

Determination of Ecological Water Requirements for Surface Water (Rivers, Estuaries and Wetlands) and Groundwater in the Lower Orange WMA: WP10974

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**GROUNDWATER RESOURCE UNITS** 

Karim Sami: WSM Leshika Consulting Engineers

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#### **RESOURCE UNITS: WHERE DOES IT FIT?** 1. Initiate the BHN and 2. Delineate RU, select **EWR** assessment study sites How will be study be Where will detailed work executed? be undertaken? 4. Determine BHN and 3. Determine reference **EWR** condition, PES and EIS How much water do you What are the ecological need for basic human status, importance and needs and to maintain a future ecological certain ecological status? objectives? 5. Determine operational 6. Ecological scenarios and evaluate specification, monitoring consequences and implementation How will the current state information and ecological objectives How do we know that we be influenced by future will achieve our objectives changes in operation? WATER IS LIFE - SANITATION IS DIGNITY Toll Free: 0800 200 200 www.dwa.gov.za

## **GROUNDWATER RESOURCE UNITS (GRUs)**

**Groundwater Regions:** Based on groundwater occurrence, lithostratigraphy, physiography and climate (not hydrological units)

**GRUs**: Coincide with hydrological units, categorisation by homogenous geohydrological properties that can be managed as a unit due to similar properties and impacting on same resource

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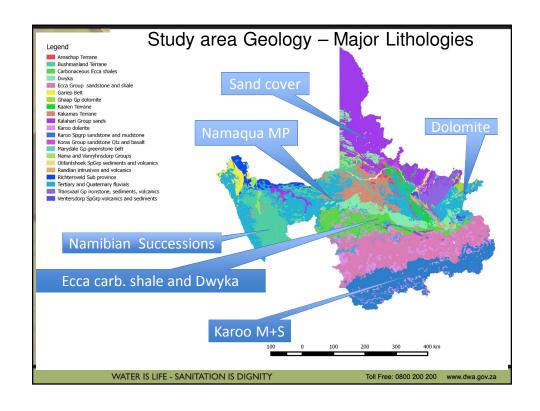
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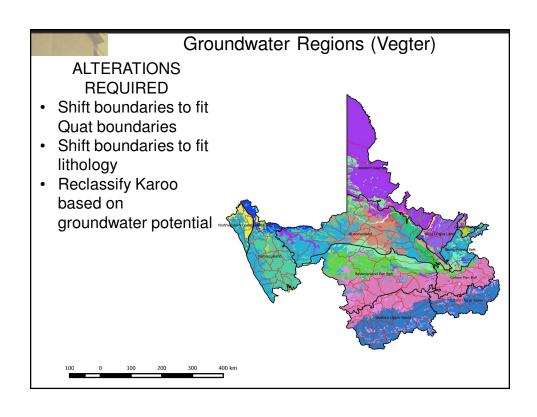
# Approach for Delineation of GRUs – Factors considered

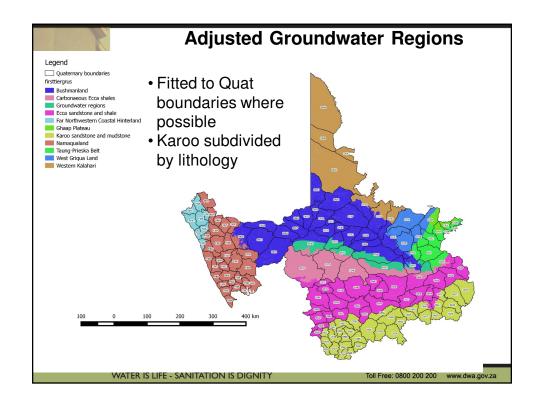
- TOPOGRAPHY: primary delineation by quaternary catchment boundary
- AQUIFER TYPE: Geological age, structure and lithology and groundwater regions
- INTERACTIONS: Identification of catchments with baseflow to surface water bodies (pans and baseflow)
- RECHARGE AND RESOURCES: Climate, recharge, and Harvest Potential
- ACESSIBILITY: Groundwater levels
- > FITNESS FOR USE: Groundwater quality
- ➤ INTERACTIONS: Groundwater dependent ecosystems and or wetlands
- DEPENDENCE: Groundwater use and stress

