

National Microbiological monitoring programme

Quality Assurance of Microbiological quality for a Bulk Water Supply

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Introduction

- **Safe water supply often taken for granted; Yet**
- **United Nations World Water Development report (2003)**
 - **2 213 000 deaths/annum- water related**
 - **82 196 000 DALYS** (DALY = a lost year of healthy life)
 - **240% higher in developing countries compared to industrialised countries**
 - **Also not excluded from developed world (Hurdy et al 2002)**



Success factors for a water supply industry

1. Uninterrupted supply water
2. Wherever it is required within our supply area
3. When it is required
4. At a reasonable cost
5. Water must be of acceptable quality

Area of Supply



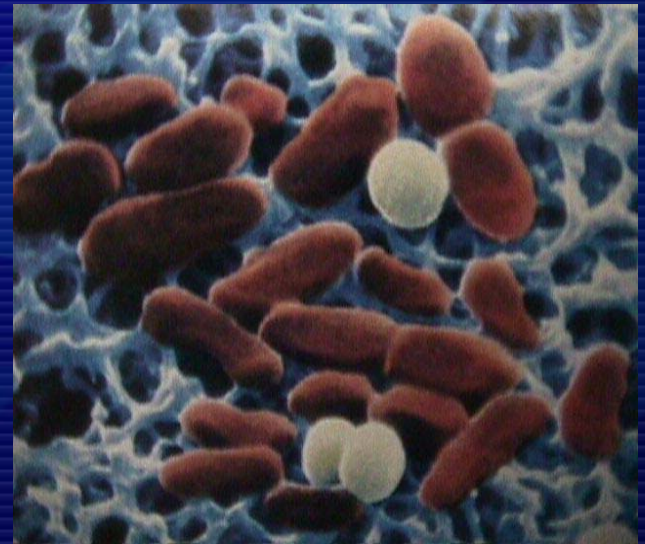
WHEN IS WATER QUALITY ACCEPTABLE

- * **Must be safe; for lifelong consumption**
- * **Must be palatable (Taste, Odour and Feel);**
- * **Must be aesthetically appealing (Clear);**
- * **Should not contain any chemical or radiological substances deleterious to health;**
- * Should be free of pathogenic organisms;
- * **Be stable as far as possible.**



What are Pathogenic Organisms

- **Bacteria**
- **Protozoa**
- **Viruses**



How should we protect our water?



- **Holistic approach**
- **Risk assessment**
 - **Evaluate system**
 - **Monitor quality**
 - **Audit quality**
 - **Implement remedial actions**



International Search

- **HACCP – Developed by NASA**
- **Water Safety Plan**
 - **WHO Geneva 2002**
 - **Australian and New Zealand Resource Management Councils (M Martin et al 2002)**
 - **Key Principles**
 - *Holistic approach*
 - *Integrated system*
 - *Logic*
 - *Multiple barriers*
 - *Overarching*



The Water Safety Plan

1. Assemble task team

2. Establish corporate commitment to water quality

3. Define scope of work

4. Construct System flow diagramme

5. Verify flow diagramme



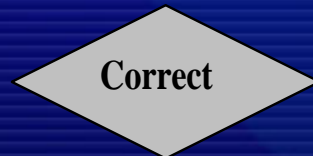
6. Conduct Hazard assessment

7. Identify quality and critical control points

8. Define operational limits

9. Establish monitoring programme

10. Verify items 6 - 9



11. Establish corrective action

12. Verify product quality

13. Support services



Assemble Task Team

| Division | Post Description | Expertise |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Water Technology | Manager Water Quality and Environmental Services | Project manager |
| | Manager Process Technology | Extensive water treatment and processes expertise |
| | Manager Water Quality Assurance | Knowledge base pertaining to Water Quality Assurance systems |
| | Manager Technical Training | Broad knowledgebase of water treatment processes and training required to optimise manpower |
| | Manager Analytical Services | Key to analytical services required And associated expertise |
| | Manager Water Quality Marketing | Responsible for water safety plan support services |
| Production | Chief Engineer Potable Water Production | Operational management input to WQSP |
| | Station Operations managers | Evaluation and management input to WQSP |
| | Station Chemists | Detailed knowledge base of Water Quality Control methods and procedures |
| | Water Quality Services Technologist | Integrated water quality control |
| | Senior Water Quality Technician | Systems flow diagrams |
| Sales and Customer Services | Manager Bulk Water Services | Management input regarding water distribution systems |
| | Station Chemist | Detailed knowledge base of distribution system and associated water quality problems. |
| Engineering | Chief Process Engineer | Engineering components of water quality management |
| Corporate Services | Legal Advisor | Input as to Rand Water's legal commitment |
| | Corporate ISO 9001 Advisor | Integration of WSP into ISO 9001 system |



