam. [mm]: 165 |
| Coord. meth.: Global Positioning System | | Equipment: No equipment | Rep. inst.: VSA |

Construction and Geohydrological Legend

- Perforated Casing
- Plain Casing
- ==== Screen
- Hole
- 19980720 → Water level and date
- 165 → Hole diam. [mm]
- ← 152 Casing diam. [mm]
- Welded cap



COMMENT:




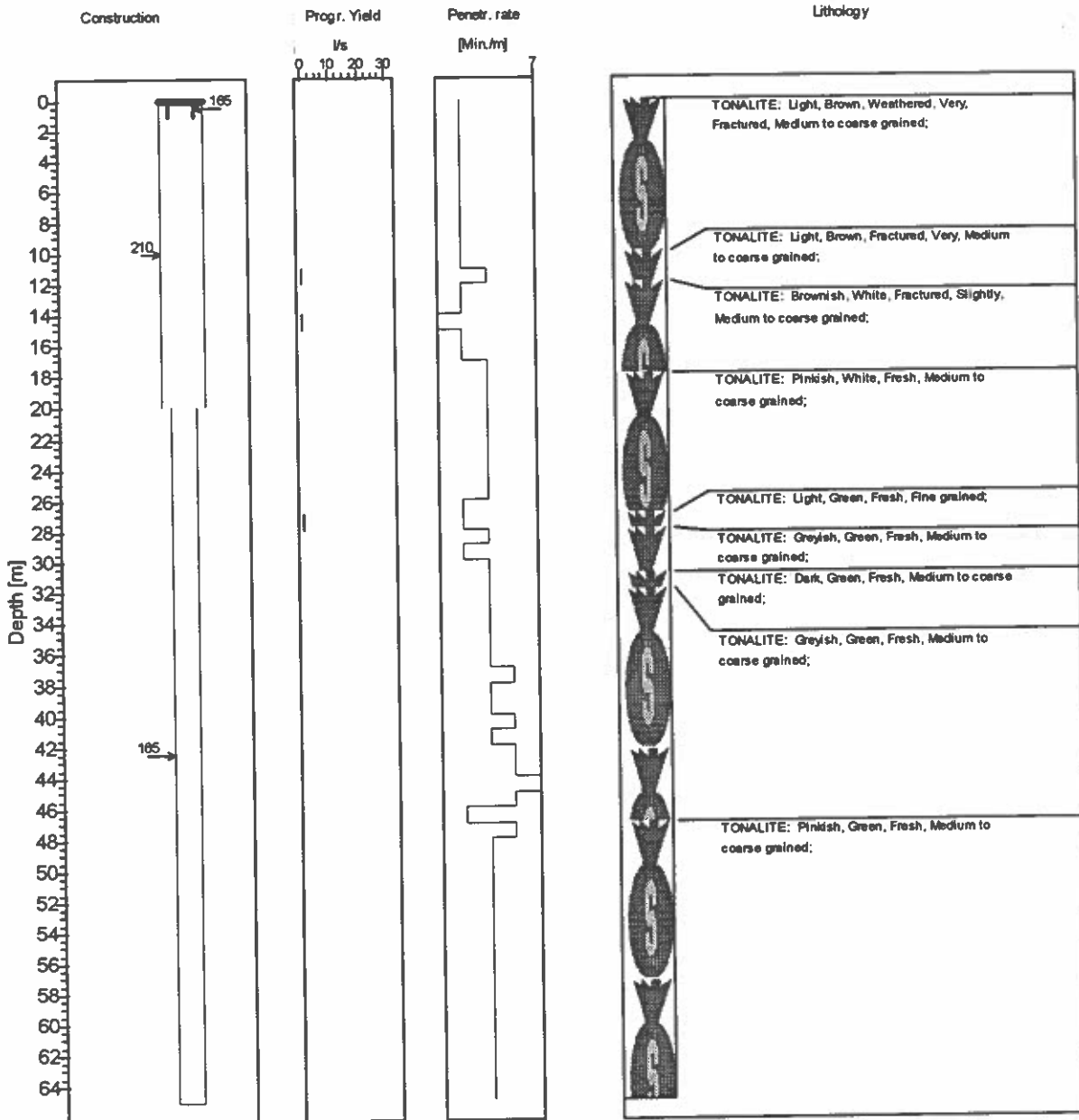
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BASIC SITE INFORMATION: Site Identifier: 2431CAV1021 Number: H05-2185 Site type: Borehole
 Distr./Farm No.: NPKU235 Site Name/Descr.: ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI

| | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Longitude [°]: 31.2051112 | Alt. No. 1: | Topo-set.: In or along river | Depth [m]: 65.00 |
| Latitude [°]: 24.7163056 | Alt. No. 2: | Site status: Unused | Collar h. [m]: 0.30 |
| Altitude [m]: 460.00 | | Site purp.: Exploration | Drain. reg.: X32C |
| Coord. acc.: Accurate to within 100 units | | Use applic.: | Diam. [mm]: 165 |
| Coord. meth.: Global Positioning System | | Equipment: No equipment | Rep. inst.: VSA |

Construction and Geohydrological Legend

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|----------------------|
|  | Perforated Casing |  | Water level and date |
|  | Plain Casing |  | Hole diam. [mm] |
|  | Screen |  | Casing diam. [mm] |
|  | Hole |  | Welded cap |



COMMENT:



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Borehole Construction and Geological Log

Date compiled: 3/12/02

BASIC SITE INFORMATION:

Site Identifier: 2431CAV1022 Number: H05-2186

Site type: Borehole

Distr./Farm No.: NPKU235

Site Name/Descr.: ROLLE/THULAMAHAXI

Longitude [°]: 31.2057223

Alt. No. 1:

Topo-set.: In or along river

Depth [m]: 55.00

Latitude [°]: 24.7164722

Alt. No. 2:

Site status: Unused

Collar h. [m]: 0.30

Altitude [m]: 475.00

Site purp.: Exploration

Drain. reg.: X32C

Coord. acc.: Accurate to within 100 units

Use applic.:

Diam. [mm]: 165

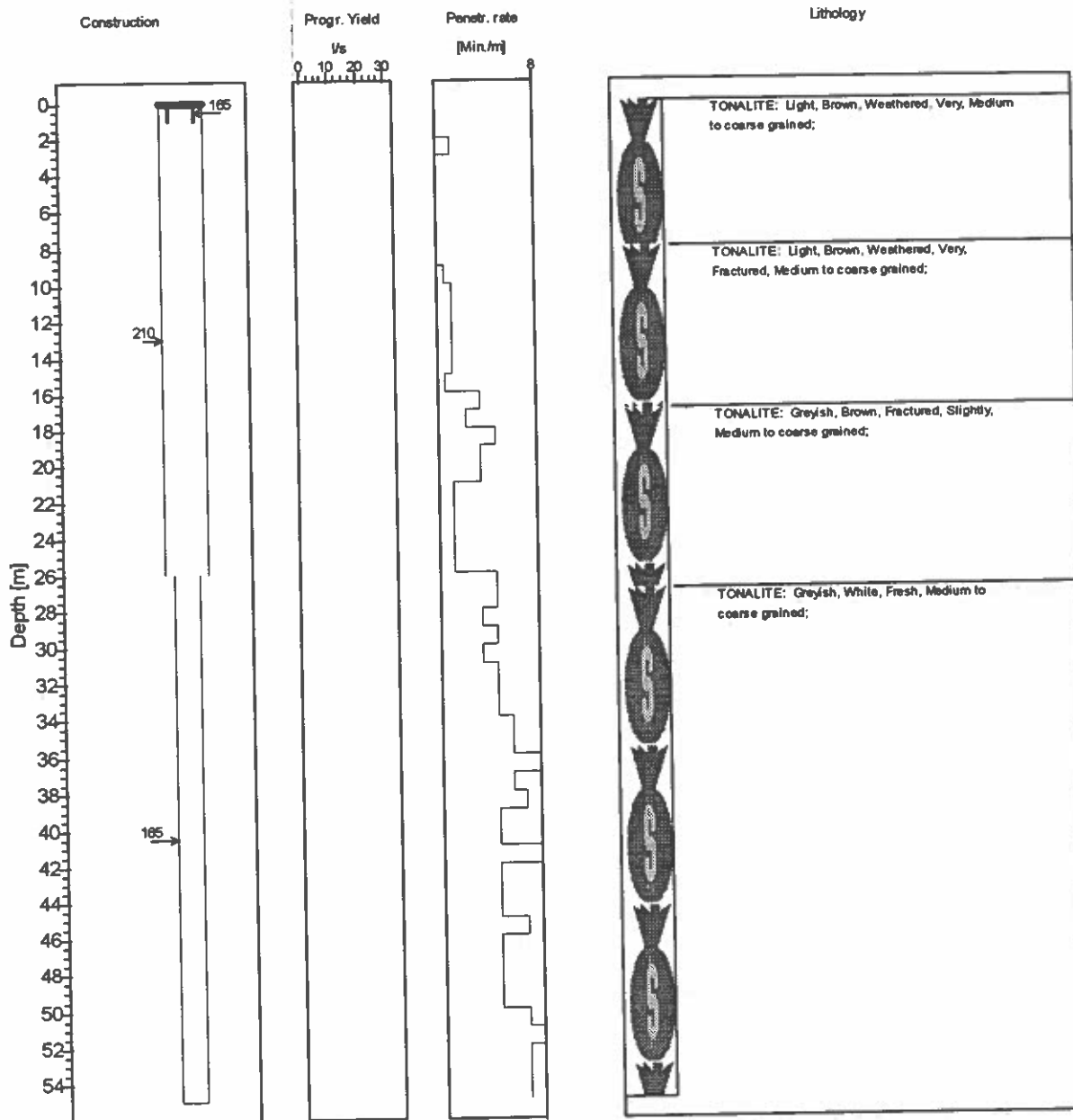
Coord. meth.: Global Positioning System

Equipment: No equipment

Rep. inst.: VSA

Construction and Geohydrological Legend

- Perforated Casing
- ===== Plain Casing
- ===== Screen
- ===== Hole
- 1998/07/20 → Water level and date
- 165 → Hole diam. [mm]
- ← 152 Casing diam. [mm]
- ===== Welded cap



COMMENT:



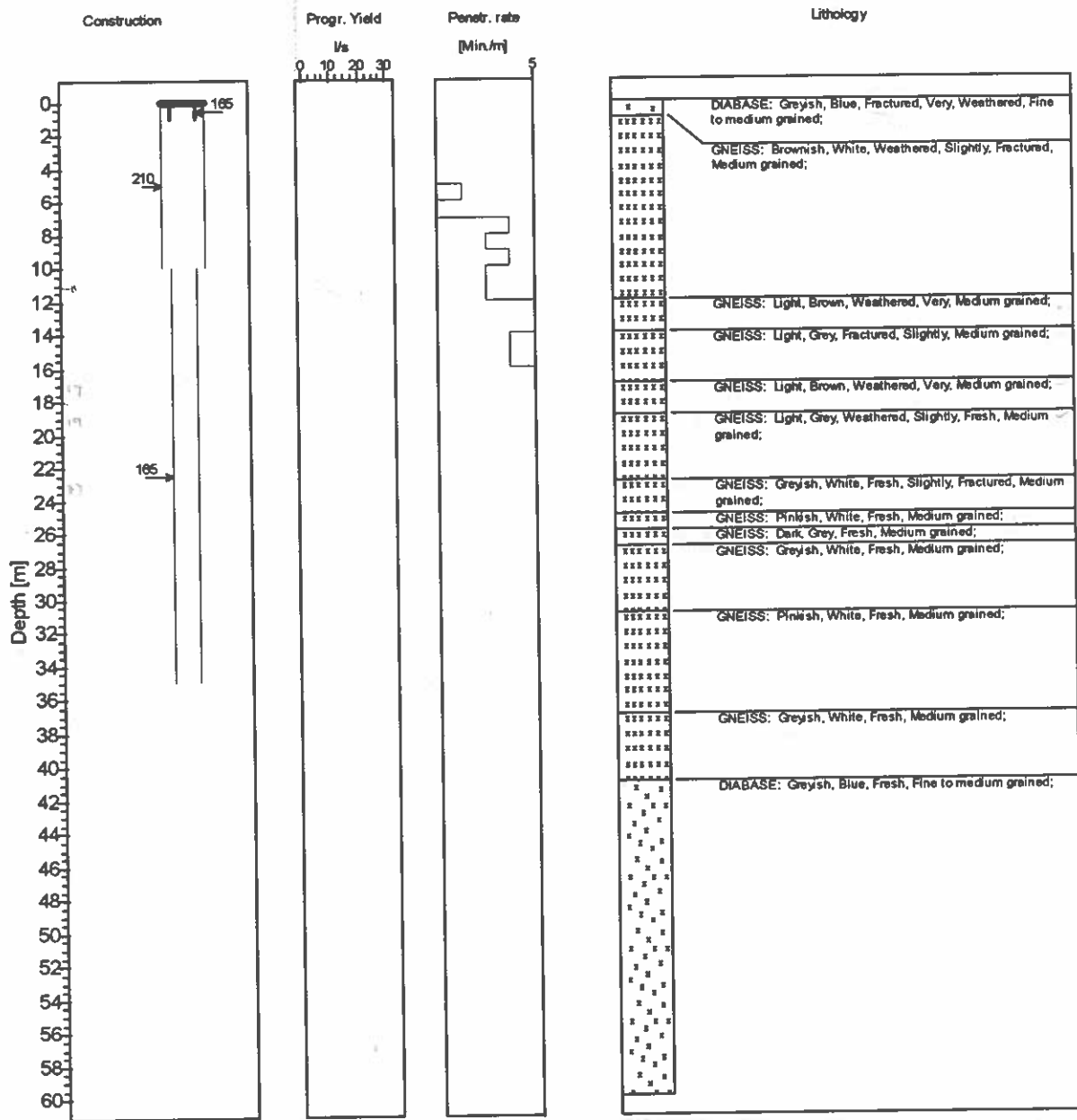
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BASIC SITE INFORMATION: Site Identifier: 2431CAV1025 Number: H05-2187 Site type: Borehole
 Distr./Farm No.: NPKU228 Site Name/Descr.: EDINBURGH/THULAMAHAXI

| | | | |
|---|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Longitude [°]: 31.2090278 | Alt. No. 1: | Topo-set.: Hillside (slope) | Depth [m]: 30.00 |
| Latitude [°]: 24.7084722 | Alt. No. 2: | Site status: Unused | Collar h. [m]: 0.30 |
| Altitude [m]: 480.00 | | Site purp.: Exploration | Drain. reg.: X32C |
| Coord. acc.: Accurate to within 100 units | | Use applic.: Equipment: No equipment | Diam. [mm]: 165 |
| Coord. meth.: Global Positioning System | | | Rep. inst.: VSA |

Construction and Geohydrological Legend

| | | | |
|-------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|
| ----- | Perforated Casing | 19980720 → | Water level and date |
| ===== | Plain Casing | 165 → | Hole diam [mm] |
| ===== | Screen | ← 152 | Casing diam [mm] |
| ===== | Hole | ===== | Welded cap |



COMMENT:



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