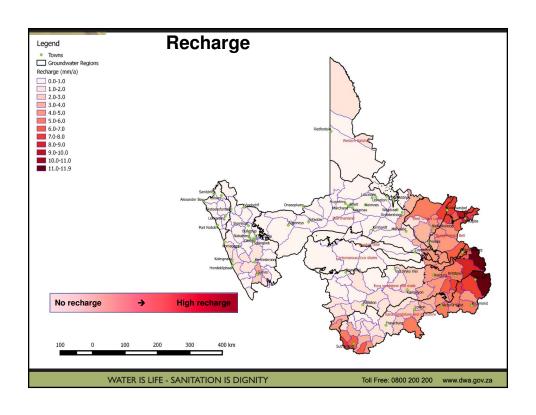
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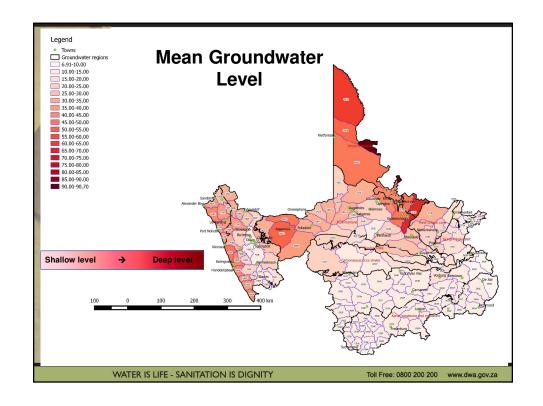
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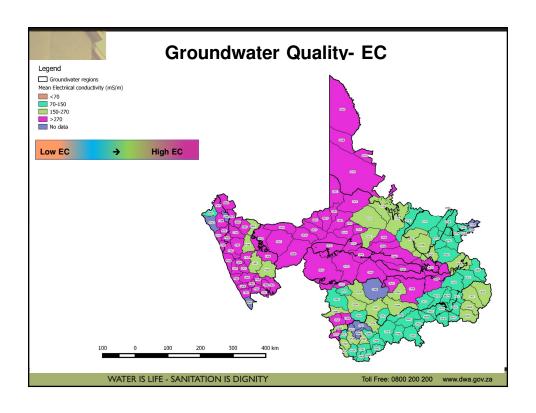