Five Key Components

1 Commitment to Water Quality

2 Supply chain evaluation

3 Monitoring critical points

4 Management Plans

5 Independent Audit



Commitment to water quality

Production standard

SANS 0241
Class 0 – 95%

Supply specifications

SANS 0241
Class 1 – 95%
Class 2 – 99%

Benchmark
WHO



SANS 0241 2001

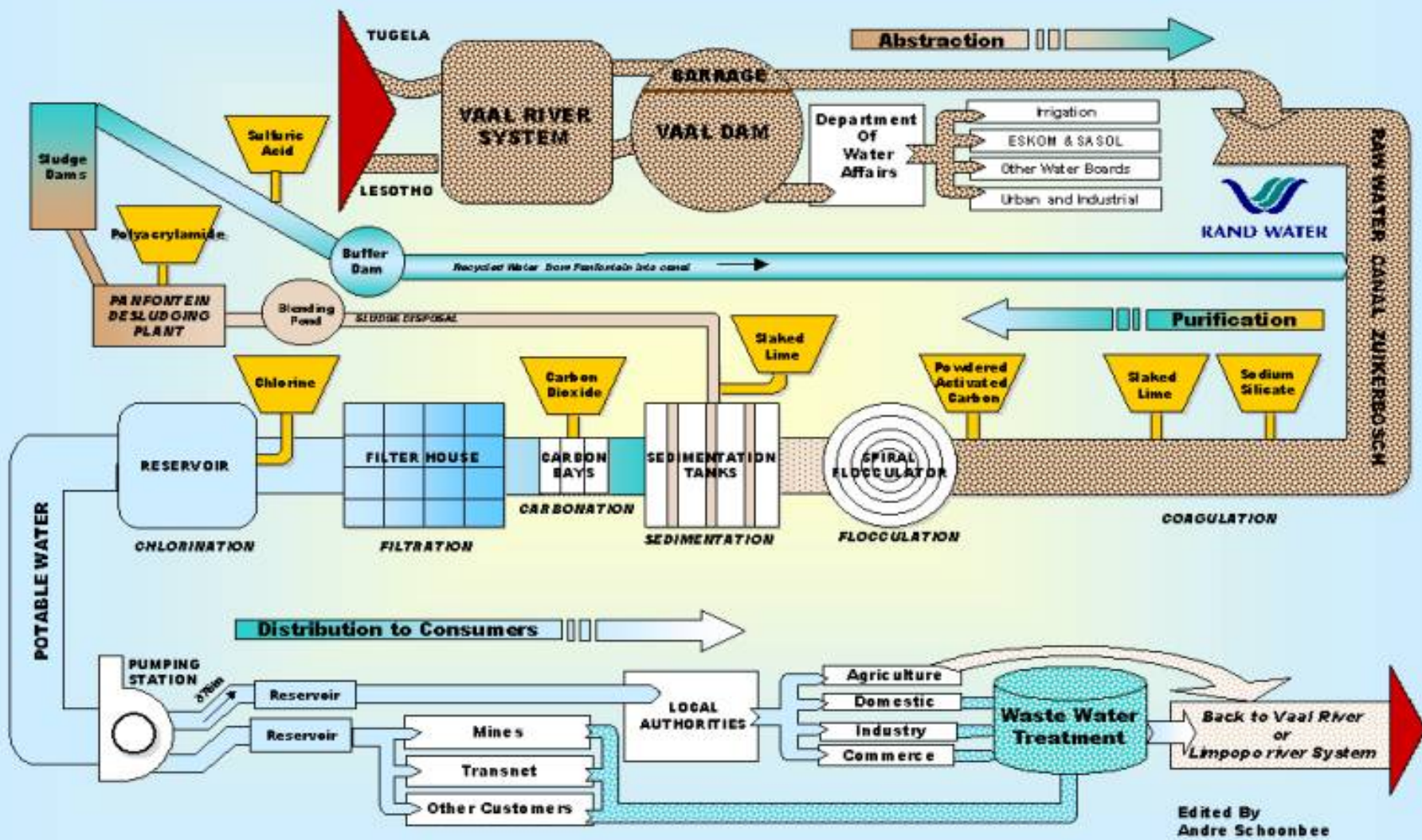
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|--------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Determinants | Units | Allowable compliance contribution ^a | | |
| | | 95 % of samples, min. | 4 % of samples, max. | 1 % of samples, max. |
| | | Upper limits | | |
| Heterotrophic plate count | count/ml | 100 | 1 000 | 10 000 |
| Total coliform bacteria | count/100 ml | Not detected | 10 | 100 |
| Faecal coliform bacteria ^b | count/100 ml | Not detected | 1 | 10 |
| E. coli ^b | count/100 ml | Not detected | Not detected | 1 |
| Somatic coliphages | count/10 ml | Not detected | 1 | 10 |
| Enteric viruses | count/100 ml | Not detected | 1 | 10 |
| Protozoan parasites (<i>Giardia/Cryptosporidium</i>) | count/10 ml | Not detected | Not detected | 1 |

^a The allowable compliance contribution shall be at least 95 % to the limits indicated in column 3, with a maximum of 4 % and 1 % respectively, to the limits indicated in column 4 and column 5. The objective of disinfection should, nevertheless, be to attain 100 % compliance to the limits indicated in column 3.

