

GEOMORPHOLOGICAL INDEX

Monitoring Data Sheet

OBSERVER _____

DATE _____

RIVER _____
MAP SHEET _____
LATITUDE & LONGITUDE OF SITE _____
ALTITUDE (m) _____ REACH GRADIENT (from topo. map) _____

RIVER ZONE _____

CHANNEL TYPE _____

FINAL RATING (bring scores forward from last page)

Zone	Channel type	Bank stability	Degradation	Aggradation

1. MEASURING SITE

a. Sketch (use in particular to indicate differences from the reference photograph)

Show key features
such as:

- channel morphology
- flow direction
- north
- roads, footpaths and nearest access
- bridges, crossings
- fences
- gauges and instream barriers
- buildings

Downstream

b. Photographs

Overhead

Upstream

Film No

Shot No

2. PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Water level at time of sampling

Dry		Isolated Pool		Low Flow		Med Flow		High Flow		Flood	
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water turbidity

Clear		cloudy		opaque	
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3. BANK VEGETATION (ACTIVE CHANNEL)

Rate: none - 0; sparse - 1; patchy - 2 continuous - 3; dense (impenetrable) - 4

DENSITY	Reeds	Grasses	Shrubs & Trees
banks of active channel			

Rate: no impact - 0; limited impact - 2, extensive impact - 3; channel blocked - 4.

COARSE ALIEN WOODY DEBRIS (in channel)	Amount (Rate 0 - 5)	Source: Local/Upstream

4. CHANNEL MODIFICATIONS AND BANK IMPACTS

IN-CHANNEL MODIFICATIONS (Tick if present within 100 m of the study)		BANK IMPACTS (at site) (Note level of impact)				
weir			none	limited	moderate	severe
causeway		livestock				
bridge		wild animals				
fence across river		footpaths				
bulldozing/ gravel extraction		vegetation removal				
		invasive vegetation				
gabions		other				
canalisation						
other:						

5. CHANNEL CONDITION

GEOMORPHOLOGICAL INDICATORS							
BANK CONDITION				BAR CONDITION			
<i>Tick if present</i>				Bar types <i>Tick relevant boxes</i>	dominant bar material sand/ gravel cobble	width at widest point (% active channel)	encroaching vegetation (0 none - 4 dense) note veg type
				lee	point	lateral	mid-channel
active/recent channel incision							
active-channel shifting							
macro-channel shifting (cut-offs and avulsion)							
<i>Tick appropriate column</i>		LHB	RHB				
A. fluvial bank erosion (undercutting, slumping etc. caused by river action) Note % of bank length affected	0 %			BED CONDITION			
	<10%						
	10-33%						
	33-75%						
	>75%						
B. sub-aerial erosion (sheet wash,rills, etc. on banks not caused by river action): <i>tick if present</i>				Bed material <i>(tick the size class of the larger material)</i>	silt/ clay sand/ fine gravel co.grave l/ pebble cobble/ boulder		
well vegetated banks, no sign of erosion				Erosion indicators <i>tick box if observed</i>			
sparsely vegetated banks, limited rilling and or livestock tracks				local (<10% area) moderate (10 - 50% area) extensive (>50% area)			
steep unvegetated banks, active rilling and/or gullying and/or extensive livestock trampling				local bed scour			
COMMENTS				well sorted (uniform) clean gravel/cobble			
				bedrock pavement			
				Deposition indicators <i>tick box if observed</i>			
				local (<10% area) moderate (10 - 50% area) extensive (>50% area)			
				silt deposits in pools (give maximum depth of silt)			
				silt drapes on channel margins/ over cobbles or boulders			
				embedded cobbles limited moderate extensive			
riffle, run, plane bed							
pools							
tendency towards flat bed of sand or fine gravel				mod-erate definite			

	overbank deposition	minor		wide-spread	
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6. GENERAL ASSESSMENT (Circle appropriate rating)

Rating table for bank condition

Condition	rating
Stable: erosion resistant soils, no undermining, usually gentle slope, good vegetation cover, no significant damage to bank structure or vegetation, no exposed roots.	0
Limited erosion: good vegetation cover, some minor isolated erosion, no continuous damage to bank structure or vegetation, some exposed roots.	1
Moderate erosion: banks held by discontinuous vegetation, some obvious damage to bank structure and vegetation, generally stable toe, moderately exposed roots, erosion limited to one bank.	2
Extensive erosion: little effective vegetation, mostly unstable toe, large numbers of exposed roots	3
Extreme erosion: evidence of rapid unchecked erosion, no effective vegetation, unstable toe, very recent bank movement, erosion on both banks	4

Rating table for bed degradation

Condition	rating
Nil bed degradation: no evidence of degradation	0
Moderate bed degradation: absence of fine alluvial material, narrow low-flow course, evidence of recent minor deepening	2
Extreme bed degradation: evidence of recent severe deepening, possible erosion heads	4

Rating table for bed aggradation

Condition	rating
Nil bed aggradation: no evidence of aggradation	0
Moderate bed aggradation: accumulation of material at obstructions, bed tending to flat, same size material on bed and bars, evidence of minor overbank siltation, slight to moderately embedded cobbles, moderate silt in pools	2
Extreme bed aggradation: flat bed, channel largely blocked by sand or gravel bars, overbank siltation evident, severely embedded cobbles, extensive silt in pools	4

rating (bank/degradation/aggradation)			
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