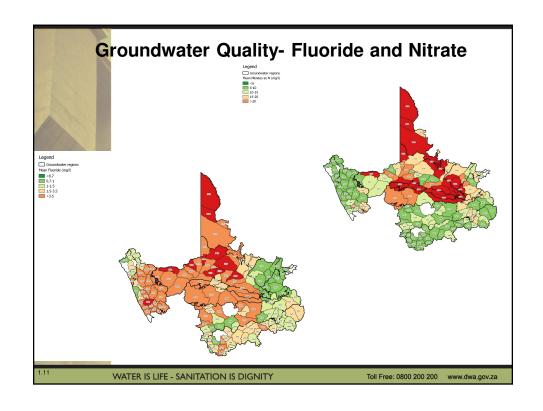


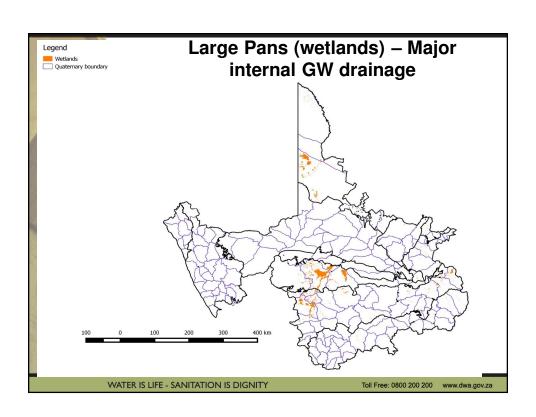


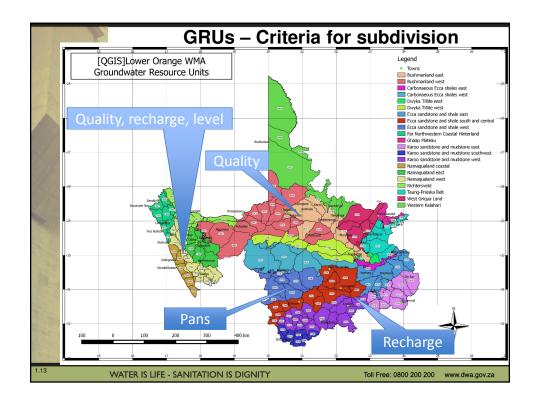


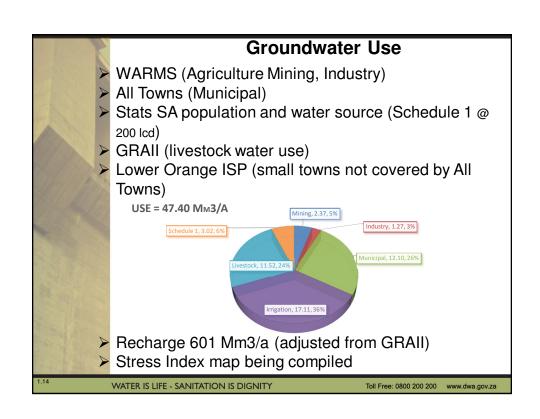




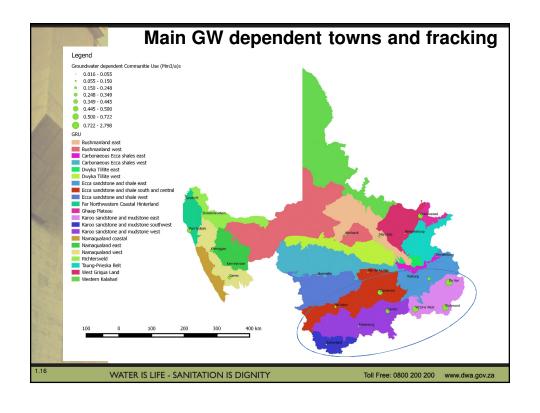


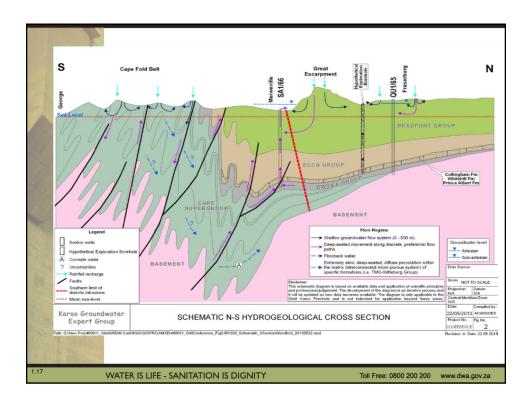






## **Data Problems** Resolution of use from WARMS, ISP and All Towns SOLUTION: use All Towns, and where there are gaps use ISP and WARMS only for irrigation, industry and mining GRAII Recharge data has zero values & wide scatter, especially in Bushmanland. Recharge is critical for the GW component of the Reserve and the stress index Bushmanland Far northwest coastal Recharge (mm/a) 8.0 4 9.0 4 0.2 0 0 0.2 0 08.0 (mm/a) 08.0 (mm/a) 0.20 Recharge 0.00 100 SOLUTION: Remove zeros, establish correlation by GW region. If recharge < 1 mm/a use correlation. Calibrate with sparse point data eg. Adams et al. WATER IS LIFE - SANITATION IS DIGNITY Toll Free: 0800 200 200 www.dwa.gov.za





# Fracking

- ➤ TARGET AREA: Ecca shale where it dips under the Karoo M+S (Karoo GRUs) (1500-6000 m below ground). Presence of dolerite may limit viability
- Ecca shale is over-pressurised. At depth there is an upward gradient
- Over pressure and hydraulic gradients show the rock between the shallow and deep aquifer is an aquiclude
- Most likely pathways are structures, dolerite intrusions and upward flow in wells and where artesian to sub-artesian conditions exist.
- Higher recharge yet higher TDS of groundwater in De Aar Richmond area may be evidence of upwelling saline groundwater

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## Fracking and Reserve

- Availability of groundwater, licencing of further groundwater use
- Potential localised impact on water quality of the Reserve
- Potential expansion of towns dependent on additional groundwater which may not be available
- Potential viability of utilising poor quality groundwater (although these are areas of low recharge)
- The Reserve and RQOs may be a legal tool that will impact on fracking by limiting use of groundwater or setting quality RQOs.

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#### GROUNDWATER COMPONENT: WAY FORWARD TO NEXT **MEETING** 1. Initiate the BHN and 2. Delineate RU, select **EWR** assessment study sites How will be study be Where will detailed work executed? be undertaken? 4. Determine BHN and 3. Determine reference **EWR** condition. PES and EIS How much water do you What are the ecological need for basic human status, importance and needs and to maintain a future ecological certain ecological status? objectives? 5. Determine operational 6. Ecological scenarios and evaluate specification, monitoring consequences and implementation How will the current state information and ecological objectives How do we know that we be influenced by future will achieve our objectives changes in operation? WATER IS LIFE - SANITATION IS DIGNITY Toll Free: 0800 200 200 www.dwa.gov.za