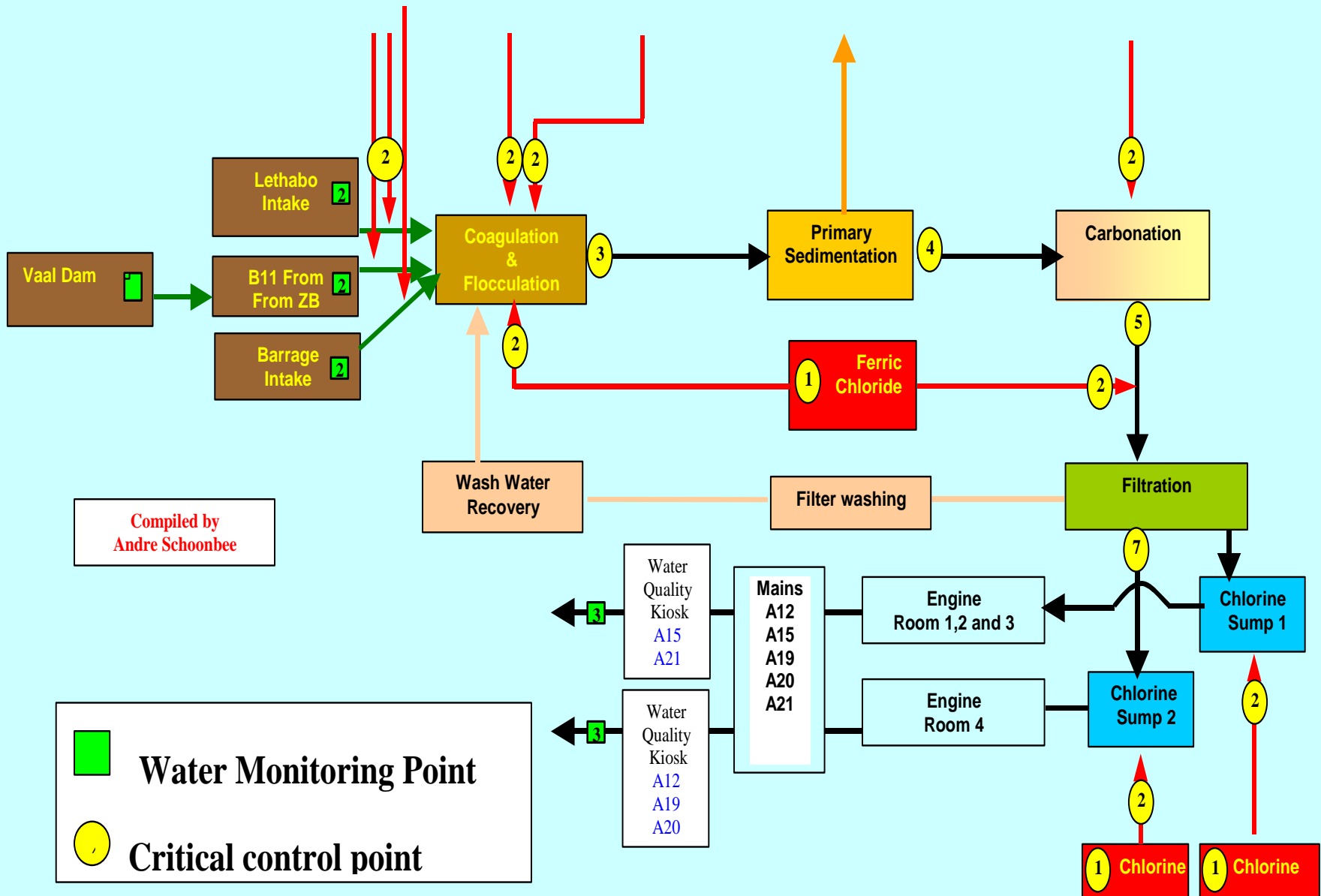
^b In most instances it will not be necessary to conduct both these tests; one or the other will normally suffice as the required indicator.

Supply Chain Evaluation

Figure 1: General overview of the entire water supply chain



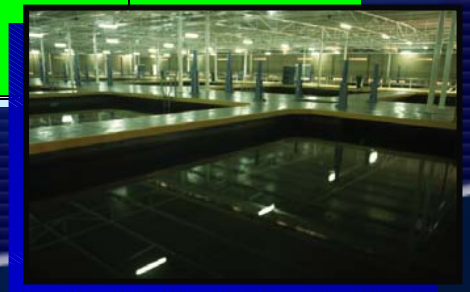
Supply Chain Evaluation



Risk Assessment

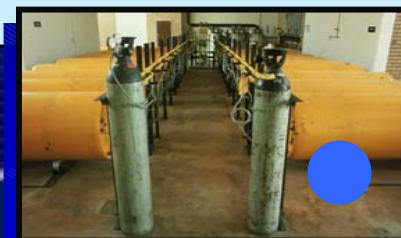
J Mullenger et al 2002

| Risk Factor Matrix: | | Severity of consequences | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| | | Insignificant No impact/not detectable <i>Rating: 1</i> | Minor Customer Complaint <i>Rating: 2</i> | Moderate Impact on Customer Supply conditions <i>Rating: 3</i> | Major Impact on Supply conditions <i>Rating: 4</i> | Catastrophic Public Health Risk <i>Rating: 5</i> |
| Likelihood | Almost Certain <i>Once a day</i> 5 <i>Rating: 5</i> | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| | Likely <i>Once a week</i> 4 <i>Rating: 4</i> | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 |
| | Moderate <i>Once a month</i> 3 <i>Rating: 3</i> | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 |
| | Unlikely <i>Once a year</i> 2 <i>Rating: 2</i> | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| | Rare <i>Once every 5 years</i> 1 <i>Rating: 1</i> | | | | | |



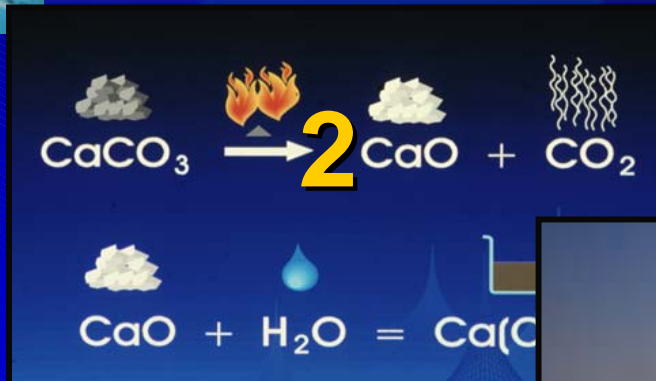
Supply Chain Assessment

| Process step | Hazard event | <u>Critical Quality/ control point identification</u> Refer Diagramme 1.6.1 Procedure 1.6. | <u>Risk</u> Refer Diagramme 1.6.2 Procedure 1.6 | Critical/operationa l limits | Monitoring | Corrective action | Verification of water quality |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| QCP1 Rawwater resources | Contamination of water emanating from the Vaal Dam Catchment | Vaal Dam catchment Sampling sites (Refer WSP Proc No 1.7 and figure 1.7.2) | Aesthetic 12 Algal cells 12 Macro element 4 Trace metals 2 Path organisms 4 Radioactivity 1 Organics 4 | Refer Barrage in- stream water quality guidelines – background and management levels – WSP Doc No 1.8 | Refer Catchment sampling and analyses schedule WSP Proc 1.9 | Reporting of catchment water quality information at Catchment forums WSP Proc 1.12 | On line water quality verification on CIMDSS WSP Proc 1.11 |
| CCP1 Control quality and delivery of treatment chemicals | Sub- Standard or contaminated water purification Chemicals Delivery problems | Production Sampling sites (Refer WSP Procedure 1.7 Annexure 1 WSP Figures 5 to 14) | Incorrect concentration levels 4 Increased costs 6 Late deliveries 10 Substandard water quality 4 | Refer relevant Bulk chemical contract specifications WSP DOC No 1.8 | Refer relevant site Verification procedures of incoming materials WSP Doc No 1.9 | Refer relevant site Chemical non-conformance procedure WSP Doc No 1.12 | Not Applicable |
| CCP2 Control of treatment chemical dosing | Sub standard water quality Costs | Production Sampling sites (Refer WSP Procedure 1.7 Annexure 1 WSP Figures 5 to 14) | Turbid water 12 Stability problems 12 Disinfection problems 15 PH 12 | Refer relevant site operational dosing procedures WSP Doc No 1.8 | Refer to relevant site Production water quality monitoring schedule WSP Doc No 1.9 | Refer Water Production operational dosing procedures WSP Doc No 1.12 | Water Production LABWARE system WSP Doc No 1.11 |



Monitoring systems

Four components



Monitoring Systems

- **Three tier**

- Routine

- Problem
Centered

- Diagnostic
Framework



Routine Monitoring

Water Quality Monitor - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Rand Water Networks

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WATER QUALITY MONITOR

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SAMPLE POINT LISTS

Environment

- CATCHMENTS
- RIVERS
- RESERVOIRS/DAMS
- GROUNDWATER

Specific

- SAMPLE POINTS

Sources

- WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS
- INDUSTRIES
- MINES
- LANDFILLS
- WATER TREATMENT WORKS
- STORMWATER

[Search on Map](#)

Done Local intranet

Routine Monitoring

SAMPLE POINT C-B10 (C-B10 - Blesbokspruit at Heidelberg) Raw Data Statistics Graph

COMPLIANCE CRITERIA for catchment: Blesbokspruit **PERIOD** From 99/01/01 To 99/12/31

| Receiving Water Quality Objectives | Unit | 99/04/12 | 99/04/19 | 99/04/26 | 99/05/03 | 99/05/10 | 99/05/17 | 99/05/24 | 99/05/31 |
|---|-----------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Industrial (Category 2) use guideline | cells/ml | | | | | | | | |
| Industrial (Category 3) use guideline | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Industrial (Category 4) use guideline | mg/l N | 5 - 5 >5 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.09 | | 0.10 | 0.13 |
| Irrigation use guideline | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Livestock watering use guideline | mg/l | | | | | | | | |
| Permit | mg/l | | | | | | | | |
| Recreational use (full contact) guideline | mg/l | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation use (non-contact) guideline | mg/l | | | | | | | | |
| Receiving Water Quality Objectives | mg/l | 215 | 230 | 235 | 240 | 245 | 265 | 255 | 265 |
| Special Standard | mg/l | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| USER: Leeu/Taaibosspuit Prelim WQO | | | | | | | | | |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) | mg/l | <20 20 - 35 35 - 55 >55 | 17 | 10 | 75 | 23 | 15 | 15 | |
| Chloride (CL) | mg/l | <80 80 - 150 150 - 200 >200 | 62 | 160 | 155 | 190 | 170 | 135 | 120 |
| Co (CO) | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Conductivity (COND) | ms/m | <45 45 - 70 70 - 120 >120 | 220 | 240 | 270 | 230 | 240 | 220 | 240 |
| Cr (CR) | mg/l | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Cu (CU) | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Cyanide (CN) | mg/l | | | | | | | | |
| Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) | mg/l | 10 | 10 | 18 | 15 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 21 |
| Dissolved Oxygen (DO) | mg/l O2 | 0.50 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 6.3 |
| Fe (FE) | mg/l | <0.1 0.1 - 0.5 0.5 - 1 >1 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 |
| Fecal Coliforms (FC/100 ml) (FC) | fc/100 ml | <10 10 - 100 100 - 1000 >1000 | 1800 | 1000 | 930 | 1600 | 410 | 1000 | 540 |

Select on Map | Select as Text Custom Report/Export Report Export
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Routine Monitoring

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SAMPLE POINT C-B10 (C-B10 - Blesbokspuit at Heidelberg) Raw Data Statistics Graph

COMPLIANCE CRITERIA for catchment: **PERIOD** From To

| Constituent | Criteria | Unit | Min | 25% | Mean | 75% | 95% | Max. | Std. Dev. | N |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-----------|----|
| % Composition Cryptophyceae (CRYPTO) | | cells/ml | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 10 |
| Al (AL) | | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.52 | 0.07 | 43 |
| Ammonia (NH4) | <0.1 0.1 - 1.5 1.5 - 5 >5 | mg/l N | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.21 | 0.57 | 0.09 | 43 |
| Boron (B) | | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.04 | 43 |
| Bromide (BR) | | mg/l | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.86 | 0.00 | 1 |
| Ca (CA) | | mg/l | 120 | 205 | 235 | 265 | 295 | 320 | 49 | 43 |
| Cd (CD) | | mg/l | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 43 |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) | <20 20 - 35 35 - 55 >55 | mg/l | 10 | 15 | 28 | 27 | 47 | 160 | 26 | 35 |
| Chloride (CL) | <80 80 - 150 150 - 200 >200 | mg/l | 10 | 93 | 145 | 180 | 225 | 475 | 93 | 25 |
| Co (CO) | | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 43 |
| Conductivity (COND) | <45 45 - 70 70 - 120 >120 | ms/m | 26 | 170 | 215 | 285 | 310 | 330 | 87 | 48 |
| Cr (CR) | | mg/l | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 43 |
| Cu (CU) | | mg/l | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 43 |
| Cyanide (CN) | | mg/l | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 2 |
| Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) | | mg/l | 6.4 | 9.1 | 13 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 3.8 | 47 |
| Dissolved Oxygen (DO) | | mg/l O2 | 0.50 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 8.0 | 9.3 | 13 | 2.7 | 26 |
| Fe (FE) | <0.1 0.1 - 0.5 0.5 - 1 >1 | mg/l | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 0.93 | 0.14 | 43 |
| Fecal Coliforms (FC/100 ml) (FC) | <10 10 - 100 100 - 1000 >1000 | fc/100 ml | 60 | 210 | 1080 | 1000 | 3840 | 5400 | 1360 | 56 |
| Fluoride (F) | | ma/l | 0.10 | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.34 | 0.37 | 0.41 | 0.05 | 42 |

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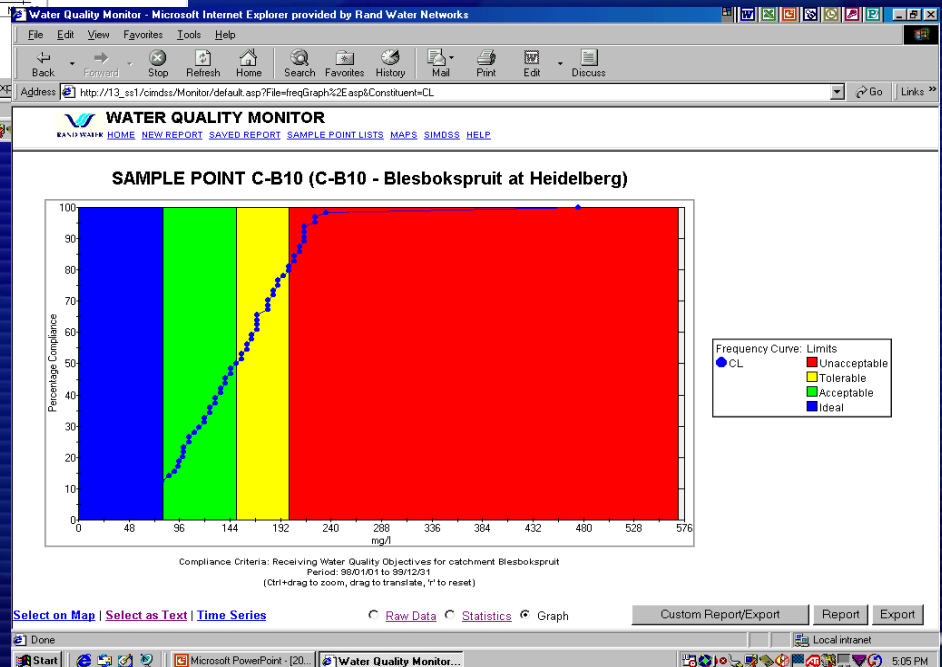
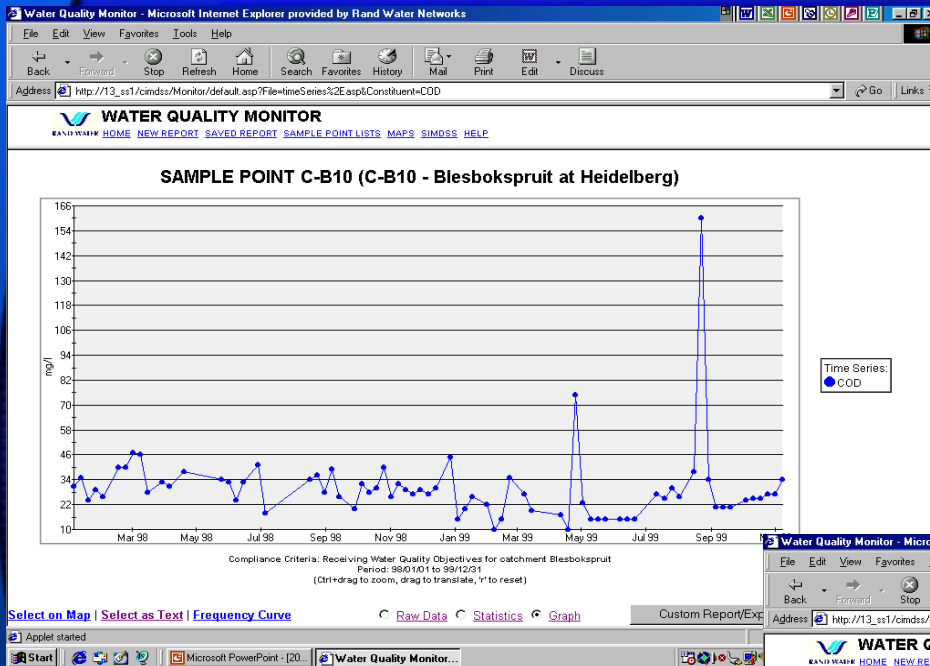
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Local intranet

Start Microsoft PowerPoint - [20... Water Quality Monitor... 5:00 PM

Routine Monitoring



Problem Centered Investigations

2.2 Fish Deaths

Number of dead fish

Fish species

Species

Number

State of decomposition

Size of fish

When was the first death observed?

Has a similar problem been noted before?

Other dead fauna?

Any other live fauna?

Water body covered by flora?

Is the flora affected?

Is Yes, give details

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|------------|--|
| | < 10 | > 10 | > 100 | > 1000 | |
| All of the same species? | | | Yes | No | |
| Different species? | | | Yes | No | |
| Carp | Yellow Tail | Bass | Barbel | Mud Fish | |
| | | | | | |
| Still dying | All dead | Advanced | Other | | |
| All of same size? | | | Yes | No | |
| Different sizes | | | Yes | No | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Birds | Crabs | Rodents | Other | | |
| Daphnia | | | Yes | No | |
| Chironomids | | | Yes | No | |
| Dragon Fly larvae | | | Yes | No | |
| Water beetles | | | Yes | No | |
| Snails | | | Yes | No | |
| Worms | | | Yes | No | |
| % cover | < 25 | < 50 | < 75 | < 100 | |
| Type | Algae | Floating | Floating | Submergent | |
| | Plant | Floating | Floating | Emergent | |
| Chlorophyll | | | | | |
| No | Yes | Slightly | Severely | Totally | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |



Catchment Diagnostic Framework

- **Assists in understanding the current state of and trends in water resources.**
- **Provides feedback on changes in water resources.**
- **Improves the chances of successful adaptation to external changes.**
- **Ensures attainment of set goals and guidelines.**
- **Provides a framework in which to manage water resources effectively.**



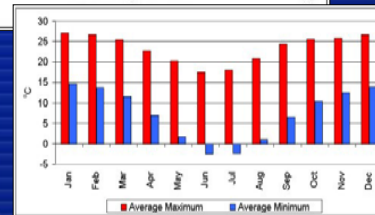
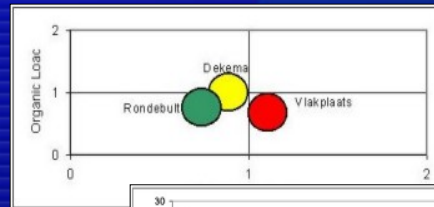
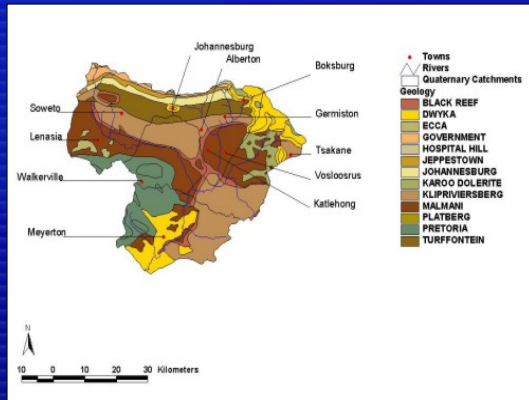
CDF Indicators

- **Indicators (5) & elements (31)**
- **Indicators**
 - **Socioeconomic (10 elements)**
 - **Resource condition (7 elements)**
 - **Water quality (9 elements)**
 - **Management (3 elements)**
 - **Institutional arrangements (To be added)**



CDF In Action

- The CDF consists of 2 main components:
 - (1) the Catchment Description - Maps, graphs, tables, data and information



| Variable | Units | K25 | K18 | K19 |
|------------------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|
| COD | mg/l | 27.34 | 27.75 | 27.59 |
| Conductivity | mS/m | 82.93 | 78.73 | 83.52 |
| Feacal coliforms | counts/100ml | 37,265 | 12,968 | 13,409 |
| Fe | mg/l | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| Mn | mg/l | 0.3 | 0.32 | 0.77 |
| Na | mg/l | 64.02 | 60.45 | 71 |
| NH4 | mg/l | 0.33 | 2.83 | 0.2 |
| NO3 | mg/l | 4.07 | 4.15 | 4.53 |
| pH | pH units | 8 | 7.98 | 8 |
| PO4 | mg/l | 0.71 | 1.09 | 0.73 |
| SO4 | mg/l | 161.18 | 157.38 | 159.79 |

- (2) the Catchment Diagnostic Index (CDIX) - Rating and scoring system

| Indicator Score | Definition | Colour Code |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0 | Poor | Purple |
| 1 | Below Average | Red |
| 2 | Average | Yellow |
| 3 | Above Average | Green |
| 4 | Excellent | Blue |



Rietspruit Catchment CDIX

| Indicator | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Total |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| Resource condition – 1999 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 16 |
| Resource condition – 2002 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 21 |
| Water quality – 1999 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 16 |
| Water quality – 2002 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 15 |
| Water quantity – 1999 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Water quantity – 2002 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Socioeconomic – 1999 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 24 |
| Socioeconomic – 2002 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 22 |
| Management – 1999 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Management 2002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Total score – 1999 | | | | | | 62 |
| Total score – 2002 | | | | | | 64 |
| Percentage (Total/124) – 1999 | | | | | | 50 |
| Percentage (Total/124) – 2002 | | | | | | 52 |

Management Plans

- ISO 9001 operation systems in respect of all processes (*existing*)
- Set operational limits
- Remedial action part of every unit process procedure
- Develop protocols to take effect if operational limits are exceeded
 - *Taste and odour*
 - *Pathogenic protozoa*
 - *Communications*



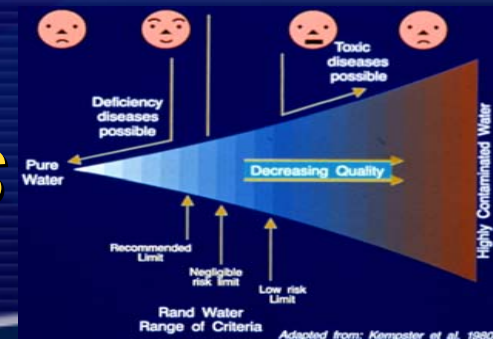
Independent verification

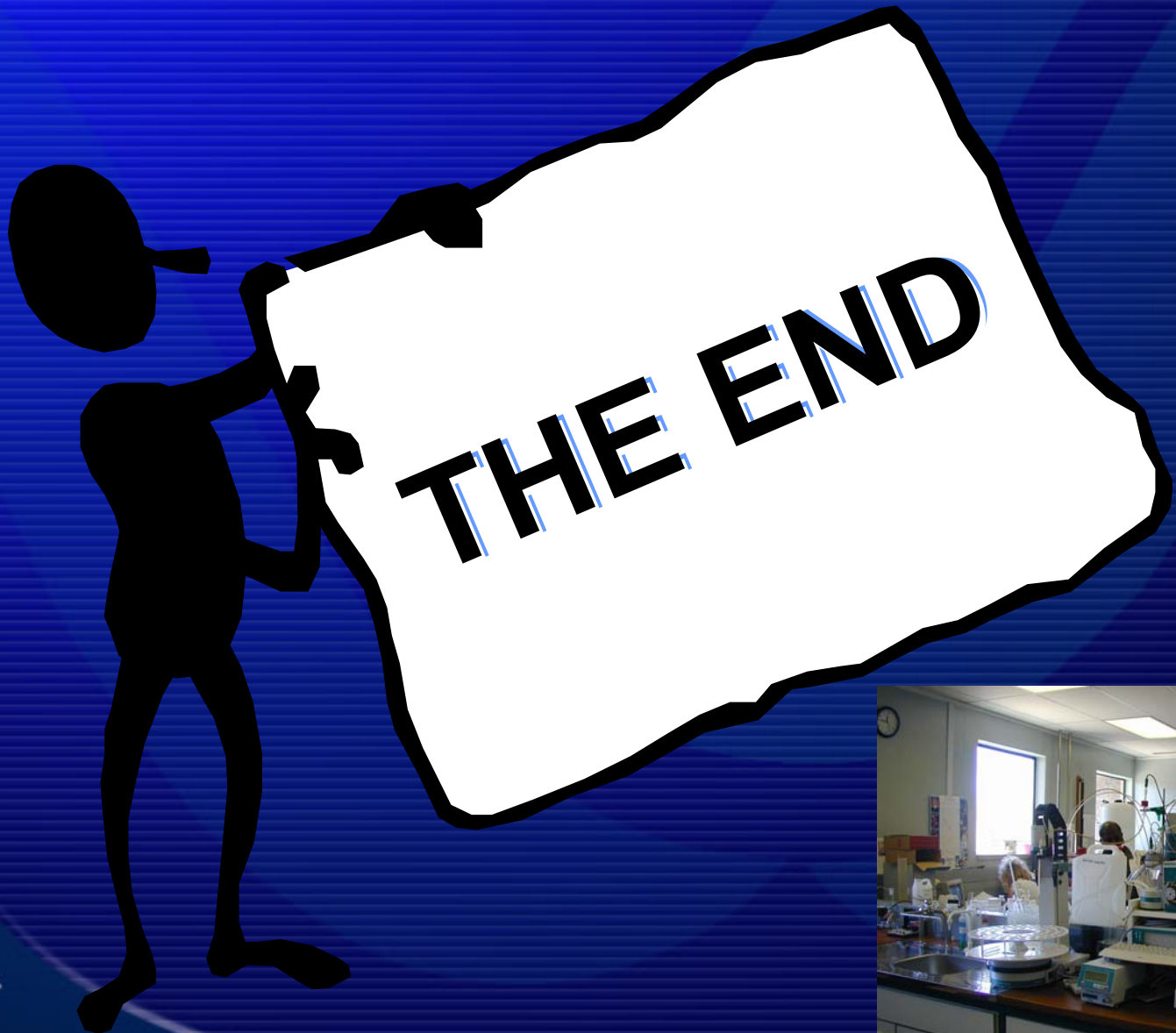
- **Within Rand Water**

- *QC separated from QA*
- *Two tier system of evaluation*
- *Monthly reports to MANCO, The Board and Customers*
- *Internal laboratory proficiency testing*

External To Rand Water

- *Fully accredited laboratory*
- *External ISO 9001 Audit*
- *Independent audit CSIR/SABS*





RAND WATER